"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer today; Tuesday probably showers; south winds.
Temperature Yesterday—Max., 81; Min., 66.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXI...No. 23,543. NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 10, 1922. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

GERMANY EXPECTS AID OF ENTENTE TO AVERT CRISIS

Revision of Gold Payments and More Sympathy for Republic Are Hoped For.

CABINET'S PERIL GROWS

Overthrow Threatened by Political and Economic Issues at Home and Abroad.

STRIKES ADD TO WORRIES

Continued Fall of Mark Portends Further Upset in Budget and Other Financial Calculations.

BERLIN, July 9 (Associated Press).—Political and economic issues of the gravest importance to the continuance of the Wirth Cabinet in office await solution at home and abroad this week. The most prominent of these concerns the Reparation Commission's attitude toward the German Government's prospective request for a revision of the gold payments prescribed at Cannes.

At home Dr. Wirth is confronted with a combination of internal problems, of which two at least are of sufficient magnitude to upset his ministry or make new Reichstag elections an immediate necessity. The Chancellor's efforts to revamp and amplify the present coalition through the inclusion of the Independent Socialists and his determination to obtain for the Government's law for the defense of the Republic a clear and ample majority, presupposes a parliamentary situation which is less encumbered by partisan acerbities than that prevailing tonight.

In the Ruhr sector the Government is confronted with a walkout of the miners, while the strike of the Berlin printers, which is tying up twenty bourgeois newspapers in Greater Berlin, is developing into a psychological menace, inasmuch as the bulk of the capital's population is without authentic news at a moment when the Government is deeply concerned in protecting the public from disquieting alarms.

Aggravating its political worries, the Government is hopelessly looking on as the mark continues to decrease in value, portending further upsets in the Civil Service wage budgets and other financial calculations.

Looks to Reparation Board.

Chancellor Wirth's hopes of piloting the Ship of State on the troubled seas for the time being are built on expectations that the Reparation Commission will oil the waters, and on his ability to trim the parliamentary cargo which just now is making the ship list heavily. Contrary to current reports, official quarters assert that no definite or formal request for a moratorium has been sent to Paris and that Dr. Fischer and Herr Schroeder, who are on their way there, are merely functioning as scouts. Instructed to ascertain informally the commission's attitude in the event the Government should decide to make a formal request.

The Government leaders do not hesitate to vent the most bitter disappointment at the absence of moral or practical encouragement from the Allies in the nation's present plight, and frankly assert that the German Republic's chances of surviving are quite as much dependent upon good-will from abroad as from internal unity.

"The fate of the German democracy is constantly jeopardized, perhaps unwittingly, by the arbitrary attitude of the creditor governments, as much as through the treachery of reactionary forces at home," was the statement made by an official of the Foreign Office today. "The voluntary evacuation of the three Ruhr cities which are still unjustly occupied, would be worth more to us psychologically than official telegrams of condolence on the occasion of the murder of Dr. Rathenau.

"Our task of co-ordinating the Republic would be immeasurably lightened by modest appreciation abroad of our many difficulties in trying to popularize democracy. We yielded, yielded and yielded again under all sorts of pressure, yet never once have we experienced a modest indication of a reciprocal counter-demonstration."

Similar sentiments were encountered in the Reichstag lobby, where even the Socialist leaders freely lay stress on the desirability of hearing a few well chosen words for German democracy from the western republic.

While official financial circles decline to say if the mission to Paris of Dr. Fischer, Chairman of the German War Debt Commission, and Herr Schroeder, Under Secretary of the Ministry of Finance, is a direct outcome of the conference now going on in Berlin, banking officers believe that the progress which has marked these deliberations in the last few weeks has contributed materially to encouraging the German Government in its decisions to approach the Reparation Commission at a time when marks are selling for less than five for 1 cent.

"The question, 'Can Germany pay?' has now become fundamentally acute," said one prominent official who believes that the situation has simmered to a question of adopting practical lucid financial policies which affect the Allies and Germany alike.

Scout Bankruptcy Report.

Reports from New York that Germany had confessed herself to be bankrupt were declared in official financial circles to be "irresponsible and ridiculous."

"It is not for us Germans to say we are bankrupt, such a verdict must come from our creditors," one leading official in the Ministry of Finance observed. "The question whether the Cabinet

Continued on Page Three.

Go to the Pennsylvania Hotel Ballroom at 2 P. M. or 8 P. M. Today and attend James P. Day's auction sale of Forest Hills West lots.—Advt.

Duke of Leinster Planning Novel Race Across Atlantic

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—The Duke of Leinster, who last week won £3,000 bet by driving an automobile from London to Aberdeen in 14¾ hours hopes to attempt a great trans-Atlantic race under novel conditions.

When questioned on the subject the Duke replied: "My next wager has nothing to do with road motoring and is not for money—something better. Details are not yet settled but you may soon hear of a race across the Atlantic, not by air, but single-handed by sea in a ketch."

BATTLES POLICEMAN WHO INSULTED WIFE

Janitor, 50, Badly Beaten by Patrolman to Whom He Had Played Samaritan.

MAGISTRATE REFUSES BAIL

Second Policeman Suspended in Last 48 Hours for Assaulting Citizens.

The second policeman suspended from the department in the last forty-eight hours, was relieved from duty yesterday. He is Patrolman Peter Vaughn, 27 years old, of 499 St. Paul's Place, the Bronx, who was charged with having attempted to attack the wife of a man who had just befriended him.

Policeman George W. McGrath of the West 100th Street Station, who was arrested on Saturday night, charged with "blackjacking" Mrs. Catherine McCarron of 853 Columbus Avenue in a hallway last Wednesday night, was held without bail yesterday by Magistrate March in the West Side Court. He was suspended at the time of his arrest.

The actual charge against Vaughn, when he was held in $1,500 bail by Magistrate Jesse Silberman for examination on Wednesday, was suspicion of felonious assault. The complaint grew out of a fight between the policeman and Daniel Byrnes, 50 years old, a metal worker, who is janitor of an apartment house at 917 Nagle Avenue, the Bronx. According to the police of the Morris Heights Station, Byrnes told them that he had encountered Policeman Vaughn early yesterday morning and that the policeman was "very much under the weather." The janitor said that he had invited Vaughn to accompany him home and get some food and that he had told him that a sleep following the meal would make Vaughn feel much better.

The officer accepted the invitation, said Byrnes, and both men reached the Byrnes home in the basement of the apartment house about 3:30 A. M. The janitor managed to get together a meal of cold meats, bread and cider, and in order not to disturb Mrs. Byrnes, who was asleep in an adjoining room, Byrnes said he would fix up a couch for the guest.

Janitor's Wife Screams.

While the janitor was endeavoring to make the improvised bed in the front room he heard his wife screaming. He said he ran back and what he saw caused him to order Vaughn out of the house.

"You've got a gun and a blackjack," Byrnes said he shouted to Vaughn, "and I'd be crazy to try to give you the thrashing you deserve, but if you did not have the weapons on you, I'd choke the life out of you."

Vaughn, according to the police account of it, left the apartment without a word. But he returned in about five minutes. He had his coat off and put it on a table. Alongside it he placed his revolver and blackjack.

"'I have no advantage over you now,' Vaughn said, according to Byrnes, "'and now I am going to lick you.'"

The two men grappled, and despite his handicap of twenty-three years, Byrnes

Continued on Page Nine.

FRENCH DELEGATES TO QUIT THE HAGUE, PARIS PRESS PREDICT

Instructions Sent by Poincare Said to Be Result of Russians' Attitude.

BRITISH ACTIVITY RESENTED

French Fear Violation by London Agents of Pledge Against Separate Agreement.

CONFERENCE SEEMS DEAD

Soviet Still Demands Large Credits But Will Make No Promise to Pay Debts.

PARIS, July 10, (Associated Press.)—Withdrawal of the French representatives from The Hague Conference today (Monday), owing to the attitude of the Russians, is declared probable by this morning's newspapers.

Instructions sent to France's delegates yesterday by Premier Poincaré are said to support this assertion.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 9.—The activity of agents of British interests at the Hague disturbs the French delegates and it is reported tonight that in accord with instructions from Paris the French will advise the British that they do not believe the agents of English claimants should be so much in evidence around the conference, one of whose basic conditions is a guarantee against separate arrangements with the Bolsheviki until October.

Of course technically this refers to Governmental agreements and there is nothing to hinder any concern of any country making any bargain it can with Moscow, but the French think it bad taste for British agents to work here. Leslie Urquhart, representative of a British syndicate interested in the Urals, and Colonel Boyle, agent of the sugar interests, are two Englishmen whose presence here is especially displeasing to the French.

It is noted that among the concessions offered by the Soviet delegation the other day the oil lands desired by the Shell interests and the mining claims of the Urquhart interests do not figure, which leads to the supposition that failing a general arrangement between the Governments and the Soviets those interests will buy direct from Moscow.

Conference May End This Week.

Private conversations today between the Soviet delegates and the heads of the other delegations failed to put any brighter face on the Hague conference and it seems now to be only a question of how it shall be closed. Most of the delegates believe the best thing to do is to end it the coming week. However, the British, who are directing the affair, are anxious to exhaust every possibility of making a general settlement with Moscow.

The situation briefly is this: As at Genoa the Bolsheviki refuse to recognize Russia's debts and to restore or pay for nationalized property owned by foreigners unless the Soviet Government gets large loans and credits. Every one except the Bolsheviki learned at Genoa that no one was going to lend large sums of money to Lenin and Company. They came here asking the same thing and have got the same answer.

Premier Lloyd-George, in fathering the Hague Conference, had the idea that the Soviets, realizing that Russia, isolated from the rest of the world, could not "come back," would undertake to square themselves with the other nations. He thought they would look

Continued on Page Three.

Liner Lafayette, Storm Battered, Forced to Put Back to Havre

HAVRE, France, July 9 (Associated Press).—The French steamer Lafayette, which left port yesterday for New York, encountered a hurricane in the English Channel during the night and was so badly damaged that she was compelled to return here today. Her passengers were landed and arrangements have been made for their sailing on another steamer.

The grand salon was completely wrecked, the piano, tables and chairs being smashed when the vessel shipped a huge wave ninety miles out. The hatch of the forward hold was carried away and the amount of water which poured into the hold made it necessary for the captain to put back.

The Lafayette will be placed in dry-dock at St. Nazaire for repairs, which will keep her laid up for about three weeks.

ROCKEFELLER POSES, BUT ON OWN TERMS

"After Church," He Tells Photographers and Personally Conducts Them in to Worship.

MORE THAN KEEPS HIS WORD

Notoriously Camera-Shy, He Submits Genially to a Long Series of "Shots."

These news photographers went from New York to Tarrytown bright and early yesterday morning with instructions not to come back without pictures of John D. Rockefeller, who, on the day after his 83d birthday anniversary, was due to make his usual Sunday appearance at the New Community Church.

Whether or not they had attended their proper houses of worship before they started for the little town where the great and wealthy from rich country estates forgather to worship of a Sunday morning, does not appear on the record. This much is certain; from past experiences of their kind with the richest man in the world, they did not start northward in very hopeful mood, for John D. Rockefeller is notoriously camera shy and almost as difficult to photograph as he is to interview.

The point of the story is that, discouraged as they started, they came back with their magazines crammed with negatives showing John D. Rockefeller, octogenarian plus, oil king, country squire, churchgoer, in a variety of poses, assumed especially for them, assumed docilely and genially, one after another, at their direction. Mr. Rockefeller posed alone and he posed with the rector of the church, the Rev. Dr. J. Homer Nelson, and with Barron G. Collier, New York advertising man, whose Pocantico Hills estate is near Mr. Rockefeller's, and who, like Rockefeller, was a leading spirit in founding the New Community Church.

Yes, back came the photographers with a collection of excellent photographs with the picturesque little church as their background. But they paid, and this was the manner of their paying:

Their apparatuses unslung and all ready for instant action, the three mobilized at the tonneau door when Mr. Rockefeller stepped from his car a little after 10 o'clock in the morning.

"Now, Mr. Rockefeller," said they in chorus, wheedling, "just one picture, please?"

Smiles on His Interceptors.

The seamed, deeply lined face was more creased than ever as the subject of their attentions smiled and beamed, little crinkly lines puckering out from those blue eyes that can be so hard on occasion and that were so genial just then. A thin hand was waved in a gesture that conveyed at once entreaty, warning and command and the hopeful expressions on three eager faces faded away, only to revive as a gentle voice said:

"Not now, boys. Wait until after church. But do come in and attend the services."

Villagers and city folk from their country places were trooping through the attractive portal, all seemingly happy and gay, as they crossed the sun-bathed lawn, but none entered more eagerly than did those three photographers, shepherded by John D. Rockefeller.

The oil king himself beckoned a soft-footed usher and asked that his three guests be seated. And after he had been conducted to his own pew above the chancel rail, Mr. Rockefeller twisted around to make sure that his three recruits were in their places and were sticking.

In the Rev. Dr. Nelson's service there was no reference to Mr. Rockefeller and the eighty-third milestone he just had passed, but the pastor did say a few words meant particularly for the ear of his most distinguished parishioner whose brother, William, died only recently, when he spoke of how time softened the hurt of even the most grievous losses.

The photographers stayed until the end, as quiet as mice in their pew, but they were among the first to act upon the instant for departure. They were outside and unlimbering almost before others were stirring. But they had still more to learn about the New Community Church and its ways.

After a custom of which the worshippers are rather fond, Dr. Nelson made his way to the door. There the whole congregation gathered, exchanging handshakes with the rector and greetings with each other. Mr. Rockefeller was in the thick of it, smiling and saying thank you over and over as his friends and neighbors told him how pleased they were at the way he withstood the onslaughts of time.

Not until that exemplification of the

Continued on Page Four.

DAUGHERTY BEGINS CRIMINAL ACTION ON GERMAN PATENTS

President Garvan of Chemical Foundation Subpoenaed to Produce Books.

SURPRISED BY NEW STEP

He Denounces Statement by Department of Justice as False.

PUTS CASE UP TO MEANS

Objects to Secrecy of Government "Representing Only German Interests"—Explains Suits.

Attorney General Daugherty has begun criminal proceedings against the Chemical Foundation and its officers and a subpoena has been served on Francis P. Garvan, President of the Foundation, calling for the production tomorrow of all the books and papers of the Foundation before a Grand Jury in Washington.

The latest move of the Government in its effort to regain control of the German drug and dye patents sold to the Chemical Foundation became known yesterday when Mr. Garvan, former Alien Property Custodian, in a statement given out at the Bar Association, replied to the statement issued on Saturday by the Department of Justice.

The sudden decision of the Government to conduct a criminal investigation instead of a civil suit took Mr. Garvan and the officers of the Chemical Foundation by surprise. Mr. Garvan had been led to expect that the Government's action would be taken through a civil suit and he waited until 7 P. M. on Saturday in his office for a demand to be made on him for the patents, the initial step in the civil suit. Instead, a subpoena calling for the presentation of the books before the Grand Jury was served on him.

Garvan Refers to Means.

In his statement Mr. Garvan assumes that the Government's investigation of the Chemical Foundation had been in control of Gaston B. Means, a former German agent who was known as "X 13" and whose salary of $1,000 a week from Germany was sworn to before the Overman Committee.

Mr. Garvan demanded that the "secret" report made to President Harding be made public and charged that the entire affair was part of the Government's policy "of secrecy and of representing only German interests." He declared that the Chemical Foundation's books had always been open to public inspection and that time and time again he had invited the Government as well as anyone else who was interested, to examine the Foundation's books.

The statement follows:

"Pursuant to its policy of secrecy and of representing only German interests, the Attorney General's office is planning to begin Grand Jury proceedings on Tuesday next. He has served a subpoena for the production before the Grand Jury of all the books and papers of the Chemical Foundation.

"I assume that this action is taken either (1), to frighten us with a threat of indictment into a betrayal of our trust, or (2), realizing that their proposed civil litigation is baseless, they believe they can extricate themselves from the position in which the discovery of the influence of the Oppenheim Commission has left them, by imposing upon the Grand Jury and inducing it to file indictments which they will never dare bring to trial. They will neither frighten me nor any one connected with the Chemical Foundation; and I have full trust that a Grand Jury of the citizens of Washington will insist that America be given a hearing before them as well as Germany.

Wants Report to Harding Published.

"Why all this secrecy and star chamber proceedings? Why is not the report which deceived the President made public? The Chemical Foundation's books and records have been open to the public at all times since its organization. We have offered to produce them, and have willingly appeared ourselves before five Congressional committees over a period of two years, and an exact transcript of those books, with every cent received and its source, and every cent expended and for what purposes, has been now spread for months upon the records of the Shortridge Investigation Committee. For days I was under oath on the witness stand before the Senate Committee consisting of Senator Shortridge and Senator Sterling and produced every record of the Chemical Foundation and offered to produce every person connected with it. Senator Shortridge, the chairman, again and again offered to allow any one in the world to cross-examine me, but not one of our detractors dared to accept the privilege.

"The people in the Attorney General's office who dare not sign the statement given out yesterday, and who have imposed upon the Attorney General and the President, did not dare appear there and cross-examine me; and, as Senator

Continued on Page Five.

FEAR TROUBLE TODAY AS SHOPS REOPEN AND TIME LIMIT TO RAIL STRIKERS ENDS; TROOPS IN SIX CENTRAL STATES READY

Defiance of Courts and Rebellion Against U. S. Urged Upon Strikers by the Communist Party

Leaders of the striking shopmen were aroused yesterday by Communist Party circulars agitating a general railroad strike and open rebellion against the Government. The circulars urged the strikers to ignore injunctions and to defy the United States Army. They were found on the doorsteps of many railroad workers.

The circulars were signed, "J. Davis, Executive Secretary, Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party of America." Union leaders said the literature would be turned over to Federal authorities.

The circulars were headed, "Railroad workers! You must unite and crush your enemies!" They were addressed "To the shopmen, maintenance-of-way men, clerks and others affected by the wage reductions!"

"At last the United States Railroad Labor Board has shown its fangs," it said. "It stands exposed as the representative of the capitalist class, and therefore as the enemy of the working class. It is a governmental agency; and the Government itself is the tool of the capitalist class.

"The 'Big Four' officials, too cowardly to fight this governmental agency of the capitalist class, submitted to this board and betrayed their membership. The life of the union is at stake in every craft of the railroad industry.

"You, the rank and file, must force action on the part of the 'Big Four' Brotherhoods. If their officers will not sanction a strike with you, if they will not join in a united fight against the railroad magnates, then you must incite the rank and file of the trainmen's organizations against their officers, and call a strike over their heads.

"Do not permit the Railroad Labor Board to stop the strike. Do not obey the Federal injunctions that will be hurled against you by the servants of capitalism who sit on the Federal benches. If the Government orders soldiers into the strike district to protect scabs in the roundhouses, the shops and on the sections, the trainmen should be compelled to refuse to carry them, as their only purpose is to shoot holes into the ranks of the working class and to break the strike.

"Unite for the struggle! Close your ranks! Make the strike general! Down with the Railroad Labor Board! Defy the injunction judges! Stop the army before it stops you! Victory will be yours!"

CRITICAL STAGE OF STRIKE

Workers Who Quit Must Return or Forfeit Seniority Rights.

WIDE DISORDER THREATENED

Extensive Military and Police Precautions Are Taken on "Reign of Terror" Tip.

STRIKER SHOT IN ILLINOIS

Violence Also Reported in Chicago and Cleveland—Maintenance Men Restive.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Ominous quiet prevailed today in the railway shop strike. Both sides appeared to be marking time and girding up for threatened trouble tomorrow when the time limit expires for strikers to return to work or lose their seniority and rights of service. In the event they do not return in considerable numbers all shops will be placed on the open basis and all strikers will have lost their standing before the United States Labor Board.

There is no indication that the men will return in large numbers. Many undoubtedly are anxious to return, but they fear violence at the hands of the strikers. So far as reported, there were but five cases of this character today. In Bloomington, Ill., a striker was shot. In South Chicago a shop employe was taken from a street car and beaten.

Serious trouble is looked for tomorrow. The Government, through trusted agents who have been attending the secret meetings of the strikers, has information that the radical element has planned a reign of terror for tomorrow at various points.

B. M. Jewell, head of the striking shop crafts, doubtless realizes the danger to his cause by such tactics, for fresh instructions were issued today to strikers and pickets warning them against violence. It was pointed out that violence and destruction of railroad and private property would alienate public opinion.

With the reopening tomorrow of shops which have been closed or virtually non-operative since the strike began nine days ago, the situation as regards violence is fraught with serious possibilities. Strike leaders in several cities have warned that the employment of non-union labor in the shops will bring immediate trouble. Based on these warnings, the railroad officials have insisted that State authorities maintain troops within easy call of the storm centres.

Troops Ready in Six States.

Troops in six States were tonight mobilized and waiting in their armories to entrain for any point where trouble may occur. Two companies of troops patroled the streets, shops and yards at Clinton, Ill., the scene of an outbreak yesterday, in which a striker was shot and his young son killed after he had leaped upon the right of way and defied one of the guards. This wrought up the strikers to the danger point, but it is believed the militia now has the situation in hand.

The five other States in which troops are held in readiness for any trouble are Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, Kentucky and Kansas.

At Slater, Mo., one of the sore spots United States Marshals are now in charge of affairs. The State of Missouri has mobilized its entire force, 4,000 men, and they are ready to respond to any call.

United States Marshals will be at the Burlington shops in Aurora, Ill., when they open tomorrow morning and will see that the injunction against the strikers, granted late yesterday by Federal Judge Carpenter, is obeyed.

Judge Carpenter conferred this evening with District Attorney Clyne and United States Marshal Levy concerning the situation at Aurora.

After declaring the Federal District Court the only bulwark of the people against Bolshevism and anarchy, Judge Carpenter said that "the orders of the court are so much waste paper without the power to enforce them. Therefore I order that the United States Marshal of this district employ such means as may be necessary to execute the injunction order of this court for the benefit of the whole people."

The conference of officials with the Judge came, it is said, on direct order from Attorney General Daugherty at Washington.

Rail officials are planning to send a number of new men to the shops in Bloomington, Ill., tomorrow, and troops will be on hand to see that they are not molested. It was said tonight that the Illinois Central and the Chicago Northwestern roads would ask for Federal injunctions to prevent strikers interfering with their men or with the movement of trains.

Anticipating trouble at the shops in and around Chicago, all police vacations have been changed and all reserves have been called in for immediate duty. These will be distributed at the various shops until the situation clears. Rail officials cited information they had obtained at union meetings held during the day at which plans were laid for thousands of strikers to assemble at the shops in the morning and drive off those men still working and others who might desire to work.

Maintenance of way men, not yet on strike, say they will go out unless freight

Continued on Page Two.

COUNT ON HARDING TO END COAL CRISIS

Operators and Miners Meet in Washington Today, Expecting Some Government Move.

ARBITRATION TO BE BASIS

Some Talk of Radical Step Such as Ordering Men Back to Work Under Defense Act.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Representatives of the coal miners and operators were waiting today for some announcement by the Government concerning action to end the strike, now in its fourteenth week. There was no indication that either side had given ground. Speculation was almost entirely concerned with the course the Administration would take.

Secretary Hoover has talked with President Harding since his return from Marion, but no information was obtainable about any conclusions reached.

It is understood that President Harding may call the representatives of the miners and operators before him tomorrow for a final talk. In anticipation of this President Lewis of the United Mine Workers and A. M. Ogle, President of the National Coal Association, returned here today.

A meeting of bituminous operators and miners is scheduled for 10 A. M. tomorrow, but it is understood that no thought of any further effort to reach an agreement was in mind when it was called, the intention being merely to have the leaders on hand if President Harding wished to see them. Anthracite operators and workers have a meeting scheduled for 3:30 P. M., and they, too, will await word from the White House.

One report today was that, after talking over the situation with representatives of miners and operators tomorrow, the President would take up the problem with his Cabinet Tuesday, and some announcement of the Government's policy might be expected soon thereafter.

That the Government will act within a day or two is the conviction of leaders on both sides. But whatever the Government's plan of action is it is being carefully guarded.

Arbitration under Government auspices, with the idea of a reorganization of the industry, is believed to be the basis of the Government's plan if tomorrow's events show that voluntary agreement between operators and miners is impossible.

The miners are opposed to submitting their wage difficulties to arbitration unless the evils of the coal industry are taken into consideration. They hold that to submit to arbitration would

Continued on Page Two.

ERIE R.R. CANCELS 21 COMMUTERS' TRAINS

Possible Fuel Shortage Given as Reason, but Striking Shopmen Ascribe Action to Walkout.

OPTIMISM ON OTHER ROADS

Guards Armed With Riot Guns Patrol Lackawanna Yards—Jersey City Inspector Assaulted.

The Erie Railroad has announced the cancellation of twenty-one suburban passenger trains affecting thousands of commuters. Notices of the service reduction were posted on Saturday in all Erie stations. The cancellations become effective today.

The announcement said the trains were taken off "to conserve fuel" because of a "possible shortage" of coal, but in other railroad circles the shopmen's strike was said to have been an important factor in the decision. Strike leaders said it was the first "clean-cut admission" that the walk-out was effective.

The Long Island Railroad last night announced annulment of a Long Beach train due in Manhattan at 9:31 P. M. The reason for this withdrawal was not disclosed.

With the exception of the Erie and the Long Island, other railroads entering New York were reported to be maintaining their schedules.

Railroad managers appeared optimistic. They said they expected hundreds of strikers to return today to their jobs, which in many instances have been held open. The places of all who did not return today, however, would be filled immediately.

Strikers Complain to Washington.

The situation was aggravated yesterday by the announcement of the Central Strike Committee that three brakemen had been discharged in the New York Central's Mott Haven yards for refusing to apply an air brake hose. The local trainmen's brotherhood, it was said, had demanded reinstatement of the men on the ground that no other employe was required to do the work of a striking shop craftsman.

Charles Sweeney, secretary of Metropolitan Lodge, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, said he had not been informed of the incident, and "knew nothing of the matter."

Strike leaders said the New York Central shopmen had formally complained to the Interstate Commerce Commission in Washington about the work of strike-breakers in the West Side shops in Seventy-second Street. The complaint said the men were not properly washing out engine boilers, or inspecting the stay bolts. Loose stay bolts, it was pointed out, increased danger of boiler explosions, and, with unwashed boilers, constituted a violation of one of the commission's requirements.

Because of the activities of Communist agitators among the strikers, union leaders said they would ask the co-operation of the Federal authorities in ousting this class of trouble-makers. Every precaution, they said, was being taken to prevent violence or disorder.

The picket lines around all yards, shops and terminals were to be doubled today, but all other strikers were prepared to stay away from railroad property.

Guards armed with riot guns were stationed around the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western yards and terminal in Hoboken, but no disorder developed. Seven Lackawanna locomotives were sent for repairs to the Schenectady plant of the American Locomotive Works. Officials

Continued on Page Ten.

'Beat Myself,' Says Mrs. Mallory as She Gives Excuses for Defeat by Mlle. Lenglen

WIMBLEDON, England, July 9 (Associated Press).—Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, who will leave England on July 12 for the United States on the steamship Homeric, is not at all satisfied with the outcome of her contest with Suzanne Lenglen for the tennis championship, in which the French champion demonstrated quickly and in no doubtful fashion her superiority over the American champion. Speaking of the match today, Mrs. Mallory said:

"I am sure I did not play one-third as well against Mlle. Lenglen as I played in New York, but she played better against me than I have ever seen her play before. She was heaps better than against Miss McKane or Miss Ryan. It is when Mlle. Lenglen has the upper hand that she plays so well. It would have been a different story had I won the first two games.

"It could be seen how I was playing when the Frenchwoman got the first game by my beating myself in hitting out widely on the first four shots. That is not my game.

"I do not think, however, that a match of this importance should have been put on at 7 o'clock in the evening, after we had been kept waiting about four hours and were not even expecting to have to play on Saturday at all. The light was very bad, the sun was low and in the eyes on one side, and heavy shadows cast by the stands were over parts of the court. I am not satisfied with the score and the verdict, and my chief anxiety now is to play Mlle. Lenglen again at the earliest possible moment.

"My suggestion is that she come over to our national championships in America to play in the hope that we meet again, because now each of us has one victory on a grass court to our credit.

"Sitting around waiting hour after hour in the cold was no preparation for this match. I do not consider Saturday a fair test; many others have said so, too.

Mlle. Lenglen declared today that she is returning to France immediately after the Wimbledon tournament and will go to Dieppe for a few days' rest.

"I had to keep all my strength for this match," she said, "and I played very much better than I did against Miss McKane or Miss Ryan, and so, as I had been careful, I was perfectly well on Saturday and had all my strength.

"I assure you I was not a bit nervous at all, and I hit much harder than before. I think Miss McKane and Miss Ryan the better players, don't you?

"After Dieppe I go to Paris, then West to play in a little tournament. But I shall not play in the big ones for a little time, so that I may rest."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 10.—The following conversation, according to The Daily Express, passed between Suzanne Lenglen and Mrs. Mallory immediately after Saturday's match:

Mlle. Lenglen, waving her racket triumphantly—Now, Mrs. Mallory, I have proved to you today what I could have done in New York last year.

Mrs. Mallory, coldly—Mlle. Lenglen, you have done to me today what I did to you in New York last year; you have beaten me.

This morning's papers pay tribute to Mlle. Lenglen as the greatest woman tennis player the world has ever seen, and declare she has established herself as incomparably better than the best any other country can pit against her at present. The Daily Telegraph says: "Her victory was fully expected, for Mlle. Lenglen is recognized to be in a class all by herself.

"If she has disconcerting moments when temperament overcomes her and impels her to a sudden desire to stop playing and concede the match to her opponent rather than go on, this is not due to pique or dissatisfaction with her play, but because she distrusts her capacity for endurance. Her breakdown in the United States last year greatly puzzled the public at the time, but now that she is better understood the cult of Suzanne is more firmly established than ever, and like many another incomparable prima donna she is surely entitled to a few moments of caprice."

READ PAGE 36 TO FIND OUT HOW TO make money in Real Estate Today.—Advt.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION. KEEP it handy. Don't forget.—Advt.

Mrs. Percy Rockefeller's Party Marooned By a Blizzard on a Yellowstone Peak

FORT YELLOWSTONE, Wyo., July 9 (Associated Press).—Being marooned 10,000 feet above sea level in an intense snowstorm in July is altogether enjoyable, Mrs. Percy Rockefeller and other members of her party told Horace N. Albright, Superintendent of Yellowstone National Park, today before leaving for Bozeman, Mont.

Mrs. Rockefeller referred to her experience of yesterday when she, with her son Avery, her daughters, Winifred and Faith; Mrs. H. M. Byram, wife of the President of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad; the Hon. Arthur G. Villiers of London, Griffith Mark of Lake Forest, Ill., and J. R. Fletch of Seattle, were caught near the top of Mount Washburn by a sudden blizzard.

Mr. Albright said that the party was at no time in bodily danger. The mercury registered 28 degrees above zero, and a wood fire, made by the party on a stone lookout station used by forest rangers, kept the tourists from being chilled.

"The party was not really lost," but simply marooned," Mr. Albright said. "There were two rangers with them and an automobile road runs to the top of the peak. The station where the party took refuge is above the timber line, and consequently wood is scarce. When the sudden blizzard came up all got busy and gathered what wood could be found."

The Rockefeller party, guided by Mrs. Byram, is touring the West by automobile. They left for Bozeman today.

Mrs. Rockefeller was before marriage Isabel Stillman, being a daughter of the late James Stillman. Her husband is a son of William Rockefeller, who died recently.

are withdrawn, as their union rules do not permit them to work under police or militia guard.

Should the maintenance of way men go out, it will be in defiance of the orders of their executives, who have signed a truce with the Railroad Labor Board, agreeing not to strike pending a reopening of their wage case before the board and a rehearing of their opposition to wage cuts ordered into effect July 1.

Tomorrow E. H. Fitzgerald, President of the Clerks' Union, is to meet with the Labor Board in a conference, the outcome of which will determine the issue of a strike of that organization. No indications were available tonight as to what that outcome will be.

A dramatic incident occurred at Clinton, Ill., at a mass meeting of strikers following the shooting of James Fitzpatrick and the killing of his son, after he had invaded the company property waving a pistol in defiance of a guard. William Fitzwilliam, an attorney representing Mrs. Fitzpatrick, read a message from her to the strikers in which she urged them not to resort to violence because of her son's death and the wounding of her husband.

State's Attorney Smith announced after the meeting that he would request the railroad not to import any more non-union workers into the town.

Four men, including Wesley Davis, the guard said to have shot the boy, are under arrest at Monticello, some miles from Clinton. A formal charge of manslaughter has been lodged against Davis. The others are Chief Special Agent C. W. Lindsey, Charles Dill and James A. Crum. All are guards.

Mr. Smith said versions of the shooting differed, but that he had learned that seven guards were escorting three non-union workers into the shops when the crowd gathered and asked to be allowed to talk to the men. The guards refused and when Fitzpatrick is said to have stepped over a dead line, they opened fire. Fitzpatrick is still unconscious.

The guards are reported to have fled after the shooting, escaping from the mob by running through corn fields.

Soldier Fired on in Clinton.

CLINTON, Ill., July 9 (Associated Press).—With three companies of State troops on duty here, Clinton was quiet today after yesterday's disorders, which resulted in the death of a 12-year-old youth and the wounding of his father and another striking railway shopman following a clash between striking shopmen and guards employed by the Illinois Central Railroad.

Officials of the Federated Shop Crafts demanded today that local civil authorities request Adjt. Gen. Carlos E. Black to withdraw the soldiers, while William F. Smith, State's Attorney, said that yesterday's shooting will be investigated by the regular Grand Jury meeting Sept. 11. He said it might stir the smouldering sentiment of resentment to a dangerous pitch to call a special Grand Jury.

Three shots were fired in the direction of a sentry on duty near the Illinois Central roundhouse here today. The soldier reported to Major John O. Smith, in command of the troops, that he heard two bullets sing past his head and heard the report of a third shot. The firing was traced to a garage near the roundhouse. Major Smith said. Two men in uniform were seen near there earlier in the day, he declared, and advanced the theory that they might have been radicals masquerading as soldiers, firing the shots to stir ill-feeling.

While union officials wanted the troops withdrawn, public officials expressed a different sentiment. Sheriff John W. Parsons of Dewitt County said he would not recommend the withdrawal of troops for several days.

About 400 local shop crafts members met here today and unanimously expressed themselves against the "importation of strike breakers to work under protecting guns of militiamen."

The local maintenance of way organization also held a meeting today and decided to return to work, but to protest against working with armed guards on watch.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Robert Henderson, a special policeman employed by the Chicago & Alton Railroad, was severely beaten and probably fatally injured by sympathizers with the striking shopmen here tonight. The crowd was dispersed when the police responded to a riot call.

Strike sympathizers later fired a pile of oil-soaked ties along the Santa Fe tracks and watched the wood burn for an hour while firemen tried to extinguish the blaze.

ROCKFORD, Ill., July 9.—Messages from Mayor Jones and Sheriff Morrison at Bloomington late tonight asserted that civil authority had broken down and that there was an urgent need for troops as a result of the strike situation. Acting Governor Sterling announced at his home here.

Mr. Sterling said no action on the appeal would be made until tomorrow.

Man Shot Near Cleveland Shops.

CLEVELAND, July 9.—William Urquhart, 25, a member of the Boilermakers' Union, employed at the Lindale shops of the Big Four Railroad and among those who quit work, was shot and killed late last night while in the vicinity of the shops.

A number of other men who were in the vicinity assert the shooting was done by men guarding the property. The police are questioning two men in connection with the shooting.

This was the first fatality locally in connection with the strike.

WASHINGTON, July 9. — Walter Floyd, mechanic employed in the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad section of the terminal roundhouse at Ivy City, D. C., since the walkout of the railroad shopmen, was badly beaten by six men tonight while returning to the workers' camp from the roundhouse. He was taken to a hospital.

Police were summoned, but announced later they expected no further disorder.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Union officials tonight reported that 200 men from the Pennsylvania Railroad shops in West Philadelphia had joined the ranks of the striking shopmen. All of them, the union leaders said, attended a meeting of strikers today and declared that they would not report for work tomorrow.

Railroad officials denied the report, claiming that only fifteen men had struck in the local shops and that their places had been filled.

THREATEN RAIL WORKERS.

Menacing Letter Causes Up-State Maintenance Men to Quit.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., July 9.—A threatening letter received by Frank Harrys of this city, employed as coal chute tender at the Lackawanna roundhouse, caused an unauthorized strike of fifty maintenance of way employes here. The letter received by Harrys contained a threat to dynamite his home in this city, and the homes of other maintenance of way men if they continued to work and did not join the striking shopmen.

The letter, now in the hands of detectives, was evidently written by a woman, and said: "We will explode your house if you do not quit working with scabs."

Similar threats were made to members of the maintenance of way force, and fifty of them quit, saying they had been forced to do work that properly belonged to the shopmen. The letters were signed "Liberty Street and Henry Street." Many of the striking shopmen live on Henry and Liberty Streets in this city.

The matter was brought to the officials of the Maintenance of Way Brotherhood, and Vice President W. D. Robeets ordered the men back to work. They returned to their employment today, and the police are endeavoring to trace the authorship of the letters. Special precautions are being taken to prevent the carrying out of the threat.

UNION EXCLUDES ALDERMAN.

Condemns Middletown Official Who Stayed at Work in Shop.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 9.—Although there is no disorder in connection with the strike of Ontario & Western shopmen here, strikers declare they are not weakening and intend to fight to the end for what they claim their rights.

William H. Funnell, Alderman-at-Large and President of the Common Council of this city, has been excluded from the local Railroad Shopmen's Union for having broken away from the ranks of the strikers and returned to his job in the shops.

The Publicity Committee of the local union has issued a bulletin stating that "among the men who have returned to work is Alderman-at-Large William H. Funnell, who has returned to work after doing picket duty for the men on strike. By the action of the men in returning to work they have forfeited all rights in their organizations and will never be allowed to join any labor organization again, and in all probability may lose their rights in other fraternal organizations.

Funnell is holding the position of President of the Common Council for the second term, which ends Jan. 1, 1924. He is employed as a blacksmith in the shops.

BLIND WORKERS FOR STRIKE.

Resent Displacing of Blind Foreman by Man With Eyesight.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 9.—Twenty blind men employed in the weaving and chair departments of the local branch of the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind subscribed to a strike order today because their foreman, also blind, had been displaced by a man with eyesight. The strikers submitted their case to the Central Labor Union for action at a meeting to be called this week.

"This place is for the blind," was their ultimatum.

Officers of the association said that defective work had been sent out from the workshop and that it had been decided to employ a foreman who could pass on the articles with the aid of eyesight and not be guided entirely by the sense of touch.

FREIGHT HANDLERS TO QUIT.

Boston Workers Seek Permission of Longshoremen's Union to Strike.

BOSTON, July 9.—Freight handlers employed at the Boston & Maine terminals in this city voted today to strike against a new wage scale effective July 1, provided permission should be granted by the International Longshoremen's Association, with which the men are affiliated.

Under the new schedule the freight handlers are not paid overtime for one extra hour over the eight hour day. They assert that since the change 25 per cent. of the employes at the Boston terminals have been discharged, causing an extra amount of overtime work at straight time pay for those remaining.

CANOEIST DROWNS TRYING TO SAVE GIRL

Plunges From River Bank When Companion, in Bathing, Screams for Help.

FAILS TO COME TO SURFACE

Motorists Rescue Young Woman Clinging to Root of Tree and Then Recover Youth's Body.

LITTLE FALLS, N. J., July 9.—Lealle Harrison, 19 years old, of 400 Valley Road, West Orange, was drowned in the Passaic River here late this afternoon when he dived from the bank, clothes and all, to rescue Miss Harriet Hoffman of 65 Riggs Place, West Orange, who had stepped into a hole while bathing. Harrison did not come to the surface. About fifteen minutes later his body was recovered.

In the meantime the young woman had caught hold of the root of a projecting tree and clung to it, all the time screaming for help, until a motor party passing up the river rescued her.

Harrison and Miss Hoffman, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Hoffman, left West Orange early in the day for an outing. They hired a canoe and after paddling up the river for some time stopped at a convenient nook and ate lunch.

They decided to go in bathing. Miss Hoffman went in first, Hoffman remaining on the bank of the river watching her. He was about to get ready to join her in the water when he saw her go down. As she came to the surface she screamed for help and made hysterical efforts to reach the river bank. Harrison, without waiting to remove any of his clothing, dived in and either went into a mud hole or struck a stone. When the motor party, attracted by the young woman's cries, got her out of the water she told them that Harrison had been drowned. Several of the party dived for the body and finally recovered it.

LONG BEACH, L. I., July 9.—Patrick H. Murphy, 53, of 53 St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn, was found submerged in three feet of water by Lifeguards Gracey and Thompson of Long Beach here this afternoon. Murphy was pulled out and Mr. George E. Reiss summoned. Dr. Reiss found the man was dead, and said that an attack of heart disease had undoubtedly preceded the drowning.

HUDSON TRAVELER DROWNS

Detroit Man Falls From the Robert Fulton at Albany.

ALBANY, July 9.—William Stenevlese, of Detroit, was drowned tonight when he fell from the upper deck of the steamer Robert Fulton just as the big day liner was docking here.

Stenevlese was accompanied from New York by his wife and her parents, also of Detroit, who said he had been complaining of illness on the trip up. All efforts of employes to rescue him failed.

PLUNGE INTO LAKE IN PLANE

Loosening of Seats Saves Three Occupants in Berkshires.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 9.—Archibald Isaacs, a pilot, was slightly injured late this afternoon when an airplane he was driving turned over in the air and landed upside down in Pontoosuc Lake. The sudden jolt when the machine struck the water loosened the seats and freed the pilot and two passengers, Stanley Guidack and James Roberts, both of this city, who escaped uninjured.

The plane was about one hundred feet from the water when it fell. A fleet of motor and row boats rushed to the rescue of the three men, who were in the water only a few minutes.

Bogik Boy Home; Man is Held.

Theodore Bogik, the nine-year-old son of Mrs. Annie Capanice of 309 East Twenty-eighth Street, for whom the police have been searching since his disappearance a week ago, returned home yesterday. He was taken to the Children's Society. Otto Preusslee of 1,120 Third Avenue, charged with having taken young Bogik away, was held in $10,000 bail by Magistrate Simpson on a charge of kidnapping.

New German Liner Launched.

Agents of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company received advices yesterday from Bremen announcing the successful launching of the 9,000 ton twin screw liner Crefeld. She has a speed of nearly fifteen knots and will be fitted with accommodations for cabin and third class passengers for the South American trade. She is a sister ship to the Koln which has just completed her first round voyage from Bremen to Buenos Aires.

"DRYS" ARE AGAINST LODGE.

Say He Leans Too Much to "Wets" and Name Candidate to Oppose Him.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 9.—To the opposition to the re-election of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge is added the Prohibition Party of Massachusetts.

According to the Executive Committee of the "dry" party, Lodge shows too strong a tendency toward the "wets." The committee, therefore, has voted not only to oppose his candidacy for re-election, but also to put its own candidate in the field. The "dry" candidate is John J. Nichols of Easton.

Prohibitionists of the State still resent the treatment of Harold D. Wilson, Prohibition Enforcement Agent, who was ousted soon after he raided the Quincy House during a banquet to Governor Cox. They feel that Senator Wilson had the courage to do his duty, even if that duty crossed the wishes of those high in Republican Party councils, he was sacrificed. They feel that Senator Lodge could have saved Wilson his place if he had wished.

HUNGRY, RAISES A HUBBUB.

Man Yelling to Get Himself Arrested, is Taken for Lunatic.

A young man who registered at the Grand Hotel, Broadway and Thirty-first Street, two days ago as "Joseph Patete, Cleveland, Ohio," started a commotion last night that brought employes of the hotel running to his room. They found Patete tearing his clothes and yelling at the top of his lungs.

A call to the West Thirtieth Street station brought Patrolman Flaherty and an ambulance. Flaherty, arriving before the ambulance, found Patete still tearing his clothes. When Flaherty told him that an ambulance from Bellevue was on its way, Patete, according to the policeman, admitted that his outbreak was faked in the hope that he would be taken to jail, where he could get something to eat. His had run out of money, he said, and could think of no other way. Patete said he had not counted on being taken for a lunatic.

Despite his story, he was taken to Bellevue for observation.

GARVEY ASSAILS KU KLUX.

Provisional President of African Republic Calls It Invisible Government.

The Ku Klux Klan was called the invisible government of America by Marcus Garvey, Provisional President of the African Republic, in an address last night before the Universal Negro Improvement Association in Liberty Hall, 120 West 138th Street.

"The Ku Klux Klan is going to make this a white country," Garvey asserted. "They are perfectly honest and frank about it. Fighting them is not going to get you anywhere. You cannot legislate against a racial hatred."

The audience of 4,000 loudly cheered Garvey's demand for a "black race master of its own civilization" and "Africa for the Africans."

"TIED TENNIS" IN ENGLAND.

Captive Ball Makes Small Spaces Available—Only Two Play.

Tennis, with the ball firmly attached by a string to a rather high pole, is the latest variation of the common court game to be introduced in England. It is called "tied tennis," and the object of the game is to hit the ball until the string to which it is attached becomes completely wound around the pole.

Instead of the usual gut strung racquets, small and rather that wooden bats are used in the game. Only two can play at a time. Its main advantage is the adaptability to small spaces, for it can be played on small plots much too tiny for a regulation tennis court.

REGAINS CASH LOST IN PARK

Woman's Pocketbook Containing $30 Turned Over to Police by Finder.

Joseph Suclance of 402 East Twenty-fourth Street yesterday found a pocketbook containing $30 at Pelham Bay Park, the Bronx. He immediately notified Police Reservist Fred Fink of the Wakefield Station, on duty at the Park. The latter took the wallet to the Tremont Police Station.

Soon afterward Iren Valet of 572 Mott Avenue, the Bronx, reported that his wife, Louise, had lost her pocketbook while at Pelham Bay Park. He described the wallet and named the amount of money in it. Later Mrs. Valet described the wallet and it was returned to her.

Killed by Fall Downstairs.

George Hillhauser, 33 years old, of 194 Monroe Street, was on his way downstairs at his home last night when, at the second floor, he turned to speak to Frank Siedman, a neighbor. He lost his balance and fell to the hall below. He died of a fractured skull two hours later in Gouverneur Hospital.

Trolley Men Ballot on Strike.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Thirteen thousand employes of Chicago's street car lines started today to ballot on a strike as the result of the company's proposal to cut wages 25 per cent., following a Federal Court order reducing fares from eight to seven cents.

Zita Wants to Live in Bavaria.

PRAGUE, July 9.—Former Empress Zita of Austria-Hungary, who is being temporarily sheltered in Spain, is said to be endeavoring to obtain a home in Bavaria, provided she can obtain the consent of the Allies.

'MIRRORS' AUTHOR AGAIN USES LANCE

Washington Critic, in New Instalment, Represents President Harding as Weak.

HUGHES MIND "LEGALISTIC"

Mellon Depicted as Receiving Credit Belonging to Others—Hiram Johnson "Declining."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—A severely critical arraignment of the conduct of the Government at Washington and the men who stand out as the foremost political characters is contained in "Behind the Mirrors," by the anonymous author of "The Mirrors of Washington," from the press of G. P. Putnam's Sons, released here today in advance of its circulation in book form.

Few are spared. The tone of the work is decidedly pessimistic both with regard to the Government and business and those who have prominence in finance, industry and politics. The recent past is reviewed to contrast it with today.

Roosevelt and the men of his time are not spared. The Colonel lived by picturesque exaggeration, it is told, with the additional remark: "Actually his rule was one long compromise with Aldrich and Cannon."

Only those whom Mr. Roosevelt called malefactors of great wealth are held up as great men, of whom the author appears to find no counterpart today except in Henry Ford.

Harding Called Feebler Than Taft.

Unlike "The Mirrors of Washington," which was a collection of sketches of political personalities, "Behind the Mirrors" is a discursive narrative in a philosophical vein concerning American tendencies. President Harding is made out to be a weak character, but favorably contrasted with Secretary Hughes, of whom the author's dislike as manifested in "The Mirrors of Washington" has not abated. If Mr. Harding has more common sense than Mr. Hughes he "is feebler than Mr. Taft," it is held, and the present Chief Justice is not painted in complimentary terms.

In the author's apparent opinion the Cabinet seems to be a collection of weaklings. The Senate now rules the Executive, according to the author, but most Senators are held up to scorn. The Washington Conference, which ended of a moment ago, seems to appear an abortive affair. The bloc system in Congress is not new; "it conforms to our best traditions."

Mr. Hughes is denied credit for his startling warship-scrapping proposal at the opening session of the Washington conference.

"Even the dramatic method of making the proposal, with details of the tonnage to be scrapped, was not Mr. Hughes's idea," says the writer. "It was to the man in the White House just as the idea came to him to unseat Senator Newberry." He conceived it on the Mayflower, read it to Senator James Watson, who was with him, and wirelessed it to the State Department."

Adaptation of Mayflower Story.

This appears to be a confused adaptation of the story that while cruising on the Mayflower President Harding decided to call the Washington conference, closeted himself in his room to prepare the invitation to the owers and then read what he had written to his guests. That cruise of the Mayflower was begun on July 9, 1921, one year ago today. The original suggestion to Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan had been agreed upon previously by President Harding and Secretary Hughes and had been cabled to those Governments on July 8.

Within an hour or so prior to the President's departure from the White House to board the Mayflower on the afternoon of July 9 information came from abroad which made it desirable to make an addition to the original suggestion of an international conference cabled the day before. President Harding and Secretary Hughes had a conference and agreed upon the scope and character of the addition. This addition was cabled that afternoon.

On the evening of the next day, Sunday, July 10, the State Department, referred to the proposal that the President had suggested to the principal allied powers that a conference on the limitation of armament and to consider Far Eastern and Pacific questions should be held in Washington. President Harding was then on the Chesapeake flower in Chesapeake Bay. He had his guests of the announcement made in Washington. From this seems to have arisen the story that the President conceived the idea of the Washington Conference on the Mayflower and sent appropriate instructions by wireless to Secretary Hughes. That he instructed Mr. Hughes by wireless from the Mayflower to make his dramatic announcement of the American scrapping formula is a new version.

Hughes Likened to Day Prodigy.

Comparing Mr. Harding and his Secretary of State, the author of "Behind the Mirrors" says:

"Where only actual Secretary's mind falls short of our suppositious Secretary's mind is in the valuable quality of common sense. I am even prepared to maintain that as a measure of reality, Mr. Hughes's mind is distinctly inferior to Mr. Harding's, which is one reason why he never became President and Mr. Harding did."

Of Mr. Hughes it is said that "he has only one criterion of reality, his mind, which has been developed at the expense of all his other means to approach to the truth." It is added:

"He lives in a vacuum of basic principles and logical deductions. He does not sense anything. And only men who sense reality have opinion sense. * * * An extraordinary but limited mind, Mr. Hughes impresses us as the boy lightning calculator does, and leaves us unsatisfied.

On the Washington conference this comment is made:

"The results of the Washington conference were substantial. They put off war where none was threatening. Perhaps in the Nearer Future they will be seen to be no more than a proclamation of the intent of the Versailles Treaty, confirming the dictatorship of powers which that instrument created. Germany, Russia and China were treated as outsiders in both conferences."

Wilson Called an Autocrat.

Woodrow Wilson comes in for sharp flings and this serious story is told of him:

"Mr. Wilson was by temperament an autocrat. In illustration of how personal was his government was his treatment of his enemies. His bitterness against Huntington Wilson, the Republican Ambassador to Mexico, is well-known. A year or two after the dispute was over Huntington Wilson's son came up for examination to enter the consular service. He passed at the top of the list. President Wilson heard of his success and directed that he should receive no appointment."

Huntington Wilson never was Ambassador to Mexico. He was Assistant Secretary of State. The author may have had Henry Lane Wilson, former Ambassador to Mexico, in mind.

The Cabinet is not spared. A rather general view that Mr. Mellon has made an excellent Secretary of the Treasury is not allowed. "Mr. Mellon is the shyest and most awkward man who ever rose to power," says the writer. He is pictured as getting credit that belongs to subordinates, among whom S. P. Gilbert, the Under Secretary of the Treasury, is mentioned most prominently. "The voice is the voice of Mellon but the hand is the hand of Gilbert," it is told of Treasury accomplishments. Mr. Mellon's refusal to dismiss Democrats from Treasury service is attributed to "merely the instinct of self-protection."

President Need Not Understand.

In the reference to the Cabinet it is said that every Administration takes its color from the President, and the author then tells this:

"Listen to the experience of a Cabinet adviser. One of the most important Secretaries was explaining to some friends a critical situation. 'But,' interjected one of the listeners, 'does President Harding understand?' 'The President,' replied the Secretary, 'never has really to understand anything.'

To emphasize this criticism, the following is told:

"All remember how Secretary Hughes told the President that the Four-Power treaty, with its guarantees of the home islands of Japan, and how a couple of days later Mr. Harding informed the press that it did not cover the home islands of Japan; when it transpired that the information of Mr. Hughes on this point had offered no lodgment in the President's mind."

It is said by the author that "the two most important advisers in the existing Cabinet are Mr. Hughes and Mr. Hoover," but of the limitations of the Secretary of State it is said that "the limitations of a legalistic mind," and "the limitations of Mr. Hoover are the limitations of a scientific mind."

Mr. Hoover is depicted as operating with the scientific mind when he feeds starving millions, but "when he operates in normal society he takes his chemical agent in hand and consults Mr. Harding, Mr. Daugherty or Mr. Weeks as to what agents there are in the political retort."

So you see, it is said, "the practical utility of his mind is conditioned upon the minds of Mr. Harding, Mr. Weeks and Mr. Daugherty."

Daugherty Held up as Bluffer.

Of Attorney General Daugherty, who is represented as always seeking a "indication," this personal sketch is given:

"In physique the Attorney General is burly, thick-necked, his eyes are unsteady, his face alternately oval and minatory—I should say he bluffed effectively—rough in personality. His view of the world being highly personal, his instinctive idea of office is that it, too, is personal, something to be used, always within the law, to aid friends and punish enemies."

Secretary Weeks is represented as "nearer akin mentally to the President than any other member of the Cabinet, but with more industry and more capacity for details than his chief."

Secretary Fall's voice is "always loud and angry. He has the frontiersman's impatience. From his kind lynch law springs."

Secretary Denby, "with his flabby jowls and large, shapeless mouth, has a big heart and more enthusiasm than he has self-command, judgment and intelligence."

Secretary Davis is represented as having been put at the head of the Department of Labor because he is "a professional glad-hand man."

Senator Lodge, who has become the outstanding figure in conventional political criticism, is not spared by the writer of "Behind the Mirrors." He is an inscrutable old man, with worn nerves," the author says. It is considered that "the Hanna-Aldrich stock produced Henry Cabot Lodge, a sort of political James Hazen Hyde." His leadership "was a sign of decay."

Senators Watson of Indiana and Curtis of Kansas are mentioned as possible leaders of the Senate. They are characterized as of the "political shirt-sleeves" variety. "Current report is" that Senator Curtis "is the best poker player in either house of Congress," and his forte in politics is "knowing all the little things about men."

Senator Watson "is given to public embraces," a "big, lovable boy playing, playing above all at politics." Quoting Thomas C. Platt as saying of Timothy Woodruff in connection with nominating a governor of New York, "well, it may come down to Tim," the writer decides that in the Senate "we have tapered down to Jim."

Senators Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, New of Indiana, "one of the 'we' group, school of statesmen" Lenroot and others are all reflected in the writer's cowing and abusive mirrors. Borah "is the most potent magic individual in the Upper House. La Follette "is one of the least understood men in public life."

The mirror in the author gave Senator Johnson "a distorted image." "Washington," it is repeated in other words, Hiram Johnson is a declining figure," he says. He accuses him by inference of dodging his vote on the motion to unseat Senator Newberry. "Johnson, a Senator of Missouri "is possessed of a devil," a prosecuting attorney "who believes guilt is everywhere, but" "Hard is sincere, he hates sham, he nevertheless himself uses sham to fight sham."

Senator Calder is Rapped.

Senator Calder of New York is severely scored. His colleague, Senator Wadsworth, appears to have the author's admiration. Of Mr. Calder he says:

"The art of being a Senator like Calder is the art of never saying 'No.' * * * His votes enthusiastically for everything that everybody is for * * *. He has mellow words nor manner. His colleagues look down on him a little."

Wadsworth "is an exception to the general run of Senators. He has courage. He has convictions. He is kindly. He does not open his house to all his New York colleagues just because it is politically expedient. His house is his own, and so is his conscience."

The writer of "Behind the Mirrors" apparently believes in legislative "blocs." In concluding his book he says:

"Meanwhile, we have the farm bloc, a sign of vitality amid much decadence, a resurrection of the principle which the Fathers of the Constitution held, that there must be room for the play of interests in our political system."

HARVEY E. MILLER DIES FROM WRECK INJURIES

New York Pioneer in Scale Business Was Returning From Los Angeles.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., July 9.—Harvey E. Miller of New York, Vice President of the Fairbanks Company of Cuba, died at 2:30 o'clock this morning in a local hospital from injuries he received in the Santa Fé collision at Burrton, Kan., late yesterday afternoon. Nine other persons were injured, three seriously.

Mr. Miller and his father before him were pioneers in the scale business and had obtained many patents on improvements of scales. He was 62 years old and had been with the Fairbanks Company for forty-two years. As a boy he learned to build scales from his father and soon became an expert.

Mr. Miller was returning from Los Angeles to his home in Massachusetts with his daughter, Mrs. H. B. McIntyre, wife of Major McIntyre of the Medical Corps, when he was fatally injured in the train wreck. Mrs. McIntyre had been ill, but was able to travel.

Mr. Miller was a Mason and a member of the Larchmont Yacht Club. He is survived by his widow and two daughters. The Fairbanks Company of Cuba, with which Mr. Miller was connected, was the selling concern of the E. and F. Fairbanks Company of St. Johnsbury, Vt., which manufactures scales.

ANTHRAX CLOSES A DAIRY.

Maryland Officials Act Against Isaac Emerson's Farm.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 9.—Officials of the State and city Health Departments have ordered the sale of milk and cream from the famous Brookland Wood Dairy of Captain Isaac Emerson to be stopped, and have placed a limited quarantine on the farm.

The action followed the report of a Federal inspector, who found that a cow of the farm had died of anthrax. The officials were unwilling to take any chances of the spread of the disease among the pedigreed cattle of the country.

All of the cattle on the farm were immediately inoculated with virus, but it will require probably ten days before results will be known. Meanwhile the dairy will not be allowed to operate. All of the cattle on the farm are pedigreed.

The Brookland Wood Dairy Farm is one of the show places in the fashionable Green Spring Valley, Very little of the products are dispensed to the general public. A large proportion is used at the Emerson Hotel, and other hotels are also supplied. The farm is the mecca of automobilists who make it a point to stop on their rides for a drink of milk or buttermilk.

Captain Emerson, who became wealthy through bromo seltzer, is the father of Mrs. Baker, who was the widow of Alfred G. Vanderbilt.

FIRE AT WEDDING PARTY.

Bridegroom and Father-in-Law Burned Trying to Put Out Blaze.

A wedding party was interrupted and the bridegroom and his father-in-law were slightly burned when a fire started last night in the home of Rubin Seidler, 1,628 Brook Avenue.

Ella Seidler and Herman Orloff of 510 West 156th Street were married yesterday afternoon at the Congregation Beth Israel Synagogue, Fourth Street and Washington Avenue. They went to the bride's home at 1,628 Brook Avenue for their wedding supper, and were celebrating with about a score of friends when curtains were blown into a gas light.

The bridegroom and the girl's father, Rubin Seidler, attempted to put out the flames with their hands, while a fire alarm was turned in by neighbors. They succeeded in extinguishing the flames, but were slightly burned about the arms and hands.

Apparently little disturbed by the incident, Mr. and Mrs. Orloff left early this morning on their honeymoon.

FIANCEE DEFENDS PICKFORD

Marilyn Miller Angrily Denies Ziegfeld's Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 9.—Marilyn Miller did not hide her anger when she read a cable from Paris wherein Florenz Ziegfeld is quoted as having said that Jack Pickford had broken the heart of Olive Thomas, his first wife, who took poison, and had been dishonorably discharged from the navy.

"As far as my contract with Mr. Ziegfeld goes," said Miss Miller, "it would be a delight for me to get out of it tomorrow.

"Mr. Ziegfeld is guilty of an absolute falsehood when he says Jack Pickford was dishonorably discharged from the navy in connection with fraud revealed in draft slacker cases.

"Jack was honorably discharged and can re-enlist tomorrow if he cares to. The Judge Advocate wrote Jack a letter to that effect. Jack has the letter, and I saw it."

Miss Miller said nothing would prevent her marriage to Pickford.

BELGIUM SENDING NITRATE.

European Dealers Attracted by Favorable Prices Here.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The development of an unusual international trade situation involving the export of Chilean nitrate from Belgium to the United States was reported to the Commerce Department today by Consul Mannith at Ghent.

During May, he said, shipments amounted to 13,942 tons. This was, he explained, was the result of liquidation now being followed by the European nitrate dealers and the favorable prices offered for nitrate by American importers.

Importation of nitrate into Belgium from Chile during March amounted to about 7,000 tons, while stocks on hand on April 30 were 115,000 tons, a decrease of 50 per cent. since January 31. The consumption of nitrate for all of Belgium during March was 38,000 tons.

WRECK ON PENNSYLVANIA.

Freight Cars Block All Four Tracks for Three Hours at Cornwells.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—A freight wreck tonight on the New York Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Cornwells, Pa., blocked all four tracks and delayed traffic for about three hours. No one was hurt.

The train consisted of fifty-six cars, only three of which left the rails. The cause of the accident has not been determined.

DETROIT-CLEVELAND BY AIR.

Flying Boats to Carry Passengers, Express and Freight.

DETROIT, July 9.—Marking the beginning of aerial passenger service between Detroit and Cleveland, three flying boats from the latter city arrived here today preparatory to the beginning of daily trips between the two cities this week. The machines will carry freight and express in addition to passengers.

A large delegation of city officials and officers of civic organizations greeted the fliers.

FIREBUG ENDANGERS 30 IN A TENEMENT

Starts Fire in Kerosene-Soaked Mattress in Basement of Big Wooden Building.

FOUND BEFORE IT SPREADS

Smoke Causes Alarm and Blaze is Extinguished—Manics Believed to Be Responsible.

The lives of thirty or forty men, women and children in the five-story frame tenement house at 408 West Thirty-eighth Street were endangered yesterday by an incendiary who set fire to an old soaked mattress which he had placed among some rubbish in the cellar. Police believe the deed was the work of a maniac. His zeal in piling waste paper and wood on the mattress to make sure the fire got started led to the discovery of the blaze and prevented a disaster.

When discovered the mattress was burning from end to end, but the materials on top of it made the flames to check and gave out a thick acrid smoke. Men on the first floor smelled the smoke, hurried downstairs and extinguished the blaze before any one in the house had an inkling of the danger.

The fire was started at about half-past six in the evening. Edward Stellmeyer of 327 West Forty-second Street and Bernard Sheridan of 405 Tenth Avenue were visiting Owen Dugan, an undertaker, whose rooms share one passey on the first floor with a Mastrangelo, a dry goods merchant.

It was the supper hour and the street was almost deserted. The three men began to sniff the air.

"It smells like smoke to me," said Sheridan.

The fumes came thicker, penetrating every corner of the room, while Dugan and his visitors began to cough and sneeze.

Holding handkerchiefs to their faces, they dashed into the hall. The smoke was even more dense there. The men ran to the cellar door and opened it. A cloud of black, heavy fumes struck them in the face.

They plunged through it into the basement, where they discovered the mattress. It had been saturated with kerosene and put against the chimney leading to the floor above. The incendiary evidently had calculated that the draft would suck the flames rapidly to the building overhead. But he had heaped the mattress too heavily with paper, wood and rubbish that he had expected would make a good blaze. Instead it had created a heavy smudge.

The men pulled the paper and wood off the mattress and dragged it out into the street.

The three men told Patrolman Mancini of the West Thirtieth Street station, who was on post there, of the occurrence. Policemen and detectives in the vicinity have been warned to watch for him.

SAYS THEY AIDED LYNCHERS

Georgia Minister Accuses Officials in Charge of Two Prisoners.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 9.—That the lynching of two negroes in Wayne County, after they had been reprieved for thirty days by Governor Hardwick with not go unpunished seems assured by recent developments at the Executive offices. Governor Hardwick has offered the highest reward in his power for the arrest of the lynchers, has denounced the crime and has announced that mob rule will not be allowed in this State so long as he is Governor.

The Rev. F. T. Holloway has practically charged in a sermon that officials of the county connived at the lynching, and had practically invited it. "The morning after the unlawful executions," he said, "I heard two men talking about a lynching, and one of them was an officer who took charge of the victims purposely to take them to Savannah. The general public wants to know why they should have been taken away from the officers, why they should have been taken away in a Ford car, when there were fast passenger trains going straight through to Savannah making no stop. We demand to know how a mob of men patrolling around could find out that these prisoners were taken from the county jail and where they got their information of the route taken. The general public would like to know why the officers who had these prisoners in charge stopped at Lane's Bridge thirty minutes and told the guard that if anybody came along to tell them they were going to Savannah and would probably have no trouble.

"The public wants to know why two men, whom we know I could call, went to a citizen's house on Thursday and said: 'Let's get these two negroes and lynch them. The Sheriff said it would be all right; that he would offer no resistance."

STUDENT HELD FOR MURDER

Accused of Killing Negro Who Was Sent to Buy Whisky.

ATHENS, Ga., July 9.—Briggs Carson of Tifton, Ga., a student at the University of Georgia Summer School, was held in the Clark County Jail today on a charge of murder in connection with the shooting of Benny W. Hill, a negro.

According to evidence presented to a Coroner's Jury, Carson and five other university students hired the negro to buy whisky for them. When the negro failed to return, the students started out in quest of him, it was said, and in the altercation which followed their meeting, the negro was fatally wounded. The police say the students claim that he fired to frighten the negro.

ERIE R.R. CANCELS 21 COMMUTERS' TRAINS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

said the Lackawanna had 750 locomotives in running order, and it had not "been necessary as yet to annul any train schedules."

Police reports from all the Jersey terminals showed that Sunday had passed quietly, with but one exception. William Gallisi, 45, of 139 Morgan Street, Jersey City, a car inspector, who did not join the strikers, was assaulted by five men at Johnson Avenue, near Pacific Avenue, Jersey City. Joseph Dazel of 349 Henderson Street was arrested. The other assailants escaped.

Despite the injunction to prevent the Jersey City police from operating on the Erie Railroad property, a large number of uniformed policemen yesterday were guarding shops and plants where negroes and Orientals were said to have been put to work. Several hundred private guards were on duty also.

Company officials denied that Orientals were employed, but guards at the Pavonia Avenue shops said a "bunch of Chinese" had been hired but had quit the first day because of sore hands.

The Erie's statement that the reduction in passenger service was caused by lack of coal was ridiculed by John J. Dowd, Chairman of the central Strike Committee, in a statement at the committee's headquarters in the Continental Hotel.

"It was only last Friday," said Mr. Dowd, "that the Erie Railroad attorney swore before the Court in Jersey City that if the city did not let them house strike-breakers in places the city held unfit for habitation there would be a cut in train service. It is not lack of coal that has caused the cut; it is the lack of cars and engines."

Grawing reluctance of engineers to drive locomotives that are not in perfect condition also was said to have influenced the Erie in cancelling the trains.

Mr. Dowd said the ranks of the striking shopmen in this district remained unbroken.

The strikers believe they are fighting in a cause which must be won, he added. "In practically every meeting I have attended everyone stands up spontaneously and sings the Star Spangled Banner. The men believe they have the American spirit behind them."

An open letter to commuters on the Erie Railroad from the Railroad Shopcraft Unions on Strike," was issued at the Continental Hotel by the strike committee. It said the strike was "the last resource of the shopmen who faced wage cuts that would reduce their earnings to less than $1,700 a year."

"We regret that the strike is causing you trouble," said the letter. "We regret that it will cause you an increasing amount of trouble until it is settled. We ask your forbearance as American citizens and lovers of liberty.

"We have used every honorable means to avoid a strike. We have obeyed the transportation act to the letter. We tried to settle with the company and we presented our case to the Labor Board. Had the board obeyed the law we should not have struck. The law required the board's decisions to be based on the cost of living. The board has flouted the law and seeks to deny us a decent living.

Trains Withdrawn by the Erie.

The trains withdrawn by the Erie were as follows:

No. 135, leaving Jersey City at 5:

WARNS OF NEW WAR IF RUHR IS SEIZED

Dr. Michaelis, Former German Chancellor, Insists Reparations Must Be Modified.

RUIN WOULD INVOLVE ALL

Allies Should Discuss Problem Like Good Fellows, He Says on Visit to New York.

If France backs Germany up against the wall by refusing any modification of the reparations and, in an attempt to carry out the Treaty of Versailles, seizes the Ruhr and Saar districts, there would be another war, said Georg Michaelis, who succeeded von Bethmann Hollweg as Chancellor for a short time during the war. It would be a futile war, but an uprising that could not be prevented.

However, Dr. Michaelis does not think this will happen. While painting a gloomy picture of German finances and voicing the impossibility of Germany meeting the demands of the treaty, he believes that some modification must be brought about unless Germany goes to economic ruin, carrying France and the rest of Europe with her.

Dr. Michaelis was at the Hotel Astor, where he will stay for a few days on his way back to Germany from Japan. He is a short, square man, with blue eyes and a ready smile, and confesses to sixty-five years, forty of which he spent under the old régime. Yet in his talk he revealed himself as almost a radical, and a firm believer in the Republic and a democratic form of government. His whole purpose in life now is to influence the Christian student body of Germany in such a way as to bring about a change from the present capitalistic and syndicate system of German business to a system based on co-operation and profit sharing, which at the same time protects the individual in his desire to build large business enterprises that will bring him wealth. Dr. Michaelis would take it away from him when he dies.

Depressed at News From Germany.

"I have been cut off from sources of news from Germany for nearly six months, for even at the German Embassy in Japan I was not able to gain as much information as to events there as I wished," he said. "But since I landed in your country I have been reading your papers carefully. What I have read there has made me depressed, but today I believe I see a ray of light in the report that Germany will ask for more time to pay.

"Germany cannot pay the reparations demanded, either in gold or in goods. That should be understood. We have no gold to pay with, and when attempts have been made to give materials, as was suggested for the rebuilding of some of the regions in France and Belgium, the suggestion was refused by the French. The sums demanded are too enormous to be met, and by insisting upon them France will net gain."

Dr. Michaelis read an extract from a dispatch from abroad which said that if Germany went down in economic disaster France would go with her.

"That is true," he said. "There should be a meeting of all those concerned and the books of Germany opened and examined, and it would be found that it is impossible for Germany to pay. Then if representatives of the nations would get together as good fellows and open their minds freely and frankly, a basis for reparation could be agreed upon that would permit the revival of economic life in Germany and benefit not only France but the whole world. You have no idea how the cost of living is rising in Germany today. Since I have been away, less than six months, I have heard from home that the living expenses of my family have tripled.

"We have three hopes of what will happen. Of course, you understand that I am not speaking in any official capacity, merely as a private individual. First, we hope that the reparations demands will be modified so as to bring them within the means of Germany.

"Secondly, we hope the moral influence of America will be brought to bear upon France to modify the demands. Since I have been in China and Japan I have learned what a great power in the world the moral influence of this country is. It is enormous, and much could be done if America would ask for some new basis for discussion.

Asks for a Real Conference.

"Third, there should be a conference. There have been no conferences before. Cannes was not a conference. The Hague was not a conference. When men get together, each bound by the narrow limits of his instructions, and something comes up that is outside of those limits, they throw up their hands and say they must go home. And also there can be no conference when the most important member is left out, for say what you will, Germany is the most important factor. The Germans have been to these conferences, kept in another room and when the Allies have talked and decided what to do Germany is asked to come in. That is not a conference. Let them all get around the table as good fellows and talk it over. That includes Russia, too, for Russia is a great factor in the economic life of Europe.

"There has been altogether too much national hatred and not enough co-operation. The world needs co-operation now, and by co-operation only can these problems be solved. Hatred should be put aside and nations should deal together as men do when they wish to solve their individual problems, by regard for what is best for all. These great economic problems must be decided for the good of the world, not for the good of any one nation.

"As for the recent events, the assassination of Rathenau and the attack on Mr. Harden, I do not think that they will be followed by any great political changes. There may be fighting here and there, and some people may be killed, but I think the republic will last. Of course, there is the possibility of a third revolution, and some events would seem to justify a belief that it is coming, but I do not think so. These things will occur for a time, and gradually those whose sympathies are monarchic will realize that the republic is best in this age of the world.

"The monarchists, those who are active, are a small group in Germany, but they are dangerous. There is no doubt, however, that in these times the democratic form of government is best, and I tell my friends who are monarchists that any man who does not support democratic government is not a real friend of his country. As for the Communists, the only danger of communism comes when there is a lack of food, and that is largely tied up with the question of reparations."

War Would Follow Seizure.

Dr. Michaelis was asked if he thought that in the event that Germany did not pay, France would force the occupation of the Saar and Ruhr districts.

"I do not think England and America would permit that," he said. "If it did occur there would be another war, a futile war because we have no ammunition or other war material and our factories are devoted to other purposes, but such a seizure would arouse such rage in Germany that there would be war. It would be an unfortunate thing for Germany and for the world.

"All these things are not caused by politics, as is generally supposed, but by economic conditions. Germany's economic situation is the result of the politics which would dictate the seizure of the Ruhr. It would be financial interests, the same financial interests which sent 2,000,000 Germans into Poland against their will."

The possibility of a loan to Germany by the bankers in Europe, who have been discussing the subject for some time, was raised.

"I would not accept any Morgan loan, or any other loan that did not carry with it modification of reparations," said Dr. Michaelis. "What would be the use of borrowing money to pay to France, leaving Germany in the same condition as she was before with merely another obligation. The loan and reparations are inseparable."

Dr. Michaelis said that the majority of the German people are at the present time very poor, although there were a few men, as in every other country following the war, who are making a great deal of money.

"When a man makes a little money nowadays by trade outside Germany, or by selling something in South America or Switzerland, he does not take the money back to Germany," said Dr. Michaelis. "He leaves it in the country where it is, leaves it in the bank. He feels that some day things may be different in Germany, and that his children will then be provided for by this money in other countries. That amounts to a considerable sum."

"Would not Germany be better able to meet her reparation payments if that money was taken to Germany, instead of being sequestrated outside," he was asked.

"No," he answered, "for although it is a large sum, it is so small compared with the reparations sums that it would not go very far."

With all the financial chaos in Germany before him, Dr. Michaelis said he was not unduly pessimistic about the future.

Next Few Years to be Hard.

"This will last two or three years more and then there will be a change," he said. "The next few years will be bad. It is not conceivable that a people like Germany should be crossed off the economic map of the world. It would bring about too much hardship, not only to France and England, but to the United States as well. The welfare of peoples and nations is bound up together. As for Germany, when you think that 1,000,000 young men are working in the factories and the mines to get money enough for their education, it is not possible that a people capable of that should not recover. But there must be help, not hatred."

Dr. Michaelis said in reference to the great business and commercial combinations in Germany that the people had not understood them very well up to the present, and that his work is to be devoted to bringing about co-operative rather than competitive life in Germany. He believes that a man should be permitted to accumulate wealth during his lifetime as an incentive to business, but that on his death as much as 70 or 80 per cent. should be taken from him and divided among the workers in his business and the community in the form of shares. The dividends on these shares would then be paid not to individuals but to co-operative associations representing the individuals and spent on improving their schools, houses, communities and all forms of social life. The son should, for instance, be permitted to inherit control of the factory and accumulate as much money as he wishes by means of which he could buy back the shares of the community, but the shares of the labor group should remain with them.

"There are 120,000 students in the German Christian Student movement of which I am the head, and they are a real force in German life," said Dr. Michaelis. "They believe in this social development and decade after decade their influence will grow until they have radically modified the forms of business and commerce. Capital must be the last ruler of the world."

STRIKE THREATENED IN THE RUHR REGION

Tie-Up of Many Industries Would Follow Walk-Out of Miners.

ESSEN, Germany, July 9 (Associated Press).—German industry is viewing with considerable anxiety the likelihood of early semi-paralysis through a strike of coal miners in the Ruhr region which is provided for in a proclamation issued by the miners' union, expressing impatience with the delay in the new wage negotiations. Hope regarding the workers' final decision rests in the district convention to be held next Friday. Failing an outcome enabling the miners to continue their operations, there is a possibility of eleventh-hour intervention by the Government through the appointment of a new arbitration board. This is regarded as a last resort.

The strike, if called, will affect all mine workers except miners of the Christian and Polish Miners' unions, which have specified their intention of not participating. Iron ore and lignite workers already have decided to join the strike unless a blanket wage scale is fixed immediately. The matter of overtime also is involved, the miners feeling it means abrogating the seven-hour day. But it is reported they are ready to come to an agreement on the overtime question if the general wage demands are satisfied.

The importance of the Ruhr production is indicated by the fact that the twenty-four hours' cessation of work as part of the demonstration against the Rathenau assassination lessened the output by about 380,000 tons, at an estimated value of approximately 500,000,000 marks. Counting other losses, the total cost for the twenty-four hours' suspension is estimated at at least 1,000,000,000 marks.

PARAGUAY PLANE FALLS.

Former British Army Flier and Another Pilot Killed.

BUENOS AIRES, July 9.—La Nacion's Asuncion correspondent sends a military headquarters report today that a Paraguay Government airplane has crashed in the town of Yaguaron, where the rebels are established, killing Pilots Steward and Cusmanich.

Captain Steward, a former British Army flying man who fought in the World War, left Buenos Aires recently to serve the Paraguayan Government.

FREE STATERS WIN IN IRISH PROVINCES

Troops Defeat Irregulars in Encounters in Wexford, Taking Prisoners and Arms.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS SACKED

Republicans Breaking Up Into Guerrilla Bands—Nightly Sniping Continues in Dublin.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, July 9.—Several important military successes have been obtained by the national troops during the week-end. The most notable is the dispersal of the irregular band at Blessington. While this force continued to remain intact it was a threat to the lines of communication and the fact that it has melted away before the determined advance of the regulars is decidedly reassuring. It was reputed to be 1,000 strong and to include several prominent Republicans but of the hundred prisoners taken in the operations none of them was a particularly eminent leader.

In fortified posts in the village, itself protected by trenches and mines and barricaded works the irregulars were expected to offer a stout resistance but in actual truth they suddenly realized apparently that the encircling movement would entrap them. It is presumed that sections will now act as flying columns, practicing guerrilla tactics which were employed against the British—swift descents upon isolated garrisons and ambushing of convoys.

Such a policy, of course, holds out the prospect of prolonged fighting. Numbers of these bands dislodged from their original positions are roving about the country and some districts are terrorized by their activities. What has happened in Gorey, Ferns and Enniscorthy where the irregular concentrations have either disappeared before the advance of national forces or surrendered after sharp engagement is being repeated consistently elsewhere. It is becoming increasingly hazardous to risk encounter with the well equipped regulars supported by the latter frequently by light artillery but it would be premature to assume the early collapse of the armed revolt especially in view of at least two formidable gatherings of irregulars which are known to exist at Limerick and Clonmel. Further hard and difficult fighting is probable and delicate operations will require to be planned and perfected if the Government's intention of restoring order with a minimum loss of life and property is to be accomplished.

One cannot but suspect this official attitude toward the revolt. It is too much, however, to expect reciprocity from the opposition, who are reckless of both life and property. For instance, in Dublin itself a sort of evening and dawn truce is becoming the normal condition of the already overwrought citizens' existence. No sooner does darkness fall than National troops at different points in the city are annoyed by snipers, who creep to roofs, where they are extremely difficult to detect. There is a certain amount of response from sentries, and this continues at intervals until morning, when before retiring the snipers usually become very persistent.

A piquant commentary upon the interference with civil affairs is furnished by the circumstance that a city Magistrate has had to administer justice in the cellar below the Police Court, which suffered considerably in the battle of the Four Courts.

It is officially stated when National troops entered Wexford last night, the irregulars having fled, people came out with torches to welcome them.

"Everywhere the troops go," adds the communication, "they are welcomed and fêted as the army of the people of of Ireland."

Operations Around Wexford.

DUBLIN, July 9 (Associated Press.)—An official report issued at national headquarters at midnight on Saturday said the troops in Wexford had continued manoeuvres that were entirely successful. This morning a convoy which proceeded from Gorey to Ferns encountered many obstacles along the route, particularly trees which had been felled across the road.

On the arrival of the National forces at Ferns, thirty-one irregulars occupying the postoffice were ordered to surrender. This they did after short resistance in which four irregulars were wounded, the others were made prisoners. The National troops secured twenty-one rifles, twelve revolvers and a quantity of ammunition. The town is now being held by volunteers acting under orders from army headquarters.

From Ferns the troops proceeded to Enniscorthy. They found that the irregulars had retreated into the country. They occupied the town.

More than fifty prisoners were taken today in Wexford. Some of the irregulars in this area are said to have had in their possession flat nosed revolver cartridges.

Irregulars at Inch Island, one of the two last remaining Republican strongholds in Donegal, are trying to arrange a truce, but the Free State officers demand unconditional surrender.

One hundred Republican prisoners captured in Donegal have asked to be treated as prisoners of war. The request has been refused on the ground that they are not prisoners of war but rebels against the Government.

At Wexford and other places where the Republican forces were defeated, the Free State troops have been received with acclamation, the townspeople turning out in torchlight processions with bands.

The Irregular Republican Army forces captured in Skibbereen, County Kilkenny, and imprisoned in the Letterkenny Court House wrecked the building on Saturday. They also sacked the Carnegie Library and set the building on fire.

National troops, which were hurried to the scene, removed the prisoners and extinguished the fire but not before serious damage had been done.

Another bulletin, issued at headquarters today, details successful operations by the Nationalist forces in Donegal, South Leitrim, Roscommon, Queens County and West Meath. The situation in Cork is described as normal.

Fighting for Sligo.

BELFAST, July 9 (Associated Press).—It was rumored in Enniskillen tonight that fighting was in progress between the Free States and Republicans for possession of Sligo. A train due to reach Enniskillen through Sligo was held up at Collooney by irregulars, who had it taken to Sligo, where they seized a large amount of foodstuffs on board.

Before surrendering Skeosh the irregulars made a determined attempt to burn the place, but the national troops saved it before serious damage was done. The Mansion House, however, presents a scene of wanton desolation. There also was evidence that the irregulars who were besieged in the Mansion House had enormous supplies of foodstuffs that had been seized from trains or in hold-ups.

A youth named McAlea, who thrice was ordered to hold up his hands after the curfew hour last night, died today in a hospital from wounds received consequent to refusing to obey the order. A detective passing a saloon heard the call made upon the youth to throw up his hands, dashed inside and fired, wounding one of the men in the saloon and capturing another.

The Republican troops today captured the Kinlough police barracks near Ballyshannon without firing a shot. They seized the arms, ammunition and equipment they found, and then burned the barracks.

Constable Dangerously Wounded.

BELFAST, July 9.—Head Constable Orr was shot today when going to the assistance of the proprietor of a restaurant which was being held up by an armed gang. It is believed his wounds will be fatal.

GERMAN ROYALISTS ALLIES OF CZARISTS

Ludendorf is "Uncle Ludwig" to Both Parties, Seized Letters Show.

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BERLIN, July 9.—The police have made public letters found on Lieutenant Guenther, one of the accomplices of the assassins of Foreign Minister Rathenau and alleged to be the private secretary of General Ludendorff.

These letters were sent by Count Reventlow and they show the relations between the German and Russian monarchists who refer continually to General Ludendorff as Uncle Ludwig. They resulted in the police searching Count Reventlow's house and taking him to the police station for examination.

One of the most startling disclosures was that Captain Ehrhardt, the leader of the brigade which Kapp employed in his monarchist coup, had negotiated with Moscow. Count Reventlow, who is closely connected with the Russian monarchists, as well as being the leader of the anti-Semitic wing of the Berlin monarchists, who after the murder of Dr. Rathenau published numerous excuses for his assassination, wrote against Captain Ehrhardt's dealings with the Moscow Soviet.

In a second letter Count Reventlow urged Ludendorff to take a strong stand at the Russian monarchist congress in Bavaria.

REPORT SCHANZER REBUFFED IN PARIS

Poincare Said to Have Refused to Recognize Italy in Tangier Question.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 9.—During his conversation with M. Poincaré this morning, which lasted two hours, Signor Schanzer, Italy's Foreign Minister, who broke his return journey from London in order to meet the French Premier, discussed not only Mediterranean matters but also The Hague conference and the possibility of a meeting of the Supreme Council. Signor Schanzer, in fact, very fully informed M. Poincaré regarding the result of his conversations with Mr. Lloyd George.

Beyond a semi-official announcement that "the conversation was of a very friendly nature," no communiqué was issued on information given concerning the discussion. The French Government has the full backing of the whole ment—and therein it has the full backing of the whole country—is firmly de way concerns the Italians. It, therefore, is stated in well-informed circles, Signor Schanzer broached the subject of a conference on Tangier it is assumed that he received a reply identical with that said to have been given him by Premier Lloyd George, namely, that the Statute concerned three countries only—France, England and Spain. Italian interests in Eastern Mediterranean affairs, on the other hand, are fully recognized and approved here, so that this morning's meeting may lead to negotiations connected with such subjects as Turkey and Greece.

Signor Schanzer also, it appears, informed M. Poincaré of Mr. Lloyd George's anxiety to arrange a speedy meeting of the Supreme Council at which the reparation question can be discussed anew. The suggestion, however, fell upon deaf ears, M. Poincaré remaining adamant in his opposition.

Signor Schanzer this evening continued his journey to Rome.

GENERAL CHEN RISES AS POWER IN CANTON

Man Who Ousted Sun a Dominating Figure in South China.

NOW SEEKS SECLUSION

Headquarters, Office and Residence in a Cottage on a Tiny Island.

CANTON, June 9 (by Mail Associated Press).—General Chen Chiung-ming, who has become a dominating figure in South China by the overthrow of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, is a man of iron will and forceful, determined character. This, at least, is the impression gained by The Associated Press correspondent, who visited him at his headquarters in Wuchow, Kwangtung Province, and it seems to be borne out by the rapidity with which he has advanced to his all-powerful position as the "man of the hour" in the troubled area extending in all directions from the seat of his Government.

In appearance General Chen Chiung-ming represents the highest type of Chinese intellectual. His head is large, well shaped and replete with characteristics which would interest a phrenologist. The forehead is broad and high; the nose somewhat longer and less broad than is usual among the Chinese; the eyes lack the pronounced Oriental slant; the mouth is large and the chin square and determined. Just at present General Chen is wearing a mustache closely cropped over the upper lip, but long and drooping at the points. His head is closely shaved with the exception of a tuft-like patch of hair on the top, recalling the pig-tail that was abolished throughout China a decade ago.

In height he is above the average of his countrymen. His movements are supple and suggestive of considerable physical strength. He invariably dresses in the silk robes which are the accepted court attire of the country, despite the fact that they have been discarded in favor of European styles by many of the more enlightened classes of the empire.

For his headquarters, office and residence, General Chen has taken a beautiful little cottage that stands alone on a tiny tree-covered island in the midst of one of the picturesque lakes for which Kwangtung is famous. From this isolated position he is able to avoid many audiences that could not be side-stepped without giving offense were he in a more accessible place. He has arranged to keep a secretary in a small boat moored off the little island. The boat is equipped with a telephone, and before a visitor is permitted to land, the General must signify his willingness to receive him. If the caller is welcome, he transfers to a small scow, which is sculled to the island by an aged boatman.

If the visitor is a representative of the press, he has had his trouble for nothing, for General Chen refuses to say a word for publication or otherwise. He simply states that he is out of politics for the present, that he is very busy with the movements of his troops, and that he will return to Canton and serve his country as a loyal patriot when the proper time comes.

GEN. CHEN EXPLODES DR. SUN'S MUNITIONS

Deposed Leader Moves His Warships Toward Hongkong—His Troops in Battle.

CANTON, July 9 (Associated Press).—Shell fire from a fort controlled by Chen Chung-ming, the United China leader, destroyed today the munitions base of Sun Yat-sen, the deposed President of the Canton Government, and it was reported tonight that Sun, with three cruisers, had departed down the river toward Hongkong.

A number of casualties accompanied the destruction of Sun's munitions factory which was situated near Whampoa.

The cruisers may encounter trouble at Tiger Island, a fortress thirty miles from Canton, held by the Chen forces, and it is believed in some quarters that Sun's fleet has been bottled up.

The guns of Fort Yue Chu opened an attack on the Sun Yat-sen fleet, but Sun withdrew four of his six ships three miles down the river to Sunchow, out of range of the Yue Chu Fort.

Fort Chingchow, under Sun's control, replied to bombardment from Yue Chu, but Sun's ships, although stripped for battle, did not fire, desiring to conserve their ammunition for an emergency, as Sun believed forces from the north soon would reinforce him.

Sun's northern expeditions, attempting to return from an invasion of Kiangsi Province, was opposed by Chen Chiung-ming's troops at Shukwan, 100 miles from Canton, where considerable fighting has taken place.

Services for Wu Ting Fang.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Chinese and American admirers of the late Wu Ting-fang, former Minister of China to the United States, attended services in his memory here today. Ma Soo, Special Envoy of the Canton Government, and Dr. Charles James Fox were the principal speakers, the latter expressing the regret of the United States for the loss of so great and so consistent a friend.

POPE, OVERCHARGED, DISMISSES COOK

When Chicken Croquettes Appear At the Price of Original Chicken, the Break Comes.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, July 9.—Pope Pius XI has excommunicated from the company of his domestic servants the cook who had been with him during his tenure of office in Bologna, Milan and at the Vatican.

Pius XI, whose simple domestic habits are discussed by the Roman press, is in the habit of paying for each meal as he takes it, just as he would do in a restaurant, thus facilitating the keeping of his household accounts.

Recently on a bill presented to him by the faithful cook was an item for a chicken priced at 20 lire. Of this the Pope had eaten only one-half, and he therefore gave instructions that the remaining half should be served up as chicken croquettes at dinner. But on the dinner bill being presented to him the croquettes appeared at the same price of 20 lire.

At this the papal sense of decency was greatly shocked and the cook was sent for and dismissed.

FINDS ABANDONED BABY NEAR CREEK AT CONEY

Boy Rescues 18-Month-Old Girl With Face and Arms Covered With Mosquito Bites.

While walking along the shores of Coney Island Creek in the vicinity of Stillwell Avenue yesterday morning, Jerry Pernico, 15 years old, found a baby girl, 18 months old. The child cried out joyfully when she saw the boy, and toddled toward him. Her clothes were rumpled and dirty, and her face and arms were covered with mosquito bites.

Jerry took the baby home to his mother, Mrs. Mary Pernico, at 2,569 West Seventeenth Street, Coney Island. Mrs. Pernico, who thought that the red marks of insect bites indicated measles or smallpox, summoned Patrolman James O'Hara of the Coney Island Station. At the station house a doctor from the Coney Island Hospital found the little one was in good health, notwithstanding her experience.

Detective Thomas Lawrence was assigned to investigate the case. He learned that a couple had been seen near where the child had been found late the night before. The woman was crying, according to a street car conductor, who gave the information. It is the belief of the police that whoever abandoned it intended that the child should wander into the waters of the creek and be drowned. The police say it was only one chance in a thousand that led to her discovery.

MATHILDE M'CORMICK AND FATHER TO SAIL

Coming to New York Late This Week—Mathilde to Visit John D. Rockefeller.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Harold F. McCormick, now fully recovered from his recent operation, is leaving late this week for New York, when, it is stated, he will sail almost immediately for Europe.

Mr. McCormick, it is said, is going abroad for an extended vacation. His son Fowler and his daughter Mathilde will go with him.

Fowler McCormick has been in New York for several days. He left Chicago on Tuesday of last week. Miss Mathilde, on her way East, will visit her grandfather, John D. Rockefeller. It is said she will make one more attempt to win his consent to her marriage to Max Oser, Swiss horseman.

Whether she wins Mr. Rockefeller's consent or not, it is generally believed that Miss Mathilde will make no attempt—if she still intends to go through with the marriage—to wed Oser at least until she attains her majority in April next year.

KU KLUX SEEKS ALLIANCE.

Envoy Goes Abroad to Advocate White Protestant Coalition.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, July 9.—In the hopes of effecting the formation of a world alliance of Caucasian Protestants, Jesse O. Wood, member of the Atlanta City Council and editor of The Searchlight, the semi-official organ of the Ku Klux Klan, has sailed for Europe.

He is making the trip, according to announcement, on business for the Southern Publicity Association of which he is an officer. This organization, headed by Edward Young Clarke, Imperial Wizard pro tem. of the Klan, undertook the publicity and propaganda work of the Klan.

It is reported that the first step in his program will be a conference with leaders of the Second Hundred Thousand, an English organization, whose purposes are somewhat like those of the Klan.

FRENCH DELEGATES TO QUIT THE HAGUE

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

ahead and pay the price demanded for the resumption of ordinary relations.

But the Bolshevikí seem not to attach much importance to squaring themselves unless they are paid for it. As a matter of fact, they have not at the Hague shown the least good will and on the mooted private property issue instead of offering to hand back what they took simply offer to sell the stolen goods to the highest or lowest bidder—property back to the former owner if he happens to tie with the bid of another.

See Profit in Separate Deals.

Then unless the Russians turn right around, of which there is no evidence, The Hague will be a failure. For the Russians consider they can do much better on private property arrangements by separate agreements with individuals than by a general agreement with the governments. The only reason they considered a general arrangement was to get credits. A general arrangement without credits holds no charm for them, for they would assume liability for all of Russia's commitments, whereas by driving individual and separate bargains they will assume only what they have to in order to meet the demands of those they desire especially to return to Russia.

Not only is there this factor in favor of agreements with individuals or corporations, but the Russians consider that from the diplomatic point of view they had better make separate courses ments, as if they made a general agreement with the governments, every time a dispute arose over that agreement they would have an affair with thirty governments, whereas with separate treaties they could quarrel with only one government at a time. Of course in these calculations the factor of honestly facing their obligations is absent from the Soviet calculations, but in that they are consistent at least.

So, then, as soon as The Hague breaks up there may be a general scramble for separate bargains with the Soviets by those who desire a business adventure in Bolshevist Russia. The Dutch Government has served notice on the Russian delegates that none of this business is to be done in Holland, and it is generally presumed that it will be done in Berlin.

There will be nothing sensational in the way of new conditions for bargaining with the Soviets, for since a year and a half they have been willing to sell concessions. The important point to watch is whether certain Governments will resume diplomatic relations with Moscow, and thus place themselves in the position to give support to the interests of their nationals without which neither British nor other capitalists will sink any very large sum in Russia.

Would Like to Deal With British.

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THE HAGUE, July 9.—While the Bolshevikí are seeking to drive a wedge to separate the British from the allied and neutral delegates, Sir Philip Lloyd Greame, Chairman of the British delegation, insists that his Government will refuse to support any of its nationals concluding special agreements with Russia before Oct. 1, when the agreement of the neutrals and Allies to maintain a solid front against Russia ends.

Sir Philip did not say what the British intend to do after that, but as concessions are desired by the Shell Oil Company, which at Genoa discussed a contract for all the Baku oil with the Bolshevikí, and as the properties claimed by the British and their associated creditors in Russia are valued at $500,000,000 and are not included among the concessions the Russians are offering for credits, it is assumed that an agreement already has been concluded. But the formal signatures will not be affixed until this is possible without arousing the protest of other nationals.

It is generally known that the Bolshevist delegation would much prefer a separate deal with the British as they are regarded as the only ones that can give Russia something in return for concessions. The British, however, are in a delicate position from where it is impossible to break away without isolating themselves from the other nations as most experts here are taking the view that Russia is in the hands of a receiver, and hence all the country's assets and resources are attached by the creditors.

Americans representing large interests in Russia are arriving daily. Among the recent arrivals was Mason Day, former President of the American Foreign Trade Corporation, who obtained rights as an American group of millionaires from Soviet trade representatives in the three Caucasian Republics, concessions of forest and mineral oil valued at more than $1,000,000,000. Several other Americans representing independent oil holdings in Baku also are represented here.

GERMANY EXPECTS AID OF ENTENTE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

will be amplified to the right or left and the controversy over the draft of the defense law are at the present time wholly engrossing the Reichstag parties. Dr. Wirth is personally determined to extend the coalition to the left, preferring the active support of both Socialist parties to the fluctuating good-will of the People's Party, whose inclusion in the Cabinet the Chancellor is convinced would cause a break with the radicals.

Dr. Wirth is categorically opposed to heading a cabinet in which the labor parties have only a minority representation. He believes that the republic cannot be fortified without the undivided support of the Socialists' influence, and is also convinced that he will be deprived of a sure parliamentary anchorage if forced to face 200 Socialistic mandates, which is the number controlled by the three radical parties.

"The Wirth Government will rule by grace of the Republican majority, or it will be overthrown," says Vorwaerts, asserting that any other majority in the Reichstag would mean new elections. The majority Socialists organ scoffs at bourgeois fears that Germany is heading for Bolshevism and asserts that ninety-nine out of every 100 Germans are anti-Bolshevist. It even professes to believe that the German communists are no longer Bolshevist.

Both Socialist parties are still reckoning with new elections in view of the prevailing parliamentary deadlock. Vorwaerts is already urging the comrades to make voluntary contributions to the campaign fund. This paper and Freiheit are outspoken in their denunciations of the Clerical and Democratic Parties and insist that only a complete turnabout by the present Coalition would reconcile both radical wings to renewed participation in any coalition.

British Government Anxious.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, July 10.—The financial crisis in Germany is causing anxiety to the British Government. Premier Lloyd George and Mr. Chamberlain had a conversation on Saturday on the rapid decline in value of the German mark, and the matter will probably be considered further at a Cabinet meeting tomorrow (Tuesday).

When receiving a deputation from the Lancashire cotton trade last week the Premier expressed his alarm at the prospects in Germany. Discussing the situation, The Daily Chronicle's political correspondent says:

"The next payment of the German reparation is due on Saturday and the 50,000,000 gold marks then due to the Entente are in the Reichsbank, but after that the German authorities have declared to the Reparation Commission that they cannot make any further such payments unless a loan is granted. It is believed in political circles that there must be a speedy and further exchange of views on the subject, which in any case would be discussed when M. Poincaré comes here at the end of the month, and when Italy may also be represented.

"One danger which is looming is the possibility of Germany going bankrupt. Internal bankruptcy in Germany might be met conceivably by a moratorium, but external bankruptcy could not be met by any theoretical moratorium, since German credit would have vanished.

"The dangerous commercial and financial situation in Europe which in any case is at hand, and which the Prime Minister strove at Genoa despite all discouragements, to avert, is one of the real troubles with which the Government has to deal."

Paris Expects Allied Conference.

PARIS, July 9 (Associated Press).—A special meeting of the chief allied powers to discuss the situation in Germany was foreseen in official circles today after confirmation of the report that Germany is sending envoys to request a two-year moratorium on cash indemnity payments. While no allied council has been arranged for, the Foreign Offices are in constant communication with each other on the subject. It is indicated that the Reparation Commission will probably refer Germany's latest appeal for relief to the allied powers.

The French Foreign Office was informed today that Under Secretary of Finance Schroeder had left Berlin for the Hague, where he will confer with Herr Bergmann, the German reparations delegate, on the details of Germany's appeal to the commission. The two men will then come to Paris, about the middle of the week, and ask for a formal hearing before the commission. A special meeting may be called for this purpose.

France will not take any official attitude on Germany's appeal until the Reparation Commission decides to place the matter in the hands of the Allies. Until such action is taken, the whole matter will be left entirely to the Reparation Commission. In reparation circles, however, it is pointed out that the question of a two years' moratorium is so vital to the Allies that a decision involving such a problem would probably require direct action by the powers instead of through the respective representatives on the Reparation Commission.

The Committee on Guarantees, which has been investigating conditions in Berlin for the last month, is expected in Paris this week, with a complete report on the situation and on Germany's capacity to pay. It is believed this report will play a prominent part in any decision which may be reached, as all the Allies are represented on the committee. The committee is a strictly technical one and expert in character, and its inquiry will probably afford a sound basis on which to determine to what extent, if any, Germany is justified in asking for further delays.

AMERICAN RELIEF WORK IN POLAND ENDS

Administration Withdrawn After Saving the Lives of Thousands of Children.

The American Relief Administration officially withdrew from Poland on June 15 after three years of efficient work, during which it has been instrumental in saving the lives of thousands of Polish children and in laying a firm foundation of health and strength for thousands of others. Working through its distributing agency, the Polish-American Committee for Child Relief and in co-operation with the Polish Government, the A. R. A. at the peak of its operation in Poland was feeding one meal per day to nearly 1,500,000, including children under 15 years of age and nursing mothers, besides making large distributions of clothing. As subsidiary operations, the A. R. A. has given largely food and clothing to intelligentsia, and has conducted a student-feeding program of considerable scope.

The withdrawal does not mean that child feeding in Poland will be discontinued. The Central Government appreciated that there will still be an urgent need for relief, especially occasioned by the large influx of repatriates into the country, and have agreed to finance, with the assistance of the Communal Governments, the child feeding operation to the extent of 400,000 children to Oct. 1, 1922, and 300,000 from Oct. 1, 1922, to June 1, 1923. Moreover, the American Relief Administration and the American Red Cross are leaving considerable stocks of milk and sanitary supplies which will ensure the future of the sanitary stations and special milk feeding in the country.

Ladislas Grabski has agreed to assume the direction of the future operation, which has been definitely established as a social organization and will have the social welfare of the children of Poland permanently under its care.

SAYS GREEKS AIM AT CONSTANTINOPLE

Athens Correspondent Reports Decision to Raise 100,000 Men For the March.

LONDON, July 9.—Decision to march the Greek Army on Constantinople was taken June 29 by the Greek Council, consisting of the King, General Hadjanestis, Commander in Chief of the Greek Army in Asia Minor, and M. Stergiadis, Greek High Commissioner in Smyrna, according to information received by The Daily Mail's Athens correspondent. It was also decided, the correspondent learns, to proclaim martial law in Greece within ten days, and to remobilize all the young classes now exempt, this being expected to produce 100,000 more men for the army.

The correspondent says further that he is informed a secret concentration of troops in Thrace has been in progress for some time, with the object of advancing on Constantinople from the European side, and that 10,000 Greeks in Constantinople are ready to act in support of the Greek Army.

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MT. SINAI PATIENT LEAPS TO DEATH

Sigmund Greenbaum's Body Found in Areaway Off Fifth Avenue.

JUMPED FROM FIFTH FLOOR

Merchant Had Been Operated On for Appendicitis Last Wednesday.

Passerby in Fifth Avenue, at 100th Street, were startled at 11 o'clock last night when Sigmund Greenbaum, a patient at Mount Sinai Hospital, leaped to death from a fifth floor window. The body fell into an areaway, barely missing the iron fence separating the hospital property from Fifth Avenue.

Mr. Greenbaum was a member of the firm of Schloss & Greenbaum, dealers in hats, at 54 East Ninth Street, and lived at 954 Leggett Avenue, The Bronx. Although the hospital authorities and his family would not discuss the circumstances surrounding his death it was learned that he had been operated on last Wednesday for appendicitis. He was 49 years old.

As the news of his death spread along Fifth Avenue and into Central Park, crowds gathered in front of the hospital, and four policemen were called from the East 104th Street Station to prevent congestion.

The hospital authorities learned of Mr. Greenbaum's leap when a passerby notified them that he had heard a noise as of a body striking the areaway pavement. The body was found in front of the new building of the hospital. It had fallen to an areaway at the basement level, narrowly missing a seven-foot iron fence. Dr. Haymen of the hospital staff pronounced Mr. Greenbaum dead.

Mr. Greenbaum was taken to the hospital on Tuesday and since the operation Wednesday had been intermittently delirious. It is believed that he was suffering from an attack of delirium when he plunged to death from his window. His nurse had left his room for a few moments, and when she returned the patient was missing.

2,350 IN PEEKSKILL TENTS.

106th Infantry, 1,000 Strong, Arrives From Brooklyn.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, July 9.—A conference of staff officers at the Peekskill Military Camp was held this evening after the 106th Infantry, commanded by Colonel Thomas Fairservis, arrived at the camp from Brooklyn.

The 106th, with 1,000 men, is now brigaded with the 105th Infantry, commanded by Colonel Ranson H. Gillett of Troy. There are 2,350 troops in camp altogether, which is the largest number ever quartered in the Peekskill post at one time. At the conference were Colonels Wright, Pond, Moore, Olsted, Fairservis and Stewart, and the course of training to be followed by the 106th was laid down.

Adjt. Gen. J. Leslie Kincaid visited the camp during the day. The 105th had morning religious exercises and a parade, with inspection by Colonel Gillett and staff in the evening.

CALDER JOINS THE EAGLES.

Senator Is Inducted Into Membership of the Brooklyn Aerie.

United States Senator William M. Calder was inducted into membership in the Brooklyn Aerie of the Fraternal Order of Eagles yesterday afternoon. Seven other Brooklyn men were initiated at the same time. The ceremonies took place in the Knights of Columbus Institute, at 81 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

John Harrington, Worthy President of the aerie, presided. Assisting him were Congressman John M. Morin of Pittsburgh, Pa., Grand Worthy President of the order, and Thomas Hickey of Syracuse, Worthy President of New York State. Among those present were F. H. La Guardia, former President of the Board of Aldermen, and former Governor William Sulzer, who are members of the order.

RESCUE RIVER CASTAWAYS.

Six Men Drift Off Astoria in Disabled Motorboat.

Five men went out with M. J. Dorgan of 302 Elm Street, Astoria, in his motor boat on Saturday night. They put back toward the Astoria shore to land some of the men about 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The motor in their boat went dead. They drifted down the East River until they hit a chain on a dredge opposite Ninety-first Street and stuck for a time.

When they pushed off they drifted until opposite Fifty-third Street, where their cries attracted the attention of Peter McDonald, captain of the Red Wing Boat Club. He and three other members rowed out and towed the castaways in.

Dies on Way to Church.

On his way to church yesterday morning Otto Beibrecht, 70 years old, of 707 Forest Avenue, Queens, died of heart disease on the street near his home before the arrival of medical aid. Beibrecht, accompanied by members of his family, had just left his home when he fell on the sidewalk.

ROCKEFELLER POSES, BUT ON OWN TERMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

community spirit from which the church had chosen its name was at end and the congregation was whirling away in motors or wandering over the roads in search of Sunday dinners, did Mr. Rockefeller come out.

But when he did appear, he who has a thousand times refused to pose, remembered his word and made not the slightest demur.

The camera men, ringed by amused fellow church goers watching, got everything ready, Mr. Rockefeller said, "Now boys, snap away," as he faced them bravely, and three instruments clicked. And then came that inevitable chorus: "Now Mr. Rockefeller, just one more."

"Oh, that's the way with you fellows," was the rejoinder, "just one more, one more, one more."

But the aged face was still crinkled with smiles and, as fast as the trio who had done his bidding and attended divine worship, directed, Mr. Rockefeller turned this way and that, lifted and lowered his head and allowed himself to be snapped and snapped. Not until the cameras had their fill, did the session end and as the much-photographed subject climbed into his motor, looking exceedingly pleased with himself and every one else.

As he departed there was much comment on his good spirits and the brightness of eyes which disappeared behind big motor goggles before the car set out at a sedate pace. And some noted with what great care Mr. Rockefeller guarded himself against those sudden chills so dangerous to men of his age. He seemed to ignore the bright Summer weather and wore heavy, thick-soled shoes, a leather motor vest and an overcoat.

'Hot Dogs' in Atlantic City Carry Drugs to Addicts

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 9.—A novel method of peddling narcotics by placing a small envelope containing drugs in the slit of a hot frankfurter sandwich, was discovered here today when Detectives Cunefi and Gilbert arrested Percy Crosby and Edward Steward, colored, lunch wagon vendors.

The detectives noticed a run on the sausage-wagon and unusual sales totals on the cash register. Closer inspection revealed the method of selling drugs. The men were held for the Federal authorities.

ADMITS MESS FUND THEFT.

Deserting Petty Officer of Mississippi Arrested in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 9.—William A. Day of Beford, Ind., for twenty years a petty officer in the United States Navy, was arrested today as a deserter and embezzler of the $1,900 mess fund of the U. S. S. Mississippi, from which he deserted at San Pedro, Cal., on Dec. 1, last year.

Day is 6 feet 1 inch tall and 39 years old, a handsome figure of a man. At the detective bureau he admitted obtaining $10,000 in various amounts from friends and relations of men and officers of the Mississippi and other ships since his desertion. A craving for "moonshine," he said, led to his irregularities.

Among his victims was his mother. He admitted wiring her, under the name of an officer of the Mississippi, that he was dead, thereby obtaining $500 for his "funeral expenses."

POLICE SERGEANT DROPPED.

Failed to Report What He Knew About Liquor in Norwalk.

NORWALK, Conn., July 9.—Sergeant J. Harry Gibson has been dismissed from the local police force after a trial before Mayor C. L. Barton, Corporation Counsel W. S. Tammany and members of the Common Council. He was found guilty of having failed to report what he knew about illegal liquor manufacture in this city. Gibson was suspended a week ago after a hearing, and on Friday night charges against him were brought before members of the Common Council at a private hearing. Mike Zacloris, who made the complaint against Gibson, alleged that Gibson knew that he maintained a still, and that he was encouraged by Gibson to continue the manufacture of liquor.

Zacloriek was fined $1,500 in United States Court several months ago for manufacturing liquor and having a still in his possession. Gibson had been on the police force here fifteen years.

LOST IN CENTRAL PARK.

Aged Russian Couple Wander for Hours in Darkness.

An elderly Russian couple who became lost in Central Park Saturday night and who forgot their address in their excitement were happily reunited yesterday morning with their son, Harry Wolkowyski, 509 West 133d Street.

Kosti Wolkowyski, 66, and his wife, Rose, 65, who came to this country only two months ago and have not yet learned English, took a walk in the park and mistook the paths in the darkness. Persons of whom they asked directions in Russian were unable to help.

At last came Hyman Lyskitz, 190 Brown Place, the Bronx, who speaks Russian. He took them to the West 123d Street Station, where their son found them yesterday morning when he went to report them missing.

Ward's Counsel to Attack Indictment

Attorneys for Walter S. Ward will make their final effort tomorrow to obtain a dismissal of the indictment against their client for killing Clarence Peters. The application, by former Justice Isaac N. Mills, probably will be made to Supreme Court Justice A. F. H. Seeger in Special Term at White Plains.

Arab Delegation to Leave London.

LONDON, July 9.—The London Times announces that the Arab delegation which has been in London since last August has been ordered to return to Palestine. This action, according to the newspaper, comes after the delegation informed the British Government and the League of Nations that the Arab inhabitants of Palestine were not in favor of the British mandate.

NIEUW AMSTERDAM TO SAIL TOMORROW

Fire From Spontaneous Combustion Doubted—Damage at Least $100,000.

The 500 cabin passengers on the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam, which fire delayed in sailing for Rotterdam on Saturday, are all living on the ship at Hoboken. The ninety third-class passengers have been lodged at hotels in the vicinity until Tuesday morning. The vessel will leave that noon.

The water was all pumped out of number 5 hold yesterday forenoon. Then the grain was scooped out into a lighter alongside. Officials of the company said that since the fire started on the orlop deck over the lower hold where the grain was stowed, the cause could not have been spontaneous combustion in that part of the cargo.

There was some sugar on the orlop deck. The blaze might have started among the bags, they said. The officials estimated the damage at $100,000, at least.

A. Gips, managing director of the Holland-American Line, who arrived last Tuesday on the Majestic, inspected the liner yesterday. Number 5 hold will be filled with a fresh cargo of grain today, it was said.

J. Kraake, one of the second-cabin passengers, believes he is being pursued by a jinx that intends to prevent his departure for Europe by starting fires on board the ship. He was booked to go on the American liner Mongolia last April. A fire was discovered down below before she sailed. The vessel went into dry dock for three weeks.

GIRL IN CAR HIT BY POLE.

Leans Too Far From Trolley and Is Struck on the Head.

While sitting on the inner guard rail of a crowded open surface car bound for Classon Point, the Bronx, last night, Miss Suzetta Molnar, 19 years old, of 738 West End Avenue, leaned too far out and her head struck a trolley pole. She was thrown back into the car, which was going along Sound View Avenue, near Beach Avenue.

The girl was taken to a police booth nearby and an ambulance was summoned from Fordham Hospital. Dr. Goldman attended her for a laceration of the scalp and took her to the hospital.

CENTENARIAN AT HOBART.

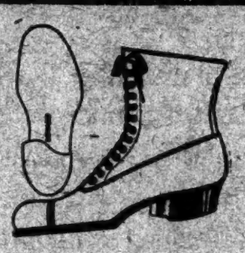
Ex-Senator Cole Visits His College Room of 80 Years Ago.

GENEVA, N. Y., July 9.—Cornelius C. Cole, who is 100 years old and was a Senator from California right after the Civil War, visited Hobart College today. He is the oldest living former student.

He visited the room he occupied eighty years ago and talked with Dean Durfee of his classmates and teachers. The centenarian seemed unfatigued by his travels, and spoke with great pleasure of meeting "Uncle Joe" Cannon in Washington. "He looked pretty old to me," he said.

Pearls—Jewels
DREICER & Co
Fifth Avenue
at forty-sixth

The Coward Shoe



The Wide Top Shoe
for STOUT PEOPLE

With women one of the most popular Coward Special Shoes is the women's Wide Top Shoe. This boot was designed to meet a condition, the closing of unsightly gaping uppers, and that end is accomplished in a trimly graceful manner. Women appreciate the choice of wide or semi-wide top and the plain or extension heel.

Sold Nowhere Else
James S. Coward
260-274 Greenwich Street, New York
(Near Warren Street)

B. Altman & Co.

The Men's Hat Department
has now in progress
An Important Clearance of
Men's Sennit Straw Hats
(comprising practically the entire remaining stock of Sennit Straws) which are now on sale, regardless of cost, at
$1.85, 2.85 & 3.65
(First Floor)

Madison Avenue-Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

The Berkeley
Fifth Avenue at Ninth Street
OFFERS FROM OCT. 1st
3 rooms and bath, open fireplace, high ceiling, attractive outlook.
4 rooms and 2 baths, Parlor 26x22
Also large hall
Open fireplace
A smaller 2-room apartment, overlooking Fifth Avenue
American plan only. Table of the highest class. Apartments now being shown. J. D. Miller, Manager. Telephone: Stuyvesant 7922.
Under Knott Management

"Convenient to Everywhere"
RITTENHOUSE HOTEL
22d & Chestnut Sts.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Rooms with hot and cold running water... $2 up
Rooms with bath... $3 up
Club Breakfast, 50c up
Special Luncheon, 50c
Evening Dinner, $1.50
As well as service a la carte.
Music During Luncheon, Dinner and Supper.

Final Clearance Sale
Few Remaining
Sport, Steamer
Street & Evening
COATS & CAPES
Regardless of former prices
$50—$75
CLARK & WEINBERG
45 WEST 57TH STREET

GOLD PLATED FRUIT

The fruit on the banquet tables of Alexander the Great was heavily plated with gold.

When it was served, the plating was torn off and flung to the servants.

Evidently Alexander considered the delicious fruit of the tree more precious than gold—

An opinion shared by many who have feasted on the luscious, ripe fruit served at CHILDS.

Sliced peaches with cream or butter, hot, served with CHILDS famous hot rolls.

Childs

Business Opportunities (*bank and business references required*), Last page.

Compare Banks—Then Choose

IN selecting a bank for your checking account, compare the financial statements of several and choose, from the strongest, the one whose volume of business and policy of personal service to clients, best fit it to act as your intimate counsel in matters pertaining to banking.

Organized thirty-five years ago, and ranking to-day second to none in financial stability, this Trust Company stands pledged to a platform of intimate, personal service to clients, and welcomes the test of comparison.

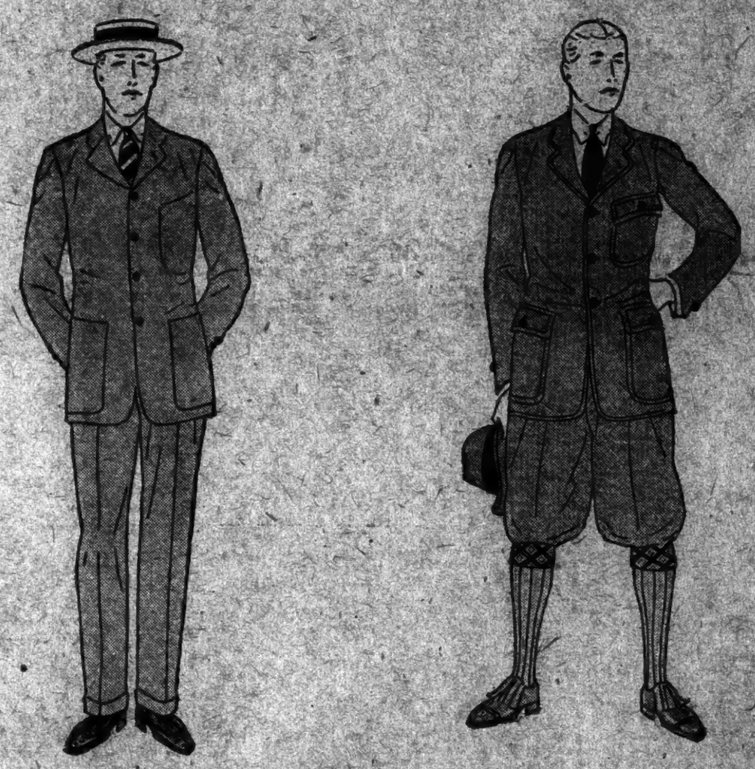
You are cordially invited to consult

160 Broadway . . . . . New York
44 Court Street . . . . . Brooklyn

Lawyers Title and Trust Company

Kenyon Cord
Tires and Tubes
Least Cost Greatest Mileage

BEST & CO. CLOTHES FOR YOUNG MEN—SIZES TO 44



Beginning Today—ANNUAL JULY CLEARANCE *of* SUMMER APPAREL

OVER 1000 PIECES FROM REGULAR STOCK
GREATLY REDUCED

Mixture Suits
ORIGINALLY 35.00 & 40.00 29.50
ORIGINALLY 45.00 - - 34.50
ORIGINALLY 50.00 & 55.00 43.50

White Flannel Trousers
ORIGINALLY 9.50 - - 7.75

Linen & Gabardine Knickers
ORIGINALLY 7.75 - - 5.65

3 and 4 Piece Golf Suits ORIGINALLY 45.00 & 50.00 - 38.50
Sport, Brogue and Dress Oxfords ORIGINALLY 8.50 to 12.00 6.85

ALL SALES FINAL

STORE HOURS: Best & Co. 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
FIFTH AVENUE AT 35th STREET, NEW YORK

Tall Spoons Glistening Through Tall Glasses

The glasses filled almost to the brim with pure, sparkling Ice. Then steaming fragrant coffee is poured and from a shining silver shell—whipped cream is piled like a snow ball atop the frosted glass. This is the way you have your iced coffee at one of The Avenue's most famous hotels.

Coffee and tea to be full-flavored, fragrant and delicious must be freshly made. Ice to be pure must be made from filtered water and frozen in sanitary containers, as Knickerbocker Ice is made and frozen.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

Counter-parts

THE important and interesting thing to remember about Técla Pearls is, that they are not a substitute for Oriental Pearls so much as a counterpart of the genuine gems, reproduced with miraculous fidelity to the Originals.

Técla Pearl Necklaces with Genuine Diamond Clasps

$100 to $350

Técla

578 Fifth Avenue—New York

10 Rue de la Paix, Paris

7 Old Bond Street, London

The end of a Perfect Day

Erasmic BATH SOAPS

Large Generous Sized Cakes Perfumed With Lemon Verbena, Violet, Carnation Rose, Eau de Cologne, Lavender.

ON SALE AT GOOD DRUG AND DEPARTMENT STORES.

SOLE AGENTS & IMPORTERS

RENKEN & YATES SMITH CORP.

35 WEST THIRTY-NINTH ST., N. Y.

Today's Thrift News

One Day Only

Women's Thread Silk Hose

Full fashioned. Silk garter top to the toe. Medium and gauze weights. Black, white, polo, silver and beaver. They have slight mill faults. $1.48

Main Floor

Laces—Filet Edges and Bands

Great variety of patterns. White and Ecru. 4 inches wide. 9c Yd.

Main Floor

Sterling Mounted Serving Pieces

Massive sizes; with sterling silver handles. Cold meat forks, berry spoons, gravy ladles, pie knives. 50c

Main Floor

1872—Golden Anniversary Year—1922

Bloomingdale's

59th to 60th—Lex. to 3d Ave.

TRAIN TIME

is no time to have to worry about baggage checks.

Wise travelers know that the care-free way to travel with baggage is to put all problems up to the

WESTCOTT EXPRESS COMPANY

NEW YORK

VANDERBILT 4400

SAFETY SENTINELS PROPOSED BY HYLAN

Mayor Would Have Every City Employe to Report Conditions That Endanger Public.

WRITES DEPARTMENT HEADS

Letter Based on Subway Accident in Which 150 Persons Were Overcome by Fumes.

In a letter to the heads of all city departments Mayor Hylan yesterday directed that every city employe become a sentinel of safety, reporting all instances where conditions indicated danger to the public. The Mayor's letter was based upon the accident on the Lexington Avenue subway last Thursday, in which about 150 persons were overcome by fumes.

The letter follows:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor,
July 8, 1922.

Dear Sir: The recent subway disaster was one the responsibility for which rested upon no department of the City Government. Its happening brought into action, however, several city departments by way of arresting and alleviating conditions arising out of the disaster. I am glad to say that each and every department so concerned functioned with the utmost promptness and efficiency.

While no city department in any way had responsibility for any of the conditions that led to the disaster, the occurrence nevertheless carries an important lesson to every department and every employe of the City of New York. It is this: That the utmost alertness should be exercised at all times by every employe in every city department in his or her official capacity in connection with any condition or activity that comes to his or her notice that might give rise to danger to the public or any part thereof, by seeing that such condition is promptly corrected.

Likewise that it is the duty of every such employe to bring to the notice of the proper officials any conditions that may come to his or her attention that tend toward danger or injury to the public, even though it be in places or departments in which the city employe as such has no official concern. This is a duty every city employe owes to the city as a loyal citizen.

I therefore desire that you bring the foregoing to the attention of every employe in your department, to the end that it may be acted upon when conditions require it, and to the end that every city employe may have an immediate, intimate and vital interest in maintaining conditions of safety in this city. Very truly yours,

JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

The various investigations under way to establish facts in connection with the subway accident are scheduled to be continued today. These are inquiries by the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, Health Department, New York Board of Fire Underwriters, the Transit Commission, and by Deputy Chief Fire Marshal John Prial for the Fire Department.

BOY FATALLY HURT BY TRAIN

Struck While Crabbing From Trestle at Creek Near Port Richmond.

Pasquale Genaro, 13, of 115 Richmond Street, West New York, was crabbing from the trestle at Bodine Creek, near Port Richmond, yesterday afternoon, when he was struck by a train of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company. Physicians at St. Vincent's Hospital said last night he would die.

The lad was not thrown into the creek but upon some stones and dirt alongside the railroad trestle. Other lads with him went to his aid and had him removed to the hospital.

GRAND JURY TO ACT ON GERMAN PATENTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

Shortridge himself has said, they have never been near him to obtain any glimmer of the truth. And why?

"The only investigation made by the Department of Justice was imitated and has been under the direction of Gaston B. Means—2-13, as he was known during the period when he served Germany under Captain Boy-Ed, up to the time that we went into the war, at a salary of $1,000 a week, and whose whole services in producing perjurous affidavits and assisting Germany in many dark ways were boastfully sworn to by him before the Overman German activities committee. With that record public property, he was made Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, and as such has been willing to serve at $8 a day in investigating all fancied injuries to his former employers. When this appointment was exposed by The New York World he was apparently removed, but in reality was only moved over to room 506 in the Hotel Bellevue, next door to the Department of Justice, where he has continued in full control of this alleged investigation and others being conducted with a similar purpose.

Says Bennett Aided Means.

His chief aid and source of information has been Cyril Bennett, of whom Herman A. Metz, the principal agent in this country of the German Chemical Cartel, testified before the Shortridge committee that, although not in his employ he was loaning him money with no expectation of getting it back. I warn certain men in the Department of Justice against the danger of denying these facts.

"This is the only type of investigation that has been carried on. No one has been near the Chemical Foundation—I repeat—no one has been near any one interested in the upbuilding of the American chemical industry so essential to our commercial prosperity, our national defense and our medical progress.

"No one from the Department of Justice has sought the opinion of either Senator Shortridge or Senator Sterling, who have sat patiently for months hearing all sides of every opinion relating to the American chemical development and its national importance. Is it possible that it was because that patient and thorough investigation utterly disproved every falsehood of Germanic extraction? Or is it to destroy the effect of their forthcoming report that this sudden activity has occurred?

"And now they plan, at the behest of these influences, to attempt to frighten by threats of indictments procured upon the evidence of these two German representatives and their tools.

Denies Unsigned Statement.

"The only answer by the Attorney General's office is in a statement issued yesterday afternoon, unsigned and unsponsored by any specific individual. Each paragraph in that statement is a falsehood. For instance:

"(1) They say that this sudden action was taken because of certain suits filed by the Chemical Foundation with only a week's interval for the Government to prepare. They conceal from the people the fact that on its letterhead, and dated May 23, the Government was notified by full and fair letter by the Chemical Foundation warning them of the expiration of the statute of limitations and telling them of the intention of the Chemical Foundation to make the claims.

"(2) They know full well that these suits which are made the excuse for the sudden action have no interest whatever for the United States Government. They are not against the Government. The Treasurer simply holds a fund under Section 10 of the Trading With the Enemy act, and they are brought within the provisions of that act, simply to decide what proportion of that fund belongs to Germany and what proportion belongs to American citizens or American corporations.

"Again they state that the foundation is claiming royalties under the patents while they were in the trusteeship of the Alien Property Custodian. This is false, and known to be false by the unknown persons who issued the statement. Our suits only apply to the royalties accruing subsequent to the time when the Alien Property Custodian had parted with all his rights, title and interest to such patents.

"(3) The next paragraph states that the Chemical Foundation had indirectly attacked the original conveyance of the Alien Property Custodian. Does that statement deceive any one? Does any one believe that the Chemical Foundation has brought suit to attack its own title? None of the questions involved can be decided in these cases at all. These cases are nothing but accounting suits specifically provided for by Section 10 of the Trading With the Enemy act.

Visits of German Representatives.

"The naive explanation of the visits of the representatives of the German Cartel to this country and to the Department of Justice is also false. The Germans have had able lawyers in this country ever since the armistice, and any boy clerk in the office of these attorneys could have attended to the simple filing of these accounting proceedings.

"I repeat that at that conference the German Commission stated that Germany deemed it injudicious for it to attack the title of the Chemical Foundation direct, and that they then urged that these gentlemen in the Attorney General's office persuade the Attorney General and the President to authorize that action and proffered to them all the assistance they could give.

"One of the assistants then asked Mr. Oppenheim if he could supply them with the evidence of the value of these patents in order to prove the inadequacy of the price paid by the Chemical Foundation. Mr. Oppenheim replied with the question, 'Value to Them?' To the German Cartel? To the German people? To the Chemical Foundation? To the American chemical industry? Or to the American people?' And in so answering Mr. Oppenheim destroyed the entire position of the Department of Justice.

"He might well have gone on and said that to Germany they meant a great step forward in her determination to regain her pre-war organic chemical monopoly of the world, with all the power and wealth that that entailed; that to America they meant the freedom of her $4,000,000,000 a year of industry from the power of that monopoly; that it meant the ability without expense to be ever ready in advance for any future war, and that it meant the opportunity for the future development of American medicine.

Medical Phase at Issue.

"One example only at this time will illustrate the truth of his observation:

"Salvarsan is the only known cure for a disease with which 10,000,000 of our people are afflicted. The manufacture of Salvarsan is covered by the patents transferred to the Chemical Foundation. Before the war, under the monopolistic ownership by the German Cartel, there was but one agent—Herman A. Metz—selling Salvarsan in this country, and the lowest price at which it was sold was $3.50 to the individual and $1.50 to the Government.

"In 1914, when the European war broke out, these prices ran up as high as $90 a dose, and the supply was limited to only the very wealthy. Germany deliberately shut off the supply in order to bring pressure upon our State Department to influence England to raise the blockade. Only after enormous sums were spent by our Government and by private individuals were we able to make it in this country. The information in the patent applications offered no assistance. The invention had to be discovered anew. Even the German agent, Herman A. Metz, had to send his brother to Germany to try to find out something about making it.

"As a result of the policy of organizing the Chemical Foundation we now have six manufacturers: Herman A. Metz, the Dermatological Institute of Philadelphia, the Diarsenol Company of Buffalo, Squibb & Co., Mallinckrodt of St. Louis, and Powers, Weightman & Rosengarten. The price has fallen from $1.50 to the Government to 18 cents; from $3.50 to the individual to 60 cents; and the consumption has increased tenfold, and never again will there be 10,000,000 sufferers in the country. Where has been profit?

Profits From One Medicine.

"The German agent, Herman A. Metz, has probably made a profit from being allowed to manufacture under the German patents, but that privilege he doubtless could have obtained anyway as their agent.

"The Dermatological Institute of Philadelphia has taken all its profits and devoted them to further research toward the combating of this plague. All the others will tell you that they have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars in order to utilize the privileges under this patent and that their books show nothing but red figures. The Chemical Foundation's return up to Jan. 1 was about $6,000 and the claim for some of the moneys now held by the Treasurer and now in dispute between the Germans and ourselves. At the proper time we are prepared to take up and show in a legal tribunal this question of value in reference to every patent transferred to us.

"I might add that of the 4,700 patents about 1,000 have expired. Only about 400 have ever been suggested to be of any value, and 62 have brought in 9½ per cent. of our income.

Another Falsehood Charged.

"One last falsehood I wish to answer in the anonymous statement issued yesterday. It stated: 'It was pointed out that the return of these patents to the Alien Property Custodian would in no sense benefit their former German owners or interests.' This statement is also false. No one had ever suggested, so far as I know, that it was the intention of the Government to keep this German property beyond the day when they had satisfied the claims of injured Americans.

"The peace treaty with Germany according to the instructions of the Alien Property Custodian and the Attorney General, ended the Alien Property Custodian's power of sale. They can, therefore, only be held until such time as some arrangement has been made for the securing of American claims, when they must be returned to the German Cartel. They speak of their power to license them if returned. After the disclosures of the past two weeks would any American merchant, manufacturer or banker invest money in building a plant to manufacture under a license received direct from the Alien Property Custodian, which license could be at any moment abrogated by either the Alien Property Custodian himself or by legislation?"

Boy-Ed Paid Means $1,000 a Week.

Before the Overman Committee in the Senate investigating brewing and liquor interests and German and Bolshevist propaganda, Gaston B. Means testified that because of his intimate connection with the cotton industry in his youth he came into contact with Germans before the World War and was employed to send trade information concerning cotton to Germany.

In 1914 Means was asked by the German Government, he testified, if he would give all his time to the Germans and in August of that year he met Captain Karl Boy-Ed, German Naval Attaché who paid him $1,000 a week for his services. After Boy-Ed had been sent home Means reported to Rudolph Otto, who paid him $100 a day until October or November, 1916.

In return for his income from the Germans Means testified that he furthered shipments of copper and rubber to Germany, across the blockade. He obtained perjured affidavits in which the signers asserted they furnished British ships in American waters with supplies in violation of American neutrality laws and he also helped the Germans convert $25,000,000 of bonds owned by them into cash for the payment of Germany's expenses in this country prior to 1917.

Saks

METROPOLITAN CLOTHES FOR MEN

Announce To Begin Monday Morning

The Important Semi-Annual Sale of

SAKS'-TAILORED SUITS

for **Men**

40.00, 43.00 and 45.00 Suits	*reduced to*	31.50
48.00, 50.00 and 53.00 Suits	*reduced to*	37.50
55.00, 58.00, 60.00, 63.00 and 65.00 Suits	*reduced to*	43.50
68.00, 70.00 and 73.00 Suits	*reduced to*	52.50

THESE are *all* Saks'-tailored suits, each made to fill a place in our regular stocks, and made with that mastery of detail which at once places a Saks' suit in a class by itself. Not one suit in the collection has before been offered at less than its regular price, all are this season's suits, the variety of cloths is sufficient to satisfy the most particular man's preference *instantly*, and no matter what suit you may choose it will be up to that standard which has made Saks'-tailored clothes famous from coast to coast.

Palm Beach, Silk, Tropical Worsted Suits and clothes for formal wear are not included in this sale.

A SMALL CHARGE WILL BE MADE FOR ALTERATIONS.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

W. & J. SLOANE

FIFTH AVENUE and FORTY-SEVENTH ST., NEW YORK CITY

For Those Who Desire An Oriental Rug

There are many people who would own an Oriental Rug if it were not for the high price, because their superior wearing qualities and individuality of effects strongly appeal to all.

This desire can now be gratified, for among the rugs just received and now placed on sale will be found some that are *actually cheaper* than the best qualities of Domestic Rugs.

For instance:

9 ft. x 12 ft. at $100 and $185
8 ft. x 10 ft. at $ 75 and $140
Small sizes from $25 upwards

Other sizes at proportionate prices

These are guaranteed to be genuine hand woven Oriental Rugs of durable quality. We urge an early selection.

Goods purchased now will be held for shipment when desired. Freight paid to all shipping points in United States. Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.—Closed all day Saturday.

Macy's Macy's

Special Values for the

BUSINESS MAN

In Our Completely Equipped Commercial Stationery Department. Each item has been specially priced.

MANILA PAY ENVELOPES

Special 34c

Our Usual Price 49c

Box of 500. Good quality.

TYPEWRITING PAPER

Special 47c ream

Our Usual Price 79c

Good quality bond paper, size 8½ x 13.

Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

Macy's Macy's

409,513 Classified Advertisements

In six months of this year The New York Times published 409,513 classified advertisements, a gain of 33,270 over the number published in the corresponding period of 1921. These announcements occupied 2,422,541 agate lines, an excess over the first six months of last year of 255,798 lines.

Americas Smartest Car

The **ROAMER**

Continental has done it—for Roamer *alone*. This new 12XD Continental motor has created a sensation—more power, greater speed, increased flexibility, perfect balance and remarkable economy.

Continental's Newest Triumph

12XD MOTOR

Special Lynite aluminum pistons and special alloy metal connecting rods. See it now.

BARLEY MOTOR CAR CO.
Kalamazoo, Mich.

ROAMER SALES CO.
1800 BROADWAY
NEW YORK, N. Y.
1730 BEDFORD AVE., BROOKLYN

FREEZER FANS

BUY DIRECT AND SAVE MONEY

Loeb Bros.

453 GREENWICH ST.

Phone Canal 1975

OUR PRICES

8 in.	STRAIGHT	$7.50	Each fan guaranteed for 1 year. We deliver free of charge.
10 "	"	10.00	
12 "	"	12.00	
Oscillating Fans			
10 in.	OSC. D.C.	$12.00	
10 "	" A.C.	14.00	
12 "	" D.C.	15.00	
12 "	" A.C.	18.00	

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last page.

WANT PRIMARY PLAN EXTENDED, NOT CUT

Progressives Would Have Presidential Candidates Also Named by the People.

WILL MOVE ON NEWBERRY

Propose to Amend or Displace Corrupt Practices Act in Connection With Next Congress Program.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The movement started within the Republican Party to abolish the direct primary system, and endorsed by President Harding, has aroused the Progressive faction to urge a strengthening of the system by extending the primary method to the nomination of Presidential candidates.

This counter-movement, it is contended by some advocates, will have the effect of forcing the Old Guard to abandon its plan of repealing the direct primary plan in favor of a modified convention plan. President Harding is credited with intending to sponsor the return to the old system if the primaries had developed the fact that candidates for office supported by the organization won in primaries against other contenders. The failure of organization candidates to win in Indiana, Pennsylvania, Iowa and North Dakota has weakened such an argument.

With so many important questions confronting him, it is not believed that the President will carry out the original intention, attributed to him, despite the fact that Senator New, his personal friend, has started a movement to abolish the direct primary.

The independent and Progressive voters appear to be entirely satisfied with primary elections. With the reaction in progress against old-time leadership, political wisdom, it is believed, will dictate that nothing shall be attempted that will further increase the gulf between the Progressive and Old Guard factions.

The Progressives, who will be stronger in the next Congress than in this one, are already laying out a program. One proposal calls for extension of the direct primary law to permit nomination of Presidential candidates by the people.

Another move will be to amend the Corrupt Practices act, which was declared to be unconstitutional by the Supreme Court in the Newberry case, or pass a new one in its place. According to present plans, the Progressives, asserting that they will have enough votes in the next Senate to unseat Newberry, will propose this law in connection with the attempt that Senator LaFollette will make to have Newberry thrown out.

"Standpatters in both parties are behind this movement to return to the old nomination system," said Senator Norris. "They have found their argument in the recent primary elections where the people won over the machines. To do away with the direct primary system would be a step toward monarchial government.

"The Old Guard, inside the White House and out, inside Congress and out, is working to abolish the direct primary. The Old Guard does not see any need of the system because without it in ordinary times it can have its way.

"If the people are not fit to vote in the primaries, they are not fit to vote in the elections. As for the convention system, we have only to look at the national conventions to see its evils. The present system of nominating Presidents is unfair, unjust, tyrannical, and often absolutely fraudulent.

"It is true that the present primary system is not ideal. It should be remedied by preventing vast expenditures. It should be radically extended so as to put the selection of candidates more strictly in the hands of the electorate by making nomination of Presidential candidates possible only through direct vote of the people."

May Contest Fish's Renomination.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 9.—This Congressional district, now represented by Hamilton Fish, Jr., is likely to see a fight for the Republican nomination this year. Jonathan D. Wilson Jr. of Newburg, District Attorney of Orange County, is after it. At a meeting of the County Committee last Fall a resolution was passed endorsing Fish for renomination. The committee has now been called to meet on Friday, when an effort will be made to have the former action rescinded and Wilson endorsed.

HELD AS LARCENY SUSPECTS

Two Men in Auto Had License Plate of Another Car.

Two men in a Roamer automobile were arrested at Elton Avenue and Third Avenue, the Bronx, early yesterday morning. After examination of their driver's license showed that the car should have been a Buick, they were both held on suspicion of grand larceny.

They gave their names as Raymond J. O'Neill, 31, an automobile mechanic of 1,233 Webster Avenue, the Bronx, and Joseph McDonough, 30, of 516 East 157th Street. They were later held in $1,000 bail each by Magistrate Silberman in Morrisania Court for examination tomorrow.

Patrolman Charles W. Winterhalter became suspicious of the two men in the car, he said, and when they showed no owner's or operator's card he ordered them to drive to the Station House. There the Automobile Squad's records revealed that the license plate on the Roamer car was credited to a Buick said to be owned by Richard Cook, 263 Mott Avenue, Long Island City.

Winterhalter in the past three months has recovered three stolen cars and has been commended by the Police Department.

DEATH HOUSE HIS STUDIO.

Condemned Artist Sends Sketches to Friends Who Helped Him.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, July 9.—Herbert Smith, the artist imprisoned in Sing Sing's death house, has, according to prison attaches, sent drawings to friends outside to repay them for assistance and sympathy given him in his fight for life. Smith has twice been sentenced for the murder of Postmaster Lewis Johnson at Nineveh Junction. An appeal from his second conviction at Norwich, N. Y., is now pending before the Court of Appeals.

Some of the sketches are said to be remarkably well done. They are crayons, showing forests, streams and landscapes. Paints have been refused him for fear he might make a poisonous solution of them and attempt suicide. The crayons were found to be harmless before Warden Lawes let Smith have them.

WOMAN BITES POLICEMAN.

Barry Was Helping to Arrest Recalcitrant Negress.

Policeman Bernard Barry of the West 135th Street Station was bitten on the right wrist yesterday. This is how it happened:

Fellow-policeman William Schanitzer had gone around to 27 West 137th Street and arrested Alice Hawkins, a negress. The charge was that she had been acting queerly. Alice Hawkins is very strong and was putting up strenuous objections when Barry came along and offered to help Schanitzer. As soon as Barry seized Alice's arm she bit him. Dr. Ziers of Harlem Hospital treated Barry, while the biter went to Bellevue for observation.

CLOTHES : IN THE NEW YORK MANNER

Semi-Annual Clearance of our Regular Stock of Men's Clothing

EVERY suit on sale is designed and tailored with an unswerving faithfulness to the personal preferences of New York's most correctly groomed men.

The style is so fundamentally sound that the passing of many seasons cannot affect its essential rightness. When clothing of this high character is sold at reduced prices, most men are quick to grasp the opportunity.

$40 and $45 Suits Now $34.50
$45 and $50 " " $38.50
$50 and $55 " " $44.50
$55-$60-$65 " " $49.50
$65 and $70 " " $57.50

No charge for alterations

GOLF DRESS AND TROPICAL CLOTHES NOT INCLUDED

Weber and Heilbroner
• CLOTHIERS • HABERDASHERS • HATTERS •

*241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, *1185 Broadway
*42nd and Madison, *44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, *Clothing at these stores
150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, *30 Broad, *Nassau and John
BROOKLYN: *381 Fulton Street, Borough Hall NEWARK: *800 Broad Street

The Business Use of a Service Swift as Light

Using the long distance telephone to "follow up" their regular selling trips, two salesmen for a large manufacturing house recently in a few hours picked up $1,400 worth of orders, selling cost $41—less than 3%.

* *

An "ace" among print goods salesmen, mails his "swatches" to a customer in the West, calls that customer, asks him to put the samples in front of him and then quotes prices, delivery dates—SELLS from a telephone in New York. Covers the country by long distance telephone. His sales run into hundreds of thousands of dollars.

* *

Back at headquarters—their roadwork finished, salesmen for a pencil house in 14 hours of long distance selling secured $15,000 worth of orders, strengthened contacts, gained good-will and inspired later orders.

* *

TODAY as never before the business world seeks quicker, more efficient action at lower cost. These things it gets with the aid of the long distance telephone. There is no faster service and none so complete.

Speech wings over the wires from New York to 'Frisco in one-fiftieth of a second—with the speed of light.

Your words are delivered exactly as uttered and an answer returned almost instantly. You present your proposition, discuss it, settle it—all as though you were face to face with the other man miles away. The borders of the nation are your office walls.

New methods for doing business by "long distance" are being developed. Our Commercial Service Bureau will be glad to tell you about them. Telephone Cortlandt Official, Extension 620, 104 Broad Street, Manhattan.

New York Telephone Company

An Unusual Sale That Begins To-day

$250,000 Worth of High Grade Clothes Without a Home

We Sold Our Lease

Must Vacate by Aug. 15th

FORCED TO SELL OUT

OUR $250,000 STOCK

MEN'S SUITS

1/3 Off

All $60 Suits Reduced to $40.00
" 50 " " " 33.34
" 40 " " " 26.67
" 30 " " " 20.00

Business and Sport Models

All other suits reduced proportionately—Mohairs, Tuxedoes, Etc.

America's most prominent makes—Dunberry Clothes, designed by Balletta, Scheyer & Co. of Chicago, Goodman & Suss of Rochester, etc. All are this season's models, strictly custom tailored, of the very finest woolens.

Topcoats & Winter Overcoats

If you want to make a good buy in a topcoat or Winter overcoat here's your chance! They include the new models for the coming Fall and Winter; strictly all-wool materials.

The choice in styles and sizes is complete now, but may not be in a few days. Come early!

Small charge for alterations

Zimmerman & Don
Broadway at 50th St.
OPEN EVENINGS

180 NEW SUITS NOW REPLACE THE ORIGINAL ASSORTMENT OF

SPECIALLY SELECTED FINCHLEY BUSINESS SUITS

$39

Previously Priced $45, $50 and $55.

MEN WHO ARE FAMILIAR WITH THE CHARACTER OF CLOTHES DEVELOPED BY FINCHLEY AND HAVE EXPERIENCED SATISFACTION FROM THEIR WEAR, WILL RECOGNIZE THE IMPORTANCE OF THIS RATHER UNLOOKED FOR ANNOUNCEMENT EACH SUIT IS A THOROUGHLY REPRESENTATIVE STYLE AND VALUE UNIT WHICH HAS BEEN SELECTED FROM REGULAR STOCK BY FINCHLEY IN PERSON. THIS LIMITED ASSORTMENT AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY WOULD REQUIRE NO ADVERTISING IF THERE WERE A MORE PROMPT MEANS OF REACHING YOU.

READY TO-PUT ON

TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

HUGHES COMMENDED FOR TACNA ACCORD

Peruvian Delegate Says Chief Credit for Success Goes to American Government.

CONFERENCE SOON TO END

Washington Officials Hail the Agreement as a Victory for Direct Meetings.

WASHINGTON, July 9— (Associated Press).—Having at last reached an agreement to arbitrate the generation-old dispute over Tacna-Arica, the representatives of Chile and Peru made plans today to bring to a quick conclusion the conference which they began here eight weeks ago at the invitation of President Harding.

None of the points remaining to be settled, it is agreed on both sides, is of such a character as to cause further extended debate or to endanger the accord already reached on the main issue. Another week or ten days, it was predicted generally, should see the negotiations terminated.

The arbitration agreement, assured yesterday when Chile accepted the American compromise proposal as modified at the request of Peru, was hailed by the plenipotentiaries of both governments tonight as a long forward step in Latin-American amity. By removing an irritation which has estranged Santiago and Lima for forty years, the settlement was regarded as meaning not only a new Chilean-Peruvian accord but as exercising a beneficent influence that will be felt throughout South America.

By officials of the United States, which will act as arbitrator under the agreement and later, under certain contingencies, will exercise "good offices" in insuring a complete rapprochement, the result of the negotiations here was characterized as another victory for the "conference plan" of international negotiation and as further evidence of the disinterested manner in which the Washington Government is striving for peace and understanding among the American republics.

The remaining problems of the conference include reduction of the formula to exact phraseology, but both delegations appeared to be confident that no trouble would arise on that question. It is understood also that steps will be taken to reach an understanding about such collateral subjects as Tarata Chilcaya, the Lobos Islands and the amount of indemnity to be paid by the final sovereign of Tacna-Arica. These matters have been discussed informally, however, and have failed to develop any serious differences of opinion.

It is expected that another joint meeting of the two delegations, the first since the deadlock of June 7, will be held on Tuesday.

Dr. Meliton Porras, head of the Peruvian delegation, commented to The Associated Press on the American part in the negotiations, saying:

"The greater part of the credit for the success of the conference falls to the United States Government. The impartial and friendly spirit of the Secretary of State has helped us to pass over the natural difficulties of such a delicate question. The United States has shown on this occasion its generous and disinterested spirit, as well as the sincerity of its purpose to promote amity and solidarity among the peoples of Latin-America. In offering its hospitality to Peru and Chile and in aiding toward an agreement in this grave problem, the United States has proved once more that its policy is inspired by high ideals of peace and fraternity."

Settlement Satisfies Chile.

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 9.—Foreign Minister Barros Jarpa issued a statement today in which he referred to the press reports concerning certain changes in and additions to the formula of Secretary of State Hughes for settling the Tacna-Arica controversy, which were suggested by Peru. He says:

"Firstly, the compromise formula which Mr. Hughes proposed and which the Chilean Government accepted June 19, has not been modified, notwithstanding Peruvian efforts to obtain changes in its principles.

"Secondly, the Chilean Government instructed Ambassador Mathieu at Washington to act without further consultation with Santiago.

"Thirdly, what is termed the latest Peruvian suggestion was considered several days ago by the Chilean Government, which answered favorably because it involved a principle incorporated in Chilean legislation and which is within existing international agreement."

The Foreign Minister announced that he would issue a complete statement as soon as the protocol was signed.

CONVICT SHOT BY JAILER.

Supposed Attempt to Free Prisoners at Litchfield is Frustrated.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., July 9.—Mike Luria, twenty-two years old, one of the most desperate prisoners ever confined in the county jail at Litchfield, was shot in the arm and leg yesterday by Jailer Marvin Todd when he attacked the official in a hallway while returning to his cell from the dining room. The shooting quickly brought High Sheriff Frank Turkington, who was in the jail at the time, and what is believed to have been an attempt by Luria to escape and free other prisoners was frustrated.

Luria, formerly of Utica, N. Y., is one of two brothers awaiting trial for the murder of John Sciessere at Canaan last August. He was recently brought to Connecticut from Newark, N. J., on extradition papers and identified by Mrs. Boscardini of Canaan as one of four who entered her home last August and killed Sciessere. Luria was shot in a gun battle while robbing freight cars. He was later released on bail, jumped his bonds and was captured in Newark last month.

JAIL DOORS "WIDE OPEN."

Not a Single Prisoner in Putnam County's Ancient Lockup.

Special to The New York Times.

CARMEL, July 9.—Putnam County officials announced today that everybody is so peaceable and law-abiding in the county that the ancient Putnam County Jail in Carmel has not a single prisoner.

"The doors are wide open," declared one county officeholder.

Business was never so dull for Sheriff Wallace Secor, who is warden without a ward. The county pays him on a fee basis for housing prisoners. He is allowed 60 cents a day for caring for a malefactor, but just now there is not a malefactor to be had. Old inhabitants of Carmel say that, as long as they can remember, the jail has usually had at least one prisoner and in the last five years there has been an average of four or five at a time there. Now there is not even one to dust out the cells or to mop the floor.

As Sheriff Secor draws a salary for the duties of sheriff, he is not worrying because the jail business is yielding no returns. Running the jail is a side-line to the Sheriff's more remunerative duties of serving legal papers and keeping order in the State's most orderly county.

French to Mark Pasteur Centenary.

PARIS, July 9.—The Senate has unanimously voted 2,000,000 francs to observe the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Louis Pasteur, which will take place this year. Pasteur, the noted chemist and biologist, was born December 27, 1822. The Senate, in voting the appropriation, described Pasteur as the "symbol of French science."

Store Hours—9 to 5
Broadway at Ninth

John Wanamaker

Formerly A. T. Stewart

Telephone 4700
Stuyvesant

Out Goes All Summer Furniture

Reed—Willow—Grass—Cane—Fibre—Maple
Suites and separate pieces—Fourth to Half Less

A few of the items

$82—for $123 suite of fibre reed, brown stained, 3 pieces, tapestry seats and backs.

$198—for $298 suite of fibre reed, brown stained, 3 pieces, tapestry seats and backs.

$135.75—for $181 suite, 4 pcs., black and red enameled, loose cushion seats and pillows.

$188.25—for $255 suite, 4 pcs., frosted brown stain, cretonne cushioned seats and backs.

$72—for $96 suite, brown reed, 4 pcs., cretonne cushion seats and backs.

$87.50—for $117 suite, brown reed, 3 pcs., cretonne cushion seats and backs.

$378.50—for $506 suite, 6 pieces, gun metal stained, cretonne cushion seats and backs.

$249.50—for $333 suite, 4 pcs., green finish, linen covered cushions.

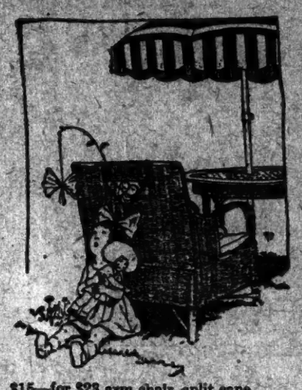
$84—for $112 suite, 3 pcs., ivory enamel, cretonne cushion seats and backs.

$104.50—for $139.50 suite, 4 pcs., ivory enamel, cretonne cushion seats and backs.

$24.25—for $32.50 arm chair, reed, ivory enameled, cushion seat and backs.

$20.75—for $27.50 arm chair, willow, antique blue finish, cushion seat and back.

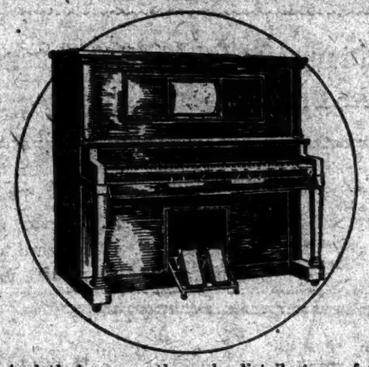
$18.25—for $25 arm chair, reed, ivory enameled, cushion seat and back.



$15—for $23 arm chair, split cane.
$10—for $15 arm chair, cane.
$11.50—for $17.50 arm chair, grass.
$22—for $33 settee, grass.
$7.75—for $10.50 rocker, maple.
$6.25—for $8.50 rocker, maple.
$5.50—for $7.50 arm chair, maple.

Fifth Gallery, New Building

The Long-waited-for Carload of Gulbransen Player-Pianos has arrived



The lowest-priced GOOD player-piano in America

$365

We received a carload two months ago. They went out in a jiffy. We've had many calls for them since, but have been unable to satisfy them. The demand for GULBRANSEN player-pianos from all sections of the country keeps the factory busy. And tho' we are the only distributors of GULBRANSEN player-pianos in Greater New York we have had to await our turn.

Now we have got them. And it is only fair to everybody to give warning that we shall probably have to wait another long time for the next shipment. *So, if you want a GULBRANSEN come Monday.*

Plenty of time to pay

The outstanding features of the GULBRANSEN are (1) good tone, (2) easy playing qualities, (3) complete musical response, (4) simplified, careful, substantial construction, (5) manufacturer's 10-year guarantee, branded on every piano.

GULBRANSEN Instruction Rolls teach you to play any selection correctly, from popular airs to grand opera.

* * *

Immediate delivery until the carload is gone.

Piano Salons—First Gallery, New Building

SALEM
Super-size Cord Tires

10,000 miles guaranteed

Prices

30x3½	Clincher	$13.90
32x3½	Straight side	$19.50
32x4	Straight side	$24.50
33x4	Straight side	$25.25
34x4	Straight side	$25.75
32x4½	Straight side	$31.50
33x4½	Straight side	$32.25
34x4½	Straight side	$32.95
35x4½	Straight side	$33.90
36x4½	Straight side	$34.75
33x5	Straight side	$39.25
35x5	Straight side	$41.25
37x5	Straight side	$43.25

Made of finest grade extra long staple Cord materials, carefully selected and subjected to the most exacting inspection—withstanding maximum tensile strength tests. Every layer is impregnated with pure gum.

Broad, deep tread. Non-skid. Resilient. tough, long - wearing. Reinforced shoulder gives added mileage.

John Wanamaker

Sole Distributor of SALEM Tires in New York

Broadway at Ninth, New York

At $10

Half of 400 summer dresses are placed in this $10 lot. These are figured and plain voiles, tissue ginghams, dotted Swisses, and a few sports models of silk shirting. In delightful light and practical dark colors.

Women's Dress Sale

At $15

The better half of this extra special purchase are priced at $15. The new French embroidered lace, exquisite hand-drawn-work, Valenciennes and embroidery trim voile and dotted Swiss models. All have sold readily at much higher prices.

THIRD FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK

Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK

The Sure Thing

"There's millions in it!" was Colonel Mulberry Sellers' slogan. Whether it be an eye wash or some new contraption designed for lazy people, there is always in the mind of the speculator millions in it, for in his bright lexicon there is no such word as fail.

Nothing is so uncertain as "a sure thing." Nowhere is this better exemplified than in daily life, personal, business, and national. There are people who are continually making tests and experiments with things and in fields of which they have no knowledge and with which their experience has not brought them into touch. They leave the really sure things for their leisure hours.

They flit from one thing to another without recognizing that they are making no headway, for thorough and painstaking search and close investigation are for the plodder and not for the visionary. The speculator cannot see the forest for the trees.

A fifty dollar suit of clothes will not cover up a fifty cent man. A flashy, impulsive idea will never get a sincere, stable following. Many of us have too many of the traits of the speculator. We rush from one thing to another, forgetting that that alone which is worth while is that which is accomplished, but accomplishment is achieved only through hard effort and broad experience. Our big industries, our great department stores, our most distinguished professional accomplishments had small beginnings. Their foundation was steady plodding; a look before the leap; concentration on the end to be achieved. Result—success, handsomely compensating for the years of toil, struggle, saving, and thrift.

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

ENOZ
KILLS MOTHS
(Will Not Stain)

If you have packed away clothing *without* spraying with ENOZ, better examine it carefully right now. There may have been hundreds of moth eggs hidden in the folds and seams and these eggs will soon hatch nto destructive moth worms.

ENOZ is a liquid spray. It penetrates into the seams and folds and *kills* every moth. And it also kills moth eggs and moth worms. It is more than a repellent.

You can thoroughly spray your finest things with ENOZ. *It won't stain nor injure them in the slightest degree.* Use it regularly and we guarantee it will end your moth trouble. (Pronounce it E-NOZ.)

Pint of Enoz.....$1.00 Quart of Enoz.....$1.65
Improved Sprayer.....1.00 Junior Sprayer.....50
½ gal. and gal. sizes more economical.

Sold by drug and department stores everywhere. If yours does not sell it, send us his name and enclose price and we will supply you.

ENOZ CHEMICAL CO.
705-7 N. Wells Street, CHICAGO
New York Branch
61 E. 8th St.
Phone Stuyvesant 8197

Sloan's Liniment

Chases mosquitoes

Those pesky sleep robbers just hate Sloan's. Soak a wad of cotton in the Liniment. Then hang it on a string above your cot. No more mosquitoes. Use Sloan's for every aching muscle

Pain's Enemy

California

Start your trip with 100 Golden Hours at Sea to New Orleans on a modern steel Morgan Line steamer. Continue to San Francisco by rail over the famous Sunset Route—Every Mile a Scene Worth While.

For Information Address
SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES
A. J. POSTON, Gen'l Agt. Passenger Dept.
165 Broadway, Room 2815. Cortl 4300

B&G
ABSOLUTELY PURE
FRENCH OLIVE OIL
THE WORLD'S STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE
YOUR GROCER HAS IT
E. LA MONTAGNE'S SONS
DISTRIBUTOR FOR U.S.A.

The Kensico Cemetery

America's Burial Park—460 Acres

Office 103 Park Avenue

Telephone Murray Hill 1842

$110.82

New York to **Glacier National Park** *and Return*

The Oriental Limited all-steel train daily from Chicago via Burlington Route-Great Northern Railway to Glacier Park, Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Victoria, Vancouver, Rainier National Park, Alaska and California.

$138.32 New York to The Pacific Northwest and Return

Wide choice of attractive routes. Delightful climate—cool. Salmon fishing in Puget Sound. Surf bathing at Astoria Clatsop Beach and Seaside, Oregon. Motor boating, sailing, golf. Stop off en route at Glacier Park. Modern hotels.

For free books and information, call, write or phone
M. M. HUBBERT
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Lower Rates Via
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
See America First

Headquarters for
DEVELOPING & PRINTING

IF you want RESULTS from your KODAK—pictures that are a delight to look at—let us show you what a difference experience and craftsmanship make in developing and printing films. Bring them to Headquarters—then compare results. Costs no more.

WILLOUGHBY CORPORATION
110 West 32nd Stree *Opposite Gimbel's*
118 West 44th St. *Opposite Belasco Theatre*

Lost and Found, Page 14

PROPOSE BALTIC SEA BE MADE NEUTRAL

Premiers of Baltic States to Discuss Disarmament Conference Called by Russia.

RIGA, July 9 (Associated Press).—The Premiers of the Baltic States are planning a preliminary meeting to discuss the agenda of a disarmament conference proposed by Maxim Litvinoff, the Bolshevist Assistant Commissar of Foreign Affairs, at which the Premiers hope to introduce the question of the neutralization of the Baltic Sea, regardless of the reported offer of the United States to make a gift of six warships to Poland.

The Moscow Government is averse to the Baltic Premiers conferring prior to the proposed conference, taking the view that the Soviet also should be represented in the deliberations. Nevertheless the Premiers are pursuing their plans and a meeting between them probably will be held at Reval.

While the note of Litvinoff's suggesting the disarmament conference did not include Lithuania, it is understood Lithuania will be invited to take part later on, as it is likely the neutralization of the River Niemen will be discussed. This will be of particular interest to the Warsaw Government, as the river would give Poland additional means for reaching the Baltic Sea.

GENERAL SENT TO FORTRESS

Action is Taken Against Other Leaders in Rio de Janeiro Outbreak.

BUENOS AIRES, July 9.—General Joaquim Ignacion, who is under arrest for the recent outbreak in Rio de Janeiro, has been sent to a fortress, La Nacion's correspondent says.

The arrest of General Luis Barbero is at hand. General Alvaro Portugal and Colonel Mendes Moraes have been detained at a Santa Cruz fortress.

NAMED PREFECT OF PARIS.

Armand Naudin, a Lawyer, is Appointed to Police Post.

PARIS, July 9.—Armand Naudin has been appointed Police Prefect of Paris to fill the place of M. Leullier, who died a few days ago.

M. Naudin, who gives up his post as Prefect of the Department of the Nord to assume the new office, is a lawyer. He was born in Charolles in 1869 and has been in the Government service since 1894.

FACTS about PAPER

NO. THE LINDENMEYR LINES I

IN 1848, The Beckett Paper Company produced 1000 pounds of paper a day.

This mill now has a capacity of 60,000 pounds of Buckeye Cover Papers daily. Buckeye Cover Papers are sold in all parts of the world.

Samples on request

LINDENMEYR

Telephone SPRING 9600

FRANK BROTHERS

Fifth Avenue Boot Shop

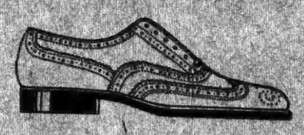
Near Forty-Eighth Street, New York

Clearance Sale

10.00

Men's Low and High Shoes

Discontinued Styles



The matchless value of finest quality and exclusive style.

B. Altman & Co.

For to-day (Monday)

An Extraordinary Offering of

Choice Sports Silks

(39 inches wide)

at $1.87 per yard

There are 10,000 yards of beautiful silks in this assortment, embracing more than a hundred smart colors and color combinations and any number of charming designs

(First Floor)

Madison Avenue-Fifth Avenue, New York

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Reg. Trade Mark

McCutcheon's

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

July Clearance Sale of Summer Dress Fabrics

TO CLEAR out all our Summer Dress Fabrics we are marking them at greatly reduced prices. This is an opportunity to purchase fine McCutcheon Imported and American Fabrics at far less than usual.

McCutcheon Imported Ginghams

at pre-war prices

15,000 yards—32 in. wide—75c yard

These Ginghams were made to our special order in England and the assortment includes checks, plaids and tweed effects in all the fashionable colors. Formerly sold at $1.00 and $1.25 a yard.

50c a yard

Fine Ginghams—Woven and Printed Voiles—Irish Dimities, Novelty Japanese Crepes—Poplins—colored Woven Tissues—White Fabrics, etc.

65c a yard

Imported and American Tissues, yarn dyed and fast colors, in checks, stripes, broken plaids, etc., 36 inches wide.

75c a yard

Imported Novelty Voiles in a varied selection of attractive styles and colorings including navy and white, black and white, etc.

$1.25 a yard

Hand-Loom Imported Swiss Muslins, finest quality, colored grounds with white or contrasting dots, also small figures, checks and exclusive designs.

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last page.

Our Big July Double Dollar Sale

Get your Winter Overcoat FREE!

A suit + an overcoat—or two suits at the price you'd pay elsewhere for suit alone

The suit may be in Spring weight and the overcoat in Winter weight or vice versa. Your unrestricted choice from either our new Spring or advance Fall fabrics.

AT ANY good men's wear store, a suit and an overcoat of Royal Tailor quality would cost you at least $50 each—total $100.

But to keep our shops busy during the Summer season, we're offering both for $50!

In other words, you virtually pay for one, and get the other with our compliments.

And consider the quality! Both garments individually tailored to your order—in finest all pure wool fabrics and highest grade merchant tailor linings.

P.S. Maybe you'd like the club-deal to include a Palm Beach. All right, how's this: 1 Spring or 1 Winter suit and a Palm Beach suit—2 for $40

2 for 1

SATISFACTION—OR MONEY BACK

Our $30 Feature Suit—to order regular retail value $50

Our $30 Feature O'coat to order regular retail value $50

Total retail value $100

You get both for $50

ORDER TODAY READY IN 10 DAYS

THE ROYAL TAILORS

Order direct from any of our 5 New York salesrooms (upstairs—1 flight up)—

*45th and Broadway [Times Square] [Entrance on 45th—just off Broadway] *Columbus Circle [1523 Broadway] [On the Circle and on the Square]

42nd and Fifth Ave. [D.L.W.—Entrance on Fifth Ave.] 14th and University Place [Entrance on University Place] Park Row and Beekman [Entrance on Beekman]

*Times Square and Columbus Circle Stores open evenings. Others 8:30 to 6 every day, including Saturday

WORLD'S GREATEST VALUE—SOLD IN 10,000 CITIES

A SUMMER RESORT FOR BACTERIA

IN July and August, hundreds of thousands of restless, over-heated HUMAN BEINGS crowd into Summer resorts.

* * *

In July and August, HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS of restless, ultra-active BACTERIA are looking for an opportunity to get into THEIR Summer resort.

* * *

YOUR MOUTH is THEIR Summer resort.

* * *

While you are searching for cooling breezes, these bacteria are looking for a warm, INCUBATING temperature.

They are more industrious than usual, because Nature has provided them with warm weather. They are more numerous and more active, in the air and food and liquids which enter your mouth.

Take Kolynos With You

As you start on your two weeks' vacation—or for a month if you are lucky—remember that a DISEASE GERM does not have ANY VACATION.

But a tube of KOLYNOS DENTAL CREAM will protect you against him.

You want to KEEP COOL; to escape every trace of PHYSICAL ILL; to AVOID WORRY.

Kolynos will prove a VALUABLE AID in securing ALL of these results.

Its use, twice a day, on a dry toothbrush, brings to your mouth a delightfully cooling, clean, refreshing sensation.

This feeling of mouth cleanliness makes your open-air sport TWICE as enjoyable—the cooling breeze TWICE as refreshing.

We have on file in our New Haven laboratories personal applications from over 47,000 American Dentists and 74,000 American Physicians for Kolynos Dental Cream, to distribute among their patients.

Because KOLYNOS destroys, and banishes from your mouth, hordes of dangerous germs which you are certain to meet on your vacation—never pleasant or stimulating companions—you are giving yourself the FINEST HEALTH INSURANCE by its use.

* * *

And it is an indisputable fact that the Kolynos user WORRIES MUCH LESS about these things than the man and woman who do not understand JUST WHAT GOOD their dentifrice is doing.

No Worry About Grit

Last, but not least, he does not worry about GRIT destroying the enamel of his teeth, because KOLYNOS CONTAINS NOT THE SLIGHTEST TRACE OF GRIT.

It keeps teeth beautiful by cleansing them thoroughly and restoring their NATURAL lustre—the hall-mark of gentility.

Test Kolynos on your vacation—and have a most enjoyable time. Do not permit your mouth to become a resort for bacteria, THIS Summer!

The Kolynos Company
New Haven Conn.
U.S.A.

NATIONAL OPEN GOLF PLAY BEGINS TODAY

Links Stars Ready for Qualifying Round of Title Tourney at Skokie Club.

RECORD FIELD TO START

Array of 329 Competitors, Including Many Notables, Will Struggle for Crown.

Special to The New York Times.

GLENCOE, Ill., July 9.—With representatives here from England, Scotland, Mexico, Canada, Australia and from every conceivable nook and corner of the United States, from the Gulf to the Great Lakes and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the twenty-seventh annual open championship of the United States Golf Association will get under way at the Skokie Country Club bright and early tomorrow morning. From then on until some time late Friday afternoon, except in case of a tie, the leading talent of the golf world will compete for what is now conceded as being the greatest honor that the game of golf has to bestow upon one of its worshippers, the title of open champion, now held by Long Jim Barnes, the tall professional of the Pelham Country Club.

Numbered among the 329 players who will start in the qualifying round tomorrow, Tuesday and Wednesday are Barnes, the titleholder, who received his laurels at the hands of President Harding at Washington last year; Walter Hagen, the home bred, just back with the British open championship cup, which he won at Sandwich a fortnight or so ago; Jesse Guilford of Boston, who holds the United States amateur crown; Willie Hunter, ex-British amateur champion; George Duncan, former British open champion; Joe Kirkwood, former open champion of Australia; Chick Evans, former United States amateur champion; Abe Mitchell, the hard hitter from England; Bob Gardner, former amateur titleholder and runner-up in the British Amateur event; Jock Hutchison, former British open winner, and Bobby Jones, the youthful Georgian amateur star, who has been knocking at the doors of championships ever since he was a youngster in knee breeches, but who has yet to score his first major triumph.

These are only a few of the more notable lights. There are others, many of them, some who have been at the top but who have given way before the onslaught of youth, men like Alex Smith of Shinnecossett, who had two open titles notched on his driver, and Freddie McLeod of Washington. Others who are just appearing on the horizon of fame, men like young Bobby Cruickshank, former Scottish amateur star, who turned professional a year ago; Johnny Farrell of Quaker Ridge, Gene Sarazen of Pittsburgh, Leo Diegel of New Orleans, Charley Hoffner of Philadelphia and others far too numerous to mention.

Francis Ouimet Missing.

In fact, in the great "who's who" of golf, only one name is missing, Francis Ouimet of Boston, former amateur and open champion, who as a youngster in 1913 defeated the great pair of Britons, Ray and Vardon, in the play-off for the national title. Ouimet, who only recently won the Massachusetts amateur crown, was expected, and sent his entry, but had not put in an appearance today. With this single exception, the list is complete with past and present champions, setting the stage for an event which is expected to set new records, both as to numbers and to calibre.

When the list was closed tonight, the field numbered 329, exceeding the former record made at Toledo two years ago by 64. The last entry was that of Dave Towne of Paris, Ill., who has been paired with John L. Black of Oakland, Cal.

The field will qualify in three divisions at thirty-six holes on three days beginning tomorrow, when the honor of inaugurating the 1922 event will fall to George Smith of Hyde Park, Cincinnati, and Henry Bolesta, Palma Cela, Fla., who are scheduled to leave the first tee at 8:30. Other pairs will follow at five-minute intervals until 12:25, when C. W. McGuire Jr. of this city and J. W. Sawyer Jr. of Torresdale, Philadelphia, complete the first day's installment. The first twenty-four and ties of each day will constitute the field for the championship, which will be fought at seventy-two holes, beginning on Thursday.

The stars have been distributed as equally as possible over the three days, with interest centring tomorrow in the play of Abe Mitchell, Jim Barnes, Chick Evans, Jock Hutchison and Joe Kirkwood. On Tuesday the high lights will be Bobby Jones, Walter Hagen, George Duncan, Jesse Guilford and Leo Diegel, while on the final qualifying day the gallery will probably divide its attention among Fred McLeod, Emmett French, Tommy Kerrigan, Pat O'Hara, Bob MacDonald, Harrison Johnston, the Minnesota star, and Willie Hunter.

Barnes and Evans Paired.

Barnes and Evans will undoubtedly draw the big following tomorrow, for they are paired and will leave the tee at 10:05, followed a half hour later by Jock Hutchison teamed with Mike Brady and, after another thirty-minute interval Kirkwood and Joe Novak are scheduled to start.

On account of the conditions that are prevailing here and that will continue to prevail unless Providence intervenes, close students of the game and close followers of the players are not confining their predictions as to the possible winner to one or two, but it is pretty generally conceded that so far as can be told at this time there are at least ten who have an equal chance of winning the trophy. In one group are the three outstanding American stars, Hagan, Hutchinson and Barnes; then there are the three foreigners, Duncan, Mitchell and Kirkwood, and the four amateurs, Evans, Jones, Hunter and Guilford.

The conditions that prevail at the present time are similar to those at Washington a year ago with one exception. Unlike the situation in the East, where there has been an abnormal rainfall, here there has been a drought that has remained unbroken for more than a month. As a result the fairways are burned and baked, giving a tremendous run even to ordinarily hit balls. Thus far, the greens have been saved but with two more days like today they, too, will doubtless feel the effect of the burning heat.

Greens Are Becoming Fast.

The greens are becoming lightning fast so that there is no telling where a pitch will come to a halt, so that many of the leaders are changing their tactics and using the run-up. It is possible that artificial watering will serve to help conditions somewhat before the championship proper gets under way, but indications now are that it will be a driving, approaching and putting championship, with the odds favoring not especially the long drives so much as the past master in the art of pitching up close to the cup and putting.

Probably all of the leaders, all of them in fact except Hutchison and Evans, were out making another survey of the course today. In the afternoon the gallery had its curiosity satisfied with three or four threesomes foursomes and threesomes.

One set that attracted a large following was a foursome in which Jim Barnes and Clarence Wolff of St. Louis teamed up against Gil Nichols and Guilford. The match ending all square, Barnes played well within himself and had an approximated 72, driving a long well-controlled ball and putting with much the same touch as that which won him the title at Columbia a year ago. On a few of the greens Jim got down several long putts that effect his approaching. Guilford, too, was driving a long ball and his general play was excellent.

Late in the afternoon Bobby Jones and Stewart Maiden, Jones took on Leo Diegel and Frank Godchaux in a match for the last named being runner-up to the Southern amateur, Quick Jones won recently. The New Orleans pair won by the margin of 1 up. Walter Hagen accompanied the quartet, but made no particular attempt at scoring.

Black Has Lowest Score.

The low-scoring honors of the day went to John Black of Oakland, who was No. 328 in the entry list. The Californian had a 68, going out in 35, one over par, and coming home in 34, two under. His performance was remarkable, considering the fact that he took a 7 at the long fifth. He had a birdie 2 at the ninth hole and three birdies coming in.

His card:

Out	4	3	4	7	4	3	4	2	—	35
In	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	2	—	34—68

Mitchell, who was playing in a foursome with Alex Smith, Willie Hunter and Bob MacDonald, the metropolitan open champion, had a 71. Abe reached the turn in 34, with four 3s showing on his card. Coming in, he had an unbroken string of 4s for the first six holes, then took a 5 at the seventh, and finished up with two 4s. A fine approach shot left him a two-foot putt for an eagle 3 at the home hole, but he missed it.

Other scores reported during the day were: Jones 74, Kirkwood 73, Duncan 79, Tommy Kerrigan 75, George Kerrigan 72, Pat O'Hara 71 and Clarence Hackney 72.

WEISSMULLER SETS TWO WORLD RECORDS

Clips Marks for 100-Meters Free-Style and 57-Yard Back-Stroke Swims.

ALAMEDA, Cal., July 9.—Swimming in the Neptune Beach tank here this afternoon, Johnny Weissmuller of the Illinois Athletic Club, world's swimming champion, smashed two more world records.

He clipped Duke Kahanamoku's time for the 100-meters, free-style, negotiating the distance in 58 3-5 seconds. Kahanamoku's record was 1 minute and 1-5 second. Weissmuller also swam the 57-yard back-stroke in 49 4-5 seconds, lowering the 50 2-5 seconds record for the distance held by Harold Kruger of Honolulu.

WOMEN STARS IN SWIM.

American Girls to Oppose Miss James in A. A. U. Championships.

At least four of the fastest American women swimmers will compete against Miss Hilda James, the English swimming champion, at the national swimming championships of the Amateur Athletic Union, to be held at the Broad Ripple pool, Indianapolis, Aug. 10 to 12. The Swimming Committee of the Indianapolis Athletic Club, which is sponsoring the meet, has been among of the entries of the Misses Charlotte Boyle, Helen Wainwright and Aileen Riggin of New York and Miss Thelma Darby of Indianapolis. Several other famous Indiana swimmers will participate.

In the men's division, among others, will be Johnny Weissmuller of Chicago, the world's fastest swimmer. This Summer there will be six national title events at the Indianapolis meet, a similar number of State championship contests and about twenty other swimming and diving competitions.

DOUBLES FINAL REACHED.

Basseford and Bowman Take Four Matches in Westchester Play.

The tournament at the County Tennis Club of Westchester at Hartsdale was devoted to play in the doubles yesterday afternoon and the team of Henry H. Basseford and Herbert L. Bowman made the best progress toward the trophies emblematic of the Westchester championship. They made their way from the first round to the final, winning four matches in the course of the day. They had a battle in the third round with H. D. Ewing and Harris B. Fisher Jr., but won handily in the semi-finals from Warren Wood and Franklin Osgood, by scores of 6—4, 6—1. The other semi-final will be played Friday afternoon.

The semi-final match in singles for the Westchester title between Dr. George King, present champion, and Vanderbilt B. Ward will be held this afternoon, and the winner will play Bowman in the final tomorrow afternoon.

The summaries:

Westchester Doubles Championship, First Round—Henry H. Basseford and Herbert L. Bowman defeated Frost and Craiger, 6—2, 6—0.

Second Round—C. C. Graham and Alex Standing defeated Coker, Clarkson and George A. Fowler Jr., 6—2, 4—6, 6—3; Basseford and Bowman won from C. C. Hubbell Jr. and Paul O'Brien, by default; C. R. Watkins and Vanderbilt B. Ward defeated Dr. B. F. Drake and H. B. Fox, 6—4, 0—6; Fred Fox and Edgar F. Dawson defeated Donald Stralem and A. Bradley, 6—3, 8—6.

Third Round—Basseford and Bowman defeated H. D. Ewing and Harris B. Fisher Jr., 6—2, 1—6; Warren Osgood and Franklin Osgood defeated Graham and Standing, 6—3, 6—4; Watkins and Ward defeated Fox and Dawson, 6—3, 6—4.

Semi-Final Round—Basseford and Bowman defeated Osgood and Osgood, 6—1, 6—1.

VERNON AND SAKMAN WIN.

Stars Advance in Handball Doubles at Brighton.

Murray Vernon, the New York State champion, and William Sakman, the former national senior champion, were among the winners in the continuation of the Amateur Athletic Union handball tournament on the new courts at the Brighton Beach Baths yesterday. They competed in the doubles. Vernon was paired with Bob Powers, both representing the Crescent A. M. H. A. They defeated Arthur de Tranaltes and James Baker of the Holy Name Boys' Club by 21—11 and 21—11.

Sakman teamed up with Sam Huxpaum of the Trinity Club, and they eliminated E. J. Lavoie and M. Goltz of the Passaic Y. M. H. A. by 21—13 and 21—12. In the only other doubles match of the day John Seaman of the Trinity Club and Sid Schwartz, unattached, defeated Tom O'Brien, the former Yale star, and Peter Gleisner, unattached, 21—10 and 21—7.

Only one singles match was played. In it Ted Swertlow, captain of the C. C. N. Y. team, was forced to three games to defeat Murray Miller, unattached, by scores of 21—14, 3—21 and 21—17.

SPEARS AGAIN WINNER.

Takes Grand Prix de Paris Bike Race for Third Year in Row.

PARIS, July 9.—Robert Spears of Australia today won the Grand Prix de Paris bicycle sprint race at one kilometer. The race was run at the Municipal Velodrome at Vincennes, and this was the third year in succession that Spears has been the winner. Daly of England finished second, Moretti of Italy, third, and Leene of Holland, fourth. Not a single Frenchman was placed.

The race, which is the French "Blue Ribbon" event, was won by Frank Kramer of Newark in 1906 and 1908.

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player, Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Sisler, St. Louis	79	326	77	141	.433
Cobb, Detroit	87	361	67	132	.331
Speaker, Cleveland	80	337	60	95	.309
Heilmann, Detroit	74	290	56	104	.359
Miller, Philadelphia	69	269	48	93	.354

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player, Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Hornsby, St. Louis	76	306	88	128	.402
Daubert, Cincinnati	79	303	62	111	.360
Johnston, Brooklyn	78	319	66	114	.357
Grimes, Chicago	75	272	54	97	.357
Bigbee, Pittsburgh	74	303	54	106	.350

SEA WOLF WINNER OF YENZER TROPHY

Also Earns Fast-Time Prize in Poughkeepsie and Return Motorboat Regatta.

Sea Wolf, the property of W. J. Wulff, was the winner of the fast-time prize and the Yenzer Cup in the 168-mile race over the week-end, from Jamaica Bay to Poughkeepsie and return, yesterday. Seven craft started from the anchorage of the Motor Boat Club in Jamaica Bay early on Saturday morning.

The course took the yachts down Jamaica Bay to the Atlantic, along the Coney Island shore to Norton's Point, through Gravesend and upper New York bays and then up the Hudson River to a line off the Poughkeepsie Yacht Club.

On the way to Poughkeepsie, the yachts were struck by a severe rain and wind squall. Isabelle D. II., the property of G. Dieffendale, was struck by lightning. All the damage done was the tearing away of the racing number on the bow of the craft. The first boat to reach Poughkeepsie was the Sea Wolf, which took 13:6:10 to cover the 83-mile course.

Normand, which belongs to C. S. Anderson, took 13:11:20 to cover the course. She finished second. Then came L. Golly's Smarty II., which made the run in 13:21:15. Then, next boat was the Trixie, with an elapsed time of 13:43:00. The fifth boat to reach Poughkeepsie was Argo, which took 13:52:00 to make the run. All these craft beat last year's time by one or more hours.

Isabelle D. II. arrived at Poughkeepsie after taking 16:07:05 to cover the course. The seventh boat was the Minerva, which was not timed. The boats stayed overnight at the Hudson River town and started early yesterday morning to come back to Jamaica Bay. The run down was made under ideal weather conditions. The river was placid as a mill pond and aided by the tide, the craft made great headway.

Sea Wolf, the winner, took only 10:55:23 to reach home. Normand, which finished second, took 11:11:32. The other craft had not arrived up until a late hour last night.

ELDER'S YACHT WINS STAR CLASS RACE

Dawning Leads Fleet of Fourteen in 47-Mile Event at Port Washington.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., July 9.—Sailing the Dawning, George W. Elder won the annual race of yachts of the Star class to Captain's Island up Long Island Sound and return to Manhasset Bay, a distance of 47 miles today.

With a brisk north by northwest breeze blowing, fourteen yachts got off to a good start. A strong breeze continued until Captain's Island was reached. The Dawning which sailed the colors of the Port Washington Yacht Club, the Irex, an entry from the Larchmont Yacht Club, owned and sailed by E. Ratsey, and the Taurus, sailed by its owner, W. L. Inslee, the veteran skipper of the Bayside Yacht Club, assumed an early lead and soon left the other eleven starters far behind.

On the run home from Captain's Island it was virtually a triangular race with the Altair, owned and sailed by E. V. Willis of the Port Washington Club, appearing to be a contender for only a brief period. The others were practically outdistanced at all stages of the race.

Even Benjamin L. Linkfield of the Bayside Yacht Club, who in his yacht, the Maia, has been winning rather consistently in races of a shorter distance in metropolitan waters this season, was unable to keep up to the fast pace set by the leaders.

After rounding the objective point the brisk breeze subsided and for three hours the yachts literally drifted. G. Duerr's Scorpion was disabled and Gordon Curry's Aquilla and G. Ennore's Mars did not finish.

The summary:

MANHASSET BAY—CAPTAIN'S ISLAND RACE, STAR CLASS.

Distance, 45 Miles. Start, 9:25 A. M.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Dawning, G. W. Elder	5:59:59	6:34:52
Irex, E. Ratsey	4:04:03	6:39:03
Taurus, W. L. Inslee	5:06:18	6:40:18
Altair, E. V. Willis	5:01:18	7:36:18
Maia, B. L. Linkfield	5:28:37	8:03:37
Canis Minor, Adler & O'Brien	5:37:09	8:12:09
Southern Cross, A. Knapp Jr.	5:42:35	8:17:25
Bendigo, D. E. McLean	5:45:12	8:20:12
Cygni, E. V. King	Not timed.	
Little Dipper, G. A. Curry	Not timed.	
Themis, Van Winkle and Thurry	Not timed.	
Scorpion, G. Duerr	Disabled.	
Aquilla, G. Curry	Did not finish.	
Mars, G. Ennore	Did not finish.	

KIPPEWA WINS RACE.

Defeats Jack o' Lantern in Arrow Yacht Class by 2 Min. 35 Sec.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 9.—A stiff breeze from the northeast made conditions ideal for sailing this morning when the yachts started over the Indian Harbor Yacht Club's eight-mile course around Great Captain's Island. In the arrow class George Raymond's Kippewa was the winner, with G. J. Bradish's Jack o'Lantern, which finished first in yesterday's races, trailing by two minutes and thirty-five seconds.

The race among the yachts in the knockabout class was closely contested, H. S. Thompson's Osseo crossing the finish line only 21 seconds ahead of Guy Carleton's Minnehaha.

The summary:

ARROW CLASS.

Start 11:20 A. M.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Kippewa, George Raymond	12:25:00	1:05:00
Jack o' Lantern, G. J. Bradish	12:27:35	1:07:35

KNOCKABOUT CLASS.

Start 11:25 A. M.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Osseo, H. S. Thompson	12:42:10	1:07:10
Minnehaha, Guy Carleton	12:42:31	1:07:31
Vedia, Colket & Hunter	12:43:10	1:08:10
Aquila, Fred Pawley	12:44:15	1:19:15

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—The Debut Purse; for two-year-old maidens; five furlongs: Sea a'Una, Satellite, Forest Love, Vigil, 112 pounds each; Belle of Blue Ridge, 109; Sid Sidney, High Chief, Pringus, Amor Patria, Spade Guinea, Moderaket, All American, 112 each.

SECOND RACE—The Putnam Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth: French Max, 108 pounds; Tribune, 105; *Vendor, 100; Halo, Alsoc, 112 each; Canyon 105, *Star Court 98, Cromwell 105.

THIRD RACE—The Demoiselle Stakes; for two-year-old fillies; five and a half furlongs: Hey Marie, Sunday Beach, Hornpipe, 109 pounds each; Buwaco 109, Marguerite, Eldorado, Livalto, Brocade, Merry Land, 109 each; Cresta 110, Twaddle 108, Cresta, 110, Twaddle 108, Hey Marie (entry); Buwaco and Hourbel Rencoces entry.

FOURTH RACE—The Tuckahoe Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards: Don Homme 110 pounds, Hey Jay 108, Comic Song 106, Billy McLaughlin 105.

FIFTH RACE—The Lively Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; selling; about six furlongs: Consort 104 pounds, Dr Johnson 103, *Red May 104, *Orena 104, Sparkle 109, Catherine Marrone 111, Dough Girl 112, Pastoral 101, Miss Vanity 100, Camoflour 100, Round Robin 107, Tingaling 105, Blackstone 104, Senator 108, Thirrel 106, Moody 111, Puff 110, *Whichway 102.

SIXTH RACE—The Bryn Mawr Purse; for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth: MacDuff 108 pounds, The Reel Cull 111, Crossless 106, Desperation 111, Goble Song 106, Firm 111, Vimoso 114.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

NANDU WINS RACE FOR POWER BOATS

Captures Annual Contest of N. Y. A. C.—Amoret First in Sailing Division.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., July 9.—Nandu, owned by Brigham and Hussey of the Shelter Island Yacht Club, won the thirteenth annual power boat race of the New York Athletic Club today. The course was from a line off Huckleberry Island to the inside of West Harbor at this island, 100 nautical miles in length.

The start was made at noon on Saturday and the racing boats, six in number, experienced all varieties of weather in their trip through the Sound. Late in the afternoon they ran through very heavy thunder squalls, accompanied by rain and wind. Kodak, the property of R. Haslinger, New York Athletic Club, was second. Memo, owned by F. E. Moe, Crescent Athletic Club, was third.

Senator Bill, another New York Athletic Club boat owned by F. L. LaRoche, was fourth and Eda Tide II., which belongs to A. F. Measury, New Rochelle Yacht Club, was fifth. The sixth boat to start in the race was Old Glory IV., owned by G. P. Bonnell of the Cruising Club of America.

In the sailing division, which was holding its seventeenth annual brush over the same course, the winner was P. C. Pfeiffer's Amoret, one of the F boats that races in the handicap class on Long Island Sound. The yacht took 19 hours, 35 minutes and 27 seconds to make the voyage.

She was not the first to finish, that being the Betty, one of Larchmont O class, owned by Dr. H. L. Foss and Gerald W. Ford. Betty's time was 18:26:15. She was the scratch boat and had to allow Amoret 1 hour and 15 minutes.

The Feu Follet, the flagship of Commodore Oswald J. Karsch, New Rochelle Yacht Club, captured the second prize. She finished 6 minutes after the Amoret and received a similar allowance for difference in length.

The summary of the sailing division is as follows:

SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL RACE TO BLOCK ISLAND FOR SAILING CRAFT.

Start, 11 A. M., July 8. Course, 100 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish Time. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Amoret	6:35:27	19:35:27
Feu Follet	6:40:32	19:40:32
Betty	6:26:15	18:26:15
Heddy	8:22:22	21:22:22
Gundred	7:10:20	20:10:20
Solita	11:11:43	24:11:43

Corrected time on Amoret 18:20:27, Feu Follet 18:25:32, Betty 18:26:15, Heddy 18:52:22, Gundred 19:10:20, Solita 20:01:43.

LITTLE WIND FOR EASTERN Y. C. CRAFT

Racers Fail to Reach Rockland Until After Midnight—Barbara is Withdrawn.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCKLAND, Me., July 9.—Ideal weather conditions save for the wind favored today's run of the Eastern Yacht Club to this harbor. The non-racing portion of the fleet was at anchor inside of Rockland breakwater early enough in the afternoon for some of the yachtsmen to play eighteen holes of golf, but the first of the racers did not drop anchor until after midnight.

The fleet left Booth Bay shortly after morning colors and a number of the cruisers hung around outside Squirrel Island until the five schooners and the single sloop were started on their 35-mile run.

The fifty-foot sloop Barbara was withdrawn from the racing this morning and returned to Marblehead, leaving the Sally Ann to compete with the schooners until her sister boat, The Squaw, could join the fleet at Islesboro. A light northeast breeze blew the boats out of the Sheepscots to the Bantam Whistler, but after fritting around that mark the breeze dropped and for the rest of the day the yachts battled against baffling airs from all quarters.

Some of the boats made a long tack off shore in the hope of picking up an easterly wind, but after getting a sailful for a few minutes they found themselves rolling about in long, sleepy swells almost without headway.

CANADIANS NAME YACHTS.

Select Craft to Compete Against Americans at St. Paul.

MONTREAL, July 9.—The Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club announced tonight the selection of two yachts to carry its colors in the series of races with American yachts for the Royal St. Lawrence Challenge Cup, to be held in connection with the international regatta, July 29, at St. Paul, Minn.

The Anastis, the Molson Syndicate's yacht, captained by Vice Commodore Alex Patterson, and Red Patch II., with George Hamilton as skipper, will represent the Canadian club. The selection was made as a result of trial races held during the last three weeks. The yachts will be shipped to St. Paul next Friday.

NURMI WINS IN PARIS.

Kolehmainen Third in Three-Mile Race for Roosevelt Cup.

PARIS, July 9.—Paavo Nurmi of Finland, Olympic ten-mile champion, won the Roosevelt Cup three-mile race at the Colombes Stadium today. Van Den Broele of Belgium was second and Hannes Kolehmainen, the Finnish-American runner was third. The time was 15 minutes 9 2-5 seconds.

Nurmi won easily, leading throughout. He was 300 meters in front of the Belgian, who beat Kolehmainen by a few inches at the finish after a terrific struggle in the last quarter mile.

Kolehmainen appears to have lost his easy motion. He seemed to be stiff in the race today, running with great effort.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Sue Dear," a musical piece with Bide Dudley among its four authors, will be produced tonight at the Times Square Theatre. It will be the fifth attempt at a new term at the Earl Carroll tonight after three weeks' run at the Times Square.

Lou Tellegen makes his Broadway vaudeville debut at the Palace today in his one-act version of "Blind Youth."

Grace Lahrde and Hale Hamilton appear in Atlantic City tonight in Mrs. Christopher Wyatt's comedy, "Rosalie."

George White at the Liberty tomorrow will select the dancers for his "Scandals," due in August.

A chase for claqueurs will be opened by Evelyn Herbert at the Fall term of the School of the Theatre.

Blanche Ring and Charles Winninger head a Shubert Unit, "As You Were," that Jacobs & Morris will produce.

"The Cat and the Canary" has been booked for London by Edgerton Gordon, Inc., and Greenwald & Mayer.

Marcus Loew is sailing July 13 to place "The Four Horsemen" film in theatres of England and France.

MUSIC NOTES.

Nina Koshetz, recently heard with the Russian Opera Company, will appear at the Stadium tonight, singing airs from "Pique Dame," "Lakme," "Mignon," and from "The Fair of Sorotchinsky," by Mussorgsky.

Robert O'Dwyer, composer of an opera, "Ethna," has been serving as a soldier in the Irish Republican Army. He may come to America for his opera, a national Irish opera enterprise planned by Thomas Egan.

John Powell played with the Philharmonic at its first soloist at the Stadium last evening. The new orchestra stand with its acoustical shell gave excellent results. Mr. Powell's piano concerto No. 2 in open air,

THE SCREEN

THE FAST MAIL, adapted from Lincoln J. Carter's melodrama of the same name, directed by Bernard J. Durning, with Charles Jones, Eileen Percy, Adolphe Menjou, William Steele and others; "Once Upon a Time," a Sport Review, by Grantland Rice and Jack Eaton; "F. O. B. Africa," with Monty Banks. At the Strand.

"The Fast Mail," at the Strand this week, is an honest motion picture. It is a regular old-fashioned smash-em-up-and-shoot-em melodrama and doesn't pretend to be anything else. In this day of cinema sham and charlatanry this is decidedly in its favor.

It was made for its scenes, of course. These include a runaway and rescue, an accident-strewn steeplechase, a steamboat race, a boiler explosion, the sinking of a river steamer, the burning of a building, several fist and gun fights and a wild dash by the hero, in which he leaps from a railroad workcar to the cab of a tearing train and then from the train to a racing automobile. Action? That's it.

The problem was to tie these scenes together to make a story out of them so that those for whom frank melodrama still has a fascination would enjoy them as for the moment actual events in the thrilling lives of real people, not as mere stunts staged for their own sake. And this is where credit must go to those responsible for "The Fast Mail." Perhaps that old master of melodrama, Lincoln J. Carter, was himself called in to doctor the adaptation of his own work. Perhaps the adapters did the thing themselves. The program does not settle the question. But the fact remains that the picture is efficiently cemented. Its scenes hang together. And it is motivated. Its crooks have a purpose in being crooked. And its hero is not patently stupid. At one point in the story, of course, the crooks must have the advantage. This is true of all melodramas. And usually the author doesn't seem to know how to bring it about without making his hero a plain fool. In the case of "The Fast Mail," however, the hero is faced with a real dilemma, and the action he finally decides upon accomplishes the triple purpose of giving his adversaries the necessary temporary advantage, making him solid as a hero with the spectators and accelerating the development of the plot.

Then, too, the picture has been well photographed. Its stunt scenes have been effectively staged and assembled. Also the acting serves its purpose. Adolph Menjou as the slick villian-in-chief is particularly good. The most important duty of Charles Jones, the hero, is to look athletic and determined, which he does. Eileen Percy, as the heroine, is less suited to her part. She seems too artificial for it.

Of course, it's a question whether the public, or a large part of it, has outgrown such transparent stuff as this picture is. There are, perhaps, some who will enjoy it because it is transparent. They will find the exploits of the hero amusing. Others, no doubt, will be bored. But if there remain any who like the real thing in out-and-out melodrama without pretentious insincerity, "The Fast Mail" ought to suit them. And those who enjoy such are more sturdy-minded than the soft-brained folk who receive with earnest and sympathetic attention the sentimentality and false "reality" so often smeared on the screen.

IN THE NAME OF THE LAW, directed by Emory Johnson, from a story by Emilie Johnson, with Ralph Lewis, Claire McDowell, Johnny Thompson, Johnnie Walker, Emory Johnson, Ella Hall and others in the cast; "Such Is Life 'Mong Alpine Sports," by Hy Mayer Travelaugh; "Fox Tuttle's Movie Queen," with Sally Mason. At the George M. Cohan Theatre.

"In the Name of the Law," which began an engagement at the George M. Cohan Theatre yesterday, is a bloody picture. It is mushy and sentimental, where "The Fast Mail" is vigorous and straightforward. And it is not nearly so well constructed. It often becomes tiresome because of the interminable and unimportant details which clutter it. It never reaches any real climax, but, instead, rambles and gets nowhere.

It begins with deliberate cuteness. There are several children, a kitten and two affectionate parents, whose purpose it is to get the audience. Then, when, presumably, the spectators are in a good humor, the children grow up—in a single subtitle—the kitten disappears, and the parents become noticeably older. And the story has begun.

Why this story should be called "In the Name of the Law" is what is supposed to be the point of it is a question for which the film itself furnishes no answer. Its most prominent character is a benevolent policeman, whose only decisive action comes when he rather stupidly shoots his own more stupid son. And it could hardly be said that "The Law" is glorified in the film. It has a trial scene in which an innocent man is nearly convicted. His acquittal is accidental. If the man guilty of the murder and robbery of which he is accused had not attacked his sister earlier in the day, things would have happened pretty much as they do, except that the innocent prisoner would have been convicted. So, if the scene means anything, it shows how easily the law can go wrong. And it exhibits for approval a lawyer who talks sentimental tosh to a jury.

The story, as you may have gathered, is about a policeman and his family. They are all most benevolent and impeccable people, upon whom various misfortunes are visited by capricious fate. In the end, of course, everything is straightened out and they are all happy, convinced beyond a doubt, apparently, that their luck has changed and fate won't play them any more mean tricks.

The film, as it proceeds, is jumpy and uneven, but whether this is due to bad direction or poor assembling it is hard to tell. Sometimes it seems as if the direction was all right, but that whoever assembled the separate scenes tried to include too many of them in a prescribed length, with the result that the story in many places consists of a series of disconcerting flashes.

The acting as a rule is overdone and self-conscious. The most sincere performance is that of Johnnie Walker as the younger son of the family. Ralph Lewis is often as genuine as his part permits, too.

The most interesting number on the program is Hy Mayer's Travelaugh, "Such Is Life 'Mong Alpine Sports," which was shown recently at the Capitol.

"If You Believe It, It's So," with Thomas Meighen, directed by Tom Forman, is at the Rivoli this week. "Always the Woman," with Betty Compson, directed by Arthur Rosson, is at the Capitol, and "The Dictator," with Wallace Reid, directed by James Cruze, has moved to the Rialto. "The Five Dollar Baby," with Viola Dana, which was accidentally omitted from the announcements in yesterday's TIMES, is continuing at the Criterion.

NEW HARRIS PRODUCTIONS.

Duncan Sisters to Appear in Play Written by Themselves.

Sam H. Harris, with three successes running through the Summer, announced last night his additional productions for the coming season, including the new Music Box Revue, which Mr. Harris and Irving Berlin will produce in October. The Duncan Sisters will be starred in a play with words and music written by themselves in collaboration with Guy Bolton. Another musical piece will be "Going Some," by Otto Harbach and Louis A. Hirsh. Next Monday, at the Apollo Theatre in Atlantic City, occurs the first performance of "It's a Boy," by William Anthony McGuire, author of "Six Cylinder Love."

Following Kiare Kummer's new play, "Pomeroy's Past," in September, Mr. Harris has Owen Davis's "The Nervous Wreck," Martin Brown's "The Great Music," Edith Ellis's "Money," Daniel N. Rubin's "The Vigil," Edward Locke's "In Love with Love," "A Man Among Women," by D. C. Goodman and Alan Brooks, and "The Prude's Fall," by Rudolph Besier and May Edginton. Harris will produce jointly with the Selwyns a Berlin success, "The Story of Kapellmeister Kreisler," by Bernhard and Bernauer, as well as Edward E. Rose's "The Rear Car" and Channing Pollock's "The Fool." Another importation will be Lajos Biro's "The Robber Knight," adapted from the Hungarian by Gilbert Emery.

The present Music Box Revue will go on the road intact. "Six Cylinder Love" will open the new Sam H. Harris Theatre in Chicago on Labor Day, and tours are planned also for "Captain Applejack," "Nice People" and "Welcome Stranger."

BATTLES POLICEMAN WHO INSULTED WIFE

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

fought well because he thought he had more at stake than a mere fight. It was a punching, wrestling and kicking contest and when Sergeant Arthur Rossmer and Policemen Cornelius Buckley arrived thirty minutes later, they found the small apartment topsy-turvy.

Tenants in the apartment house heard the outcry of Mrs. Byrnes and the clatter that followed and had telephoned to the Morrisania Station. By the time the Sergeant and Buckley got there Vaughn had fled. Byrnes was badly beaten. Mrs. Byrnes also was badly bruised, having been kicked in the groin when she attempted to aid her husband. Dr. Segal of the Lincoln Hospital treated them.

Policeman Caught at Hospital.

Although Vaughn had departed, his uniform coat, gun, blackjack and cap were left behind. Sergeant Rossmer reported these facts to Captain John Brady, and a general alarm was sent out for the arrest of Vaughn. The hospitals were notified and at 4:30 A. M. word came from Bronx Hospital that a hatless, coatless man had arrived there and was being treated by Dr. Reich for a badly lacerated hand.

To policemen who were dispatched to the hospital Vaughn at first insisted that his name was Peter Scottfield, and that he was a truck driver. When the coat, cap and shield were shown to him he admitted his identity, and said that he was attached to the Police Training School, where he had been since his appointment in April. He said that he had not been assigned to patrol work alone.

Police Surgeon Edward T. Higgins examined Vaughn after he had been identified by Byrnes and his wife as their assailant, and the surgeon pronounced him "mentally deficient." Acting Chief Inspector Dominick Henry suspended him.

Policeman McGrath was arraigned before Magistrate Marsh by Acting Captain John P. Bender, the charge being suspicion of felonious assault. The accused policeman had been picked out of a line-up by Mrs. McCarron, whose injury necessitated the taking of fourteen stitches in her scalp. Magistrate Marsh scheduled examination for today.

Today's Radio Program

STATION WJZ, NEWARK, N. J.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

In addition to a musical program every hour from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M., the Newark station sends out the following broadcasting program by the radio telephone:

9:00 A. M.—Agricultural reports.
11:00 A. M.—Opening prices on active bonds and stocks under the authority of the New York Stock Exchange.
12:00 M.—Agricultural reports and weather forecast.
12:55 P. M. to 1:00 P. M.—Standard time signals from Arlington.
1:00 P. M.—Market reports on active bonds and stocks under the authority of the New York Stock Exchange.
2:00 P. M.—Shipping news.
4:00 P. M.—Baseball scores and women's fashion news.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:00 P. M.—Official weather forecast, agricultural reports and shipping news; "Business and Industrial Conditions in the United States," as observed by the National Industrial Conference Board.
7:00 P. M.—Stories from St. Nicholas Magazine.
7:40 P. M.—"Memory," by R. P. Foster, Brooklyn.
9:00 P. M.—Concert by Jose Moriche, tenor: "Sogno di Manon," Massenet; "Onore e di tu de Mignon," Thomas; "Ay Ay Ay," Spanish song; "Lolita," Buzzi-Peccia; "El Mio

YANKEES LOSE IN THIRTEENTH BY 9-7

28,000 at Polo Grounds See the Indians Win When Speaker Hits Double.

McINNIS TIES IN NINTH

His Single Prevents Huggins From Winning—Bob Meusel Knocks Homer With Two On.

It took the almost unbeatable combination of youth and experience thirteen hotly contested innings to down the Yankees at the Polo Grounds yesterday. Twenty-eight thousand fans shouldered their way into the stadium and some idea of what the game was like may be gleaned from the fact that every one of them was still there when Larry Gardner captured Meusel's fly for the out which ended the contest. The score was 9 to 7, and old Tris Speaker supplied the experience and young Jim Lindsay the youth which gave the Indians the long end of it.

The successful combination did not start functioning until the eighth inning. Up to that point the home crew had the better of the argument, and, aided materially by a home run by Bob Meusel in the fifth with two on base, it succeeded in carrying a two-run advantage into the final inning. In fact, just one out stood between the Yankees and victory in the ninth, but the prospective out chanced to be Stuffy McInnis and that made all the difference in the world. Because Stuffy poked a single into left, scoring Joe Wood from third with the tying run and giving Speaker and Lindsey a chance to cooperate toward Cleveland's ultimate victory.

As has been said, this materialized in the thirteenth, when, with Jamieson out of the way, Wambganss doubled to centre and Speaker followed with a slashing double to right which scored him with the deciding run. The extra, and wholly unnecessary marker, Speaker lugged across himself a moment later, on Joe Sewell's single past first base.

Jones Starts For Yanks.

Sam Jones, for the Huggins troupe, and George Uhle, for Speaker's tribe, were the rival pitchers when the game began, but neither lasted to see his assignment completed. Jones got by until the seventh, although he was hit freely from the beginning of the game, but Uhle traveled the path toward the showers in the fifth. The relief pitchers, Shawkey for the Yanks, and first Mails and then Lindsey for the Indians, all showed more stuff than the original starters, but that may have been because the latter had all done a pretty big day's work before Jones and Uhle departed the scene. That it was a hard hitting game is shown by the fact that the winners collected a grand total of eighteen safe bingles, while the New Yorkers were only two behind that goodly number.

Bob Meusel was the hitting hero for the Ruppert-Huston forces, getting four safe ones out of seven tries and getting a homer and three singles in his first four trips to the plate. Smoky Joe Wood led the visitors with three out of six.

The Indians drew first blood. With McInnis out in the opening half of the third Deacon Scott donated O'Neil a base by fumbling his grounder. Uhle forced O'Neil, McNally to Ward. Jamieson crashed a single to right and Uhle moved over to second. He scored from there and Jamieson reached third when Wamby drove a timely double down the left field foul line. Jones decided that wisdom was the better part of valor and intentionally passed Speaker, filling the bases. Schang relieved a tickish situation by coming almost into the press box for Wood's pop foul.

The Yanks got that one run back with interest in their half of the same inning. Schang celebrated his return to the game as a regular by slamming a double over Jamieson's head in left. Jones sacrificed his battery mate to third. Witt lashed a grounder at the veteran Larry Gardner and Larry, with some assistance from Steve O'Neil, ran Schang down on the home plate. Schang, however, kept alive long enough to permit Witt to get to second. Mike McNally singled to centre and Witt crossed the plate. Uhle passed Ruth intentionally and the fans booked him for doing it. Meusel singled sharply to centre, scoring McNally and sending Ruth to third. Op Speaker's toss to the far corner in an effort to head off Ruth Meusel reached second. Pipp, however, ended the inning by flying out to Jamieson.

The Indians tied it up in the fourth. Sewell drew a pass, though Umpire Connolly had a hard time convincing him of the fact. Larry Gardner filed out to Ruth and Sewell clung to first. Pipp took care of McInnis's foul near the field boxes. Then Steve O'Neil inserted his big black bat into the fray and bounced a clean out single off the right field wall and Sewell sprinted around to third. Uhle hit one straight at Uncle Sam Jones, but it was too hot to handle and the Cleveland pitcher got credit for a hit and Sewell for a run as he scored on the play. Jamieson ended the inning by lining out to Witt.

The Yankees not to be outdone came right back with one more in their half. Ward and Scott singled in succession. Schang grounded to McInnis and Stuffy retired Wallie on the base line unassisted, both runners staying put. Uhle let go a wild pitch and Ward scored. Scott reached third, but he died there when Jones fouled to Gardner and Witt skied to Jamieson.

Fifth is Yanks' Big Inning.

The next inning was the big one of the afternoon for the home guard. McNally was passed and Ruth singled to centre. This set the stage for Meusel and he drove into the upper tier of the right field stands, scoring back of the first-named pair and bringing the Yanks' total up to six.

The Indians, however, kept right on pounding and got a brace of runs in the sixth on two bagsers by Gardner and McInnis and another single by O'Neill. They also added to their threatening total in the seventh, when Wood doubled and scored on Joe Sewell's single. When Gardner followed these two blows with another hit, Huggins replaced Jones with Shawkey and Sailor Bob forced the dangerous McInnis to hit into a double play, thus averting further damage for the time being.

The Yanks finished their scoring in the eighth, and their final run was made off the junior hero of the game, Jimmy Lindsey. Ward started it with a single past Sewell at short. Scott sacrificed, Lindsey to McInnis. Schang hit one a mile high in front of the plate, and Lefty Sewell muffed it, Ward reaching third. Shawkey flied to Wood and Ward scored.

That was all the scoring off Lindsey. He pitched air-tight ball from that point on and further added to his laurels by striking both Babe Ruth and Meusel out in the eleventh. He also struck out Shawkey with two runners on the paths in the twelfth. Speaker came in from far out in centre and told him how to pitch to Bob and the youngster did as he was told, and that was all of that.

How the Indians came through with the tying runs in the ninth and then went on to the ultimate triumph in the thirteenth has already been told.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson, lf	7	0	2	4	0	Witt, cf	7	1	1	5	0
Wamb'ns, 2b	7	1	3	6	0	McNally, 3b	5	2	2	2	2
Speaker, cf	6	2	2	2	0	Ruth, lf	6	1	3	1	0
Wood, rf	6	2	3	1	0	Meusel, rf	7	1	4	4	0
J. Sewell, ss	5	1	2	3	2	Pipp, 1b	6	0	11	1	1
Gardner, 3b	7	1	2	1	2	Ward, 2b	5	2	2	5	1
McInnis, 1b	6	1	2	11	1	Scott, ss	4	0	2	1	3
O'Neill, c	5	0	1	8	1	Schang, c	5	0	2	6	1
Uhle, p	2	1	1	0	4	Jones, p	2	0	1	0	1
Mails, p	1	0	0	0	0	Shawkey, p	2	0	0	0	1
a Evans	0	0	0	0	0	c Kihner	1	0	0	0	0
Bodenmaker	0	0	0	0	0						
L. Sewell, c	2	0	0	3	0						
Lindsay, p	0	0	0	0	1						
						Total	50	7	16	29	10
Total	53	9	16	30	17						

a Ran for O'Neill in eighth.
b Batted for Mails in eighth.
c Batted for McNally in thirteenth.

Errors—Gardner, L. Sewell, Ruth, Scott.

Cleveland	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	2—9
New York	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—7

Two-base hits—Wambganss (2), Schang, Gardner, McInnis, Wood, Speaker. Home run—Meusel. Stolen base—Meusel. Sacrifice—Jones, Scott (2), Shawkey. J. Sewell. Double plays—Scott, Ward and Pipp; Wambganss and McInnis. Left on bases—New York 12, Cleveland 13. Bases on balls—Off Jones 2, Shawkey 1, Uhle 3, Lindsey 2. Struck out—By Jones 1, Mails 4, Lindsey 3. Hits—Off Uhle 8 in 4 innings (none out in fifth), Mails 1 in 3, Lindsey 7 in 6. Jones 10 in 6 1-3, Shawkey 7 in 3-3. Wild pitch—Uhle. Winning pitcher—Lindsey. Losing pitcher—Shawkey. Umpires—Connolly and Chill. Time of game—3:20.

SENATORS DOWN TIGERS.

Washington Team Captures Heavy Hitting Game by 13 to 7.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Washington Senators defeated the Detroit Tigers today, 13 to 7, in a slugging bee, thirty hits being registered off the five pitchers used in the game.

The score:

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss	4	1	3	3	1	Blue, lf	4	1	1	1	0
Peck'pgh, ss	2	0	0	0	0	Manley, 3b	5	1	2	1	2
Rice, cf	6	2	4	4	0	Cobb, cf	5	1	3	1	1
Judge, 1b	5	2	3	8	0	Veach, lf	5	0	1	1	0
Brower, rf	5	2	4	0	0	Hellmann, rf	6	1	4	0	0
Harris, 2b	5	1	1	2	4	Cutshaw, 2b	5	0	2	4	2
Harris, lf	4	2	1	3	0	Rigney, ss	4	2	3	1	3
Gharrity, c	5	1	0	5	1	Bassler, c	5	1	1	4	1
Zachary, p	1	0	0	0	0	bCagnon	0	0	0	0	0
Johnson, p	2	0	0	0	1	Manion, c	0	0	0	1	0
						Ehmke, p	1	1	1	0	0
						aClark	1	0	0	0	0
						Cole, p	0	0	0	0	1
						cJones	1	0	0	0	0
						Holling, p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	38	13	16	27	9	Total	39	7	14	24	15

a Batted for Ehmke in fourth.
b Ran for Bassler in eighth.
c Batted for Cole in eighth.

Washington	5	0	2	0	1	0	0	4	1		—13
Detroit	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	1		—7

Two-base hits—Rice, Brower (2), Rigney, Bush, Hellmann, Harris, Blue. Three-base hit—Shanks. Sacrifices—Shanks, Peckinpaugh. Double play—Bush, Harris and Judge; Cobb and Blue. Left on bases—Detroit 9, Washington 7. Bases on balls—Off Ehmke 2, Johnson 1, Cole 1, Hollins 2. Struck out—By Ehmke 2, Cole 1, Johnson 4. Hits—Off Zachary 5 in 3 innings (one on base, none out in fourth), Johnson 10 in 6, Ehmke 6 in 3, Cole 3 in 4, Holling 4 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Johnson (Blue). Winning pitcher—Zachary. Losing pitcher—Ehmke. Umpires—Dinneen and Walsh. Time of game—2:10.

CUBS TAKE 4TH STRAIGHT.

Concentrated Attack of Two Innings Wins From Boston, 7 to 2.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Chicago concentrated its attack in two innings today and defeated Boston, 7 to 2, making it four straight. Oeschger permitted only one hit, except in the innings when the Cubs scored. Aldridge twirled a steady game and was given good support, the fielding of Krug, Maisel and Barber and a one-hand catch by Miller being features.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maisel, cf	3	0	1	3	1	Powell, cf	4	2	3	1	0
Holloch'er, ss	4	1	2	2	3	Barbare, 2b	4	0	0	3	5
Terry, 1b	3	1	1	9	0	Nixon, lf	4	0	2	5	0
Miller, 2b	4	0	0	2	4	Cruise, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Barber, lb	4	1	1	17	0	Holke, 1b	3	0	1	13	0
Friberg, rf	4	1	1	1	0	Ford, ss	3	0	0	1	4
Krug, c	4	0	3	6	0	Kopf, 3b	3	0	2	0	1
O'Farrell, c	1	0	0	2	0	Gowdy, c	3	0	0	7	1
Aldridge, p	3	1	2	0	4	Oeschger, p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	32	7	10	27	20	Total	29	2	8	24	12

Error—Cruise.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4—7
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Nixon, Powell (2). Home run—Holloher. Sacrifices—Maisel, Gowdy. Double plays—Aldridge, Terry and Barber; Krug and Barber. Left on bases—Boston 7, Chicago 3. Struck out—By Oeschger 1, Aldridge 1. Hit by pitcher—By Oeschger (Terry). Wild pitch—Oeschger. Umpires—McCormick and Sentelle. Time of game—1:37.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Louisville 4, Columbus 2.
(First game.)
Louisville 5, Columbus 4.
(Second game.)
Indianapolis 7, Toledo 2.
(First game.)
Indianapolis 7, Toledo 2.
(Second game.)
St. Paul 5, Milwaukee 4.
Minneapolis 10, Kansas City 4.
(First game.)
Kansas City 10, Minneapolis 3.
(Second game.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Indianapolis	51	30	.630
St. Paul	47	31	.603
Milwaukee	47	39	.547
Minneapolis	43	37	.538
Louisville	39	45	.464
Kansas City	39	46	.442
Columbus	35	48	.422
Toledo	29	51	.362

Curves and Bingles

Speaker was everywhere in the outfield, and the old master can still make them look easy. He went almost to the Middle Ground in the fifth for Pipp's fly in the fifth, but it appeared to be so simple that the crowd scarcely acknowledged the catch.

They were all looking for chances to applaud Speaker, too. He got an ovation on his initial appearance at the plate and a friendly hand at each succeeding turn at bat.

Wallie Schang, catching his first game since he was injured during the Yanks' invasion of the West, made one of the nicest plays of the game in the third inning. The bases were full and two were out when Joe Wood hit a high foul over the press box. Schang came in close to the netting, reached up and tapped the ball with the end of his mitt before it struck the wire and then caught it on the rebound. It was a neat bit of work.

Both vestibules proved times when the umpires ruled against him, but kept his promise to be good and didn't boil over.

It did look as if the Yanks got the bad breaks from the arbiters. Tomorrow, however, it may be just the other way around.

Sam Jones was displeased when he was relieved. He gave no sign of it until he reached the dugout, but threw his glove down in disgust once he was out of sight of the crowd.

Just before Bob Meusel hit his homer, the blow which sent Uhle to the showers, Speaker ordered Mails to start warming up. Looked as if Tris had a hunch.

Wamby made a diving gloved-hand catch of Witt's wicked liner in the eighth and saved the day for Lindsey.

There is no game at the Polo Grounds today, but the Browns come tomorrow for a series which may mean much in the 1922 pennant race. Then again, the teams may get an even break.

Leading Home-Run Hitters In Each Major League

National League.

Hornsby, St. Louis	24
Williams, Philadelphia	12
Wheat, Brooklyn	11
Kelly, New York	9
Ainsmith, St. Louis	9

American League.

Williams, St. Louis	20
C. Walker, Philadelphia	19
Ruth, New York	14
Miller, Philadelphia	13
Heilmann, Detroit	13

CARDINALS DEFEAT ROBINS IN NINTH

Rally in Final Inning and Capture Fourth Straight From Brooklyn, 6 to 5.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—With victory within their grasp in the ninth inning, the Brooklyn Robins suddenly collapsed, allowing the St. Louis Cardinals to score three runs and win a heart-breaking struggle by a margin of only a single tally. The final distribution of runs was 6 to 5. By the loss of this game the Robbins dropped from third to fourth place in the race for the National League pennant as the Cubs managed to register a victory over the Braves and thus jump a peg in the standing. The Robins must soon strike a winning streak or drop still further in the standing, for they are now only nineteen points removed from the top of the second division.

Today's defeat was the fourth in a row which the Robins have suffered since they struck this city on the present trip. They have not won a game since leaving home on their second Western invasion. All season long they have found the Cardinals a hard team to beat. Of the twelve games so far played the St. Louis aggregation has won nine. Today's victory was its sixth consecutive one. Brooklyn has still another game to play here, which will make five for a series which will long be remembered by the visiting combination.

There were fireworks in the last three innings of today's struggle. At one time victory seemed sure for the Robins. After the Cardinals had obtained a run in the first inning the visitors tied the score in the sixth, only to have the home team again assume the lead in its half of the inning. The Robins went ahead in the seventh with two runs, but the Cardinals came right back in their half with one, tying things up for the second time during the game. With the tally standing even at three runs the Robins apparently settled the contest in the ninth, when they hung up two runs. But, sad to relate from the Brooklyn standpoint, the Cardinals shoved three runs over and won a game which they had apparently thrown into the discard.

Cadore Sent to Showers.

In this fatal ninth for the Robins Cadore was knocked off the hill, Vance taking his place. Schulte started the downfall of the visitors with a single to centre and Fournier followed with a triple to centre, scoring the former. Johnston took care of Stock's fly, after which Ainsmith knocked a single to left centre, sending Ainsmith across with the tying tally. Toporcer, batting for Lavan, doubled over first. At this point Uncle Robbie waved Cadore to the bench. With Vance on the hill McCurdy, batting for Barfoot, grounded to Vance and Ainsmith was run down between third and home, Toporcer in the meantime taking third and McCurdy second. With two out and the score a tie Flack singled to center, sending Toporcer home with the winning run.

The Cardinals got their first run in the opening inning off Cadore. With two out Hornsby hit to left for two bases. The leader of the home run brigade scored on a single by Schulte to left. In the second inning each team got a man on base—Mitchell on an error and Stock through a free pass—but in each case the runner was left. Cadore return the favor with a safe hit to centre, but he failed to get around the circuit, as High, Johnston and Tom Griffith all went out in order. In the last half of the inning Myers made a great running catch of Smith's line drive after two men had been retired.

Beginning the fourth inning, for Brooklyn, drove a one-base hit to right centre, but Myers killed matters by hitting into a double play, Hornsby to Lavan to Fournier. Mitchell walked, but Olson popped to Stock. The best the mighty Robins could do off Cadore in the Cards' half was a single by De Berry in front of the plate. Schultz filed to Griffith and Fournier to Wheat.

In the fifth the Robins went out in order. Stock, however, gave the Cardinals a good stand with a double to right, but Cadore was in fine form and no run was the result. Almada filed to Johnston and Lavan singled to centre. Stock tried to score, but he was nipped on a fine throw by Griffith to De Berry.

Johnston singled to centre to start the ball rolling for the Robins. He was forced by Griffith, Lavan to Hornsby. Wheat singled to left centre and Myers walked. With the bases filled Mitchell grounded to Hornsby, who threw to Ainsmith, forcing Tom Griffith at the plate. Ainsmith got the ball to Fournier in time to double up Mitchell. In the Cardinals' half Hornsby tripled to centre, but he was out at the plate in trying to get his twenty-second homer of the season, the play being made by Myers to Johnston to De Berry.

De Berry tied the score for the Robins in the seventh with a home run over the left field fence. With two out in the home team's half of this inning Stock reached second on Olson's fumble. Ainsmith tripled to left centre, scoring Stock.

Robins Take Lead.

In the eighth Johnston singled to centre, but was forced by Griffith. Wheat singled off Hornsby's glove, the ball going to centre. Myers singled to centre, sending Griffith home with the tying run. Neis went in to run for Myers. Mitchell singled to centre, scoring Wheat with the run which put the Robins in the lead. Mitchell was out trying to steal second. Lavan threw out Olson.

The Cards tied the score in their half of the eighth on a four-base smash by Mueller, who had gone to bat in place of Doak. Mueller had a count of three and two when he drove the ball into the right field bleachers.

In the ninth De Berry singled off Barfoot, who went to the mound for the Cards. Cadore forced De Berry. Then High doubled to centre, Cadore taking third. Johnston drove the ball to centre for a single, scoring Cadore and High.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack, rf	5	0	1	1	0	High, 3b	5	1	1	0	1
Smith, cf	4	0	0	3	1	Johnston, lb	5	0	2	4	2
Hornsby, 2b	5	1	2	4	4	T. Griffith, rf	4	1	1	1	0
Schulte, lf	4	1	2	4	0	Wheat, lf	5	1	2	3	0
Fournier, 1b	4	1	1	8	0	Myers, cf	3	0	1	3	0
Stock, 3b	5	1	1	1	1	S. Griffith, cf	0	0	0	1	0
Ainsmith, c	5	0	2	4	1	Mitchell, 1b	5	0	1	6	0
Lavan, ss	4	0	1	2	3	Olson, ss	4	0	0	2	3
Doak, p	2	0	0	0	1	Deberry, c	4	1	2	6	1
Barfoot, p	0	0	0	0	1	Cadore, p	2	1	0	0	0
a Mueller	1	1	1	0	0	Vance, p	0	0	0	0	0
bToporcer	1	1	0	0	0	dNeis	0	0	0	0	0
cMcCurdy	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	36	6	13	27	15	Total	37	5	13	*26	10

* Two out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Doak in eighth.
b Batted for Lavan in ninth.
c Batted for Barfoot in ninth.
d Batted for Myers in eighth.

Errors—Doak, Olson.

St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	—6
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	—5

Two-base hits—Hornsby, Stock, High, Toporcer. Three-base hits—Fournier, Hornsby and Ainsmith. Home runs—De Berry, Mueller. Double plays—Hornsby, Lavan and Fournier; Hornsby, Ainsmith and Fournier. Left on bases—Brooklyn 8, St. Louis 5. Bases on balls—Off Doak 1, Cadore 1. Struck out—By Doak 4, Cadore 1. Hits—Off Doak 13 in 6 innings, Barfoot 3 in 1, Cadore 11 in 8 1-3, Vance 1 in 1-3. Winning pitcher—Barfoot. Losing pitcher—Cadore. Umpires—Klem and Pfirman. Time of game—1:55.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Pittsfield 8, Albany 0 (first game).
Albany 3, Pittsfield 5 (11 innings, second game).
Bridgeport 8, Fitchburg 2 (17 innings).
Waterbury 5, Hartford 2.
New Haven 3, Springfield 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New Haven	40	23	.645
Pittsfield	34	26	.546
Waterbury	33	30	.523
Hartford	32	29	.532
Bridgeport	32	32	.508
Albany	30	34	.469
Springfield	31	37	.456
Fitchburg	29	38	.433

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland 9, New York 7.
(Thirteen innings.)
Washington 13, Detroit 7.
Other clubs not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis 6, Brooklyn 5.
Chicago 7, Boston 2.
Cincinnati 4, Philadelphia 3.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
St. Louis	47	33	.595
New York	47	35	.573
Chicago	39	35	.527
Detroit	41	39	.513
Washington	37	40	.481
Cleveland	36	44	.450
Boston	34	46	.442
Philadelphia	30	43	.411

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	49	28	.636
St. Louis	46	32	.590
Chicago	40	36	.526
Brooklyn	40	37	.519
Cincinnati	39	39	.500
Pittsburgh	35	40	.467
Philadelphia	27	43	.386
Boston	26	47	.356

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston (two games).
Detroit at Washington.
Other clubs not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh (two games).
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.

DAUBERT'S HOMER HELPS REDS WIN

Jake Also Makes Three Singles in Bombardment That Humbles Phillies by 9-3.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Philadelphia lost to Cincinnati today by 9 to 3. Daubert's home run into the right field bleachers, with two men on, in the last half of the seventh, put the Reds to the front, and they added six more runs in the next inning, when they drove both Hubbell and Winters off the mound. Until the seventh, Hubbell was in complete command.

Daubert had a perfect day at the bat, with a home run, three singles and a sacrifice fly out of five times up. Rixey was hit rather freely but had good control and received excellent support.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, cf	4	2	2	5	0	Rapp, 2b	5	0	0	0	0
Daubert, 1b	4	1	4	10	0	Park'son, 2b	4	1	1	0	2
Duncan, rf	5	1	2	2	0	Williams, cf	4	0	3	4	0
Roush, cf	4	0	2	3	0	C. Walker, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Boehne, 3b	1	0	0	1	1	Lee, lf	4	0	0	4	0
Fonseca, 1b	3	1	1	0	1	Fletcher, ss	4	1	2	4	0
Pinelli, ss	2	0	1	3	2	Leslie, 1b	4	0	1	9	0
Kimmick, ss	1	0	0	2	0	Henline, c	4	0	1	0	0
Wingo, c	4	1	1	4	0	Hubbell, p	2	0	0	0	1
Rixey, p	4	2	1	0	1	Winters, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Pinto, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Peters	1	0	1	0	0
Total	36	9	14	27	10	Total	37	3	10	24	7

a Batted for Pinto in ninth.

Errors—Pinelli, Fletcher, Winters.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	6		—9
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		—3

Two-base hits—Williams, Walker, Fletcher, Duncan. Home runs—Daubert, Boehne. Sacrifice—Leslie. Burns, Daubert, Duncan. Sacrifice—Daubert. Left on bases—Philadelphia 7, Cincinnati 7. Bases on balls—Off Hubbell 1, Winters 2, Rixey 1. Struck out—By Rixey 3. Hits—Off Hubbell 11 in 7 innings (none out in eighth), Winters 4 in 2-3, Pinto 0 in 1-3. Wild pitch—Rixey. Losing pitcher—Hubbell. Umpires—Harf and O'Day. Time of game—1:51.

BEARS LOSE TWO GAMES.

Ninth-Inning Rallies Give Orioles Victories by 7-6 and 6-5.

BALTIMORE, July 9—Newark was nosed out in two exciting games by the Orioles here today by the scores of 7 to 6 and 6 to 5. In each battle the visitors entered the ninth inning in the lead, only to see the home players stage a run-producing rallies. The double victory for Baltimore gave it a clean sweep of the series.

The Bears got to Ogden in the first inning of the opener for a run when Altenberg doubled and Moore followed with a single. But their lead was short-lived, for Boley's double and Porter's single enabled Baltimore to tie the count. The battle then seesawed until the seventh when Newark by bunching three hits and aided by an error scored across four runs. Successive singles by Webb, Wigglesworth and Walker drove in the runs in this inning. The Orioles came within an ace of tying the score in their half of the seventh by bunching three hits. They succeeded in evening matters in the following one, on hits by Bentley, Porter and Styles.

Newark was robbed of a chance to score in the eighth when Kneisch, who relieved Barnhardt on the mound in this frame, led off with a double. But Thomas was rushed to Ogden's rescue at this stage and the side was retired after two brilliant fielding plays. Then the Orioles came back in the ninth and won the game.

The Bears came from behind in the second tilt, and, staging rallies in the eighth and ninth innings, appeared to have the game won. But the Orioles again braced in the final session, and successive hits by Bishop, Lawry and Styles, together with two wild heaves by Baldwin and Wigglesworth, enabled them to shove across two runs.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BALTIMORE (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bishop, 2b	5	0	0	1	1	Altenburg, lf	4	1	2	1	0
Lawry, lf	4	1	0	1	0	Moore, 2b	4	1	2	1	5
Jacobson, cf	4	0	1	3	0	Brainard, cf	5	1	0	2	0
Walsh, rf	4	0	0	3	0	Webb, 3b	5	0	1	1	0
Bentley, lb	4	1	0	10	1	Wig'w'th, rf	5	1	2	3	1
Boley, ss	4	1	1	1	5	Walker, lb	4	1	2	0	0
Porter, 3b	4	2	2	2	3	Benes, ss	4	0	0	4	4
Styles, c	4	0	1	3	2	Schick, c	4	0	0	8	1
Ogden, p	0	1	0	0	2	Barnhardt, p	0	0	0	0	1
Thomas, p	1	0	0	0	0	Kneisch, p	1	0	1	0	0
Total	36	7	11	27	14	Total	38	6	12	25	11

Errors—Boley (2), Styles, Webb, Barnhardt.

Baltimore	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—7
Newark	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	—6	

Two-base hits—Boley, Styles, Altenburg, Kneisch. Home run—Barnhardt. Stolen bases—Porter, Sacrifices—Walker, Bishop. Double plays—Bentley, Boley and Bentley; Moore and Benes. Left on bases—Baltimore 9, Newark 10. Bases on balls—Off Ogden 2, Thomas 2, Barnhardt 2, Kneisch 1. Hits—Off Ogden 11 in 7 innings, Thomas none in 2, Barnhardt 6 in 6, Kneisch 5 in 2 1-3. Struck out—By Ogden 4, Thomas 2, Barnhardt 2, Kneisch 4. Umpires—James and McDevitt. Time of game—2:05.

SECOND GAME.

BALTIMORE (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEWARK (I.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bishop, 2b	4	1	1	2	2	Altenburg, lf	4	1	2	3	0
Lawry, lf	4	2	1	4	0	Moore, 2b	4	2	1	1	1
Jacobson, cf	4	1	2	5	0	Brainard, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Walsh, rf	4	1	0	0	0	Webb, 3b	4	0	2	1	1
Styles, rf	1	0	1	0	0	Wig'w'th, rf	4	0	2	2	0
Bentley, 1b	4	1	1	9	0	Walker, lb, c	4	0	0	8	0
Porter, ss	4	0	1	2	2	Benes, ss	4	0	0	2	1
Dixon, 3b	4	0	1	0	2	Schick, c	4	0	1	6	2
McAvoy, c	4	0	2	9	1	Barnh'dt, lb	1	1	0	0	0
Thomas, p	4	0	0	0	3	Baldwin, p	4	1	1	0	1
Total	36	6

TILDEN CAPTURES CLAY COURT TITLE

World's Champion Plays Brilliantly in Beating Shimizu by 7-5, 6-3, 6-1.

BURDICK AND BASTIAN WIN

Defeat Hennessey and Wesbrook at Indianapolis for Doubles Crown, 6-3, 3-6, 7-5, 5-7, 6-4.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 9 (Associated Press).—William T. Tilden 2d, Philadelphia, world champion, added the national Clay Court singles championship to his plentiful string of tennis titles here today when he defeated Zenzo Shimizu, Japanese Davis Cup player, in straight sets, 7–5, 6–3, 6–1.

The national Clay Court doubles title was won by Ralph Burdick and Fritz Bastian, Indianapolis. They defeated John Hennessey, Indianapolis, and Walter Wesbrook, Detroit, in five gruelling sets, 6–3, 3–6, 7–5, 5–7, 6–4.

The Tilden-Shimizu match will be written in sporting annals as one of the greatest ever played on American clay courts. The record crowd that flaunted a corn-belt Summer sun to see marvelous tennis was not disappointed. Tilden was in better form than Shimizu, for whom this tournament was the first major outdoor competition this season. His play marked Tilden as even a greater court wizard than ever this year.

Takes First Game on Service.

Tilden took the first game with his smashing service by a love score. Shimizu made the mistake of lobbing and Tilden killed his returns from the net, winning the next four games which all went to deuce. Shimizu then changed his tactics and with the score 0–5, won his own service in the first love game Tilden gave during the tournament. Shimizu won the seventh and eighth games which went to deuce, captured the ninth with ease and took the deuce tenth. Tilden won the next two games and the first set, 7–5, scoring two placement aces and reversing Shimizu's net attempts.

Tilden opened the second set with lightning service and ran the score up to 4–1, the fifth game being a love affair. Shimizu grew erratic as the play progressed and, although he was able to win the sixth and seventh games, he scored only one point in each of the next two, the second set going to Tilden, 6–3.

The champion opened up in the last set. Shimizu lost his service, failing to score a point, and Tilden then won his fourth love game of the match. The Japanese player was able to run the next three games to deuce, winning the fifth. But Tilden's terrific bombardment sent him plunging tardily across the court or he made an erratic return and Tilden won 6–1.

Hard Struggle in Doubles.

Bastian and Burdick, an experienced team, found real opposition in Hennessey and Wesbrook. Their match was marked by brilliant teamwork and shots that flicked the alley-lines by inches. The first four sets were divided alternately and were won by the same sets of scores, 6–3 and 7–5. After ten games Burdick and Bastian won the last set, the most hotly contested of them all, 6–4.

Neither title was defended. Walter T. Hayes, Chicago, who was eliminated by Tilden recently in the Illinois State championships, won the clay court singles honors last year, and Hayes and Clifton Herd, Chicago, held the doubles title.

The point scores of the Tilden-Shimizu match:

FIRST SET.

Tilden	4	6	6	5	7	0	4	3	1	5	4	4	—49
Shimizu	0	4	4	3	5	4	6	5	4	7	2	1	—45

SECOND SET.

Tilden	4	4	4	6	4	1	3	4	4	—34				
Shimizu	1	6	1	4	0	4	5	1	1	—23				

THIRD SET.

Tilden	4	5	6	3	4	4	—30							
Shimizu	0	0	3	4	5	1	2	—15						

AMSTER DEFEATS MILLER.

Captures Senior Half-Mile Run in Track Meet of P. S. 54.

The annual closed track and field meet of Recreation Centre, P. S. 54 of the Bronx, was held at Macombs Dam Park yesterday. There were junior and senior events. The featured contest proved to be the half-mile run for seniors. It resulted in a close victory for J. Amster, who outstayed M. Miller in a shoulder to shoulder finish. The time was 2:31 1-5.

The summaries:

60-Yard Dash, Junior—Won by A. Weinstein; J. Osbinsky, second. Time—0:07 1-5.
Running Broad Jump, Junior—Won by R. Bongard (15 feet 8½ inches); A. Weinstein (15 feet 2 inches), second.
220-Yard Dash, Senior—Won by A. Jacobson; M. Miller, second. Time—0:26 3-5.
Half-Mile Run, Senior—Won by J. Amster; M. Miller, second. Time—2:31 1-5.
Running Broad Jump, Senior—Won by H. Meller, 18 feet 3 inches; M. Schneider, 16 feet 2¾ inches, second.
Running High Jump, Senior—Won by E. Hahn, 5 feet 2 inches; C. Berwaldt, 4 feet 10 inches, second.
8-Pound Shot-Put, Senior—Won by R. Redmond, 52 feet 2 inches; M. Schneider, 40 feet 11½ inches, second.

PLAY FOR FAIRFIELD TITLE.

Manchester Beats Houghton in Feature Tennis Match.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., July 9.—Four rounds in singles of the Fairfield County Club's championship tennis tournament were finished today and most of the second round of the doubles completed. The tournament is being played on the Stamford Yacht Club courts. The feature match today was between W. E. Houghton of Stamford and Sherman Manchester of Greenwich, Manchester winning by 6–4, 3–6, 6–4.

The summary:

Fairfield County Singles Championship, Second Round—Jackson defeated Davison, 6–1, 6–1; Fischer defeated Stadel, 6–1, 6–0; Wheeler defeated Ewing, 4–6, 6–2, 6–0; Tunis defeated Emery, 6–2, 7–5; E. M. Brandt defeated Weeks, 6–4, 5–7; Houghton Jr. defeated Argumbeau 6–4, 6–0.
Third Round—Stoddard defeated Williams, 6–2, 6–4; Dr. Drake defeated Jackson, 6–1, 6–0; Tunis defeated Sjenden, 2–6, 6–4, 6–3; Manchester defeated Houghton Jr., 4–6, 6–3, 6–4; Merriam won from Sherrill by default.
Doubles, First Round—Ewing and Dr. Drake defeated Betts and Betts, 6–3, 6–4; Merriam and James defeated Rinehardt and Rinehardt, 6–1, 6–2; Gaynese and Farrington defeated Schwartz and Dr. Vullmouer, 6–1, 6–4.
Second Round—Anderson and Bianisai defeated Jackson and Smith, 7–5, 6–1; Merriam and James defeated Gaynese and Farrington, 4–6, 6–4, 6–1.

To Hold Meet Sept. 16.

BOSTON, July 9.—The Boston A. A. Fall outdoor handicap games and the national pentathlon championship will be held at Tech Field in Cambridge on Sept. 16, officials announced tonight.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

TENNIS

Never was a tennis championship more honorably won or more clearly deserved than that which Mlle. Lenglen of France once more and for the fourth time acquired at Wimbledon on Saturday. Her tenancy of the foremost position in the whole world of women's tennis is unchallengeable; her title is without a flaw. It is not for Mrs. Mallory or anyone else to question the verdict that was returned upon the court. The statement was attributed to the American champion yesterday that she had failed to do herself justice; that the long wait occasioned by the rain and the shadows cast by the late afternoon sun had bothered her; that if she could have taken the first two games of the match she might have won; that she made errors on shots that ordinarily would have been easy for her.

Post-mortems of that nature do not come gracefully from a defeated player. Mrs. Mallory's progress through the Wimbledon tournament was all to her credit, and she should rest content with that. She cannot, in any event, "go behind the returns." Mlle. Lenglen's superiority was so clear that no argument in the matter is possible. Moreover, any conditions of lighting and the like that may have disturbed Mrs. Mallory were identical for Mlle. Lenglen. It was a fair test, overwhelmingly decided.

As a matter of fact, Mlle. Lenglen should always beat Mrs. Mallory. She has the "all-court" game to do it at least nine times out of ten. Mrs. Mallory has a wonderful forehand drive and a good backhand. But she is woefully weak at the net. Mlle. Lenglen is her peer in backcourt and immeasurably her superior as a volleyer. There is no answer to that comparison. The one astonishing thing about Saturday's match was that Mlle. Lenglen beat the American at her own baseline game and quite without resort to the highly varied tactics of which she is mistress. That, more than anything else, gave the true measure of her superiority.

In one thing alone, as was repeatedly said in advance of the match, did Mrs. Mallory have reason to hope. That was in the French girl's variable temperament. Whether the course of the match might have changed had Mrs. Mallory once been able to take the lead is not now, however, proper matter for discussion. Mlle. Lenglen arose fully to the occasion. According to every account there was no sign of nerves in any move she made. She played like a true champion, coolly and calmly picking the weak spots in her opponent's armor and attacking them relentlessly. She gave the American the advantage of playing her at her own game and beat her at it. Nothing more need be known than that.

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SWIMMING

The visit to New York of Miss Sybil Bauer, peerless back stroke swimmer of the Illinois A. C. of Chicago, has afforded local experts the first opportunity to study the methods of the noted champion, who holds all the women's world's records for this style of natation. While there is widespread knowledge throughout the country of latest developments in free style swimming, little is known, comparatively, of the modern back stroke. Not only is Miss Bauer's form declared well nigh perfect, but her striking performances speak eloquently of the efficiency of the style she uses. No woman devotee of any stroke has come so close to men's records as has Miss Bauer in dorsal swimming. At 150 yards, the standard back stroke distance, for instance, her time is within 13 seconds of the men's standard.

The outstanding impression received on seeing Miss Bauer in action is the ease and smoothness of her swimming. Her stroke is slow, her arms completing their cycle little more than thirty times to the minute, and she glides along gracefully, without flurry or the least check, her body balanced to a nicety always, never bobbing up and down. Broadly speaking her stroke is an inverted six-beat double trudgeon-crawl. The arms work alternately, with a vigorous drive and a slow above water recovery; the legs execute a narrow up and down thrust, six scissoring motions to each full stroke of the arms, and the first and fourth of the kicks outspan the others a little, imparting to the thrash a distinct double rhythm.

Miss Bauer's position in the water differs somewhat from that of other champions. Her head is bent forward a bit, chin rather close to chest, and there is a gentle bend to her body at the waist, bringing the knees near the surface and causing the feet to break water quite often, though never sufficiently to lose leverage. Each arm enters at full reach above the head, but a trifle outside of its own shoulder line, catching with palm turned nearly outward; then it drives down rather than to the side, the hand sweeping about one foot outside of the body line and completing its pull at the thigh. Here the hand turns palm out and the elbow starts upward toward the head; as the elbow passes the shoulder the forearm is raised and circles above it, extending the arm for the next drive.

The leg thrash is performed with a slight bend at the knees and its scope varies a bit according to whether Miss Bauer is sprinting or going at middle distance pace. The wider scissors never seem to exceed fourteen inches. Miss Bauer rolls very little, using her arms independently of the body, and she is rather low in the water; her shoulders seldom appearing on the surface.

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BOXING

Regarded by many as approaching pugilistic decay, Benny Leonard suddenly has convinced skeptics that he still retains the old power to his blows and the dazzling speed, brilliant cleverness and superb ring generalship which have caused him to be one of the ring's most popular champions. The world's lightweight title-holder accomplished this desired result through his knockout victory in eight rounds over Rocky Kansas on Independence Day. In recording this notable victory Leonard battered into a state of utter helplessness a boxer whose greatest boast was his ability to assimilate the punches of an opponent without weakening under fire.

Leonard no doubt was spurred to his great effort through the unpleasant reports which followed his loss on a foul to Jack Britton. Critics and veteran followers of fisticuffs were convinced, after witnessing Leonard's showing in this bout, that the champion was past the stage where progress is recorded and was confronted with that gradual decline which all too quickly produces oblivion. Quite obviously Leonard still must be considered far from the class of boxer who has passed the so-called "peak." The champion could not have impressed this more clearly on the minds of those who thought otherwise than by knocking out Kansas.

In that battle it was necessary for Leonard to bring into play every trick of the trade at his command. His wonderful speed of hand and foot, the destructive force of his baffling attack and the cool, calculating, almost mechanical method of assault which marks the finished workman—all these essentials were brought into play in accomplishing the humiliation of Kansas. The consequence was a bout which was one-sided. Kansas never had a chance. Kansas faced a different Leonard from the man who had failed on these different occasions previously to knock him out.

The victory did more than demonstrate that Leonard still is supreme. It produced a change of attitude with regard to Leonard's approaching title bout with Lew Tendler. From the time this match was made, Leonard's friends have exhibited confidence in the ability of the champion to retain his title against Tendler. These friends now are predicting that Leonard will score a knockout over the challenger. Others have either been skeptical of the result in the approaching bout or favorable to Tendler. The atmosphere of skepticism is disappearing; the ranks of Tendler supporters are thinning. Leonard will enter the ring determined to exert every effort for the crushing defeat of a rival who has been advanced as a prospective successor to the lightweight title.

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TURF

Horse racing on the tracks of the Metropolitan district has entered the stretch run of the first half of the season. With the shifting of the scene from Aqueduct to Empire City last week the final step before the invasion of Saratoga next month has been taken. While the racing thus far has been excellent, in spite of adverse weather conditions, with the season so far advanced few outstanding thoroughbreds have been uncovered in their respective divisions. But this fact has had no deterring effect upon the liberal and enthusiastic support which the public has given the sport.

The attendances at Jamaica, Belmont, Aqueduct and the opening day at Empire City have compared favorably with any since the revival of racing in this State. And this in spite of the fact that the weather man has been anything but friendly. That such has been the case is due chiefly to the high standard that has been maintained in the sport. It has been proved conclusively that the stewards have a firm grip on the conduct of the sport, and if they continue to exercise this control the season of 1922 should go down in history as one of the best of all time.

Perhaps the weather has had something to do with the failure of more horses to establish themselves as animals of the first flight in their divisions. No doubt the coughing epidemic of the Spring has had something to do with it. Whatever the reason, the fact remains that few topnotch performers have been seen.

In the handicap division, Exterminator and Grey Lag are the outstanding horses. Each has been beaten, but their efforts have been such as to warrant their rating being continued in Class A. Among the three-year-olds, Whiskaway stands out, but in spite of this colt's impressive victories over Morvich in the Carlton and the Kentucky Special, he still must do more before he can be crowned the undisputed king of his division. The Dwyer Stakes added further to the complication of the situation in this class when Ray Jay won and the highly touted Serenader and Oceanic went down to defeat.

There are five two-year-olds that can be rated as possibilities for the throne in the juvenile division, but none of them is outstanding. Goshawk, Martingale, Cherry Pie, Bud Lerner and Sunference have shown class, but they must do more than they have done to establish themselves convincingly as animals of the first flight.

ROWING

Only two Americans, Edward Ten Eyck and B. H. Howell, had won England's famous Diamond Sculls up to the minute when Walter M. Hoover, American sculling champion, flashed across the finish line last Saturday on the Thames a good fifty yards ahead of his British rival, J. Beresford, Jr. American victories are nearly as rare in this English classic as in the same country's open golf championship. Ten Eyck, a son of the Syracuse rowing coach, brought the sculls back to the United States with him in 1897. Three years later Howell, who was then a Cambridge student, made a similar journey of triumph, but since 1900 no American has turned the trick, although many have tried.

It was an emphatic defeat for Beresford on Saturday, but Britons has the consolation of knowing that it has not happened often. The cable dispatches state that the English were prepared for the American's victory. Before the race the trophy, in a glass case, became a Mecca, an object of pilgrimage for rowing men. They filed past it in a steady stream, as if it were a national hero lying in state, and bade it a sad adieu.

This readiness to concede defeat before it had been administered is the finest tribute that could be paid to Hoover. England knew that her best sculler would be no match for the American and now the British observers agree that the Duluth engineer has no equal among the world's scullers. They criticized some points of his style and quite frankly they did not like the construction of his shell, which violated every English tradition. But they knew that Hoover would win, thus lending some backing to the belief of many critics on this side that he is the greatest American sculler of many years, not excluding even the redoubtable Jack Kelly.

This is not the first time that Beresford has been beaten by an American. Jack Kelly's entry in the Henley race was rejected in 1920 for some mysterious reason. Beresford winning the Diamond Sculls that Summer. Later, however, the then American champion got his revenge. He faced the Englishman in the Olympic games and settled all questions of superiority. But the action of the Henley authorities rankled in Kelly's breast, for if he had been allowed to row he probably would have won.

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BASEBALL

With the baseball season now at the half-way mark, the fans of New York are still justified in looking forward to another clash between the two local major league teams for the world's championship when the present campaigns come to a close. After suffering one of their worst slumps in recent years the Yankees apparently have recovered their normal form and are now only a game and a half behind the league-leading St. Louis Browns. The Giants are setting a fast pace in the National League and have an advantage of three and a half games over the St. Louis Cardinals, their nearest rivals. The world's champions have started their second Western trip of the year auspiciously enough, winning two of their first three games with the Pirates. They still have two more games with the Pirates and four with the Cubs before meeting the Cardinals in a series which will have an important bearing on the outcome of the National League race.

The Yankees have just won three out of five contests from the faltering Indians and will enjoy a respite today before opening their series against the Browns. The American League champions passed up a chance to come within half a game of the St. Louis club yesterday by losing the final game of the series to the Indians. Miller Huggins's team will now have to win three of their scheduled four contests with the Browns to regain the league lead which they held during the early days of the pennant race. Much will depend on the result of the series with the St. Louis club which opens tomorrow.

In a season marked by many form reversals in both leagues the more or less consistent playing of the Giants, who have led the National League from the very start of the campaign, is all the more noteworthy. On more than one occasion John McGraw's players have had to fight hard to retain their grip on first place, but up to the present time they have always proved equal to the emergency. Among the teams who were regarded as contenders for the two major league pennants the Giants have thus far fulfilled preseason predictions to a closer degree than any of the other clubs with the possible exception of the St. Louis Browns, who also have been traveling at a fast rate since the start of the pennant races. While the Indians and the Senators in the American League and the Pirates and the Braves in the National League have come far from living up to preseason predictions, the Giants have moved steadily along at the head of their rivals and nothing but a startling reversal of their present form will be able to displace them from their lofty position.

KING DEFEATS HALL IN STRAIGHT SETS

Wins Challenge Round for Travers Island Cup From Former Holder, 6-4, 6-3, 6-1.

The Travers Island singles bowl of the New York Athletic Club changed hands yesterday afternoon when Dr. George King of the home club defeated Walter Merrill Hall, winner of the trophy last year, in the challenge round of the club's tennis tournament by scores of 6–4, 6–3, 6–1. A large gallery watched the play at the Travers Island courts. King, who is the eastern New York State and Westchester champion, obtained one of the most clean-cut and creditable victories he has gained since he has joined the first flight of metropolitan performers. He played with excellent judgment. Usually King makes his attack from the net. Realizing, however, that Hall is the possessor of a dangerous passing shot, King took no unnecessary chances in running to the net, waiting always for a wide opening. He played Hall at the latter's own backcourt game and beat him at it squarely. He not only outstanded the west side club expert, but applied considerably more speed to his drives.

In the final round of this tournament a year ago, Hall defeated King in five sets. King's game has improved greatly since then. Combined with the volleying ability which marked his play at that time, his ground strokes are far stronger and surer, and it was his ability in this department of play that enabled him to beat Hall so decisively in straight sets. Hall played well off the ground, as he always does. But he was shakier than usual off his left side, with a special proneness to over-shooting the baseline. His headwork was of the best. He played well for position and utilized change of pace deceptively on numerous occasions. But errors of execution betrayed him. Frequently Hall worked the points up to deuce or took the lead, only to miss the shots that counted most.

The first set was the most closely contested of the three. King made one more earned point in it than Hall and six fewer errors. The N. Y. A. C. star started by taking the first two games to fifteen. Both then broke through service, and King next won his own delivery for a lead of 4–1. Hall rallied and won the next three games after deuce had been called in each of them. He put over stinging passing shots in the seventh and eight games. King won the ninth on a volleying placement, a service ace and two nets by Hall. The tenth and last of the set went twice to deuce. King, leading at 40–30, tried to change pace and catch Hall by dropping the ball just over the net. He miscalculated, however, and gave Hall a set-up. Hall scored on a well placed service, but King equalized on a pass down the line. The next two points went to King on errors and with them went the set at 6–4.

King also took the lead at the start of the second session. A break through service gave him a lead of 3–1, but he threw away the fifth game by a double fault. The next was a love game for King on Hall's service, but the seventh was hard fought, especially in one exchange of drives in which the ball traveled a dozen times across the net at terrific speed. King eventually tried to finish the point at the net, but Hall passed him. King's severe service forced a weak return, and gave him a set-up and the vantage and Hall netted off service for the game point. This made the count 5–3 and King easily ran the set out from that point.

Hall's resistance weakened in the third set after he had lost the first three games. These were deuce games and Hall had the lead in all of them, only to be overtaken and passed through error-making. After building up this 3-love advantage, King jogged through the remainder of the match and won as he pleased.

Hall scored 24 placements to 20 in the three sets and made one double fault in two. But he was guilty of 14 more nets and 17 more outs. King scored three service aces.

The point score and stroke analysis follow:

FIRST SET.

													Pts.	G.
King	4	4	3	6	4	3	3	5	4	6	4	6	—46	6
Hall	1	1	4	4	1	5	5	7	2	4	3	4	—34	4

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.
King	14	10	7	3	3	1	
Hall	14	15	9	0	0	0	

SECOND SET.

													Pts.	G.
King	4	0	4	5	3	4	5	3	4	—32			6	
Hall	2	4	1	3	5	0	3	5	0	—23			3	

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.
King	9	15	9	0	0	1	
Hall	12	10	9	0	0	0	

THIRD SET.

													Pts.	G.
King	6	3	5	4	2	4	—31						6	
Hall	4	3	4	1	4	1	1	—18					—1	

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.
King	8	6	4	0	0	0	
Hall	14	12	6	0	0	1	

	N.	O.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.	Pts.	Err.
King	39	39	20	3	2	23		51	
Hall	43	37	24	0	1	24		48	

Total games—King, 18; Hall, 8. Total points—King, 104; Hall, 75.

FINAL MATCH IS CLOSE.

Scharman-Adam Tennis Team Wins in Mixed Doubles.

In the final round of the mixed doubles tennis tournament in which nineteen teams started to play over the Fourth of July at the Suffolk Country Club, Belleport, L. I., Miss Lillian Scharman and Aubrey Adam triumphed yesterday afternoon over Mrs. C. A. Bedford and Guertin Tuttle, in five well played and closely contested sets, of which the scores were 6–3, 6–2, 5–7, 5–7, 7–5. The match had been postponed from last Tuesday, because of the rain on that day. H. D. Tibbetts, chairman of the club's tournament committee, umpired.

WARD AND DAVIS VICTORS.

Defeat Pell and Prentice at Net in Veterans' Doubles Final.

A tennis tournament in veterans' doubles was brought to a successful termination yesterday afternoon on the courts of the Rockaway Hunt Club at Rockaway, L. I., Holcombe Ward and Dwight F. Davis, national doubles champions in 1899-1901, beating Theodore R. Pell and Vernon S. Prentice in the final by scores of 6–4, 4–6, 6–4, 6–4. Ward and Davis entered the final by defeating Hugh G. M. Kelleher and Fred C. Inman, 6–4, 4–6, 6–3, while Pell and Prentice won their semi-final match from Raymond D. Little and Edwin P. Larned by 11–9, 6–4.

TO REDUCE COST OF TRIP.

Brazilians Will Entertain Visiting Athletes Next Fall.

The Brazilian Confederation of Sports, which has been nominated by the Brazilian Government to organize the international games during the centenary celebration next September, has offered to entertain all competitors from a week before the events take place until a week after the contests are over, thus reducing materially the cost of the trip to competing athletes. Special arrangements also have been made in the matter of reduced fares.

The games will begin on Sept. 10 and will last until Oct. 15. Baron Pierre de Coubertain, President of the International Olympic Committee, is also President of the Latin-American meeting, which will take place immediately before the international sports are held.

KYNASTON RETAINS QUEENSBORO TITLE

Defeats Tremaine in Final Round of Singles Tourney by 1-6, 6-3, 6-2, 8-6.

Percy L. Kynaston retained his title of Queensboro tennis champion yesterday afternoon, when he defeated Howard C. Tremaine in the postponed final round of the singles tournament at the Kew Gardens Country Club by scores of 1–6, 6–3, 6–2, 8–6. The match was a backcourt duel, with Kynaston's drives the speedier and the better controlled.

Tremaine had the range of the lines better in the first set, however. Kynaston could not steady down in this session. He outplaced Tremaine but was hitting wildly, making thirteen nets and ten outs. Tremaine's plan of campaign seemed to be to keep the ball in play until Kynaston made an error, but this scheme did not work successfully in the second and third chapters.

Kynaston dropped the first three games of the second set, two of them at love, and worried looks began to appear on the faces of his supporters. Confronted by a three-game deficit, he suddenly found his control, however, and did not relinquish it from then on. He won six straight games to take the set at 6–2. He crossed the ball from one end to the other of Tremaine's court, forcing the latter to endless running and sooner or later acquiring commanding position for a clean placement or for a shot that forced an error. Tremaine resisted strenuously in the last two games of the set, forcing the ninth four times to deuce. But Kynaston outstarted him in the critical rallies.

The third set was easily won by the champion, but the fourth was a hard struggle. Kynaston built up a lead of 4–love, only to have Tremaine take five straight games and pass him. Kynaston was making many errors during this run, and Tremaine was driving with almost unfailing accuracy. Kynaston leveled the count at 5–all in a love game, and they divided the next two for a score of 6–all. In the thirteenth game Tremaine led at 40–30, but served a costly double fault, and eventually lost the game on a clean-cut placement by Kynaston. The champion took the next game mainly through three errors by Tremaine, who netted for the match point.

The point score and stroke analysis follow:

FIRST SET.

											Pts.	G.
Kynaston	2	1	4	2	5	0	2	—16			1	
Tremaine	4	4	2	4	7	4	1	—29			6	

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.
Kynaston	12	10	7	0	3		
Tremaine	8	4	2	1	3		

SECOND SET.

											Pts.	G.
Kynaston	0	1	0	4	6	4	4	5	2	—32	6	
Tremaine	4	4	4	1	4	2	1	3	6	—20	3	

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.
Kynaston	8	14	11	0	2		
Tremaine	7	12	5	0	2		

THIRD SET.

											Pts.	G.
Kynaston	4	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—31		6	
Tremaine	1	2	1	1	5	6	0	2	—18		2	

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.
Kynaston	6	4	11	0	3		
Tremaine	2	16	6	0	2		

FOURTH SET.

																	Pts.	G.
Kynaston	4	4	4	5	1	1	2	2	3	4	3	4	5	4	—46		8	
Tremaine	1	2	2	3	4	4	4	5	0	5	1	3	2	—40			6	

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.
Kynaston	10	12	11	0	2		
Tremaine	12	21	14	2	2		

RECAPITULATION.

	N.	O.	Pl.	S.	A.	D.	F.	Pts.	Err.
Kynaston	38	40	40	0	10	46		86	
Tremaine	29	38	27	3	9	39		65	

Total games—Kynaston, 21; Tremaine, 17. Total points—Kynaston, 125; Tremaine, 116.
Umpire—Sylvester Dawson.

TENNIS DATE IS NAMED.

Women's State Championship Set for Week of July 24.

Announcement was made yesterday of the arrangements for the women's annual tennis tournament for the championship of New York State, which will be held at the Green Meadow Country Club, of Harrison, N. Y., the week of July 24. Singles and doubles will be contested. The singles challenge cup, donated by the New York Tennis Club, has been won twice by Miss Marie Wagner, and once by Miss Mary K. Browne of California. William Alexander Campbell will referee the tournament. Play will be held mornings, and it is planned to reach the final on Saturday, July 29. Entries for the singles will close July 21, at 5 P. M., and for the doubles July 24, at 5 P. M. W. A. Campbell is chairman of the committee in charge, and other members are La Baron S. Willard and Julian B. Beaty.

TENNIS STARS IN R. I. TOURNAMENT

Tilden and Richards Are Among Those Who Will Start Play at Providence Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 9.—Men and women players from all parts of the country are here today awaiting the signal for the opening of the Rhode Island State tennis championship tomorrow afternoon at the Agawam Hunt Club. Thousands of others, who will be spectators, are looking forward to the greatest tennis treat of the year in this locality.

Prominent among the entries are World's Champion William T. Tilden 2d, Junior Champion Vincent Richards, Wallace Johnson of Philadelpia, S. Howard Voshell of New York, Lawrence B. Rice of Boston and Nathaniel W. Niles of Boston, all of whom are ranked among the first ten players of the country. Voshell, one of the best southpaws in the game, is well remembered at the Agawam Club for his sensational defeat last Summer of Zeno Shimizu, the Japanese player, who again will be one of the contestants in the present tournament.

Samuel Hardy of New York, captain of the 1920 Davis Cup team, is another entry among the men. He will be seen in action in the doubles with S. Howard Voshell, also of New York. Other entries also include the Biddles of Philadelphia, the Chapins of Springfield, Carl Fischer, Charles M. Wood Jr., and Frank Moran Jr.

An interesting entry from the ranks of the women is 16-year-old Helen Wills of California. Mrs. Nathaniel W. Niles is still another entry of note.

The best of local players, both men and women, are to play, but it is not expected that they will be able to pull through such a field of international stars as will be arrayed against them.

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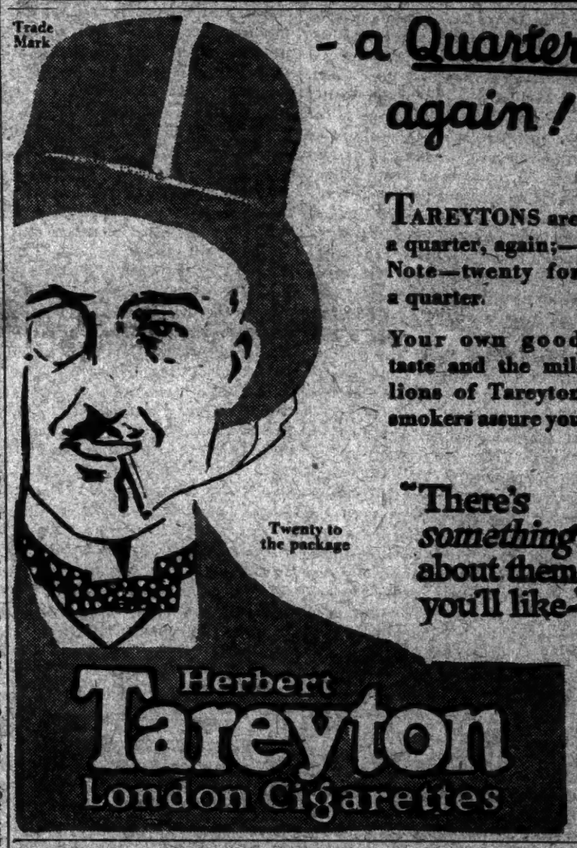

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 10, 1922.

SELF-DEFEATING VIOLENCE.

Violence is usually the last stage of a strike, the preliminary to acknowledging defeat. Hence mob action by the railway shopmen, even going so far in some States as to interfere with interstate commerce and the movement of the United States mails, is to be taken as a sign that desperate men in the union feel that they have been misled by their leaders, and that their cause cannot be won by peaceful methods. In that case, it cannot be won at all. The rule has been that violence by strikers is self-defeating. It always is if the public authorities do their duty.

If the States do not act with prompt and effective vigor, the Washington Government must. Trains have been discontinued for "lack of protection." If the Governors are unable to furnish it, the President cannot fail to do it. He said on the Fourth of July that liberty is gone in America if men are not allowed to work where and how they choose. There is ample warrant for the Federal Government to intervene, if necessary. Under the law regulating railroads, it is bound to do everything needful to support its own agency, the Railroad Labor Board. Furthermore, railway communication between the States is now clearly a matter of Federal jurisdiction. If traffic is broken up by force, the National Government is bound to meet it with greater force.

The country will look to President HARDING to stand ready to put down disorder, if it spreads and becomes serious in the railway strike. A clear and firm statement by him of the power and of the intentions of the Federal Government would of itself be a great help in preventing further violence.

THE COLLAPSE OF MARK VALUES.

Cables assert that the mark is losing all value, and that the German Government is endangered. Both may be true, but the connection between the two alleged facts is not so close as might be. Governments cannot give value to money, and Governments may fall without lessening the value of money. Money is worth what it will buy, and the mark is losing value because sellers will not accept it. Even German tax gatherers take taxes from farmers in produce.

Of course, the mark has lost exportable value, and even the surcharge on German customs is calculated in dollar exchange. Also, it was announced on Saturday that dollar exchange is the standard in Vienna. It is true that there is no reasonable doubt of the stability of our institutions, but the reason for the rise of the dollar—like the fall of the mark—is economic rather than political, even though political incidents may mark either the rise or the fall.

So long as any nation is within the economic world there is a tendency for its currency to work toward the international par of exchange. That comes about through effect on the rise or fall of prices. A currency loses value faster in a foreign country than in the country of issue, because of the lag in the price movements. But when a currency has only nominal purchasing value, either at home or abroad, the economic fact is the more important, whatever its political significance.

The loss of value of the mark indicates the end of the advantage which some have thought Germany enjoyed because of its cheap money. That advantage lasted only while Germany was working off its imported materials, and while the mark retained at home some of the purchasing power which it lost abroad. As soon as Germany could not import with marks it could not export in marks, except at a price range which gave marks value. It was necessary for Germany to raise its prices to keep purchasing value in the mark.

The short and simple way of expressing the same thing is to say that when currencies are not exchangeable on a gold basis commerce can be done only by barter, regardless of the form of government or the stability of Governments. It is calculated unofficially, and without certain knowledge, that Germany has succeeded in putting afloat in Germany 170 billions of marks, and in exporting 70 billions, of which it is guessed that half may have been sold here. If those marks have lost purchasing value, there is naturally loss of confidence in the Government issuing them, as well here as in Germany. But turning out the Government will not give value to the mark. Marks and rubles and the rest steadily approximate the value of Confederate currency, and yet there are those who do not see the new demonstration that the Governments which have most money are the most in need of more money, and that the Governments with the best money have least need of more.

ARTICLE 27 AND RECOGNITION.

In issuing a statement that a recent decision of the Mexican Supreme Court establishes the non-retroactivity of Article 27 of the Constitution, the Mexican Embassy at Washington says that the court acted upon "amparos" relating to the exploitation of subsoil products in the national petroleum zones." An amparo is an arguable order forbidding the Government to continue an alleged unconstitutional practice. The American name for it is injunction. So the cases upon which the Supreme Court passed were oil cases, and there are hundreds, perhaps thousands, of confiscations of land other than mineral-bearing in which American proprietors are concerned. It does not follow that they will be helped at all by the latest decision of the Supreme Court construing Article 27. When the opinion in the Texas Company case was published in August, 1921, there was premature rejoicing over it as a decision that Article 27, which limited ownership "in lands, waters and their appurtenances" to Mexicans by birth or naturalization and to Mexican companies, could not affect titles and concessions obtained by nationals before the new Constitution was adopted. It was pointed out at the time that the Texas Company case was "one of the clearest for the plaintiff, and that in Mexico each case is decided by itself and one does not set a precedent for the next."

Mexican jurisprudence is puzzling to students of a jurisprudence reared upon the Common Law of England. Moreover, Mexican courts often reflect the policies of the Federal Government. There have been decisions both ways upon Article 27. When CARRANZA was in power his decrees relating to statutes based upon the organic law were generally sustained, although American proprietors protested them. Accepted at its face value, the statement of the Mexican Embassy would seem to indicate a solution of the irritating problem at last. It is said that the Judges of the Supreme Court "arrived at the full conviction that Article 27 of our Constitution could not invalidate interests created prior to the adoption of the said Magna Charta, either through its text or through its fundamental spirit," and the declaration is made that "five requests for amparo or protection having been granted by the Supreme Court, being those filed by the Tamiahua Petroleum Company, a juridic base has been established which shall serve in the future as a basis for interpretation of the law in cases which, like those decided, fall inside the constitutional precept referred to." It is true that the regulations regarding amparo proceedings provide that five decisions "become the established interpretation of the law if they have been sustained in five successive opinions, the succession being unbroken by any contrary judgment." But what American proprietors of lands, mineral or other, will want to know is whether the last decision of the Supreme Court is to have general application; that is to say, is not to be limited to the conditions set forth in the brief for the Tamiahua Petroleum Company. It has been asserted that "the decision of the Supreme Court of Mexico in the Texas Company case is itself a reversal of an opinion announced by the same court during the Administration of President CARRANZA." The Texas Company undoubtedly benefited by the second decision, but the great majority of American proprietors got at all. Until the State Department has received the text of the opinion in the Tamiahua case and Secretary HUGHES has examined and reported upon it favorably, optimism would not be justified.

Nothing but a written pledge, preferably in treaty form, that American rights will be respected and safeguarded in Mexico should be the basis of recognition of the Obregon or any other Government. Judicial decisions are not sufficient, as the record shows. Constitutional interpretation under two Mexican reform Administrations has been unsatisfactory. An American who made an exhaustive study of the Constitution of 1917 has said that Article 27 "is in effect retroactive" and was intended so to be. If it is "differently construed, it becomes inoperative and nugatory." Abrogation or amendment, he maintains, will alone solve the vexed problem.

SHALL THE SEAS BE DRY?

Are the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead act valid or invalid on American ships on the high seas? Does prohibition or rum "follow the flag"? Is an American ship American territory, or is it a floating no man's isle of bliss beyond the three-mile limit? These questions, that have raised so much wrath in the celestial minds of Congressmen and the Anti-Saloon League and Chairman LASKER of the Shipping Board, are to be debated in public in Attorney General DAUGHERTY's office Thursday. He has before him the delicate task of deciding if American ships can legally become rum-ships beyond the three-mile dry zone. The fate of the American merchant marine is said to rest, in part, on a merciful decision. That tender costly plant needs, it is said, not only to be subsidized, but to be alcoholized.

Meanwhile, in Congress vigilant hands are waiting to smash the bottles in all the "ship stores" and marine smoking rooms, domestic and foreign. When the House reassembles, Mr. BANKHEAD's amendment to the Ship Subsidy bill, applying prohibition to American ships, will be brought up. To put American vessels on an equality with foreign vessels the Edmonds amendment, closing our harbors to all "wet" ships, will be pressed. So frowning look the fortunes of the subsidy. The plan the multitudinous seas to disincarnadine, exclude all ships that carry liquor, to pass, in effect, a non-intercourse act against the unenlightened nations still subject to the biting of the serpent and the stinging of the adder, is of deep, romantic interest, especially to the State Department. It is a scandal, an advertisement of national hypocrisy, to forbid rum on land and permit it on the sea. That should be ended; and no impertinent futile attempt to force prohibition upon foreign ships on the high seas should be made unless Congress is prepared to enounce the doctrine that each of the Seven Seas is an American lake, a closed sea, closed to King Alcohol and all his relations.

Senator STERLING of South Dakota has inklings of this sublime doctrine, if it shines as yet but faintly in him. His Tariff bill amendment, said to be supported by the most judicial minds of the Anti-Saloon League, extends the Volstead act to six marine leagues from the American coast. Any foreign vessel daring to show itself within that distance may be searched for the forbidden juice. Mr. STERLING's amendment is "new legislation" and, therefore, subject to election on a point of order; but he begins to see the light. He will not long be content with those three annexed marine leagues. He will, or should, propose a joint resolution declaring all seas, oceans, bays, gulfs, all the salty main, dry territory. This should be supplemented by legislation forbidding all Americans now in the United States from leaving it for any foreign country that is not dry; and forbidding the return of Americans now abroad and subject to the contamination of alcohol.

PEDAGOGIC PICTURES.

Using this alliterative phrase, Mr. WILL HAYS, in his address to several thousand teachers in Boston last week, proposed that the teachers of America join with the motion picture managers in finding a way to make films "scientifically, psychologically and pedagogically sound." Many States have already well-organized departments of visual instruction, and are prepared to take advantage of Mr. HAYS's proffer of a hundred million dollars' worth of facilities with which to make this great educational experiment. The national organization of teachers will, through a special committee, co-operate.

Some one at the Boston conference, referring to the lack of adequate preparation of too many teachers, especially in country districts, said that it was a case of the "blind leading the blind." But when one is aware of what children are daily seeing, one might think that there are certain advantages in being blind. Until a generation ago the environment of the country child at least, was largely controlled by the parent and teacher and a few neighbors. In the villages and cities, the neighbors had a larger part, but even so there was for most children an environment delimited as to space. Now, few children are so remote as not to have the world brought to their eyes. It is a great informational extension of horizon, but it is not necessarily educational, and often it is unquestionably confusing, if not mentally or morally weakening.

A great university President has defined education as the process of adaptation to environment. As a matter of fact, education should be the process of conquering environment. But with either definition the effort becomes bewildered or hopeless in the presence of an environment which is as complex as the month's "movie" or "radio" curriculum must be for many a child. Yet no one can estimate the immense educational value that can be given to this new environment-maker, and if Mr. HAYS can have the daily aid of the teachers throughout the schools of America, and they in turn can have "pedagogic pictures," the pictured word may be made a wholesome supplement to the spoken or the written word, even if it cannot take the place of either as a teacher of the lessons that the race has learned and feels impelled to hand on from generation to generation.

CENSORSHIP OF NEWS.

A court decision now holds that the powers of the State movie censors extend to news reels as well as to those which are more or less hastily regarded as art, and that news photographs which seem indecent or improper to the censors may be excluded. Thus the censorship of news begins, and it is hard to say where it will end.

The immediate danger, of course, is not great. Few people learn of what has happened from the movie news reels; and it would be rash to say that pictures could be shown in public of everything which may be described in the news. But the wedge usually enters by the thin end. In this particular case, the picture found obscene by our censors represented nothing but some girls in one-piece bathing suits, a spectacle which can be seen at Long Beach any Sunday, and which the average observer does not find in any way exciting. But nobody is qualified for a job as censor unless he is able to see evil where the ordinary mind would never notice it.

The powers of the movie censors stop with the movies. But it has been held that they may forbid the showing of photographs of things that have happened. Apparently, there is nothing in the decision or the regulations of the commission that might prevent partisan censors from applying their powers to the elimination of news that had a political aspect. And when the next offensive comes for the extension of a moral censorship to printed works this precedent may prove inconvenient. If books are censored, why not magazines? At least one of the books suppressed in recent years on motion of the Vice Society had run through magazine serialization with no objections, so far as the public knows. If it was wicked, it was just as wicked in the magazine. And if magazines, why not newspapers?

There is some logic in these arguments, and they lead straight to the conclusion that the public should be permitted to read and see only what three political appointees think will be good for it. Our censors in this State are not so bad as most, but persons of tolerance and judgment can rarely be persuaded to become censors, and are still more rarely invited.

PALE BRITANNIA.

While a French girl and an American woman were fighting for the British championship in tennis, last Saturday, what were English spectators inclined to melancholy thinking about? They might be pardoned for feeling that the athletic sceptre was departing from the British Isles. On the same day an American won the Diamond Sculls at Henley. A month before three American golfers were struggling with each other for first place in the British Open. Last year the men's tennis championship was taken away from England and the polo championship was lost. Supremacy in cricket might still be claimed for the empire, though not for England, since the Australians won every match from the all-England eleven at the last encounter.

However, if the British athletic shepherds have any philosophy left in them, they will not be wholly given over to despondency. They will comfort themselves by reflecting that it is a case of being invaded by the very best that foreign countries can produce, and that bright particular stars in any given sport are certain now and then to rise beyond the English horizon. A Lenglen, a Tilden, a Hagen, a Walter Hoover, is born, not made. England's turn for a creative effort in athletics may soon come again. Moreover, the passing of one championship cup after another may simply drive the British back to the last fortress of national complacency, and lead them to reassert that, win or lose, they have more all-the-year-round athletics than any other nation, and that out-of-door sports are "in widest commonality spread" in England. Yet it cannot be denied that Britannia is looking rather pale after the athletic storms that have lately passed over her, and is in need of any consoling tonic to which she can lay her hand.

ALWAYS READY.

That the American Red Cross is "on the job" was shown in the almost instant response that was made by the New York County Chapter to the call for help at the time of the Lexington Avenue subway accident last week. It was an accident that might have become a disaster but for the presence of mind and gallant behavior of the police and others and the prompt and skilled attention of the nurses. So notable was the service of the American Red Cross during the war that many doubtless think of it as a war relief agency only. Judge JOHN BARTON PAYNE, the National Chairman, conscious of this attitude, has said that "the good people appear to think the Red Cross has little to do since the war ended." But it has, as a matter of fact, a peace program for which there will always be a need.

The ex-service men are still, to be sure, the "special and urgent care" of the Red Cross. During the year 1921 nearly ten million dollars was spent by this organization in aiding disabled veterans of the World War. Besides this, it is reaching through its public health nurses rural communities where adequate facilities are painfully lacking. But its normal primary purpose is to be prepared for every emergency due to fire, famine, flood, pestilence or other widespread calamity.

This means that an organization must be kept intact and alert in every community of any size; first of all, that there may be immediate response to sudden need and then that there may be an efficient, permanent medium through which private assistance can continue to flow. Every chapter should be an "A. R. C." Chapter in a double sense—an Always Ready Chapter.

THE PREMIER BARD.

Even in the days when "the Dukes were scolding like omnibus drivers" and the Lords swearing like stable boys," Mr. LLOYD GEORGE could always find tranquillity and happy escape in Welsh. In the Llanystumdwy Institute he could pour forth romantic and rhythmic eloquence in Welsh, to the delight of his compatriots. Now not all the cares of empire, troubles foreign and domestic, Russia, Ireland and the Die-Hards, can choke his native wood-notes. Welsh verses of his, composed some years ago, set to music, were sung at the Anglesey musical festival. To him that has no Welsh, the original looks like a dance of granite consonants rudely embracing vowels. To the expert ear doubtless there is an ineffable choral consonancy in such married sounds as

Bliant y bryniau, herlwn dwyll a brad
Creiginiau cymru wen syn castellun
gwlad.

One suspects the translation:

Cambria's children dare deceit and spite,
Rocks of our nation constitute our might.

"A translator is a traitor." No doubt, in the original, Mr. GEORGE's song is worthy of GRUFFUDD AP YNAD GOCH. The title is "Wales Is One"; one for Mr. GEORGE, it may be added. If England were Wales, the patriot statesmen who have been longing for Mr. GEORGE's shoes would find their sole hope in the tables of mortality. He charms the House as he charms the Eisteddfod; and the magic lost in the English rendering of his Welsh chant is fully revealed every time he faces his opponents in St. Stephen's.

The older race of British statesmen smoothed out the cares of office with classical diversions, alcaics, sapphics, iambic pentameters, translations from the Anthology. Mr. GEORGE has the good fortune to be bilingual and to compose verses in his second native tongue. One likes to think of the resourceful, resilient, indomitable little man as a bard. He has the fervid, emotional temperament. His oratory has the imagination, the passion, the music of the poet. Those who love him not will say that in politics he is sometimes too imaginative and abuses his poetic license. Well, the United States hardly has a statesman-poet to compare him with, though JOHN QUINCY ADAMS did make verses which the world has willingly let die.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Evidence Wholly Negative.

In logical strictness, little or nothing was proved, one way or the other, in regard to "ectoplasm" by the investigation of the medium "Eva" by three Frenchmen eminent in physiology and psychology. Their work was prolonged, careful, and presumably done with no other object than to ascertain the truth and the facts. The results achieved, they state, were purely negative. During the repeated tests, nothing in any way supporting the claims as to "ectoplasm" was extruded by the medium, and the appearance of something from her mouth—the exact nature of which the savants apparently were not allowed to ascertain—indicated, if anything, merely that "Eva" shared with camels, in some slight degree, an unpleasant capability described, among others, by Mr. KIPLING in one of his poems.

The believers in "ectoplasm," however, can accept the report as accurate and still retain their faith. They can say, and doubtless will, that the failure of the manifestation to appear in fifteen trials by one person does not prove even that this one person never succeeds in bringing it to pass, and still less does it prove that nobody else can do it.

That brings out the weak point in all these inquiries—in the very nature of things their conclusions never can be final as long as anybody refuses to submit to a slow accumulation of negative evidence. Logicians long since gave up as hopeless the job of proving what they call a "universal negative." For example, while it can be demonstrated that the moon and several other heavenly bodies are not made of green cheese, whoever will still can affirm, safe from decisive contradiction, that somewhere in the illimitable extent of space there is a heavenly body constructed wholly of that material. Other people, not being slaves of logic, do yield to negative evidence as soon as there is enough of it to create a high probability, for ordinary life hardly can be carried on without treating high probability and certainty as much the same thing.

Savants and "Magicians" Are Different.

One mistake often made by skeptics in the domain of spiritism, and a very dangerous mistake it is, was avoided by the French savants. All their training and experience tended to make them more than incredulous as to the possibility of a material substance exuding in large quantities from a human body, assuming the form and features of persons dead, and then returning whence it came. They had a thousand reasons, all valid, for denying that possibility, and as many for expecting, if anything in the semblance of the mysterious substance did appear, to catch the medium or her associates in deliberate and conscious trickery. But they cautiously refrained, as men of the class called "magicians" usually do not, from promising to believe that there was no deception if they did not discover it.

More than one such case of failure, more than twenty, more than a hundred, would be required to be a firm foundation for acceptance of spiritist pretensions and contentions. No juggler can be sure of his ability, and still less anybody else, to see through and duplicate every achievement of another juggler, and yet, for a long time to come at least, no juggler need, because he can't, admit that spirits help even the most skillful of his rivals in the arts of prestidigitation.

No Mayor's Palace in Sight.

Realizing the almost infinite possibilities of human folly, some of us were really alarmed, last week, when a member of a real estate firm made a statement to the effect that a big house up on Riverside Drive had been sold to a purchaser who had something between a thought and an intention of giving it to the city to be used as a residence by its Mayors during their term of office.

These fears, fortunately, have been allayed. A day later, the real estate man, having decided, probably, that he had obtained enough of joy—or of advertising—from the sensation he had created, declared that he had been misunderstood. He only had meant to identify the house on Riverside Drive as the one which previously had been mentioned as a good home for Mayors if only somebody would present it to the city for that purpose.

The city does not need an official palace in which to house its Mayors; it will not buy one and it wouldn't—at least it certainly shouldn't—accept one as a gift. Our Mayors are not like our Presidents, our Ambassadors or our Governors. Most of these are, and all of them should be, lodged at the general public expense. In the public service they are taken far from home, and they have costly social duties that also are official duties. None of this is true of Mayors. They serve near home, at no added expense. None of them has to have a palace to be reasonably happy, and most of them would be lonesome and discontented in any house much bigger or grander than the one all of them have provided for themselves. Properly to run the house that was "suggested as a Mayoral residence" would cost something like $200,000 a year, and the emotions of the taxpayers when that amount of money was appropriated for that purpose would not be conducive to longevity.

A Land Where Ciphers Have Value.

It is not half as astonishing that an American who recently lived for five days in a Moscow hotel had to pay 121,000,000 paper rubles for his "accommodations" as that any hotel-keeper would take that or any other number of paper rubles in payment for real food and lodging. Russian money, so far as any chance of its ultimate redemption is concerned, long since became literally not worth the paper on which it is printed. Whether one has more or less of it, whether the figures on it are large or small, makes next to no difference from the financial and economic points of view, for its ultimate holder faces the certainty of repudiation.

Yet the stuff does "pass" in Russia, and a 1,000,000-ruble note for some mysterious reason is preferred to one for 100,000 rubles. It is a strange land where "worthless" has degrees of comparison.

Convention Plus Direct Primary.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. LaGuardia is reported to be willing to accept official nominating conventions, plus a primary, to dispute the conventions' choice. There are objections both to direct nominations and to the convention system, but such a hybrid plan as this would be infinitely worse than anything ever tried in this State. You would have your primary to elect the delegates, then you would have your primary to upset, if possible, what the delegates had done. This would add enormously to the expense of elections, but that is not the worst of it. Whereas, under the system in vogue in this State until Governor Miller restored the State and judicial conventions, anybody might contest for any nomination without reading himself out of the party, even as against the man suggested, or designated, by the organization, what now? To contest as against the officially chosen candidate of his party would make the contestant a party outlaw, an assistant to the opposing party. His party's defeat would almost certainly follow at the polls, whether he won or lost the nomination, and under such a handicap for him to win it would be a miracle.

ALBERT E. HOYT.

Albany, June 26, 1922.

THE TRUTH ABOUT FLAPPERS.

Who says that a flapper's a bold, bad girl?
I tell you it's all dead wrong.
She's just a *regular* girl who's learned
Where regular girls belong.

She wears flat heels and a boyish bob,
And she grins a chummy grin;
She knows the rules, and she plays the game,
And she doesn't take you in.

And what if she does puff a cigarette?
Oh—we did the same, you know,
Except that we did it *behind closed doors*,
In the golden long ago!

She is wise to the fact that the fearful stork
Is a bird that lays plain eggs,
And she trips around, quite unashamed,
On a visible pair of legs.

She does *her* "cussedness" right out loud,
With a courage that we call "bold."
She doesn't *sneak* all her small, pet sins!
We did, in the days of old!

Of course, when she "pets" A boy or two
We think it's a bit unwise;
But Youth and Wisdom were never pals
Under any earthly skies.

We "spooned" with as many as that, or more,
Only we—we never told!
In those good old, wise old, sly old days,
Those virtuous days of old!

I could scold her a little for just one thing—
Her rouged and powdered face.
I love the flush of the rose leaves so,
But we old ones set the pace!

And the ones who drink, and shame their youth?
Oh, they're "something else, again."
I tell you, *flappers are regular girls*,
And they pal with regular men.

So—here's to the flappers! Bless 'em all!
Long may they flap on high!
They're the twentieth century Band of Hope!
May their species never die!

BARBARA YOUNG.

THE WHITE PLAGUE.

Constant Danger From Tuberculosis in New York City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"From 50 to 80 per cent. are still under medical care."

That was the rather startling answer of our statistical department, yesterday, in reply to a question involving the continued prevalence of tuberculosis within certain specified areas of our city.

The fact is that during the six years from 1915 to 1920, inclusive, the second West of Catharine Street, the Bowery, West Broadway and Sixth Avenue, up to West Fourteenth Street, and extending down to the very tip end of the city, with a population of approximately 275,000 (or about that of Syracuse), had a tuberculosis death rate in certain of the smaller sanitary areas reaching as high as 1,117 per 100,000 population, when in the city as a whole the rate was only 146; and the further striking fact is that while, on May 1 of this year, the Department of Health registration of known living cases of pulmonary tuberculosis in that section of the city totaled 1,716, there were on that day, in the district west of Broadway, 678 patients, or 60 per cent. of the local registration, who were not under medical care, while in the district east of Broadway, 466 more cases, or 80 per cent. of the local registration, were remaining "at home," or had recently been lost track of from their previously given addresses, and consequently were also not under medical care.

It is necessary, also, to draw attention to the circumstance that, here, in New York City, during the month of April of this year, the number of deaths from tuberculosis in its various forms was 883, as against 1,038 a year ago during the same month.

These figures speak for themselves. "From 50 per cent. to 80 per cent. not under medical care" means only one thing—the imperative need for the hardest kind of hard work, for constant watchfulness and for the continual spread of educational and preventionary measures.

While it is true, of course, that the deaths in this city from this scourge in 1921 showed a decrease over 1920, it would indeed be a great misfortune if any unwarranted sense of security should thereby be permitted to exist in the public mind. There must be no misapprehension as to the ever-present danger from the "white plague" here in New York City, or as to the constant need for conducting the most strenuous possible anti-tuberculosis fight without a moment's slackening.

For the good of New York we shall be glad to give helpful information, without charge, to all who may inquire of us.

NEW YORK TUBERCULOSIS ASSOCIATION,
10 East Thirty-Ninth Street.

New York, June 9, 1922.

Asks Co-operation From Jews.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In connection with the prevalent discussion about Harvard's "student-sifting" plans, your columns of yesterday and today present significant items of news.

Yale, in conferring an important honorary degree upon Adolph S. Ochs, and Harvard, in announcing that the Committee of the Faculty which will deal with the before-mentioned question at issue has as three of its (thirteen) members Professors Sachs, Wolfsohn and Rosenau, have furnished factors which clear-thinking men, Jews or non-Jews, must recognize as vital toward the solution of the problem.

In all the hue and cry which has been raised it seems remarkable to me that none seems to have referred to the article, in a sense prophetic, written (nearly twenty years ago) by the great Dean Shaler of Harvard, a particular chapter in the book (treating with prejudice), called "The Neighbor," outlining comprehensively and with obvious honesty the results of experiments conducted among members of his own classes, to determine the causes for student feeling against Jewish classmates.

However deeply we regret it, we recognize that natural laws will cause manifestations of the anti-racial prejudice to continue in practically all aspects of social life, including that phase which may, at least should, be highest, that of the universities.

Not resentment, but co-operation, is demanded from the Jews, if their best interests are to be served. Therefore, no better earnest of good faith should be asked than that they, through fully accredited representatives, shall have a full voice in the determination of the form, manner and volume of the restrictions which certain inborn differences among peoples may call for.

CHARLES SACHS.

New York, June 23, 1922.

Patriotic Song Medleys.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter of Richard D. Harlan, which you publish in your issue of even date, indicates that several thousand Pennsylvanians and Mr. Harlan are not familiar with the ruling of the War Department anent "The Star-Spangled Banner." For some time past the rule has been in force forbidding the incorporation or interpolation of "The Star-Spangled Banner" in any medley form of selection. Bandmasters in general have cut it from these arrangements. The music of "America" is the same as the English national anthem, being simply an adaptation of the music to the words. The music and words of "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean" are both of English origin with the substitution of "Columbia" for "Britannia." It was also published in England as the "Red, White and Blue." Strictly speaking, neither of the above compositions should, in my humble opinion, be included in the medleys of American music.

There is a notable and disgraceful absence of respect at most all of our city park concerts during the rendition of "The Star-Spangled Banner," especially the smaller parks. It is regarded by many as merely perfunctory. We have much to learn from other nationalities in this direction. Many people are evidently ignorant of the requirements, as it will be noticed that they arise when "America" is played, standing at attention and giving it the action and respect which is due only to the American anthem.

I may be mistaken as to which of the Government departments the ruling in relation to the above originated, though it was first called to my attention through military authority.

LEVINGSTON SNEDIKER.

Staten Island, N. Y., June 30, 1922.

Professor Shepherd's Berlin Lecture

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It might fairly be disputed whether Professor Shepherd is open to your criticism yesterday for lecturing in the University of Berlin. After the Revolutionary War there was strong feeling against having any intercourse except the slightest possible with England. Washington was wiser. Germany has been beaten, not only beaten, but crushed, not only crushed but punished by a peace treaty severer in its terms than anything known among civilized nations since the partition of Poland. She has accepted the consequences, and is trying to live up to a treaty which even her enemies acknowledge is impossible of execution. We all thought its hardships were palliated by Germany's precipitating the war and her cruelties in conducting it. But she was not the only nation responsible for the war, for here the only hands imbrued in its atrocities. She is now trying to get back to something resembling her own higher life of humanity. Every educated man is much in her debt. Now that we are at peace with her it is not just and it certainly is not magnanimous to stand aloof in self-righteous isolation and refuse all intercourse in the things of the mind. In building up walls between ourselves and other nations, including the nation of Goethe, Schiller, the Fredericks and Kant, we are cutting off the Fountain Head of all the streams of knowledge and culture which have watered our own country.

J. ALFRED FAULKNER.

Madison, N. J., July 6, 1922.

NAVY NOW USING AIRPLANE CARRIERS

Personnel and Materials Shifted More Quickly and Economically by New Method.

NC-9 TRANSPORTED 20 MEN

Big Bathtubs Moved From Gettysburg to Quantico—Army Taking Up the Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The use of large airplanes for the transportation of men and material between naval stations has been adopted by the Navy Department with a success that promises further development along these lines throughout the Government service.

Announcement was authorized today by Acting Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt that such use of airplanes already in the service has resulted in speed, efficiency and economy. It has saved time as compared with rail, steamer or automobile transportation and the cost has been cheaper than fares or freight rates.

The Marine Corps for some time has been using airplanes for the transportation of heavy pieces of freight. The latest instance of this was in the transportation of several large bathtubs from the Gettysburg battlefield to the marine base of operations at Quantico, Va., a distance of more than one hundred miles. The tubs were strapped securely upon the fuselages of large Martin bombing planes which took the air at Gettysburg and flew across sections of Pennsylvania, Maryland, the District of Columbia and Virginia, to Quantico on the Potomac.

The bombing planes used in this task made several trips between Gettysburg and Quantico the same day. The work could have been done by automobile trucks in a day but would have taken several hours longer. By freight or express it would have taken several days.

Seaplane Carries Twenty Men.

The Bureau of Aeronautics of the Navy Department recently inaugurated the practice of using large seaplanes for the transportation of men and material between the naval air stations along the Atlantic seaboard and the Gulf Coast. A notable instance of this was during the past week, when the NC-9, the largest seaplane in the naval aviation service, was dispatched from Hampton Roads to Philadelphia carrying twenty officers and men. It was the longest flight that has been made in this country by a seaplane carrying this number of men as passengers.

The occasion for the flight was the transportation of ten navy pilots to the aircraft factory in Philadelphia for the purpose of manning ten torpedo planes, which will be used in manoeuvres with the Atlantic fleet this Summer. The torpedo planes were flown to Hampton Roads the latter part of last week, where they will be placed in service in the Atlantic fleet air squadrons.

Another example of speeding important work in progress was the flight of an F-5-L, the large type of navy scouting airplane, to Philadelphia from Washington on Friday, when spare parts were urgently needed to carry on the work on one of the seaplanes now in progress at the naval air station at Anacostia. The F-5-L made the trip to Philadelphia in three hours, against a strong head wind, and returned in little over half that time with the aid of a favorable breeze.

Bath Orders Sent by Air.

Officials of the Bureau of Aeronautics are now using this method of transportation to accomplish duties in hours that in the past would have taken days to perform. Inspections of stations, rush orders to aviation personnel and other important business are all carried out with a minimum of loss of time and a corresponding gain in efficiency and money saved.

The army is likewise using the airplane for official transportation of men and materials. It has been found that officials can make inspection trips covering widely separated military posts more speedily, economically and efficiently by airplane than motor in many instances.

Several recent examples of this were furnished in the trip which General Smedley D. Butler, commanding the Marine Corps contingent, now en route from Gettysburg to Quantico, undertook in advance of the recent Gettysburg celebration. General Butler flew from Quantico to Philadelphia and then to Gettysburg and return to make the preliminary arrangements for the march of the marines across country from Virginia to Pennsylvania for their Gettysburg manoeuvres. By using an airplane he did in a day what would have taken nearly a week otherwise.

Patrick Made Florida Flight.

Still another notable instance of the use of the airplane for official inspection tours was furnished in the trip which General Mason M. Patrick, chief of the army Air Service, made from Washington to Florida and return on an inspection trip of fields in the Fourth Army Corps Area. In approximately twenty hours flying time, General Patrick was accompanied by Major R. A. Dargue, went from Washington to Florida and return, inspecting air activities at Chapman Field, Fla.; Camp Benning, Ga., and Fort Bragg, Camp Bragg, Fayetteville, N. C. Traveling by train, it would have taken the chief of the Army Air Service several days longer to cover the activities.

By using airplanes on his inspection General Patrick was later able to attend the balloon race at Milwaukee. He and Major Dargue traveled from Washington to Chicago by train and completed the trip by airplane from Chicago to Milwaukee. After witnessing the start of the balloon race they traveled over the Middle West by airplane to inspect Air Service activities there.

KURDISH REPUBLIC FORMED.

Simko, Bandit Leader, Said to Have Defeated Persian Troops.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9 (Associated Press).—Angora dispatches to local newspapers report that the Persian bandit Simko has proclaimed a Kurdish Republic, assuming the Presidency himself, after defeating the Shah's army. It is said that Simko commanded 15,000 men and was assisted by Mustapha Kemal Pasha, former Turkish War Minister, with the fighting lasting for several days. Simko's cavalry is reported to be marching on Tabriz.

The new republic embraces the regions of Kermanshah, Sulmas, Urumiah and Erdilak, according to the dispatches, which report also an insurrection in Luristan, Western Persia.

47,500 FED DAILY IN RUSSIA.

American Relief Administration Tells of Aid in Petrograd District.

In Petrograd district, not directly in the famine area, the American Relief Administration is now feeding 40,000 children between 3 and 14 years of age, it was announced yesterday. The work is supervised by George A. Coulter, a New York banker, assisted by Dr. Joseph C. Walker, American Relief Administrator.

The Relief Administration also is providing a daily meal for 5,000 famine refugees quartered in barracks and is giving a daily portion of milk to babies as well as food and milk to nursing mothers.

Twenty-five hundred students are fed every day by an operation with the Methodist Episcopal Board of Foreign Missions.

MILLIONS STOLEN BY ORGANIZED FORGERS

Unit is Band of Four—Penman, Bondsman, "Paseer" and Thief.

ODD PROTECTING DEVICES

Burgess Smith, Ex-Chief Bureau of Engraving, Tells Both Sides of Game.

The scores of signature protecting devices registered every year in the Patent Office in Washington and in the intensive study of the subject by scientific and secret service agencies of the Government and of banking institutions have failed to stop the depredations of the clever forger, according to Burgess Smith, for many years Chief of the Research Department of the United States Bureau of Engraving. Among Mr. Smith's achievements while in office was the devising of the "washing machine" in which our currency was cleaned before the war. Since the war, Mr. Smith explains, the machine is impracticable because of the poor quality of the paper in the paper bills now in circulation.

Check raisers, forgers and check thieves are today operating with a boldness never surpassed," said Mr. Smith, "and their depredations are costing the public approximately $50,000,000 to $60,000,000 annually. Credit men's associations, banks and associations of banks are co-operating with the local, State and national Government authorities to halt the rapidly increasing crimes both by detection of organized bands and by the education of the public in the necessity for regarding checks, both blank and filled in, as actual currency, worth potentially to the skilled check manipulator the entire credit or possible fortune of the signer.

"Check papers are today made to prevent mutilation, and check writing machines that shred the amount of the check into the very fibre of the paper are additional certain protection, but the average check user is so careless both in handling and in filling in his checks that he invites the costly results that are increasing by millions of dollars annually.

"Document paper of any kind is valuable and should be treated as such. In the Government Bureau of Engraving, and in the laboratory of the paper manufacturing company with which I am now connected, all special paper, made from costly patterns, is printed under lock and key and all employes are searched going and coming. We realize that a blank check with a signature that passes a storekeeper or the paying teller is money, and that a check carelessly written that permits a check manipulator to write additional letters or words to the amount line, offers an opportunity that is not liable to be resisted.

"Check manipulating today is conducted by trained bands, who have first the penman, who is an expert; next the 'backer' who furnishes bail when one of the band is arrested; third, the thieves, who steal checks when necessary from mail boxes and last, but not unimportant, the 'passers,' who pass the check after it has been doctored. Check manipulation is an old game that has always attracted the aristocracy of crime.

The making of currency and document paper to defeat these criminals is the result of generations of painstaking labor, using every aid of science. For instance, there is a paper that turns white and flashes out the word 'void' if an attempt is made to alter it. That paper cannot be tampered with. But if a Shamian, who writes an amount, may 'ten,' on that kind of paper, leaves sufficient margin before or after it, it can become 'ten hundred' or 'fifteen' or any other amount a clever penman can write in.

"Check-users—particularly the merchant, the professional man and the woman who carry their checks about, or leave them lying carelessly in drawers should remember to guard them as they would money. When a check is drawn, write so closely to the margin that no other word can be inserted, and after the written amount draw a heavy line that defies erasure. Never typewrite a check and whenever possible stamp the amount in the very fibre of check with one of the devices that shred the paper. Perforations can be filled up."

BOLSHEVISM HER EXCUSE.

French Court Overlooks Theft by Woman Who Suffered in Russia.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 9.—A year's unlawful imprisonment to which a French woman was subjected by the Bolsheviki was substituted yesterday by a judge in the Thirteenth Chamber of the Correctional Tribunal for a year's imprisonment to which she had been sentenced for the recent theft here of money and valuables from her employer.

Mlle. Jeanne Mille, Thérèse Talbaut, who was formerly a governess in a wealthy Russian family and who volunteered for the Russian army hospital at the outbreak of the war. Following the revolution she was imprisoned by the Bolsheviki, and no sooner was she released than she was wounded in the streets of Petrograd by the explosion of a Howitzer.

Upon her recent escape from Russia and return to Paris she was forced to take employment as a chambermaid, but during the first week she stole 3,000 francs, a gold chain, a bracelet and a quantity of furnishings.

The Judge, after hearing Mlle. Talbaut's story and sentencing her to a year's imprisonment, suspended the sentence in view of her year's incarceration at the hands of the Reds and the lawless atmosphere in which she was detained which he considered sufficient cause for her moral breakdown.

GREENWICH SUPPER DANCE.

Many Dinner Parties Precede Gathering at Field Club.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 9.—About 200 persons attended a supper dance at the Field Club last night. Many of the younger set who are home from schools and colleges for the vacation were present.

Mrs. Leslie C. Bruce entertained a party of twelve and Miss Ruth Hyde had a large party. Others present included Mr. and Mrs. Edwin E. Close, Mr. and Mrs. George Carhart, James H. Poll, Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Bleisher, Amos Morrill, De Kastia, Miss Polly Lincoln, Elsbeth Croft, Winifred Croft and Mary Heaton.

In the finals of the men's tennis match in the Rapid Transit tournament played on the club courts yesterday afternoon Arthur Dubroe and Malcolm Oakes, son of Mrs. Edward W. Packard, defeated W. L. Bleisher and C. Cowe. There were twenty entries. The finals in the ladies' match will be played off later. Those who have reached the finals are Miss Mary Beaton, Mrs. W. A. Flinn, Miss Emily Lincoln and Miss Seidenberg.

2 Youths Arrested at Rear of Store.

The timely appearance of Patrolman Parsons early yesterday, according to the police, prevented the robbery of the grocery store of Kefirt Brothers, 3,844 Broadway. Residents of the building saw two youths at the rear of the store, and notified Parsons, who arrested them. They gave their names as Patrick Kilgath, 16, of 2,782 Eighth Avenue, and Albert Raymond, 17, of 48 Old Broadway. They were locked up in the West 152d Street Station. Kilgath charged with attempted burglary and Raymond with [illegible].

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Dr. Emily Kinsman of 446 Park Avenue will spend the Summer at Byrcliff, Woodstock, Ulster, and will be joined there by Mary Maxwell White, a noted Boston landscape painter.

Ex-Governor F. D. Gardner of Missouri, Mrs. Gardner and their three children from St. Louis, sailed on the Majestic to spend the Summer abroad.

Sir Paul and Lady Chater of Hongkong, China, who sailed Saturday on the Mauretania, gave a farewell luncheon at Sherry's before embarking. This is their first visit to London since going to Hongkong, eight years ago.

Admiral G. J. Blocklinger, retired, and Mrs. Blocklinger gave a dinner last evening at the Waldorf-Astoria roof.

Mr. and Mrs. Grosvenor Porter Orton, who have been at the Ambassador, left yesterday for their Pacific Coast home, El Tranquilo, Montecito, Santa Barbara, Cal.

Albert Morris Bagby, who makes his home at the Waldorf-Astoria, has gone to Alexandria Bay to open his Summer home, and intends to stay until late in August.

Mr. and Mrs. Quincy A. Gilmore, who came from Summcroft, their Summer home at Watch Hill, R. I., left the Ritz-Carlton for Philadelphia Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard, who arrived last week from abroad, are at the Ritz until they leave for their Newport villa.

Mrs. William A. Prime and her daughter, Miss Cornelia Prime, who live at the Plaza, are now at Colorado Springs, at the Broadmoor.

Mrs. Albert T. Maurice of Rye has been spending the week with Mrs. Paul Kowell Jr. at the Hill Top Inn, Newport.

Southampton.

Yesterday found added lists to the tennis tournaments at the Meadow Club, which are to open on the fifteenth and close on the nineteenth of this month. Three entered for the Hogan Cup, which is to be played on the 12th, open only to sons of members and season subscribers, 17 years old and over, include: John W. Cross Jr., Page Cross, A. Willing Patterson, Edward B. Patterson, Rex Fiske, Philip E. Dunne, P. S. Townsend, J. C. Potter and Stephen Terhune.

Additions to the entries for the Lord Cup are the Misses Kate Prentice, Caroline C. Prentice, Estelle O'Brien, Urania Twining, Margaret Thaw, Betty Condon and Emily Davies. The Misses Margaret Dunne and Theodora Barstow are added to the entries for the Fox Cup.

The temperature of the water at the beach at the bathing hour yesterday morning registered 62 and the blue flag was flying. However, the sky was overcast and but few ventured in the surf.

Louis Simmons, a protégé of Samuel L. Parrish, who has met with great success as a vocalist and singer, has established a studio here in the old Ellistonian castle in Herrick Road, his studio being the centre for delightful afternoons of music and for the coming together of music lovers from among the villa colony and the surrounding towns.

Miss Helene Bartlett, a pupil of Theodore Leschetitzky of Vienna, also has established a music studio in Main Street, where she is passing the Summer. Miss Bartlett is related to some of the leading families among the villa colony and her studio is the meeting place of many social gatherings.

Samuel L. Parrish, who has donated to the town the beautiful memorial hall in Herrick Road in memory of the young men who lost their lives in the World War, has provided a place where concerts may be given free to the public. Mr. Parrish has done more than any other person here for the establishment of a music centre.

A series of free and pay concerts will be given this Summer under the direction of Louis Simmons. The programs will include a number of the best artists and will comprise vocal and instrumental features.

Many luncheon parties were given yesterday at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club house. Among those entertaining were: Miss Sarah E. Larkin, who had twelve of her young friends; Franklin Berwind had six to luncheon there; Henry F. Cook also had six guests at his table.

Mrs. Alexander Harvey Eiers had a luncheon party of eight. Dr. and Mrs. Walter J. Miles entertained a party of six. Judge Glennon, who is staying at the club over Sunday, had seven friends at luncheon and George Richardson of Boston entertained a party of four. Saturday, Mr. Pell came to Southampton to join his family at Chelsea. Mrs. Thompson, who has entirely recovered from her recent illness, left here on the Everglades, their houseboat, and met Colonel Thompson in New York, and they have gone to Newport, where they will pass several days before returning here for the rest of the Summer.

Orson Munn entertained twelve guests at dinner Saturday night at the Meadow Club, afterward taking them to the dance in the club.

Mr. and Mrs. Faber Downer Jr., who will return this week from their honeymoon in Europe, will visit her mother, Mrs. Edward van Ingen, at the Mallows, her Summer home here. Mrs. van Ingen will give a welcome home dinner party for them on Saturday night.

The Women's Guild of St. John's Episcopal Church in South Main Street will hold its Summer sale on the lawn of the church on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. J. McVicker, who have been house guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus L. Patterson at their Summer home in Ox Pasture Road for several days, have returned to their country place, Battle Ridge Farm, in White Plains.

Tuesday evening there will be a meeting of the Village Improvement Association in the court room at 8:15 o'clock. The association has offered $20 in prizes for the best kept driveway in the business part of the village. The object is to make Southampton a beauty spot and an object lesson to other localities.

Newport.

Dr. and Mrs. Alexander Hamilton Rice gave a luncheon at Miramar yesterday.

H. Carey Morgan of New York was registered at the Casino yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Walters were among those giving dinners over the week end.

Mrs. E. S. Hodgman of Greenwich, Conn., and Mr. and Mrs. Harris Hyman of New Orleans are at Hill Top Inn.

Captain Hugh L. Willoughby reached Newport in his new biplane, the Ibis, yesterday afternoon. Captain Willoughby made the trip from Florida in easy stages and his trip to Newport was from Amityville, L. I., where he arrived Saturday from Washington, Pa. The Ibis, according to her owner, worked perfectly all the way up the coast.

Vincent Astor is to do some flying about Newport this Summer, and his monoplane, in charge of Clifford Webster, has been brought from New York.

There was a big crowd at Bailey's Beach yesterday, and there were also two beach picnic parties given during the afternoon, one by Mrs. H. T. Wilson and the other by Mrs. Sylvanus Stokes.

COL. HASKELL COMING HOME

To Consult About Future of Relief Work in Russia.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, July 8.—At a meeting of the all-American personnel in Moscow of American Relief Administration Headquarters today Colonel Haskell announced that he would leave Monday for Washington to take part in a conference to decide the future of the Administration's work in Russia. The Colonel said he expected to return in about six weeks.

He congratulated every one on the fact that the work of food distribution was now going on so smoothly that he felt it safe to leave in charge his principal aid, Cyril Quinn, with the assurance that everything would go without a hitch.

BOYS HELD AS SUSPECTS.

One of Band Killed and One Turned Over to Children's Society.

William Dugan, 18, of 179 Second Avenue, and Daniel Egan, 17, of 238 East Forty-second Street, were held in $2,500 bail each in the Yorkville Court yesterday by Magistrate Simpson on suspicion of burglary. The two prisoners, with John Toner, 17, of 543 East Thirty-fourth Street, and John Downey, 14, of 224 East Forty-second Street, were discovered by a coroner and detectives from the East Fifty-first Street Station in the building at 229 East Forty-second Street, Saturday night, in a vacant apartment, the door to which had been forced.

Toner, who was discovered on a fire escape, was shot and killed by Policeman Lerouse. Downey was turned over to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, charged with juvenile delinquency.

MURDERS STIR BUDAPEST.

Ex-Army Officer Held Responsible for Death of Three Jews.

BUDAPEST, July 9.—Excitement was in evidence throughout the city yesterday over discussion in Parliament of the case of Ex-Lieutenant Hejjas, who is charged with being the leader of a secret patriotic organization said to be responsible for the death of three Budapest Jews.

Deputy Berky called attention to statements by Hejjas that he would not accept amnesty, that he was ready to appear for trial and, further, that he was proud of having given orders for the execution of the three Jews, whom he described as traitors to Hungary.

After a warm debate Premier Bethlen stated that public order must be respected and that a thorough investigation of the Hejjas case was being made.

GUNMAN HELD IN $10,000.

Woman Complained That He Threatened to "Get Some One."

Nicholas Gentile, 35, of 155 East 127th Street, was held in $10,000 bail yesterday by Magistrate Edward Weil in Harlem Court for examination tomorrow charged with violation of the Sullivan law. A woman living at 66 East 106th Street complained that Gentile had threatened to "get some one" at that address. Detective George Lane of the East 104th Street station testified that he went to the East 100th Street house and after waiting there for some time, saw Gentile arrive. According to the police, when Gentile was searched a .38 calibre revolver was found on him.

VISIT ROOSEVELT'S GRAVE.

Thousands in Cemetery — London Rotarians Lay a Wreath.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 9.—Thousands of visitors took advantage of the fine weather today to visit the grave of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt in Young's Memorial Cemetery, Oyster Bay.

Among there was a delegation of thirty from the London, England, Rotary Club. A wreath placed on the grave by this party displayed the following card: "A tribute to the memory of a great American, from the international delegation comprising members of the Rotary Club of London, England. July 8, 1922."

TWO SHOT BY POLICEMAN.

Jaw Broken by Kick, He Fires into a Group of Rowdies.

His jaw fractured by a kick, Policeman Simon Denker of the Clinton Street Station raised himself from the sidewalk in front of 224 Chrystie Street early yesterday morning, and, putting five shots into a group of young men, brought down two of them. John Justino, 21 years old, of 23 Elvington Street, left hand and right thigh, and Ritchie, 24 years old, of 188 Chrystie Street, were the men who went to Gouverneur Hospital with Denker.

According to the policeman's story, he was patrolling Chrystie Street, the scene of many murders and more shootings, when he saw several young men throwing ash cans into the street. He ordered the mob "move on." One of them hurled an ash can cover at him, knocking him down. Some of the youths pushed and kicked him while he was down. Then Denker drew his revolver.

While the fight was going on some one telephoned to the Clinton Street Station, reporting a riot in progress. Captain Michael E. Kelly led the reserves, arriving in time to witness the escape of all of Denker's assailants except the two wounded men.

HELD FOR FATAL STABBING.

Painter Believed to Have 'Got Even' With Slain Man.

Thomas Coby, 28, a painter of 540 East Fifteenth Street, was arrested early yesterday morning on a charge of killing Peter Frederick, of 540 East Eighteenth Street, who was stabbed to death Saturday night at Fifteenth Street and Avenue A. Coby, who was known to the police, was suspected of the killing. Detectives had been waiting for him near the spot where the stabbing occurred.

Frederick and Coby, the police learned, had quarreled a short time ago and Coby had been taken to Bellevue Hospital with a stab wound. He threatened to "get even" and, according to the police, admitted that the murder was the fulfillment of this threat.

CRIPPLE TRIES TO DIE.

Man With Fingerless Hands Tires of Failure to Earn Living Wage.

Despondent because of his inability to earn a living wage with fingerless hands, Fred Ulstene, 35, of 323 East Thirty-second Street, yesterday cut his throat with a razor. Ulstene, who lives with his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Donnelly, had been unable to perform any work that would give him a regular income and was eking out an existence by making paper boxes.

Yesterday he took a razor from the home of a brother-in-law and while his mother was having dinner, went into an adjoining room and attempted to kill himself. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where it was said he might recover.

SAT ON GRASS, THEN IN CELL

Man Insisting Upon His Rights Now Faces Four Charges.

Louis Diamond, of 3,132 Broadway, was sitting on the grass in Central Park, near the Zoo yesterday with about 1,000 other persons. Patrolman Gutrie came along and told them that it was a prohibited grass area. Everybody got off but Diamond, who said he was an American citizen and insisted upon his rights. He even raised his cane to emphasize his remarks, according to the policeman.

When he got through he was locked up, charged with sitting on a prohibited grass area, abusive language, causing a crowd to collect, and attempting to assault an officer.

DENIED FRUIT, KILLS DEALER

Customer Shoots Fruit Vendor Who Refuses to Sell to Him.

There had been a feud for some time between Joseph Milano, 45 years old, a fruit dealer, whose stand is at 1,047 First Avenue, and Gaetano Russo, 26, of 2,046 First Avenue. Yesterday Russo went into the fruit store and asked for watermelons, which Milano refused to sell him. Russo whipped out a revolver and shot the fruit dealer dead.

He ran through East 107th Street, and was caught by Patrolman Patrick Carr, of the East 104th Street Police Station, and locked up on a charge of homicide. According to the police, he admitted shooting Milano because he had refused him the melons.

HERE TO ARRANGE TOUR OF SOVIET PLAYERS

Michael Visaroff Tells of His Plan to Give Twelve Weeks' Program in This City.

"Will they let us give Oscar Wilde's 'Salome' here?" asked Michael Visaroff, of the Kamerny Theatre in Moscow, of a group of newspaper men here yesterday. He has just come to New York to arrange a visit of his troupe to this city next October. Through an interpreter at the Hotel Majestic he told something of the plans of the company, in which he is a leading actor.

"We shall give a number of classical and modern plays in modern futuristic settings, with special interpretations that have been worked out in our studios," said Mr. Visaroff. "We shall also give some pantomimes with ballet and orchestra. Our performances will be in one of the Broadway theatres, which one I am here to arrange. It is possible that we may go to Chicago as well, and we shall probably make a stop in Berlin on our way back to Moscow."

Twelve plays will be produced, each to run for a week unless the popular demand is for more. The company of about 45 men and women will be on a fourteen weeks' leave of absence granted by the Soviet Government. Among the plays on the provisional schedule are Racine's "Phèdre," Shakespeare's "Romeo and Juliet" and "The Merry Wives of Windsor," Oscar Wilde's "Salome" (if permitted), Synge's "Irish Era," "Life Is a Dream," by the Spanish writer Calderono; "A Fan," by the Italian, Goldoni; "Two Worlds," by Tor Hedberg, and Beaumarchais's "Marriage of Figaro." All will be given in Russian.

Alexander Tairoff is the Director of the Kamerny company, the leading woman is Alice Koonen and the leading man Nicolai Tereteilli. An orchestra, ballet and chorus will be recruited here. The Kamerny Theatre is said to be one of the largest in Russia. It is eight years in existence.

Mr. Visaroff conveyed the thanks of Russian artists to those in America who aided them in the privations of the famine.

ACCIDENT TO EXPRESS EXCITES PASSENGERS

Connecting Rod on Engine Breaks Near Wreck Scene Where 7 Were Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Passengers on a Philadelphia & Reading express train from Atlantic City were thrown into a state of excitement tonight when a connecting rod on the locomotive broke while the train was traveling at high speed. No one was injured. The accident happened as the train was approaching Stratford, the first station north of Winslow Junction, the scene of the wreck a week ago of the Midnight Flier, in which seven persons were killed and sixty-five injured.

Soon after passing the junction the passengers were startled by the sudden application of the airbrakes and a screeching blast of the whistle. On one side of the train gravel and small stones were dashed against the windows, breaking several, and dense clouds of smoke blinded the view.

The excitement was of short duration. The train of coaches came to a stop, and hundreds of persons rushed from the cars. Upon learning of the nature of the accident the passengers became calm.

The heavy connecting rod ripped out a number of ties and dashed ballast against the windows, while a small steam pipe broken by the red shot steam over the tracks.

MARGARET BUCKLEY DEAD.

Actress Did Not Recover After Third Attempt to Kill Herself.

Margaret Buckley, 24 years old, an actress, who had twice attempted suicide by poison, died yesterday in Bellevue Hospital from the effects of five bichloride of mercury tablets which she swallowed in a Broadway restaurant on Wednesday afternoon. A few minutes after her third attempt to die she was found unconscious in a gallery seat of a Broadway theatre.

After her arrival at the hospital she resisted the efforts of physicians to save her life, declaring she did not want to recover, because she had found it "impossible to live up to the high ideals of life" she had aimed at. Later she hoped that she might recover. Ethel Wilson, of 1 West Seventieth Street, was with her when she died.

Miss Buckley told the physicians that her father was H. Y. Buckley of Kansas City, Mo., but requested that he be not notified until her death. On June 19 she had spent a week at the Hotel Claridge, his daughter became ill there after she had taken three mercury tablets. When she recovered she was transferred to the Burke Foundation at White Plains, a convalescent retreat for city hospitals. An assistant superintendent of the Foundation said yesterday that Miss Buckley had insisted on a few hours' leave of absence on July 3, saying she had to go to New York on important business, and she did not return.

DEMAND OLD-AGE PENSIONS.

Argentine Workers Demonstrate—Independence Day Celebration.

BUENOS AIRES, July 9.—A great procession of civilian workers, comprising both women and men, demanding compulsory legislation by the Government to give all employes old age pensions was held yesterday. The President came out of his house to welcome the multitude and receive a commission carrying petitions, which were later delivered by the President to the Chamber of Deputies. The demonstration was orderly and good natured.

The whole city was beautifully decorated and brilliantly lighted last night on the eve of the celebration of Argentina's independence. A great parade and patriotic festivities are on the program today. Brazilian and Uruguayan warships were present, the officers of which have accepted the invitations of the Foreign Office to attend a gala performance of the opera.

EPIDEMIC OF CUT FEET.

Injured Bathers Keep Coney Island Doctor Busy.

Fifteen calls were answered by Dr. Tuperson of the Coney Island Hospital to treat cases of cut feet among the bathers yesterday. It was estimated that 375,000 visitors were at the resort. Fifteen children were lost but were finally reclaimed. Ten men were arrested for shooting craps.

Crowds estimated at 350,000 visited Rockaway Beach and Far Rockaway yesterday. A score of lost children were kept in the Rockaway Beach Precinct Station House until their parents turned up.

Celebrate Battle of the Boyne.

Anniversary services commemorating the battle of the Boyne in July, 1690, were held by the Orangemen of Greater New York last evening in the Union Methodist Church, 238 West Forty-eighth Street. Over sixty members of Districts Nos. 8 and 14 were present in Orange regalia. The minister of the church, the Rev. John G. Salmon, preached.

COLONEL B. A. ENLOE DIES.

Former Congressman and Editor Passes Away in Nashville, Tenn.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 9.—Colonel Benjamin Augustin Enloe, 74 years old, chairman of the Tennessee Railroad and Public Utilities Commission and former member of Congress, died at his home Saturday night. Colonel Enloe had been active in public life of the State and nation for more than fifty years.

Born in Carroll County, Tennessee, Col. Enloe served two terms in the State Legislature from 1869 to 1872, before he began the study of law at Cumberland University, at Lebanon, Tenn. Later he became a newspaper editor, serving in that capacity until 1886, when he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress. After retiring from Congress he became editor of the Nashville Sun, serving for two years until he moved to Louisville to become editor of the Louisville Dispatch. In 1904, Colonel Enloe was elected a member of the Tennessee Railroad Commission for a term of six years, and re-elected to that body in 1910 and 1916.

Colonel Enloe was a member of the Masonic fraternity, a Knight Templar and a Shriner. His death followed an illness of several months' duration. The funeral will be held on Monday.

Mrs. Anna Andrews.

ATLANIC CITY, N. J., July 9.—Mrs. Anna Andrews, wife of Congressman William H. Andrews of Nebraska, died today of a chronic lingering illness of two years at the Marlborough-Blenheim Hotel here. Mrs. Andrews was brought to this city two weeks ago in hopes that the climate would benefit her. Congressman Andrews was at her side when she died. The body was shipped tonight to Washington, D. C., where burial will take place.

W. H. Biggar, Grand Trunk Counsel

MONTREAL, July 9.—The death of W. H. Biggar, Vice President and general counsel to the Grand Trunk Railway, was announced today. He was 69 years old. He acted as chief counsel for the railway in connection with the arbitration proceedings held here last year for the valuation of the Grand Trunk stock, decision on which, it is expected, will be given by the Privy Council, in London, England, tomorrow.

Kin of John Alden Dies.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 9.—Mrs. Elizabeth Partridge Schutz, 88 years old, widow of August Schutz of New York, Vice Consul at Coquimbo, Chile, 1875-1880, died last night at Sachem's Head, Guilford.

Mrs. Partridge was born at Concord, N. H., of the seventh generation from John and Priscilla Alden.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD MATERNE, senior member of the brokerage firm of Materne & Dreu, died Saturday in the Lenox Hill Hospital. He was 82 years old.

MOSES J. WARREN, Secretary and Treasurer of the Mallard Chocolate and Candy Company, died suddenly Saturday of heart disease in his home, 390 Wadsworth Avenue. He was 59 years old.

Dr. JOHN STULL, a veterinary surgeon, died at his home in Trenton yesterday in his ninety-seventh year. Dr. Stull in the Civil War raised a company of which he was Captain.

WILLMARTH HAFF, wholesale grocer, President of the Islip Bunjanda Men's Club and a son of the late Captain Hank Haff, died Saturday at the age of 69 in his home in Islip, L. I.

Married.

STURGIS—SEXTON—Mr. and Mrs. H. Ralston Steven announce the marriage of their sister, Miss Bertha Fuller Sexton, to Mr. Thomas Sturgis, on Saturday, July 8, 1922, at 709 Montague St., Brooklyn, the home of the bride.

Bird.

BAXTER—On July 8, at her residence, Boston, Mass., Lucy Wainwright Baxter, daughter of the late George and Anna Strong Baxter. Funeral Monday, at 11 A. M., Church of the Messiah, Boston, Mass. Interment Greenwood, New York.

BENSON—On July 6, 1922, William H. Benson, husband of Agnes E. McNair. Funeral services at his late residence, 197 Mount St., Montclair, N. J., on Monday, July 10, at 3 P. M.

BROWN—On July 7, 1922, at her residence, 58 West 118th St., Elizabeth Alexander, wife of Irving Bevan Brown. Funeral services at Universal Funeral Chapel, 607 Lexington Av., near 53d St., Monday, 11 A. M.

CAHN—On July 9, aged 68 years, Lizzie (nee Abrahams), beloved wife of Moses and devoted mother of Harry Cahn. Funeral from the Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 180 West 120th St., on Tuesday, July 11, at 2 P. M.

CELINE—On July 8, Mrs. Sarah Celine in the 75th year of her age, mother of Lillian and Ada Celine, Mrs. Helen Jobson, Mrs. M. V. Bell and Fred Celine.

CIRRINCIONE—Giulia, beloved wife of Giulio Cirrincione. Funeral from her late residence, 501 West 110th St., on Monday, July 10, at 10:30 o'clock, thence to the Church of the Ascension, 221 West 10th St., where solemn requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of her soul. Friends please omit flowers.

COMSTOCK—Federal Lodge No. 889, F. and A. M. Brethren: It is solemnly announced the death of Brother William W. Comstock. Lodge service at W. J. Mathews's Funeral Parlor, 223 Lenox Av., between 115th and 116th Sts., Monday evening, 8 o'clock.

GEORGE A. STURES, Master.
H. P. PHELAN, Secretary.

CORCORAN—On Saturday, July 8, 1922, Mary E. Corcoran (nee Farr), beloved wife of John J. Corcoran and mother of George D. Corcoran. Funeral from her late residence, 2,456 Bailey Av., on Wednesday, July 12, at 9 A. M. High mass of requiem St. John's R. C. Church at 10 A. M.

DAHLBENDER—On Saturday, July 8, 1922, Anton A., beloved husband of Elizabeth Dahlbender (nee Hiwley) and father of Dorothy Dahlbender, aged 48 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral at his late residence, 1,078 Greene Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, July 11, at 8 A. M.; thence to Our Lady of Good Council, R. C. Church (Putnam Av.), where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul.

DANIELS—July 8, Laura E., after a brief illness, beloved wife of Walter B. Daniels of 872 Lexington Av. Funeral from parlors of James E. McLaren & son, 872 Lexington Av., on Tuesday, July 11, at 3 P. M.

DRISCOLL—Rev. James F. Driscoll, D. D., former pastor of Church of the Holy Cross, New York City. Funeral from New Rochelle, N. Y., July 8. Solemn requiem mass at Church of St. Ambrose Tuesday, July 11, 9 A. M. Clergy, relatives and friends invited.

FARRELL—Thomas, beloved husband of Catherine (nee Farrell) of 242 West 112th St. Solemn requiem mass at Holy Cross Church, West 42d St., Tuesday, July 11, at 10 A. M. Automobile cortege leaves 112th St. at 9:30 sharp. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

FATTON—Helen, suddenly, Sunday, July 9, husband of Louise Fatton. Funeral services Tuesday evening, July 11, at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 322 East Pent Road, Mamaroneck, N. Y. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

FLANDERS—On July 9, Helen, beloved daughter of William and Helen Flanders, sister of Irene, Carolyn and Hattie, age 24 years. Funeral from her late residence, 201 West 148th St., on Tuesday, July 11, at 2:30 P. M. Please omit flowers.

FORBES—Rev. John F., D. D., retired Clerk of the New York Presbytery, suddenly, at Water Mill, L. I., on July 8, in the 78th year of his age. Funeral from the chapel of the First Presbyterian Church, 5th Av. and 11th St., New York City, on Tuesday, July 11, at 11 o'clock A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

GARRISON—Mary E., wife of the late Robert E. Garrison, on July 8. Requiem mass on Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock, St. Thomas's Church, Bedford Av. and Tompkins Av. Funeral from Chapel of J. S. Eldridge, 5,012 Jamaica Av. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

GRIFFIN—Sunday, July 9, 1922, at Ocean Grove, N. J., Anna M. Griffin (nee Wood), widow of the late Daniel Harlan. Notice of funeral hereafter.

Bird.

GOETTLER—Suddenly, on July 9, at his residence, 745 Bay 29th St., Brooklyn, Frederick Goettler. Funeral services Tuesday.

HAFF—On July 8, L. I., July 9, Willmarth Haff, son of the late Capt. Hank Haff. Funeral services at the Presbyterian Church, Islip, L. I., on Monday, July 10, at 3 P. M.

HASSINGER—On July 9, Nell Kearns, beloved wife of Jacob P. Hassinger. Services Monday evening, July 10, at her late residence, 1 Wendt Av., Larchmont, on arrival of train leaving Grand Central on New Haven R. R. at 7:30 (daylight saving). Please omit flowers.

KENNEDY—Harry A. Jr., detective, New York Police Department, beloved son of Henry A. Kennedy. Funeral services July 11, 1922, 8 P. M., at his late residence, 466 East 180th St., Bronx. Members of Marion Lodge No. 278, F. & A. M., are requested to attend. Interment July 12, 11 A. M., Woodlawn Cemetery.

LEE—At Great Neck, L. I., on Saturday, July 8, 1922, Mary Lee, in the 78th year of his age. Funeral private.

LIVINGSTON—Nathalie, on July 8, 1922, at Cedarhurst, L. I., wife of Johnston Livingston, and daughter of the late George Island D. and Dahlia W. Moss. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew Chapel, Park Av. and 50th St., on Tuesday, July 11, at 10 A. M.

MARTIN—Sarah, on July 8, 1922, in her 81st year, at her residence, 412 West End Av., beloved mother of Millie Martin Burley. Notice of funeral hereafter. Allentown (Pa.) papers please copy.

MATERNE—Edward, July 8, 1922, at Lenox Hill Hospital, in his 82d year. Services at the Funeral Church, Broadway, at 26th St., on Tuesday, July 11, at 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

MEEHAN—On July 6, 1922, Mary F. Meehan, sister of Martin J. Meehan and aunt of Frank and Florence Hicks. Funeral from her residence, 227 Kelly St., on Tuesday, July 11, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Anselm's Church, Tinton Av. and 155th St.

MENTEN—On Sunday, July 9, 1922, Theodore J. Menten. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 311 Quincy Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, at 2 P. M.

MINOR—Suddenly, at Oyster Bay, L. I., on July 8, Henrietta L., wife of William T. Minor. Funeral services at Christ's Episcopal Church on Tuesday, July 11, at 2:30 P. M.

PORTER—At the home of her daughter, at Lexington, Mass., Friday, July 7, 1922, Sarah Maria, widow of Rabbi Ran Porter, M. D., and daughter of the late James H. and Mary A. Skidmore of Great Neck, L. I., in her 78th year. Services at Christ Church, Manhasset, L. I., Monday, July 10, at 4 P. M.

POTTS—July 8, Sydenham Gilbert Potts, wife of the late Andrew Ross Potts of Washington, D. C., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Cooper Stearns, Cedarhurst, L. I. Funeral private.

RAINSFORD—At Upper Montclair, N. J., Saturday, July 8, 1922, Henry J. Rainsford, in his 77th year. Funeral services at home of his daughter, Mrs. R. S. Littler, 10 Carteret St., Upper Montclair, Monday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

ROSENTHAL—At Bernardsville, N. J., on July 9, 1922, Sarah, widow of the late Charles Rosenthal, aged 57. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Fred L. Rosenfield, Bernardsville, July 12, at 10:30 A. M. Train boat leaves West 42d St. 8:35 A. M., daylight saving time.

RUSH—At Elizabeth, N. J., on July 8, 1922, Lavinia Atkinson, widow of the late Samuel Rush, aged 89 years. Funeral service to be held at her late home, 815 Washington St., Elizabeth, N. J., on Monday, July 10, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

RUSHTON—Louis Hastings, suddenly, July 9. Funeral services on Tuesday, at 10 A. M., at Chapel, 671 6th Av., corner 42d St. Interment at Tarrytown, N. Y.

SCHMITT—Louis P., in his 87th year, July 7, 1922. Beloved husband of Mary Lewis, father of Harold and beloved son of Henry and Elizabeth Schmitt. Funeral services Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence of his parents, 309 Dean St., Brooklyn. Kindly omit flowers. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

SCHLOER—On July 8, Dorothea, beloved wife of Edward Schloer and loving daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Honig. Funeral services at the residence of her parents, 1,067 Anthony Av., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock.

SCHROETER—Albert W., in his 57th year, July 8, 1922, beloved husband of Ellen Rohrbach-Schroeter and father of Albert W. Jr. Funeral service Monday evening at 8:30 o'clock at his late residence, 781 East 175th St., Bronx. Interment private.

SCHUTZ—Elizabeth Partridge, widow of August Schutz, July 9, in her 88th year. Interment Concord, N. H., July 11.

SILVERMAN—Formerly of New York, on Saturday, July 8, 1922, Emil, beloved husband of the late Celia Silverman and devoted father of Jacob, Lillian, Bertha, Alfred and Gabriel Silverman, in his 67th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 18 Ingraham Place, Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, July 11, at 11 A. M. Interment in Temple Emanuel, Salem Fields, Cypress Hills Cemetery, Brooklyn. Please omit flowers.

VAN KEUREN—On July 8, 1922, at Kingston, N. Y., James G. Van Keuren. Funeral private at his late residence, 341 Broadway, Tuesday, at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

WARREN—Moses J., beloved husband of E. Jennie Warren, suddenly, at his home, 400 Wadsworth Av., on July 9, 1922. Funeral private. Services at St. Elizabeth's Church, Broadway-187th St., Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

WEITENKAMPF—Mathilde, born von Schlee, widow of Franz Weitenkampf, on July 8, 1922, in her 86th year. Funeral services in Christ Church, 406 East 19th St., on Monday,

Lost and Found

Rate 35 cents an agate line.
Advertisements for tomorrow received up to 10 P. M. today. Telephone Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG, in taxicab, small dark blue leather Cross bag containing toilet set and other articles marked "I. B." Taxi picked up in street on Madison Av., near 53d St., on Saturday, July 1, about 4:30; drove to Grand Central Station. If found, notify Mrs. J. Blair, 807 Madison Ave., New York City. Telephone Plaza 6070.

BOOKS OF ACCOUNT—On B. R. T. B'way line, Saturday, between 5 & 7 P. M.; of value to owner only. A. 903 Times Downtown.

KEYS—Lost; liberal reward will be paid for bunch of keys in leather case; lost Sunday in a Yellow taxi, at the Polo Grounds or on 8th Av. elevated train. H. B. Dickinson, 2 West 83d.

LEATHER WALLET—Lost, Saturday afternoon, Polo Grounds, 155th St., man's brown leather wallet, gold edge, valuable papers and ticket enclosed; Shriner's card and owner's name inscribed; liberal reward. Jack Harris, 715 West 172d St., Apt. 6. Wadsworth 4650.

PURSE—Lost, black purse containing diamond pin and two rings, in Penn Station, L. I. side; $300 reward if returned to John R. Kelly, 10 East 39th.

PURSE—Blue beaded, 110th St. and 5th Av.; liberal reward. Hotel Martha Washington.

STOCK CERTIFICATE—Lost stock certificate No. A-24257, for four shares of common stock of Southern Railway Company in name of Miss Estelle G. Platt. Notify First National Bank, Red Hook, N. Y.

SUM OF MONEY—Lost on East 3d St., between Avenue I and Avenue J, Brooklyn, Sunday afternoon; reward. Midwood 5000J.

UMBRELLA lost, in taxi from 49th St. and 6th Av. to 80 West 124th St., Saturday morning; reward. Rogers, 45th St. and 6th Av.

Jewelry.

EAR PIN—Diamond, 10 stones, platinum setting, Tiffany, on 5:25 train from Long Beach; liberal reward. C. W. Pope, 25 Broad St., City.

BRACELET—Platinum flexible, 5 sapphires, lost 7th Av. bus Thursday night. Reward if returned to W. L. McDougall, 150 East 35th St. Murray Hill 6263.

BROOCH—Diamond, pearl, small, between 125th St. and Parisian Shoe Store, West 42d; liberal reward. Smith, Apt. 35, 511 West 113th. Cathedral 7380.

DIAMOND BUTTERFLY—Lost, between 41st St. and Broadway and 23d St. and 2d Av.; liberal reward. McAuliffe, 23 West 27th St.

HORSESHOE—Diamond and pearl; reward. F. D. Griffin, 2,198 University Av., Bronx. Phone Fordham 1762.

LORGNETTE—Platinum, between 83d St. Theatre and 102d St., Broadway; reward. Davis, 880 Riverside Drive. Billings 1020.

PEARL—Loose pearl, between 38 West 59th and New Amsterdam Theatre or taxi; liberal reward. T. J. McGrath, Ritz-Carlton Hotel, 46th-Madison Av.

PIN — Gold, 3 sapphires, 4 pearls, pearl leaves; reward. Roberts, 32 West 84th.

WATCH—Small oval wrist, gold, on 86th St. near Drive; reward. Schuyler 1146.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR NECKPIECE, brown, Saturday, July 8; left in front of Henri's Restaurant on 46th. Return to janitor, 83 Washington Place; reward.

SCARF—Blue fox, City College Stadium, Saturday night; reward. S. Gross, 346 Union Av., Bronx. Intervale 4739.

SCARF, FUR—On 44th St. to Grand Central; reward. Phone Murray Hill 8920.

SABLE NECKPIECE—Lost; Rivoli Theater or Brown and White taxicab, Sunday afternoon; liberal reward. Return to 63 West 89th St. Riverside 6501.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

CAT—Gray and black, lighter under body, seven toes. Hotel Endicott; reward.

PUPPY (male), pure white Sealyham, about 6 months old; no collar; July 8, vicinity Fulton St., N. Y. C.; reward. Phone Westbury 11.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF:
JOSEPH LENKTIS,
SELMA LENKTIS,
LENKTIS PHARMACY.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the above named that the undersigned has purchased the drug store of the above named, situated at 500 Grand Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., and that all persons having claims against the above named present same, with vouchers therefor, at the office of Benjamin Hirschstein, 280 Broadway, Manhattan, attorney for the undersigned, within 10 days from date hereof.

JOSEPH BRETSCHNEIDER.

Dated July 1, 1922.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT George Geller, trading as George's Cloak & Suit Store, at 288 Main Street, in the City of Paterson, County of Passaic, and State of New Jersey, conducting the business of selling ladies' cloaks and suits, has this date made an assignment to the subscriber of his estate, for the equal benefit of his creditors, and that the said creditors must exhibit their respective claims, under oath or affirmation, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 140 Market Street, Paterson, N. J., within three months from the date hereof.

J. VINCENT BARNITT.

Dated, June 19th, 1922.

I, ADELE MILLAR, WILL NOT BE RESponsible hereafter for any bills contracted for or in my name by my husband, Herbert G. Millar of 19 West 57th St. and 1,114 Avenue A, New York City, N. Y., as I have brought proceedings against him for absolute divorce on June 9th, 1922, in San Francisco.

HAVING MADE PROVISION FOR ALL necessaries for my daughter, SYLVIA, I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by her or for her by others.

HARRY LANDY,
101 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FRED ROSE—Suitable compensation will be paid for information of whereabouts of Fred Rose, formerly 1,005 So. Ashland Av., Chicago, Ill. M. Hemedel, Attorney, 110 William St. Phone Beekman 4857.

INSTRUCTION

Accountancy
—a new class
(Semester A), meeting on Tuesday and Friday evenings, from 6 to 7:50, will form at Pace Institute on
Tuesday, July 11, at 6 P. M.
You are invited to attend this first session—no obligation. It will be taught personally by P. M. Schneberle, C. P. A. (Ohio), a member of the firm of Pace & Pace.
Pace Institute
30 Church St. New York

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Civil Service and Penmanship Departments. Day and Evening Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.
Eastman-Haines
138d St. & Lenox Ave.
New York City.

Classes now forming to prepare for EXAMINATIONS TO TEACH ENGLISH in High Schools announced for Aug. 21, and for Promotion Licenses announced for Sept. 7.
WILLIS BOUGHTON, PH.D.,
894 East 21st St., Brooklyn. Flatbush 8897J.

ADVANCED lessons in commercial and conversational Spanish required from Spaniard or Spanish-American. 189 W. 57. Times Brooklyn Branch.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th Street SECRETARIAL TRAINING. Individual Instruction. Open all Summer.

Dancing.

MODERN dancing, expert instruction, beginners specialized; private lessons, $3. Phone Miss Muriel Parker, Bryant 3074, 9a.m.-1-9.

FAY EVELYN teaches beginners modern dancing in six private lessons; advanced public: Tango. 25 West 45th. Bryant 8429.

Swimming.

SWIM You can learn in 10 minutes
Tiled Pools, Individual Instruction. Illustrated booklet T on request.
Dalton Swimming School
19 West 44th St.

27 AFRICAN CHIEFS ON A VISIT TO PARIS

Each of Picturesque Group of Sovereigns of French Colonies Has Two to Five Wives.

PARIS, July 9.—Twenty-seven African chiefs, the sovereigns of various French colonies or protectorates in the Sudan, Senegal, Dahomey, Mauretania and the Ivory and Guinea coasts, arrived in Paris today. The huge black men were dressed in multi-colored silk gala costumes. Some of them carried immense spears, and all wore swords. Many of them had been decorated with the insignia of officers of the Knights of the Legion of Honor for distinguished services on behalf of France during the war.

The chiefs presented a picturesque appearance as they faced batteries of photographers at the Gare de Lyons. Chiefs Baloum Naba, conqueror of Togoland, and Adadji Abdoukane of Senegal, who were active in the enlistment of their followers and in the preparations for fitting them out for service in the European war, were most prominent. The chieftains were accompanied by their wives, each having from two to five. All of the men were more than six feet tall, muscular and fine specimens of manhood, especially the younger among them, any of whom seemingly would be qualified pugilistically to become a "black hope." The chiefs ranged from aged white-haired men to youths in their early twenties.

PUNISH PRISON BOOTLEGGER

Convict Who Made Rum From Potatoes Gets Ninety Days Extra.

OSSINING, July 9.—Ninety days' imprisonment for "home-brewing and bootlegging" in Sing Sing was the penalty meted out today to Bernard Conway, a convict who broke the Volstead act in the prison a week ago.

Conway, who was tried in the warden's court, was ordered to serve the additional term for making moonshine from potatoes, sugar and other ingredients. The penalty was imposed by Warden Lewis E. Lawes when Conway offered no defense.

FRENCH, SHRINER & URNER

Sale of Men's Shoes

Starts this morning
July 10th

Practically all of our Spring and Summer models greatly reduced

The "Duke"
One of the famous F.S.&U. models included in this sale **$9.85**

Included in this sale are a few fine shoes made especially for us and priced as low as **$7.85**

BROOKLYN: 367 Fulton Street, 510 Fulton Street
NEW YORK: 550 Madison Av., 153 Broadway, 181 W. 42d St., 365 Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 1217 Broadway

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last page.

50,000 pairs of this Season's Women's Regal Shoes are included in this coast to coast sale in our 60 stores.

There are Strap Oxfords, Dress Pumps and Sport Shoes—every conceivable shape and shade in all styles and combinations of colors.

In order to quickly dispose of some Spring and Summer Shoes to make room for early shipments of our new Fall models we are making a flat reduction of $2.00 off each pair.

And $2.00 off the Regular Regal Standard Price of $6.80 means a saving to you of 30% on every pair you buy.

One Strap Patent Pump with Grey Suede Quarter — now $4.80

Russia Calf Oxford with Perforated Wing Tip — now $4.80

Black Satin One Strap Pump Turned Sole—French Heel — now $4.80

One Strap White Elk Vamp, White Ivory Sole, Colored Elk Trimmings — now $4.80

Green Shark-Skin Saddle over light Elk Skin Vamp — now $4.80

Grey Suede Cross Strap Pump Patent Leather Quarter — now $4.80

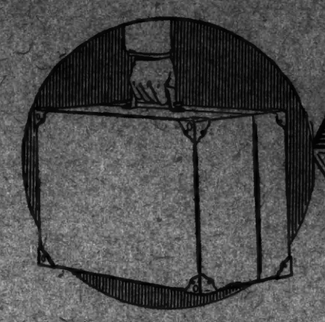
REGAL SHOES
FOR MEN AND WOMEN — FOR MEN AND WOMEN

New York Stores
150 E. 14th St.
166 W. 125th St.
31st St. & Sixth Ave.
37th St. & Broadway
37th St. & Broadway
40 W. 34th St.
175 Broadway
152nd St. & Third Ave.
1413 St. Nicholas Ave.
991-993 Southern Blvd.
81 Nassau St.
50th St. & Broadway
481 Tremont Ave.
240 Broadway

Brooklyn Stores
357 Fulton St.
301 Broadway
466 Fifth Ave.
1375 Broadway
1049 Broadway
4 Flatbush Ave.
5422 Fifth Ave.

Jersey City Store
108-108½ Newark Ave.

From Coast to Coast in Regal Stores—One Price



The Victrola No. 50 as it appears when being carried. The winding-key is removed and fastened inside the lid. The sound-box is also securely fastened.

Victrola No. 50
$50

This Victrola can go anywhere you go

and it plays the same music as the largest Victrola. It is a Victrola—all that the name signifies. Victrola patented features, Victrola value, and Victrola tone-quality insure the utmost musical satisfaction. And the construction withstands the wear and tear of travel.

See and hear this portable Victrola today at the store of any dealer in Victor products.

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Victor Talking Machine Company
Camden, New Jersey

Hot Weather Wearables

Linen Knickers	$4.75
Better Grades at $5.00, $6.00 and	$6.50
White Gabardine Knickers	$6.50
White Duck Knickers	$2.50
White Flannel Trousers, $7, $10,	$12.50
White Gabardine Long Trousers,	$6.50
White Gabardine Riding Breeches,	$8.50
White Duck Riding Breeches	$4.00

Silk Suits, Mohair Suits, Gabardine Suits ready to wear at
Brill Brothers
Usual Low Prices

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279 Broadway, near Chambers — *41 Cortlandt Street*

The Only SAFE MOTH PREVENTIVE
Odorless-Stainless Non-Inflammable

Kills Moths
PREVENTS MOTH DAMAGE

MOTH K-L is the only Moth Preventive that kills Moths—destroys eggs and larvae—without ODOR—without STAINING—without danger of fire, and GUARANTEED for 1 YEAR by a money-back bond. Clothing, Furs, Carpets, Rugs, etc. sprayed with Moth K-L resist fire, while many Moth Preventives invite conflagration.
MOTH K-L not only KILLS moths—it PREVENTS DAMAGE by the worm which eats the holes. Sprayer and ½ pt. can, postpaid, $1; ½ pt., 55c.; 1 pt., $1; qt., $1.85; gal., $5.

At Drug, Dept. & Grocery Stores or write to
MOTH K-L CO., Inc.
175 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Telephone Ashland 3240

Portraits of historic personages and actors in the drama of the World War are shown in The New York Times War Volumes. Delivered to your home on payment of only $6.00, and then $5.00 per month for twelve months.—Adv.

EMPLOYMENT GAINS EMBRACE NATION

Government's June Survey Shows Industrial Advance Despite Continuing Strikes.

IMPROVEMENT IN 52 CITIES

All Industries but Those of Stone, Clay and Glass Products Forge Ahead.

BUILDING REVIVAL MARKED

New York City and State Report Continuance of Upward Trend—Short on Skilled Labor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—In announcing today the result of the Government's industrial survey for June, Francis L. Jones, Director General of the United States Employment Service, said:

"The nation is striding vigorously toward industrial prosperity, employment increasing throughout the country. This increase is remarkable for the reason that it is made despite the unsettled conditions caused by the coal, textile and railroad controversies.

"Another noteworthy feature is the fact that all industries but stone, clay and glass products show an increase in employment. The decrease in the stone, clay and glass industries is largely due to the seasonal lay-off in some centers in June, which was materially shortened as contrasted with previous years."

The survey embraces 855 principal industrial centers. Of sixty-five leading cities, fifty-two report employment increases during June over May. New York is among these. Thirteen report decreases. They are Memphis, Providence, New Haven, Perth Amboy, San Francisco, New Bedford, Brockton, St. Paul, Flint (Mich.), Manchester (N. H.), Passaic, Camden (N. J.), and Atlanta.

Employment Gain Classified.

Industrial classifications showing increases in employment are vehicles and land transportation; railroad repair shops; iron and steel and their products; lumber and its manufacture; food and kindred products; metal and metal products, other than iron and steel; textiles and their products; tobacco manufactures; liquor and beverages; paper and printing; miscellaneous industries, and chemicals and allied products.

"This survey," said Director General Jones, "comprises employment conditions in every line of trade and industry in all parts of the country, including 1,428 concerns each usually employing 501 or more.

"Building activities are developing to such an extent that a shortage of skilled building craftsmen is becoming apparent in many sections of the country. The extremely hot weather has hastened wheat cutting in Kansas and Nebraska, which, coupled with transportation difficulties, has caused a temporary shortage in the harvest fields of the Middle West.

"The country is steadily but surely forging its way toward a period of industrial prosperity in which it is possible that the labor supply will not equal the demand. As contrasted with a year ago six months ago, a note of optimism pervades practically every industry in every section of the country."

Employment and industrial conditions in New York City are thus summarized:

"No cessation appears in the industrial revival. Activity in the various lines of manufacture during the last month was well maintained, with employment considerably improved. The impetus in building operations is unprecedented, with office and public buildings, apartments, schools, hospitals and hundreds of dwellings, &c., under way. Building trade mechanics nearly all employed, with a severe scarcity of labor in certain trades indicated. A very few common laborers and some highly specialized tradesmen are unemployed. In trade and clerical occupations, retail stores as well as wholesale, commission and foreign trade houses all show a slight falling off in employment. The situation in the domestic services improved. Hotels and pleasure resorts absorb nearly all the employes in this line. Increased activity in the transportation and shipping lines has given employment to hundreds of railroad workers, sailors, deckhands, longshoremen and stevedores. Among the textile trades slight reductions of forces are noted in the manufacture of silks, corsets, laces, bagging, cloaks and suits, gloves and men's wear. A very substantial increase is shown in the iron and steel, metal and machine industries, tobacco trades, transportation lines, shipbuilding, lumber and rubber industries. Very little activity is shown in the paper, chemical and shoe industries. A survey of unemployment conditions, just completed by a civic committee, shows a drop of approximately 37,000 unemployed during the last three months."

Upward Trend in New York State.

Edward I. Belton of 120 East Twenty-eighth Street, New York City, district director of the employment service for New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, summarizes conditions in New York State as follows:

"The continued upward trend in the industrial fields during the past month adds confidence and support to the general belief that recovery from previous depression has developed. Recent gains in employment are sustained, with every indication of improvement. Despite various drawbacks, basic lines continue to revive rapidly. Idleness among workers has appreciably diminished, with increased opportunities for employment and operations more closely approaching normal capacity. Shortage of skilled and unskilled labor has manifested itself in practically all districts of the State with a corresponding reduction of unemployment, especially noted in outdoor occupations. Prominent among the industries making rapid gains are the iron and steel, metal and machine industries, automobile, accessories and repairs, transportation lines, railroad repair shops and some branches of the textile trade. Exceptional activity continues in the building industry, the shortage of mechanics becoming acute. Building material manufacturers are operating at normal capacity. Stone, county and [illegible] quarries absorb [illegible] There is great demand for workers in the agricultural fields."

Conditions in Massachusetts, according to the Employment Service, are as follows:

"Industrial conditions show steady improvement. Unemployment is heaviest in textiles, due to labor controversies. Shoe industry is fast approaching normal. Small surplus of skilled men in the metal and tool industries. Building operations show increased activity. Shortage of skilled labor and experienced farm help. Housing situation improved with the last month."

George E. Tucker, Director of the United States Farm Labor Bureau, reports a great demand for labor to harvest crops, particularly in the West and Southwest. An early harvest season has accentuated the demand. Thousands of men are being sent to Middle West states by the Farm Labor Bureau."

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 9.—The Harvard Economic Service in a forecast issued tonight predicts that "the business recovery now in progress will develop into general business prosperity."

"A possible coal shortage during the Summer months or a tie-up of railroad traffic due to the strike of railroad labor," the forecast says, "may result in temporary setbacks. Such factors have not in the past had lasting effects and should not now be expected to reverse the general movement. Only when the financial strain resulting from business expansion begins to make itself felt need we look forward to such a reversal, and this development is obviously not to be expected until a very much greater business expansion occurs than has so far taken place."

It predicts that the advance in wholesale prices will continue, adding:

"Money rates continue to decline, so that the first stage of the sequence of movements leading to lower commodity prices has not arrived. The slight decline of speculation in June is a temporary recession such as may be expected during a major upward movement."

RETURNS TO DISCOVER HUSBAND NEAR DEATH

Caring for 5 Children While His Wife Was in Hospital Drove Ladwith to Take Gas.

When Mrs. Daniel Ladwith of 246 Ninetieth Street returned unannounced from Harlem Hospital last night to surprise her husband who had been left in charge of their five children during the five weeks she had been under treatment for a nervous breakdown, she found him near death as a result of gas he had taken in an attempt to end his life.

Ladwith was found a short time before locked in his bedroom by Patrolman Groot of the East 104th Street Station, who had been summoned by neighbors who smelled gas. When Mrs. Ladwith came in Dr. Larios of the Metropolitan Hospital was trying to revive her husband with a pulmotor. Mrs. Ladwith fainted and did not revive until after her husband regained consciousness. Her condition, Dr. Larios said, is serious and she will have to return to the hospital.

Ladwith, who is 40 years old and a laborer, told Policeman Groot that caring for the home and the five children and worry about his wife had been too much for him.

BUILDS A 65-FOOT YACHT.

Ex-Policeman Completes Large Power Boat Single-Handed.

Daniel J. McIsaacs of 1,900 West Farms Road, the Bronx, a retired policeman formerly attached to the Sixty-ninth Precinct, last night christened his sixty-five foot power yacht Venida, which he had built single-handed during the last three years. The boat now stands on the bank of the Bronx River near West Farms Road and Tremont Avenue and will be launched in a few days. In deference to the Volstead law, the liquid used in the christening was ginger ale.

The Venida has two decks and contains a cabin with music room in which there are a piano and a phonograph; five staterooms and a garage, 7½ by 12 feet, to accommodate a small automobile. The boat is equipped with a radio set and a dining room and galley. It will carry eighty passengers.

McIsaacs, who was a carpenter before he was a policeman, retired from the force four years ago after fifteen years' service.

BOY, 4, FALLS DOWN SHAFT.

Goes Through Elevator Door Left Open on Third Floor of Bakery.

Through a space only eight inches wide, Seymour Turner, 4 years old, of 466 Cherry Street, last night fell four floors down an elevator shaft in the building at 470 Cherry Street, occupied by Pechter's bakery, where his father, Morris Turner, is employed as a driver. The boy was taken to Gouverneur Hospital, where it was said his condition was critical.

The father went to the place yesterday, taking the child with him. They went to the third floor and while at his [illegible] the child went through the elevator door which had been left open and fell to the shaft pit. The father, failing to see the child, and hearing groans, lowered himself into the pit, where he found the boy in a semi-conscious condition.

20 YEARS FOR BOMBING KING

Alexander Commutes Death Sentence Instead of Freeing Culprit.

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, July 9.—King Alexander today commuted the death sentence imposed upon Steitch, convicted of throwing a bomb at the King's carriage during the coronation ceremony, to twenty years with hard labor.

It was stated at the time of the sentencing of Steitch that Alexander had expressed a desire to pardon the culprit, but that the Ministers demurred, owing to the moral effect a pardon might have upon the country.

Bull Fights Forbidden at Vichy.

VICHY, France, July 9.—Tourists from the United States have been prevented from seeing bull fights here by a court decision which upholds the action of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals prohibiting such fights.

Doomed Japanese Summons New Preacher on Eve of Death

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, July 9.—Saito Taizo, the Japanese prisoner under sentence of death in Sing Sing's condemned cells, has just changed spiritual advisers, with his execution but ten days distant.

The Rev. E. A. Ohori of 654 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York City, a Christian minister of Japanese birth, is the new spiritual adviser Taizo has notified prison officials he wishes to administer to him. Taizo made the change because his former spiritual adviser planned to go to Japan soon, and the condemned man wished to confer with the new minister before he was too near the hour set for his death. Taizo was charged with murdering Mitaro Hara, another Japanese, in a building at the corner of Broadway and Sixty-third Street, Manhattan.

FIND STILL ON BARGE, SEIZE RUM: ARREST 3

Dry Navy Searchlight Reveals Keg on Boat and 14 of Crew Scramble Aboard.

QUARRELS REVEAL 'PLANTS'

Woman Betrays Apartment House Head—Wife-Beater Also Made Hooch, Say Police.

The submarine chaser Hahn, flagship of the prohibition flotilla in New York harbor, was patrolling along the river shortly after 9 o'clock last night, when the beam from its searchlight happened to encompass the stern of a barge tied up at the foot of West Forty-sixth Street, disclosing the unmistakable form of a keg. The lookout shouted a warning and, without slackening its speed, the Hahn turned like a flash and made for the barge.

The searchlight revealed on the stern the barge's name, Sherlie, N. Y. There wasn't a soul on deck. Captain George Tawers, the Hahn's skipper, gave word to run alongside and tie fast and the fourteen men of the rum-chaser's crew scrambled aboard. The keg was seized and some of its contents poured into a cup, which was handed to the Hahn's official taster.

"Ugh," he cried, "it's what I brush my teeth with."

The discovery that the keg contained only water failed to dull the zeal of the rum hunters and, under orders from Captain Tawers, the crew went below into the hold. Two men and a woman sprang up suddenly and tried to get up on deck, but the Hahn's men, after a brief struggle, made them prisoners.

When Captain Tawers and his men searched the hold they found a small still, eight milk cans full of a brownish liquor and three barrels full of the same stuff. The Hahn's taster took only one sip and then cried: "Whisky!"

The still and containers were seized and the two men and the woman were taken to the West Thirtieth Street station, where they said they were Robert Tighe, captain of the barge; Margaret Tighe, his wife, and Michael Muldoon of 177 East 122d Street. They were charged with violating the prohibition law.

A quarrel between George Schmidt, superintendent of the Florida, an apartment house at 1,061 St. Nicholas Avenue, and his assistant, Mrs. Annie Suering, yesterday led to a discovery by the police of a twenty-five gallon still in operation in the basement, three barrels of corn mash and several bottles of liquor.

Schmidt was held in $500 bail on a charge of violating the Volstead act when he was arraigned before Magistrate George W. Simpson in the Night Court.

The shrill blasts of police whistles aroused the neighborhood yesterday morning, and Patrolmen McAvoy and Lentz of the West 125th Street station and Detective Massie responded. They entered the cellar where the angry disputants argued over whose duty it was to do some sweeping.

"What's the trouble?" asked a policeman.

Woman Betrays Her Boss.

"You should ask me what's the matter," the woman replied. "This man has a still, for one thing."

In a rear room the officers found the still and the other paraphernalia. The still was dismantled and taken to the West 152nd Street station.

Mrs. Suering was asked if she wished to make a charge of disorderly conduct against Schmidt and she said, "No, he's in bad enough."

Whisky, alleged to have been sold at a stand where a game of "duck" was being played, caused the arrest yesterday of Henry Shaddick, 28 years old, of Glen Head, L. I., in Starlight Park, the Bronx. Federal Prohibition Agents Jack Kerrigan, Peter Reagen and William Stafford said that while playing a game of "duck" at a booth operated by Shaddick, Stafford bought whisky from Shaddick. The prisoner was held in $1,000 bail at the Morrisania police station pending his appearance before a U. S. Commissioner on a charge of violating the Federal prohibition laws.

Cries of "police," "murder" and "help" from the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Franklin, at 107 East 127th Street, early yesterday morning, aroused Policeman Christopher Campbell, a tenant in the same house. Campbell dashed to the Franklin apartment where he found Franklin beating his wife.

In Harlem Court, Magistrate Edward Weil fined Franklin $10. "Go home and be good," he advised him. "Don't beat your wife and don't arouse sleeping cops."

Wife Beater Had Outfit.

Campbell said he found a still in Franklin's home. The Magistrate assigned Campbell to guard the still until today when a warrent will be asked for Franklin's arrest on a charge of violating the State prohibition law.

A copy of the constitution and by-laws of the Brotherhood of Bucks, an organization formed to work for the repeal of the Volstead act, has been sent to members of Congress, it was announced yesterday. A temporary organization has been formed with headquarters at 35 West Seventy-fifth Street. Edward N. Ehrlich has been named chairman and Charles R. Deitz secretary.

The work of organizing by States and sections will begin in a few days, it was said, and it is hoped to have sufficient strength to make an impression at the Fall elections. The organization will endeavor to pledge Congressional candidates to work for an amended Volstead act to legalize the sale of beer and light wines.

The emblem of the order will be on public view in a few days. It is a buck's head, flanked on the right by a bottle, on the left by a glass of beer, a hand with two fingers upraised and the letters "B. O. B."

There are no dues or other obligations, it was said.

The Brotherhood chant is as follows:

Knickerbocker, Knickerbocker, Knickerbocker brew,
Pabst our wishes will come true;
The Wurzburger that's our brand, drew,
Can't Schlitz our solid ranks in two.

The title of the Supreme Grand Master is "Kingbuck," of the Past Grand Master "Buckolic" and of the President "Greatbuck."

HOTEL RAID YIELDS 3 SETS OF CHARGES

Selling Liquor, Running Lottery and Disorderly House, Complaint Against the Fort Lowry.

Detectives raided the Fort Lowry Hotel, at the foot of Seventeenth Avenue, Bath Beach, early yesterday morning and arrested Rupert Humet, a clerk, who was charged with selling whisky; Owner Alfred Richardson, Mrs. Harriet Marshall, and Mrs. Caroline Senior, employes, on charges of keeping a disorderly house, and Herman Kithe for conducting a lottery.

When arraigned before Magistrate Steers, in Coney Island Court, Richardson and the two women were held in $500 bail each, Humet in $2,000, for two offenses, and Kline in $500, all of which was furnished for a hearing on July 14.

The charges were based on an investigation by detectives on the nights of July 2 and 4.

Yacht Races to Overturned Sailboat; Saves Two Couples Clinging to Its Side

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 9.—Rounding Sewell's Point in Cape May harbor at the helm of his speedy motor yacht today, Morton R. Alexander, Philadelphia broker and society man, saw a little sailing craft about a half mile off his port bow, making heavy weather. Two young men and two girls, huddled in the small yacht which was "knocked down" until her canvas skimmed the choppy sea, seemed unable to surmount their difficulties, so Alexander shouted to his brother-in-law, Judge William Knowles of Philadelphia, at the engine, for full speed ahead.

Judge Knowles let her out for all she was worth, and Alexander pointed her nose straight for the stricken craft. The speed boat was eating up the empty waste between in good shape, when a nasty squall lifted the sailor, righted her for a hopeful fraction of a second and then hurled her clean over with a splash that sent the spray twenty feet into the air.

Alexander, a veteran yachtsman, kept his helm pointed straight for the upturned boat, the Judge at the throttle gave her all she had, and within a minute the motor boat had fetched up with a graceful swoop alongside the wrecked sailer. Her passengers meanwhile, after at first seeming to have a hard struggle in the rough sea, had regained the side of the vessel from which they had been pitched as it upset. The two girls clambered over her bottom, while the young men swam about, ready to grab them if a rough wave should wash them into the water once more.

Alexander and Judge Knowles got the girls aboard and then hoisted the young men into the motor boat. One of the rescued was Miss Salome Heulings, a Philadelphia debutante, whose father is President of the J. G. Brill Company, car builders. The others, cheerfully admitting that they were young persons of social standing, refused to tell their names, for fear that word of their peril would alarm their parents.

TRUCK KILLS CHILD; CHAUFFEUR IS HELD

Letter Carrier in Bronx Also Run Down by a Truck and Sent to Hospital.

MANY MOTOR ACCIDENTS

Staten Island Child Killed by Car Being Pushed Out of a Garage.

Kenneth Reilley of 139 West Sixtieth Street was held yesterday in $2,500 bail by Magistrate Hatting in Jefferson Market Court for examination tomorrow on a technical charge of homicide. Reilly, who is employed by James Butler of 390 Washington Street, was driving a motor truck which killed Edward Buonocono, 8 years old, of 525 West Thirty-fifth Street on Saturday, in Thirty-fourth Street near Tenth Avenue.

Joseph R. Burton, a letter carrier of 223 East Seventy-fifth Street, was struck by a motor truck at Brook Avenue and 159th Street, The Bronx, as he was collecting mail from a box. He was taken to Lincoln Hospital. His injuries indicate a possible fracture of the spine.

Murray Bader, a helper, of 1,360 Park Avenue, was trying to turn the truck around, when the accident occurred. Bader was arrested, charged with assault and with operating a motor vehicle without a license.

Innes Faccini, 6 years of age, of 230 Gordon Street, Stapleton, Staten Island, died in the Staten Island Hospital yesterday after having been struck by an automobile near her home. The child was on the sidewalk when four men pushed an automobile out of a garage next door to her home. Apparently they did not see Innes, who was knocked down.

Loren Shay, a plumber of Newton, N. J., was killed late on Saturday night, and his son, Kenneth, and his niece, Miss Blanche Shay, were injured, when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a freight train on the Lehigh and New England Railroad at a grade crossing in Augusta, between Newton and Branchville.

Shay was driving. It was raining hard and he heard no train approaching. The machine was partly over the tracks when the headlight of a freight bore down. The young woman and the victim's son leaped just in time. Shay was carried down the tracks with the wreck of the automobile and was dead when picked up. Miss Shay has a sprained ankle and fractures and suffers from shock. Young Shay's scalp was cut.

Enid Kaster, 9 years old, of 2,930 Cornell Street, Far Rockaway, was taken to St. Joseph's Hospital, Rockaway Beach, yesterday afternoon possibly suffering from a fracture of the skull. While crossing Beach Seventeenth Street at South Street, Far Rockaway, she was struck by an automobile driven by Abraham Samuel of 1,140 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx. Samuel was not held.

LIVE WIRE KILLS GOLF PROFESSIONAL

Auchterlonie of Sherwood Forest Club Meets Death Saging His Wife and Nephew.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 9.—Harry Bruce Auchterlonie, aged 28, golf professional at the Sherwood Forest Country Club and member of a family of golfers famous in both Scotland and England, was killed instantly early this morning by a high tension electric feed wire at Sherwood Forest, on the Severn, near Annapolis.

Auchterlonie met his death while trying to free his wife and young nephew, Daniel McCracken, who had become entangled in the wire. The accident happened outside his own cottage. He had succeeded in pulling the wire from them, and in stepping back his foot came in contact with an iron water pipe. The full charge of current in the wire passed through his body and he fell dead.

Mrs. Auchterlonie, herself suffering from shock, recovered sufficiently to call for help. Dr. Egbert Mortimer of this city and Dr. Joseph Barry of Washington were among those who responded. They pronounced life extinct. His wife swooned at the news and has been conscious only part of the time since.

Auchterlonie had been at the Sherwood Forest Club for two years, and besides being instructor there, was supervising the construction of the new golf course. He is said to have been expert at this work. His home was in St. Andrews, Scotland, and his father is in the business of manufacturing golf clubs. Auchterlonie was married in April to Miss Mary Patton of Newburgh, N. Y., and the young couple spent their honeymoon at the Forest.

HERRICK AT FARGNIERS.

Cornerstone Laid for Buildings to Be Rebuilt by Carnegie Fund.

TERGNIER, France, July 9 (Associated Press.)—Ambassador Herrick represented the United States today at the ceremony of laying the cornerstone for the reconstructed municipal buildings in the town of Fargniers, near here, which will be financed by funds donated by the Carnegie Endowment. The American Ambassador was welcomed by Leon Berard, Minister of Public Instruction, representing Premier Poincare, who sent his regrets at being obliged to remain in Paris on account of official duties, most prominent of which was his conference with Signor Schanzer, the Italian Foreign Minister.

Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, Chief of the Department of Instruction and Works of Art, and a number of prominent Senators made addresses. Ambassador Herrick was presented with flowers by a group of school children, who sang "The Star Spangled Banner" in English.

Fargniers was almost entirely destroyed during the war and is one of the towns which has been decorated with the Croix de Guerre.

KILLS TWO MEN WHO DEMANDED MONEY

Italian Arrested After Double Shooting on East Side Refuses to Explain Demand.

SLAIN IN FRONT OF SCHOOL

Patrolman Breitenbach Commended by Inspector Henry for Catching Slayer.

A shooting in First Street late last night, in which two men were instantly killed and a third man arrested, proved puzzling to the police of the Fifth Street Station because of the unusual circumstances.

The fight took place in front of Public School 79, 38 First Street, while the street was crowded with hundreds of persons who were walking in the street and sitting at the entrances of the neighboring tenements.

Frank Gallo, 27 years old, whose address was said to be either 6 Second Avenue or 245 Elizabeth Street, and an unidentified man, apparently an Italian, were found dead when the battle ended. Carmelo Genovis, 45 years old, of 47½ First Street, revolver in hand, was arrested after a chase by Policeman John Breitenbach, just as he was running into the hallway to gain the comparative security of his home.

Genovis after continued questioning told the police that Gallo and the unidentified man had come to his apartment and demanded money from him. He had gone down with them to the street. A quarrel developed, he said, and in the fight which followed he shot both men. Genovis said he had never seen either of the men before and refused to tell why they demanded money from him. The initials "R. J. E." were found marked on the clothing of the unidentified man and there was an "E" engraved on the buckle of his belt.

Tragedy Puzzles Police.

The puzzle to the police consisted in the effort to fit the shots, known to have been fired, to the wounds. Gallo was shot through the chest, and at his side was found a pistol with one exploded cartridge. The unidentified victim was shot twice—through the mouth and in the chest near the heart—and no revolver was found near his body. In the revolver taken from Genovis were two exploded cartridges, and the barrel was still warm from the firing.

According to the witnesses whom the police were able to question, three shots were certainly fired, and it was pointed out that there was a possibility of there having been four shots, two reports having come practically together.

In the absence of specific information, the police deduced that the probability was that the unidentified man, also Gallo and that his revolver was picked up by some friend after he fell. It was thought likely that Gallo was probably in the act of firing when hit, and that his bullet went astray. Genovis, believed to be a friend of Gallo by the police, is then supposed to have fired two effective shots at the unidentified dead man.

Quick Capture by Policeman.

The arrest of Genovis was a quick piece of work on the part of Policeman Breitenbach. The latter was on guard over recently raided premises a few doors away, and heard the first shot. He saw one man fall and then another as bursts of flame split the semi-darkness, and saw a third man in shirt sleeves and carrying a revolver, running away.

Dodging persons in the crowd that quickly collected, Breitenbach by a burst of speed overhauled Genovis just as the latter had his foot on the doorstep leading into the hallway of the tenement in which he lived. Judging from the paucity of information which the police were able to obtain, it was surmised that Breitenbach's promptness was all that prevented the double murder from being in the list of completely unsolved mysteries.

All persons in the neighborhood interviewed by the police denied knowledge of any cause for the shooting, and detectives will continue the investigation today. Police Inspector Dominick Henry, who went to the police station from headquarters immediately after the first news of the shooting, commended Breitenbach for the arrest.

BUFFALO CARS TO RUN.

Police Riot Guns in Autos and Motorcycles to Guard Them.

BUFFALO, July 9.—The operation of street cars in Buffalo, suspended at midnight on July 1, when motormen and conductors employed by the International Railway Company went on strike, will be resumed at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning, it was announced by the company tonight.

Four cars will be operated on the Main Street line during the morning hours. Each will be preceded by two motorcycle policemen and followed by an automobile carrying four policemen armed with riot guns. In addition the extra policemen will be stationed along the route to be followed by the cars.

In the event that there is no interference with these four cars, four others will be added in the afternoon, the company said.

Efforts to bring about a settlement of the strike, in which the only issue is recognition of the union, apparently have failed and company and men are preparing for a long struggle. An ultimatum from the street railway company, calling on the men to return to work or forfeit all seniority rights, expires at midnight tomorrow.

HOBOKEN CLAIMS $1,000,000

If Government Pays Pier Losses, Tax Rate Will Drop.

If Hoboken can make the Federal Government compensate the city for the loss of revenue resulting from the army occupancy of piers there during the war, the tax rate may drop off from seven to nine points.

Senator Frelinghuysen advised the Chamber of Commerce yesterday that the Senate Committee on Claims would meet in Hoboken on Saturday to confer on the matter. It was said last night that officials of Hoboken put the loss of revenue at $1,000,000.

HEARST FIGHT SPURS WOMAN DEMOCRATS

Opponents Find His Campaign Has Accelerated Sentiment for Organization.

WOMEN ALL FOR "AL" SMITH

Miss Mills Asserts Organizers Are Meeting With Success in Republican Strongholds.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 9.—From all accounts the appearance of William R. Hearst as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor has proved a blessing in disguise to those who now are actively concerned in the organization of the Democratic women in the "black" Republican counties up-State.

Miss Harriet May Mills, Associate Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, under whose personal supervision this work is now being carried on, made it clear in an interview tonight that no attempt is being made to organize the women on an anti-Hearst basis.

"We are merely trying to get all the women we can to join the Democratic Party and take their place in it as active workers in the organization," said Miss Mills, who at the State election two years ago was the candidate of her party for Secretary of State. "They are responding wonderfully, and our organizers tell me that the candidacy of Mr. Hearst has proved one of the greatest, if not the greatest, stimulants in bringing women recruits to our banners."

The drive now in progress is the first attempt made since 1917, when women in this State received the right to vote, to build up a militant and numerically strong woman's organization within the Democratic Party. When Miss Mills ran for Secretary of State on the ticket headed by former Governor Smith it was as a candidate duly nominated at the primaries. But in the campaign she was compelled to depend for support and for funds to defray her expenses principally on a bi-partisan woman's committee. This committee, Miss Mills explained, "came to my support solely because I was a woman and happened to be the first woman ever nominated for State office in New York on a ticket that had a ghost of a show of winning. But it is needless to say that we should be done with that sort of a thing now. Party lines alone should prevail and discrimination on the ground of sex have no place in politics or we will be in a bad way."

Republican Strongholds Attacked.

The full force of the women's new organizations will not be felt in the primaries on Sept. 19, for a majority of the new recruits to the Democratic banner have not had their opportunity to enroll. In up-State counties, where there is no personal registration, this opportunity will come when they cast their ballots on election day. Nowhere will they have a chance to qualify to vote in the primaries this year, but Miss Mills and her aids believe the moral pressure the women will be in a position to exert by reason of their increase in numbers will be a strong factor in the fight that is being made to keep Hearst from getting the nomination.

"Because the Democratic Party has seemed to be more in need of the co-operation of women in such localities, the organizers have concentrated on a number of counties which up to the present time have been regarded as so strongly Republican that militant Democrats have actively practically abandoned as useless by the existing organizations composed exclusively of men. In half a dozen such counties, provided there is no relaxation in the effort to organize women, there is every prospect that they will outnumber the men, and, when enrolled, will be in a position to take over control of the local organizations.

"Of course, we did not go to work with any such intent," Miss Mills said. "We have not entered this work in rivalry, except the most friendly, with the men. We merely want to do our full duty to the party, and in that spirit we are offering our co-operation. We have had some rebuffs from the men leaders of our own party, some of whom seem to look upon us as nuisances, but the younger and more progressive element among the men appears to welcome this new and militant force in their local party organizations.

"I think what success we have had in this work is due to the fact that we are using up-to-date methods of organization, the same methods that we used in our women's clubs and in the suffrage movement. Where the men begin work only about the time election is due, we believe in working all the year round, Sundays and holidays excepted. This is the sort of work that is bound to succeed. If we can make the men awaken to a realization of that fact, we will have accomplished a great deal for the Democratic Party in certain localities in this State.

Women Opposed to Hearst.

"There is another thing that some of those who occupy positions of leadership in our party appear to overlook, the need for our party to be progressive and adjust itself to public sentiment. I think women naturally are more inclined toward the progressive view, and we have had that fact borne home to us every day while our work of organization has been in progress.

"We have not found it very difficult to get the women to take an interest. We have gone into a county and, on short notice have been able to get together from 200 or 300 to 700 or 1,000 women at a luncheon, tea or meeting, all in sympathy with the principles of our party, once we have had the opportunity to explain these to them in a congenial environment. The men have marveled at what we have been able to accomplish in this direction, where they have failed.

"We feel that organization is the keynote of success. We do not want our party to win merely by accident, or because of the unpopularity of any other party in power. We are striving every day in our work to bring it home to our women that the Democratic Party is a progressive and constructive force, not merely a party of protest doomed to remain a minority party."

Miss Mills said that in the course of her extensive contact with Democratic women she had never found one that favored the nomination of Mr. Hearst.

"It is not always because of the views he has expressed," said Miss Mills. "They just don't like him, and that seems to end it. I think his treatment of President Wilson, for whom our Democratic women entertain great affection, and his treatment of Governor Smith has had a great deal to do with the intense dislike of Mr. Hearst that is manifest everywhere among the Democratic women in the State.

The present movement originated with the women's organization in Westchester county, the banner organization of Democratic women in the State, among whole principal workers are Mrs. Daniel O'Day, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Mrs. Charles L. Tiffany, Mrs. Henry Morgenthau Jr., Mrs. Frederick Stuart Green, Mrs. Grosvenor Allen of Madison County, Mrs. Jessie A. Nicol of Chenango, Mrs. B. Lent of Tompkins, Mrs. Theodore G. Latt of Oneida, Mrs. Margaret Mack of Dutchess and Mrs. Elizabeth Colbert of Albany.

Miss Nancy Cook is the field secretary and all of Miss Mills's work in the work of supervision. In Westchester, Rockland, Dutchess, Albany, Schenectady, Herkimer, Madison, Onondaga, Erie, Monroe, Tompkins, Chemung, Tioga, Schuyler, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua and Niagara organization on an election district basis has either been completed or is nearing completion.

Hunts Gas Leak With Candle; Finds It; Goes to Hospital

Hunting for a gas leak with a lighted candle nearly cost the life of Benjamin Rubin, 25 years old, of 15 Attorney Street, who was taken to Gouverneur Hospital yesterday suffering from burns on his face and hands.

Rubin, who is a plumber, was called to 97 Rivington Street to repair a break in a gas pipe in the cellar. As he put the lighted candle to one of the pipes, there was an explosion which set fire to his clothing.

Patrolman Malone of the Clinton Street station ran to his rescue and after extinguishing the fire summoned Dr. Weinberg of Gouverneur Hospital. It was said Rubin's condition was serious.

EXCURSION BOAT DISABLED IN BAY

More Than 500 Passengers Transferred From the Little Silver to Another Vessel.

CAUSED BY ENGINE TROUBLE

Band Plays While Steamboat Drifts Helplessly Off the Highlands.

Fifteen minutes after leaving Atlantic Highlands at 5:30 last night with 551 passengers for the Battery, Manhattan, the Patten Line steamboat Little Silver stopped through engine trouble and drifted about helplessly a mile off shore. Captain Edwards, who was on the bridge, after being informed that the engines had broken down and could not be repaired that night, blew his whistle for assistance. The majority of the passengers on the Little Silver were women and children who had been spending the day at Atlantic Highlands on the sands.

There was a light breeze and the sea was calm, so that there was no danger, and the band on deck played popular tunes to divert the attention of the passengers. Many of them did not know that anything out of the way had occurred, the captain said last night, until the steamboat Albertina of the Merchants Shipping Company of Redbank, N. J., came alongside half an hour later and the gangplanks were run out to enable the passengers to cross from one vessel to the other. The 551 men, women and children were transferred safely from the Little Silver and were landed at the Battery by the Albertina about half-past eight.

The steamboat Mary Patten later picked up the disabled vessel and towed her to the company's pier at the foot of West Twelfth Street, which was reached at a quarter past ten.

TO OPPOSE LIQUOR ON SHIPS

Anti-Saloon League Prepares for Justice Department Hearing.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The hearings scheduled to open before the Department of Justice next Thursday "will be a legal battle between the dry forces and those contending for the sale of liquor on American ships," the Anti-Saloon League predicted in a statement issued today.

Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the organization, has prepared a "voluminous brief," the statement said, and twelve temperance organizations were named as being prepared "to present their protest against liquor selling on American vessels."

Various local organizations, the statement added, have asked Mr. Wheeler "to present their appeal for a construction of the law which will prevent liquor selling on American ships and to insist upon the enforcement of the law that prohibits the possession of beverage intoxicants within the three-mile limit."

BLOC FIGHTS PILSUDSKI.

Intends to Overthrow Any Cabinet He Sets Up, Observers Believe.

WARSAW, July 9.—The fall of the Cabinet of Premier Sliwinski, which handed its resignation to President Pilsudski on Friday, but was requested to remain in office until a new Ministry can be organized, came in consequence of the antagonism of the combination of the National Democratic Right with other groups favorable to former Premier Ponikowski and former Foreign Minister Skirmunt.

Political observers assert that this combination apparently intends to overthrow any new Minister put forward by President Pilsudski, with the deadlock lasting until the President yields or the fall elections change membership of the Diet.

DIPLOMATIC PAPERS STOLEN

Japanese Attache's Secretary Reports Theft in Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The theft of what was described as a valuable collection of diplomatic correspondence, covering a period of twenty years, together with the seals of the American and Japanese Governments affixed, was reported last night to the police by Joseph M. Tighe, private secretary to Major Gen. Haraguchi, Military Attaché of the Japanese Government.

The documents were taken from his home July 1, Mr. Tighe was said to have reported, after he had removed them from a safe deposit vault to classify them.

GIVE CIRCUS AT LONG BEACH

Stars of Stage Raise $12,000 for the Hospital There.

LONG BEACH, L. I., July 9.—Frank Tinney, captain of the Long Beach Life Guards, put on a circus tonight for the benefit of the $100,000 drive for the Long Beach Hospital. Between $12,000 and $15,000 was raised. Six thousand persons attended it.

Participating in the circus were Fred Stone, William Collier, Max Murray, Eddie Foy, Raymond Hitchcock, Esther Ine and Jane Lee and Adele Rowland, among a total of 300 entertainers, as well as a menagerie of real animals.

A parade along the Boardwalk and through the main thoroughfares of the city preceded the entertainment.

MORSE DECISION WEDNESDAY

Portland Official Will Decide Question of New York Indictment.

PORTLAND, Me., July 9.—United States Commissioner Chapman will announce next Wednesday his decision as to whether Charles W. Morse, the shipbuilder, and his associate, Rupert M. Much, shall be removed to New York to answer to indictments charging fraud in relation to war-time shipbuilding contracts.

Testimony in the hearing before the commissioner was completed yesterday and final arguments, which had been expected to go over until this week, were made.

SMITH'S NAME TO GO BEFORE CONVENTION

Only a Refusal to Accept Can Prevent His Nomination for Governor, Friends Say.

SILENT ON SYRACUSE ACTION

Tammany Reports Murphy Not Dissatisfied With Outcome of Conference.

WAY OUT OF A DILEMMA

Business Men Said to Favor Nomination of Ex-Governor to Head Off Hearst.

Former Governor Alfred E. Smith declined to comment yesterday upon the action of the Syracuse conference of up State Democrats, the great majority of the participants in which expressed themselves as favoring his nomination for Governor and opposed to the nomination of William R. Hearst. Mr. Smith made it clear that he was not an aspirant for the nomination, and that there had been no change in his desire to remain in business as chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Trucking Corporation and not to be a candidate for any office this year.

Despite Mr. Smith's disinclination to go on the ticket, the action of the group of up-State Democrats who met at Syracuse and the desire of Democrats all over the State to get a candidate upon whom they could unite in opposition to Mr. Hearst, has created a situation which friends of Mr. Smith believe will result in the latter's nomination. As matters stand now, Mr. Smith's name will be presented to the Democratic State Convention to be held in Syracuse late in September.

In the opinion of party leaders the only thing that could stop Mr. Smith's nomination in that event would be a definite declaration from him that he would not accept.

Say Murphy Cooled's Step It.

Lacking such a declaration, the opinion of Democratic leaders is that a majority of the delegates would vote for Mr. Smith, no matter what other candidates there were or whether Mr. Hearst was a candidate or transferred his support to some one else, possibly Mayor Hylan. Even the power of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany, is not considered sufficient to stop Mr. Smith's nom

Fresh Fruit Sundae

Deliciously cooling on a hot day. Just fresh crushed fruit — pineapples, raspberries, peaches — poured over ice cream of the same flavor.

Huyler's NEW YORK

America's foremost fine candy

Special this week:
Chocolate Cocoanut Royals

Shoes 3 Size Fever Sizes

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ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic, Healing Powder for the Feet

Takes the friction from the shoe, relieves the pain of corns, bunions, callouses and sore spots, freshens the feet and gives new vigor.

Makes Tight or New Shoes Feel Easy

At night, when your feet are tired, sore and swollen from walking or dancing, sprinkle Allen's Foot-Ease in the foot-bath and enjoy the bliss of feet without an ache.

Over One Million five hundred thousand pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

In a Pinch, use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Cuticura Ointment Is Soothing After Shaving

After shaving with Cuticura Soap, the Cuticura way, gently rub tender spots on face with Cuticura Ointment. Then wash all off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse with cupful of water.

Sample Each by Mail. Address: Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 21B, Malden, Mass. Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

Mothers!

A cooling antiseptic wash for baby skin

is quickly made by diluting Mifflin Alkohol Massage with equal parts of water. Insist on the genuine. At druggists and department stores.

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Early Advertisements

Advertisers and agents are urged to co-operate with The New York Times to facilitate insertion of advertisements. Complete copy delivered to The Times Building by 4 P. M. the day preceding publication in the daily edition has preference.

PARK BUREAU GIVES RECREATION PLANS

Baseball, Tennis, Movies and Band Concerts Are on Program Announced.

TO HAVE BOYS' BALL LEAGUE

Tennis Tournaments for Permit Holders Will Begin July 21—Games for Younger Children.

Baseball, tennis, movies, band concerts and games for younger children are included in the Summer recreation program of the Park Department Recreation Bureau, announced yesterday by James V. Milholland, Supervisor of the bureau.

The formation of a "park league" for street block baseball teams is provided in the program. The best eight teams playing in the parks Saturdays and Sundays will make up the league, which will be for boys not more than 4 feet 8 inches in height.

A tennis tournament for those holding permits to play in Central Park already has been started. These permits may be obtained without charge from the Park Department. More than 2,500 permits already have been issued for Central Park. The singles tournament will start July 21, and the doubles tournament Aug. 21. Another tournament for children between 14 and 16 will begin early in September.

Basketball, baseball, volley ball, pinball and other group games are being arranged for the younger children. Top spinning, hoop rolling and marble shooting contests also will be held. Folk and national dances will be taught to the girls.

The following recreation centres are now open:

Astor Field, Eighth Avenue and Fiftieth Street.
Carl Schurz, Eighty-sixth Street and East River.
Carmansville, 153d Street and Amsterdam Avenue.
Central Park.
South meadow, Ninety-sixth Street, tennis.
North meadow, 100th Street.
Sheep meadow, Sixty-sixth Street.
Playground lawn, Sixty-fifth Street.
Chelsea, Twenty-eighth Street and Ninth Avenue.
Cherry and Market Streets.
Colonial, 150th Street and Bradhurst Avenue.
Corlears Hook, Corlears Hook and Jackson Street.
DeWitt Clinton, Fifty-third Street and Eleventh Avenue.
East Seventieth Street, East River.
Five Points, Baxter and Worth Streets.
Hamilton Fish, Houston and Pitt Streets.
Hudson, Clarkson and Hudson Streets.
Jasper Oval, 137th Street and Convent Avenue.
John Jay, Seventy-seventh Street and East River.
Queensboro, foot of East Fifty-ninth Street.
Reservoir Oval, 176th Street and Amsterdam Avenue.
Riverside Oval, Seventy-seventh Street and Riverside Drive.
St. Gabriel's, Thirty-fifth Street and Second Avenue.
Seward, Canal and Jefferson Streets.
Thomas Jefferson, 114th Street and East River.
Tompkins Square, Tenth Street and Avenue A.
St. Catherine's, Sixty-seventh Street and First Avenue.
West Fifty-ninth Street, near Tenth Avenue.
Yorkville, 101st Street near First Avenue.
GYMNASIUMS.
Carmine Street, near Varick Street.
Cherry and Oliver Streets.
East Fifty-fourth Street, near First Avenue.
Rutger Place, near Jefferson Street.
West Twenty-eighth Street, near Ninth Avenue.
West Fifty-ninth Street, near Tenth Avenue.
Hamilton Fish, Houston and Pitt Streets.

The following temporary playgrounds will be open from July 1 to Sept. 1:

Battery, Battery Place and State Street.
Clark, 175th Street and Fort Washington Avenue.
Fort Washington Point, 177th Street and North River.
Jackson Square, Horatio Street and Eighth Avenue.
Mount Morris, 120th Street and Madison Avenue.
Riverside, Ninety-sixth Street and Riverside Drive.
Ryan, Forty-second Street east of Second Avenue.
Watergate, 134th Street and Convent Avenue.
St. Nicholas Avenue, 153d Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.
Highbridge, 170th Street and Amsterdam Avenue.

RECREATION PIERS.

West 128th Street, North River.
West Fiftieth Street, North River.
Barrow Street, North River.
East Third Street, East River.
East 112th Street, East River.

LAWNS OF RIVERSIDE PARK.

Ninetieth Street lawn.
109th Street lawn.
134th Street lawn.

The Park Department has arranged the following music schedule for the coming months. City Chamberlain Berolzheimer, who is chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Music, has also arranged to have music on the piers on different nights throughout the Summer:

FIRE DEPARTMENT BAND—8 TO 10 P. M.

East Third Street Pier, July 5.
West 129th Street Pier, July 12.
Barrow Street Pier, July 26.
West 129th Street Pier, Aug. 2.
East Third Street Pier, Aug. 9.
West Fiftieth Street Pier, North River, Aug. 16.
West 129th Street Pier, Aug. 30.

POLICE DEPARTMENT BAND—8 TO 10 P. M.

Stadium, July 4.
West 129th Street Pier, July 6.
Barrow Street Pier, July 10.
East Third Street Pier, July 13.
West 129th Street Pier, July 18.
West Fiftieth Street Pier, July 23.
East Third Street Pier, July 25.
Barrow Street Pier, July 27.
West 129th Street Pier, Aug. 4.
Barrow Street Pier, Aug. 18.
Curtis Field, Aug. 9.
Central Park, Aug. 16.
East Third Street Pier, Aug. 21.
West 129th Street Pier, Aug. 24.
Central Park, Aug. 17.
Barrow Street Pier, Aug. 18.
Barrow Street Pier, Aug. 23.
East Third Street Pier, Aug. 25.
Curtis Field, Aug. 30.
West Fiftieth Street Pier, Aug. 30.
Central Park, Aug. 31.
East Third Street Pier, Sept. 1.

DEPARTMENT OF STREET CLEANING—8 TO 10 P. M.

Barrow Street Pier, July 5.
West Fiftieth Street Pier, July 11.
Barrow Street Pier, July 13.
East Third Street Pier, July 18.
Mount Morris Park, July 20.
West 129th Street Pier, July 25.
Barrow Street Pier, July 27.
East Third Street Pier, Aug. 1.
West 129th Street Pier, Aug. 3.
West 129th Street Pier, Aug. 6.
Battery Park, Aug. 10.
West 129th Street Pier, Aug. 22.
West Fiftieth Street Pier, Aug. 24.
Barrow Street Pier, Aug. 31.

Educational movies will be shown on the piers and in the parks during the Summer months. The following schedule has been arranged during July and August:

MONDAY—St. Nicholas Park, 135th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, and Hamilton Fish Park, Houston and Pitt Streets.
TUESDAY—Battery Park, State Street and Battery Place, and Watergate Park Playground, 134th Street and Amsterdam Avenue.
WEDNESDAY—East 112th Street Recreation Pier, East River, and Barrow Street Recreation Pier, North River.
THURSDAY—Mount Morris Park, 120th Street and Madison Avenue, and West 125th Street Recreation Pier, North River.
FRIDAY—Riverside Park Playground, Ninety-sixth Street and Riverside Drive, and West Fiftieth Street Recreation Pier, North River.

FREIGHT TRAIN WRECKED.

Broken Wheel Causes Five Cars to Pile Up at Dunellen, N. J.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 9.—A broken wheel on a Philadelphia & Reading Westbound freight train wrecked five empty cars and derailed three cars loaded with rolls of paper at Dunellen, N. J., late this afternoon, blocking three of the four tracks for several hours. No one was injured.

When the wheel broke the empty cars were piled on top of each other and the tracks were torn up for some distance.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Gold Stores; A. S. Weinraub, jobs high-grade cotton dresses; 366 5th Av., Room 713.
ALBANY, N. Y.—W. M. Whitney & Co.; A. T. Palmer, carpets, rugs; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).
ALTOONA, Pa.—Mgr. Sales Outfit; P. Feldman, jobs ready-to-wear, basement, waists, petticoats; 1,181 B'way.
ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Sears's; M. V. Moore, furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison, Paxon, Stokes Co.; L. F. Hardy, basement dept.; J. V. Welburn, suits, dresses, waists; 1,190 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
BALTIMORE—American Whol. Corp.; P. E. Beck, toys, glassware; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; T. L. Shanahan, men's furnishings; 16 W. 32d St. (Associated D. G. Corp.).
BALTIMORE—M. M. Bernstein & Co.; M. M. Bernstein, neckwear materials; 440 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Block & Mayer; M. B. Block, mfrs. dresses; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Edgar Shoe Shop; J. A. Elinoff, shoes; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. J. Gehman, representing; 16 W. 32d.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; Miss B. Horgan, corsets, muslin underwear; 1,190 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
BALTIMORE—Levin Bros.; S. E. Levin, clothing; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—Makover-Lowenberg Co.; B. Makover, woolens; Martinique.
BALTIMORE—Makover-Rotch Co.; B. Makover, woolens; Martinique.
BALTIMORE—Gray's Dept. Store; N. Sisco, gen'l mdse.; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE—T. W. Walsh, women's apparel; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, jobs dress-wear; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Oriole Dept. Store; E. A. Gundersheimer, men's furnishing goods, knit goods; Miss M. E. Eisenger, ladies' furnishing goods; 23 E. 26th.
BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; C. E. Wirsching, hosiery, gloves; 354 4th Av.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros.-Weldon Co.; Mr. Fowler, corsets; Breslin.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Kisselt & Davids; J. A. Davids, uniforms and pants; 256 Church; Pennsylvania.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Kartus Dept. Store; H. Alberg, jobs silk shirts; 1,170 B'way (d. Meyers).
BISBEE, Ariz.—Frankenberg Bros. & Newman; B. Frankenberg, coats, suits, waists, furs; 1,190 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; J. H. Drew, white fibre sweaters; 19 W. 32d (Specialty Stores Assn.).
BRISTOL, Va.—Mahoney-Jones Co.; J. A. Mahoney, gen. mdse.; 260 B'way.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; E. Karl, men's furnishings; Mrs. E. I. Ward, bathing suits, sweaters, waists; 16 W. 32d (Associated D. G. Corp.).
BUFFALO—S. Oliven; Mrs. Ferguson, silk dresses; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. J. Connolly, men's furnishings; 16 W. 32d (Associated D. G. Corp.).
BUTTE, Mont.—Hennessy Co.; R. J. Cronin, silks, velvets, linings, wool dress goods, domestics, wash and white goods, flannels; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).
CASPER, Wyo.—Fuchs Co., Mr. and Mrs. Fuchs, ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).
CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.; C. A. Grosshill, R. H. Hall, H. Hass, Miss Smith, trimmed hats, frames; H. E. Glatfelter, flowers, fancy feathers; Miss Coyne, ready-to-wear untrimmed children's hats; 618 B'way, Room 625.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; M. H. Meyer, wash goods, dry goods, outings, linings, domestics, &c.; 253 5th Av. (Hart, Flanagan Co.).
CHICAGO—Kirshman Bros. (jobbers); Simmons Stern, new Fall silk dresses; 1,333 B'way, 7th floor.
CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; Mr. Reif, carpets, floor covering; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).
CHICAGO—The Fair; Miss E. Herman, flannelette gowns, basement; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—S. P. Platt; L. Platt, striped tub silk waists, satines, bloomers; 1,182 B'way, Room 1405.
CHICAGO—L. Kein; H. Michelson, silks; A. Immohus, wash goods, domestics, linens; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).
CHICAGO—Meyer & Co.; E. Strauss, piece goods; Pennsylvania.
CHICAGO—Cohen & Cerf; A. Cohen, coat and suit materials; Pennsylvania.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss J. Kessler, coats, wraps (upstairs); Miss E. Klejack, waists, muslin underwear; 18 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss B. Kiel, waists; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Edson, Keith & Co.; W. E. Knudson, silks, velvets, ribbons; 225 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; J. A. Neiman, stationery; J. H. Schoenberg, men's, boys' clothing; 448 4th Av. (C. E. Babcock).
CINCINNATI, Ohio—J. V. Jacobs & Co.; J. V. Jacobs, dresses, muslin underwear; 366 Madison Av.
CINCINNATI—Alms, Doepke Co.; H. A. Palmer, notions; 260 B'way.
CINCINNATI—Smith-Kasson Co.; Mrs. H. Freiss, underwear, house dresses, petticoats, children's wear; Pennsylvania.
CINCINNATI—Burkhardt, Seiter Co.; I. G. Seiter, millinery; Martinique.
CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co., Basement—D. S. Michel, mdse. mgr.; J. Aronson, men's furnishings; Miss K. Steinau, undermuslins; 225 5th Av., Room 823.
CLEVELAND—The May Co.; Miss Lawson, house dresses; 37 W. 26th (E. M. Sostman).
COLORADO SPRINGS, Col.—Giddings & Kirkwood; T. E. Adams, trimmings, notions, laces, embroideries; 225 5th Av. (F. Atkins).
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss B. Dunlap, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Miss A. K. Smith, dress materials; 225 5th Av.; Gregorian.
DALLAS—Ross, Freeman, Sharpe Co.; J. Ross, dresses; 370 7th Av. (M. B. Goldbeck).
DAYTON, Ohio—The Fair Store (The S. & M. Margolis Co.); A. J. Margolis, jobs silk and wash dresses; Pennsylvania.
DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; A. N. Deutsch, upholstery, curtains; H. F. Kramer, silks, dress goods; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss Reed, infants' wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; Miss F. Wood, corsets, muslin underwear; Miss E. Pasco, bathing; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).
DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; H. Reichenbach, shoes; Miss H. McCarthy, waists; 200 5th Av., Room 1150.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson & Co.; Miss A. G. Sweeney, art goods; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; J. S. Phillips, notions, ribbons, handkerchiefs; 42 Leonard (Room 404).
FAIRBURY, Neb.—Golden Rule Co.; R. Dabner, E. Kissel, misses', men's ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way (B. F. Platt).
FORT WORTH, Texas—Cotton's Ladies' Toggery; D. L. Cotton, ready-to-wear; 376 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).
FORT WORTH, Texas—L. G. Gilbert; S. Gilbert, suits, dresses; 171 W. 36th (Hoffman & Hartbiay).
FRESNO, Cal.—E. Gottschalk & Co.; A. H. Blum, mdse. mgr.; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).
GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—Arseninger Garment Department; G. M. Vandervoort, coats; 120 W. 32d (L. Harris).
GRAND FORKS, N. D.—Johnson's Store; C. Johnson, ready-to-wear; 130 W. 32d (A. Minor, Inc.).
GRAND ISLAND, Neb.—Waldman's; L. S. Reichstein, coats; 120 W. 32d (L. Harris).
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; C. Vivian, men's furnishings, umbrellas; 1,170 B'way (Morgan & Abrens).
HARRISBURG, Pa.—Robinson's Women's Shop; E. B. Robinson, cloaks, suits, waists; dresses; Herald Square.
HAZELTON, Pa.—J. Gerhardt & Co.; A. Curnow, representing; 377 B'way; Pennsylvania.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Watts, Ritter & Co.; E. C. Halstead, suit underwear; 44 Leonard, Room 210.
HOUSTON, Texas—A. I. Garment Co.; A. Feigenbaum, jobs canton crepe dresses; 1,170 B'way (S. Meyers).
HOUSTON—Leo M. Levy, ready-to-wear; 229 4th Av. (McGreevey, Werring & Howell, Inc.).
HUDSON FALLS, N. Y.—Miss M. Pender, ready-to-wear, millinery; Continental.
INDIANAPOLIS—Ayres & Co.; Miss Griffin, dresses; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
INDIANAPOLIS—Selle's Dry Goods Co.; Miss J. A. Taylor, dresses, costumes; 16 E. 26th; Underwear, knit wear; 225 4th Av.; Claridge.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; J. Gutman, children's, girls' wear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
INDIANAPOLIS—Kahn's Dept. Store; L. Kahn, gen'l buyer; 366 5th Av., Room 413.
JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; J. E. Dekelle, S. W. Rose's, upholstery, carpets, furniture, toys; 120 W. 32d (J. Burnell).
KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird & Thayer D. G. Co.; G. E. King, mdse. mgr.; Mrs. Billiak, infants' wear; 36 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Lyons Dry Goods; J. P. Duncan, furs; 36 Madison Av.; Martinique.
KANSAS CITY—Smith, McCord, Townsend Dry Goods Co.; M. Miller, notions, ribbons, dress goods, toys; W. Clegiles, ready-to-wear; 13 Leonard (H. W. Fitzhugh).
KANSAS CITY—G. B. Peck Dry Goods Co.; Miss E. Bird, coats, suits, sheers; 366 Madison Av.; Martinique.
LANCASTER—Bair & Wilson; J. J. Bair, cloaks, suits and dresses; Martinique.
LIMA, Ohio—Lasher Garment Department; H. Kreuger, coats; 120 W. 32d (L. Harris).
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Doyle-Kidd Dry Goods Co.; L. J. Ottenheimer, white goods, notions, draperies; 80 Worth (White & Pardee).
LOS ANGELES—Bayer-Weiler; G. Gaston, millinery; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; J. Ho. Rosenthal, children's organdy dresses, smocks, underwear; 446 4th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Style Mode Dry Co.; J. L. Davis, piece goods, novelties, trimmings; 114 W. 26th (Mike Cash).
LOS ANGELES—Harry Funk & Co.; D. M. Graham, coats, suits, dresses, blouses; Mrs. G. M. Swart, coats, suits, dresses, blouses, sport wear; Pennsylvania.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; G. A. Skinner, notions, gloves, jewelry, knit goods; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
LOS ANGELES—Wittenberg & Kirshfeld; A. H. Wittenberg, hosiery, women's underwear; Pennsylvania.
LOUISVILLE—B. Snyder, jobs and cloaks, men's, women's bathing suits; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; C. A. Vier, men's furnishings; 16 W. 32d (Associated D. G. Corp.).
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; H. Tashjian, oriental rugs; 16 W. 32d.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—David Baird & Son; J. C. Weaver, braids, ornaments; 631 B'way.
LOUISVILLE—Swaim-Abram Hat Co.; C. H. Porter, hats, caps; Martinique.
McKEESPORT, Pa.—Parsons Co.; F. M. Silver, jobs men's, boys' clothing; 34 W. 32d (Livingston & Cohen).
MARION, S. D.—Kutcher & Kutcher; L. J. Kutcher, gen'l mdse.; Martinique.
MEMPHIS—John Gerber Co.; Mrs. G. Aull, ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av. (McGreevey, Werring & Howell, Inc.).
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—S. Lowenstein & Bros.; Miss E. Frank, muslin, infants' wear; 120 W. 32d (M. H. Gradwohl).
MIAMI, Fla.—N. Samet; F. Perry, silk, cotton dresses; 1,204 B'way.
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; H. Gearhart, rugs, draperies; 43 Leonard, Room 418.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson & Co.; Miss I. M. Gere, ready-to-wear; Miss M. I. King, infants' wear; 240 Madison Av.
MUSKOGEE, Okla.—Calhoun D. G. Co.; M. B. Becker, ready-to-wear; 1,190 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Epstein-Benning Co.; J. H. Epstein, children's coats; 25 W. 32d; Cumberland.
NEWARK, N. J.—Hahne & Co.; I. Scheier, men's furnishings; 16 W. 32d (Associated D. G. Corp.).
NEWPORT, Ky.—Herman Jacobs & Co.; H. Jacobs, silk dresses, large sizes; Pennsylvania.
NORFOLK, Va.—The Shop Unusual; E. B. Conway, coats, suits, dresses; Imperial.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Shafran's Cloak and Suit House; S. A. Weinstock, mdse. mgr., furs; Pennsylvania.
OMAHA—M. E. Smith & Co.; C. E. Hutchinson, hosiery, underwear, knit goods; 200 5th Av., Room 1212.
OTTUMWA, Iowa—S. C. Cullen Co.; P. J. Donelan, gen'l mgr.; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).
PADUCAH, Ky.—S. Guthrie Co.; Mrs. Kelly, ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).
PALESTINE, Texas—The Fashion; S. D. Brooks, coats, suits; Breslin.
PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Dealy Bros.; C. A. Shanley, domestics, trunks, bags; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Lilla Gown Shop; Mrs. L. G. Cunning, jobs Summer dresses; 1,165 B'way, Room 407.
PHILADELPHIA—Eureka Cloak and Suit Co.; Jack Kahn, mfrs. cloaks and suits; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Shellenburg & Co.; Miss C. Lowenstein, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Y. Zauner, candy; E. Rohn, leather goods, trunks; B. S. Scott, men's furnishings; B'way and 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss A. Eckert, special lots, misses' dresses; Miss G. Kathman, women's muslin and silk underwear, negligees; Miss A. Kern, women's, children's knit underwear; Miss Z. Zimmerman, corsets; 1,140 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; M. C. Marshall, floor coverings; Mrs. G. O'Neill, jewelry; 22 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).
PITTSBURGH—Kaufman's Dept. Store; Miss K. L. Schaefer, representing; 1,261 B'way (M. A. McNulty).
PITTSBURGH—Berkman Bros.; S. Berkman, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
PLATTE, S. D.—Kutcher & Kutcher; W. S. Kelfant, gen'l mdse.; Martinique.
PORT HURON, Mich.—L. Higer & Son; Mrs. J. Webster, Miss M. Russell, ladies' suits, coats, dresses, infants' wear; Pennsylvania.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; F. Jacobsen, millinery, basement; 312 5th Av.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King Co.; Miss L. Bernard, coats, suits, waists, dresses, kimonos; 432 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Ore.—S. Swett Co.; G. Morgan, waists, petticoats, misses' wear; 16 E. 26th, Room 1610.
PORTLAND, Ore.—The Nemitz Co.; S. Nemitz, women's suits; 246 5th Av., 5th floor (jobbers).
PUEBLO, Col.—Crews-Beggs D. G. Co.; I. K. Young, destine, linens, blankets; G. J. Schnarre, notions, ribbons, jewelry, laces; 260 Madison Av.; Pennsylvania.
RICHMOND, Va.—Weisberger Co.; S. Weisberger, men's furnishings; Pennsylvania.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; basement, M. M. Schwartz, mdse. mgr.; Miss M. Ernstone, jobs girls' dresses, boys' suits, rompers; Miss L. Salinsky, jobs undermuslin, house dresses, bungalow aprons; E. Noble, domestics; 1,261 B'way (d. Solomon).
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Gold Stores; L. G. Cohn, jobs polo coats, silk capes; 366 5th Av., Room 712.
ROCHESTER—R. Isaacs, woolens; Pennsylvania.
ROCHESTER—E. W. Edwards & Son; Miss M. A. Reynolds, fancy goods, art goods; Breslin.
SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; J. Maloney, coats, suits; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
SAN ANGELO, Texas—Baker, Hemphill Co.; Mr. Hemphill, men's furnishing goods; S. Hodges, ready-to-wear; 395 B'way (Woodward & Mitchell).
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Frosts' Specialty Store; W. C. Frost, women's, misses' wear, millinery; 38 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—The Fashion; S. D. Brooks, M. Richbark, coats, suits; Breslin.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—H. Steele & Co.; H. Steele, jewelry, notions; Claridge.
SAN FRANCISCO—W. N. Moore Dry Goods Co.; E. Reed Funston, 1st Vice President; R. P. Schjaman, men's furnishing goods; E. Cumberland, domestics, draperies; Frank Silby, hosiery, underwear; 350 B'way, Room 1006.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Miss M. J. Oliver, waists, petticoats; 432 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Mrs. Fortcous, sport apparel, sweaters; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss E. Mason, women's coats; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
SAN FRANCISCO—Levi, Strauss & Co.; W. G. McCarthy, hosiery, underwear; 377 B'way, Room 712.
SAN FRANCISCO—Moller & Haas Co.; C. Haas, millinery, silks, velvets; 621 B'way Room 620.
SARATOGA, N. Y.—E. D. Starbuck & Co.; E. D. Starbuck Jr., carpets; 23 W. 26th (Jay & Co.).
SAXON, Col.—Shiret Jobbing Co.; J. Shiret, silk Fall dresses; 130 W. 32d.
SCRANTON—Wyoming Garment Co.; M. R. Sickman, coats; 137 W. 36th (L. Harris).
SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; Mrs. Bacon, gowns, skirts; Miss F. Carty, art needlework; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Geo. Wyman & Co.; F. Stevens, silks, velvets, dress goods; 1,182 B'way.
SPOKANE—Culbertson's; Mrs. M. Westerwalker, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).
SPOKANE, Wash.—Spokane D. G. Co.; S. Pendelly, furs; 440 4th Av.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Culbertson's; W. R. Price, clothing, furnishings; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Wolf Co.; J. R. Levy, ready-to-wear; 54 W. 32d (W. Van Buren).
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Robt. Corle Dry Goods Co.; J. Bolen, knit goods, hosiery; H. D. Elvett, men's furnishing goods, shirts; 60 Worth (White & Pardee).
ST. LOUIS—R. Nugent & Bros. D. G. Co.; Miss McGreevy, new Fall dresses; Wm. Kramer, men's two-pants suits; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; A. E. Stifelman, cotton piece goods; 977 B'way, Room 903.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; C. Phillips, large chinaware, glassware; J. Gottlieb, Mrs. L. Webb, dresses; M. Stevens, misses' suits; E. Mahoney, V. Patterson, misses' dresses; 1,407 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Hoyle-Barick Co.; R. H. Dohn, suits, skirts, basement; 134 W. 32d (L. Weber & Co.).
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; W. Addison, leather goods; E. W. Edwards, upholstery goods; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Crone & Co.; J. Crone, millinery; Continental.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; Miss J. Bialicka, representing; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
ST. LOUIS—Carleton Dry Goods Co.; A. K. Miller, shirts, pajamas, work clothing; 529 B'way (W. Ferguson).
ST. PAUL—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; L. W. Welterstedt, white goods, linens, upholstery; 350 B'way (B. F. Knowles).
ST. PAUL—Manheimer Bros.; Miss E. Theis, representing; 209 5th Av. (W. Flockhart).
SYRACUSE—Majestic Cloak Co.; Miss M. Cohen, jobs wash and new silk dresses; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).
SYRACUSE—E. W. Edwards & Son; Miss M. Rand, art and fancy goods; Breslin.
TERRE HAUTE—Petersdorf's, Inc.; Sig. Petersdorf, coats; 130 W. 36th (L. Harris).
TROY, N. Y.—The Peoples' Store; H. Goldfarb, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
TYLER, Texas—Mayer & Schmidt, Inc.; J. Wolf, Miss N. Farish, ready-to-wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).
WACO, Texas—Goldstein-Migel Co.; S. Hirschberg, ready-to-wear, piece goods; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).
WASHINGTON—M. Sweeny & Sons Co.; R. Sweeny, mdse. mgr.; Martinique.
WASHINGTON—J. Cunningham & Co.; A. Calhoun, women's ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
WASHINGTON—Sicker-Kaufman Co.; I. Kaufman, clothing, furnishing goods; Martinique.
WASHINGTON—Philipsborn & Co.; Miss M. N. Keys, dresses, costumes; 16 W. 36th (G. Abel).
WEBER, Idaho—Anderson, Daley & Co.; S. H. Daley, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).
WILKES-BARRE—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; Miss S. Latimer, Miss E. Latimer, ready-to-wear; 33 E. 34th (W. T. Knott).
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons Co.; S. G. Spitzer, women's shoes; 452 4th Av.
WILMINGTON, Del.—Tuckerman's Women's Shop; T. Tuckerman, jobs scoop coats; 3 W. 29th (Natl. Fur. Co.).
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Grand Leader; G. Livingston, better grade new Fall silk dresses; 1,270 B'way (S. Meyers).
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey Co.; O. D. Sheets, ready-to-wear; H. M. O'Connor, ready-to-wear, basement; Miss Mackall, toilet goods; B. Holzman, art goods, stationery; Jacobs & F. H. Beasley, rugs, carpets, linoleums, draperies, curtains; Miss Connell, silks, dress goods; D. Weir, men's wear, boys' clothing, furnishings; Miss Leah, corsets, brassieres; Miss Appel, laces, embroideries, neckwear, ribbons, handkerchiefs, veilings; S. T. Thompson, wash and white goods, domestics, linens, beddings; W. L. Brenn, housefurnishings, dinnerware, silverware, toys; Miss Holihan, muslin underwear, infants' wear, house dresses, aprons, knit goods; H. M. Green, jewelry, leather goods, notions; Miss McCambridge, gloves; Miss Powell, ribbons; 225 5th Av. (J. M. Higgins, Inc.).

TO BUILD ANDES RAILROADS.

Argentina and Chile Agree on Construction of a System.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Argentina would be brought closer to the United States, and Chile nearer Europe, through the system of trans-Andean railroads to be built under an agreement reached between the Governments of Argentina and Chile, according to a report to the Commerce Department today from Ambassador John W. Riddle at Buenos Aires.

The Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the two Governments, he reported, have signed an agreement, to be referred at soon as possible for the construction of two railroads to be built in three years after ratification. They would connect, without change of cars, Salta, Argentina and Antofagasta, Chile, in the north, and in the south with an extension of the Southern Railroad from Zapala, Argentina, to Curacutin, Chile, which would connect Bahia Blanca with cities in the southern system.

"There is some opposition," the report said, "to the ratification of this agreement, but it is argued that national boundaries can no longer limit trade. Chilean nitrate and coal, it is said, will move to Argentina in exchange for agricultural products."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Forecast:

North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; probably scattered thunder showers.

Florida—Partly cloudy, with scattered thunder showers Monday and Tuesday.

Extreme Northwest Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Generally fair Monday. Tuesday partly cloudy, probably scattered thunder showers.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy Monday, scattered thunder showers in east. Tuesday showers and thunderstorms; not so warm in west.

Kentucky—Generally fair, and continued warm Monday, followed by local thunder showers Monday night or Tuesday, somewhat cooler Tuesday.

Ohio—Partly cloudy and continued warm Monday, followed by showers and thunderstorms Monday night or Tuesday; cooler Tuesday.

Illinois—Partly cloudy with possibly thunder showers Tuesday and in north and west Monday; cooler Tuesday and north and west Monday.

Wisconsin—Mostly cloudy with possibly showers Monday and south Tuesday; c

FEW MURDERS IN NEW YORK.

Investigation Shows City High on Honor Roll—Los Angeles Lowest.

Only one American city has fewer murders than New York in its yearly list of crimes, and that is St. Paul, according to figures compiled by Judge William M. Gemmill of Chicago for the Committee on Law Enforcement of the American Bar Association, and made public yesterday by the Merchants' Association.

The statistics, covering the last seven years, put Los Angeles as the worst crime centre, with the California city having three times as many murders in proportion to its population as New York and two and one-half times as many as Chicago.

"New York, according to Judge Gemmill, "which people think is a very wicked city, is high up on the honor roll, so far as murder is concerned. St. Paul alone having fewer arrests for murders, while Chicago ranks third, Cincinnati fourth, Buffalo fifth and New Orleans sixth. Washington has three times as many as New York and twice as many as Chicago.

"If the balance of the year 1922 equals January and February of this year, Los Angeles will lead all other cities in the number of burglaries and housebreakings. In arrests for intoxication, Boston outstrips all cities."

UNCLE HELD FOR SHOOTING.

He Says Nephew Shot Himself in Struggle With Aunt.

Charged with shooting his nephew, Joseph Campanaro, 26 years old, of 305 East Forty-fourth Street, early yesterday morning, Frank Boggi, 32 years old, a truckman, of 836 First Avenue, was locked up in the East Fifty-first Street police station last night by Detectives Hooker and Hauser. He is charged with felonious assault.

Campanaro was shot in the right thigh. He refused to tell the name of his assailant. He was found in the street in front of 836 First Avenue and taken to Bellevue.

Detectives received a "tip" that led them to the home of Boggi. The latter, they said, told them he returned to his home early Sunday morning and found Campanaro with his hands at Mrs. Boggi's throat, demanding she give him money. When she refused, Boggi alleged, Campanaro threatened her with a revolver. Boggi said he ran into the room and grappled with his nephew, and in the scuffle the revolver was discharged, the bullet striking Campanaro.

DEDICATE BIG HOSPITAL.

Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society Building Opened at Denver.

DENVER, July 9.—That tubercular patients rarely die from tuberculosis of the lungs was stated here today by Dr. I. D. Bronfin, Superintendent of the sanitarium maintained by the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society, in a report read before the eighteenth annual convention of the society.

"It is now a well established fact that one rarely dies of tuberculosis of the lungs. It is invariably the complication that constitutes the great danger," Dr. Bronfin said.

With delegations from Texas, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, New Jersey, New England, New York and Maryland divisions of the society participating, a new half million dollar building was dedicated on the spot where the central building of the sanitarium was burned several years ago. The central portion, which makes the structure the largest Jewish tuberculosis sanitarium in the world, was dedicated to the New York Ladies' Auxiliary Infirmary in recognition of New York's contribution to the building fund.

A CAMOUFLAGED TRAIL.

"Hoofs" Strapped Over Bootleggers' Footgear in the South.

Cloven hoofs, used to conceal the trail of the bootlegger and not as a place of concealment for hooch, were recently found in a Southern moonshine district. The hoofs presumably are strapped on over ordinary shoes and boots. When worn they leave a trail that so closely resembles that of cattle no one would suspect that a man had been walking near-by. It works so well in baffling the prohibition agents that they have declared the cloven hoofs "the cleverest stunt yet pulled by moonshiners in the South."

The cow hoofs consist of a heavy piece of tinc or galvanized iron, fashioned in the shape of a heel and sole of a shoe, to the bottom of which is attached a set of hoofs, cut exactly as a cow's hoof is cleft. The hoofs are even turned in slightly just as real hoofs are. The metal piece is provided with buckles so that it can be strapped to a shoe.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHICAGO AND EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST WILLIAM J. JACKSON, RECEIVER OF CHICAGO AND EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD.

Pursuant to a decree entered in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, June 30, 1922, in re Railway Steel Spring Company et al., Complainants, vs. Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company et al., Defendants—Consolidated Cause No. 6417, Equity—Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railway Company hereby publishes notice that by said decree said Court discharged said Receiver and reserved jurisdiction of said cause, including jurisdiction to ascertain and determine all claims, demands and liabilities against said Receiver or his predecessors in office or against the railroad and property delivered by said Receiver to the purchasers thereof, or against such purchasers and their assigns, which had arisen or might arise out of said receivership and which had not been barred by decrees therefore entered in said cause. Said decree also provided that all such claims, demands and liabilities, if not paid in due course by or in behalf of said Railway Company, should be made and presented by intervention in said Court and at such time, for the purpose of being ascertained and determined, and that any orders, judgments or decrees rendered in such proceedings might be enforced and should be entered only against the railroad and property delivered by said Receiver to said Railway Company, to the same extent and in the same manner as provided in the decree of sale and subsequent decrees in said cause relating to said sale. Said decree further provided that such intervention proceedings should be filed as aforesaid on or before September 30, 1922, and that after that date no such intervention should be permitted in said cause and that the rights of any claimants who, on or before that date, should not have commenced intervention proceedings to assert their claims or remedies in said decree provided for their benefit, should cease and determine as to such railroad and property of said Railway Company.

Said decree further provided that all such claims and demands filed in said cause pursuant to said order were thereby referred to Herbert A. Lundahl, Special Master, whose post office address is 137 South La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois, and who should hear such claims and demands and report thereon to the Court with his recommendations; that said Railway Company be allowed twenty days from the date of filing of any such intervening petition to answer or otherwise plead thereto and that the respective claimants might reply or otherwise plead to such answers respectively within twenty days after the filing thereof.

Said decree further provided that said Railway Company should have the right, if it should so elect, at its own cost and expense, to substitute a party in lieu of said Receiver in all or any litigation by or against said Receiver then pending on appeal or otherwise, or to continue such litigation in the name of said Receiver.

Dated, Chicago, Illinois, June 29, 1922.

CHICAGO AND EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILWAY COMPANY.
By W. J. JACKSON, President.

NOTICE

Mr. Chas. C. Gates
Jersey City

is not authorized to collect money or in any wise to commit us in respect to the sale of securities to us herewise.

Clarence Hodges & Co., Inc.
New York, July 7, 1922.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the partnership heretofore existing between [illegible] Chicago, Illinois, July 1st, 1922.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

BUYERS' WANTS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMCALE Wanted—Velvervette; cash. Watkins 9602.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American, 21371, 21384, 0653; all colors; spot cash. Monarch Garment Co., 16 W. 22d; Longacre 4748.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stewart's 560, Raritan 584, American 21,371; 21,384; quantity no object; spot cash. Pennsylvania 0077.

BOLIVIA Wanted—All grades of Stuart's and Raritan seconds; will pay cash. Madison Square 2574.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritan 904, Stewarts 560, Halle, Baer & Brown, Inc., 1,838 Broadway.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Pay cash, American 21871, 0417, 0453. Madison Square 1520-5191.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 21371, 21384, all colors; for cash. Watkins 2241.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 21371 and 21384. Gramercy 4241.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewart, all colors. Nevick, 45 West 27th. Watkins 9644.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—21371, 21384, F. & H. marvellas; pay cash. Orchard 7275.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewart's 560, Sorento; cash. Myer Gans, 151 West 26th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Spot cash, 21371, 21384. Madison Square 1520-5191.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Quantity Raritans 904, all colors. Watkins 2838.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Juillard 110, all colors, also 7301, 7150 serge. Silverman & Levine, 370 7th Av. Longacre 4508.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Quality Juilliard, 110 colors. Little Lady Coat House, 9 West 24th.

BROCADES Wanted in velour, velvet, velveteen, silks; bargains for cash. Spring 7924.

CANTON Crepe, Satin and Canton Crepe Wanted—Finished or in greige; spot cash. Slote, 54 East 21st.

CANTON and Satin Faced Cantons Wanted—At a price, for cash. Berk Pronin Co., 12 East 23d.

CANTON Crepe Wanted—Chop filled; also satin faced. Rabinowitz, 127 West 25th.

CHARMEUSE, Georgette Crepes, Susquehannas, Brocaded Failie, Satin, Canton, Fancy Silks, etc. Wanted—Any color; spot cash. Sacks, 49 East 27th. Madison Square 7724.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—All qualities; all colors; spot cash. Bassers, 34 East 29th; Madison Square 8359.

CLOTH Wanted—Similar polo 11111-5-8-7, 18718-1. Max Hymas & Co. Spring 2873.

CLOTH Wanted—13818, 13418, 21371, 21384; cash. Madison Square 9067.

CLOTHS Wanted—11114, 13718-1-2, any quantity. Spring 8676.

COATS Wanted—Fur, quantity 40-inch muskrat and racoon; right price; cash. 6th floor, 142 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on misses' coats of the better kind. 15 West 28th, 5th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking samples ladies' Fall and Winter coats. 258 5th Av., 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Children's; placing stock orders. Call with samples, 164 West 27th, 1 flight up.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high priced coats and suits. 152 East 32d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—Ladies', juniors', children's, infants'; jobber placing orders. 30 West 26th, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on velour coats. Room 1906, 18 East 26th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on coats. 158 West 27th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on stylish coats. Stoll, 12 West 27th.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Jobber placing orders. Myer Cohen, 19 Madison Av.

COTTON goods wanted, plain colored and printed voiles, 36-inch, 39-inch, 40-inch. Holladay and Kahki. Dominion Textile, 34 Walker Street.

COTTON goods wanted; yarn dyed fabrics for cash. Isaacson Co., 73 5th Av.

CREPE Knits Wanted—Open to buy, spot cash, imitation, all colors; also seconds. Bassers, 34 East 29th; Madison Square 8358.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk and cloth dresses for Fall, $10.75-$35; call with samples all week. 118 Madison Av., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing orders on all kinds of silk dresses for Fall; call with samples. 27 West 33d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on silk and cloth dresses; call with samples all week. 5th floor, 213 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing orders on silk and cloth dresses for Fall. Call with samples, 106 West 27th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—By large jobber, cantons; snappy models for Fall; bring samples all day. 44 West 28th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Popular priced new models; silks only; show samples mornings, all week. 34 West 32d, 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall styles in all materials. Call all week with samples. 143 Madison Av., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We will place large orders on new silk and wool dresses; bring samples. 23 West 32d; one flight up.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock order on better-made dresses. Call all week with samples, 33 West 26th, top floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular price silks and poiret twills; latest models. Capitol Dress, 153 West 21st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples silk and wool dresses; call all week. 1,140 Broadway, Room 1506.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders popular priced and better silks, after 11 A.M. West 27th St., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing quantity orders on silk and wool dresses; call with samples. 26 East 31st, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Junior and misses' Fall models; orders placed for latest styles only. Hunvald, 115 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall samples; your or our materials; also buying jobs for cash. 1st floor, 30 West 22d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders for cheap Fall cloth; dresses to sell below $18.75. Rialto, 19 East 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs all kinds silk for cash; also looking at new samples. S. W. Waist, 36 West 24th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular price, for Fall; call all week. 168 Madison Av., 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Stouts; jobber will look at samples every morning this week. 120 West 36th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Taking orders on new snappy style silk. Call all week. 109 West 26th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall models, silks only. Call all week, 148 West 24th, 7th floor.

DRESSES wanted; placing orders on better grade Canton crepe and cloth dresses. 6th floor, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall models in street and party dresses. 10th floor, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders, new styles, cantons, poiret twills. Rosenthal, 1,225 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing real orders on snappy Fall styles. Warren Dress Co., 258 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted — Jobber looking cloth and silk dresses. 6 East 27th, 14th floor. See Mr. Cohen.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on snappy canton crepe dresses; low prices. 34 floor, 114 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber ordering Fall silk and cloth dresses. Call 5th floor, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at misses' dresses; serge and poiret. 5 East 16th, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders silk dresses; call all week. 22 West 27th, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Orders placed on all new styles, silks or woolens. Lady Fair, 234 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall, silk and cloth. 18-20 West 21st, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall dresses, silk and cloth. 25 West 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will look at Fall cloths, silks; 9-12 A. M. Lincoln Dress, 47 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Stouts and regulars for Fall. Call with samples. Brody, 136 East 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders. 437 West 25th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at new models in silk, 106 West 27th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silks of all kinds; any quantity, cash. Chelsea 1439.

DRESSES Wanted—Fall silks, cloths; regular and Stouts. Progress, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES—Jobber looking at cloth and silk dresses. 22 West 27th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs and Fall dresses; spot cash. Hoffman, 138 West 24th.

DRESSES Wanted—High-class, all kinds jobs, for cash. Telephone Canal 8322.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall silk dresses. Stoll, 12 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on high priced dresses. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall silk dresses. 7 West 30th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at samples. 151 West 27th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders better-class silk. 148 West 30th, 5th floor.

BUYERS' WANTS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for jobs of dresses, any quantity in canton crepe, satin, cashon, crepe de chine, poiret twill, tricotine and other materials; no lot too large or too small; submit samples 9-5 daily. 5th floor, 29 West 33d. Pennsylvania 6350.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber now placing Fall orders; silk cantons, poiret twills and all fabrics; also ordering party and dancing frocks; will pay spot cash for canton crepe dresses, in any quantity, for immediate delivery. 10 East 21st, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on new Fall canton crepe, crepe-back satin, crepe de chines, also Poirette twills, tricotines and large size women's styles in cloth and silk; call with samples, 29 West 32d, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on Fall samples in poiret twill, tricotine, canton crepe, satin cantons and dresses in novelty materials. Submit samples, 9-5 daily, 5th floor, 29 West 35d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on medium to highest grade poiret twills, cantons, crepe back satin; submit samples, 9-5 daily. See Mr. Kramer, 34 West 32d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on new Fall dresses; cantons, satins, Poiret twills and novelty materials; submit samples. 3d floor, 253 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted — Large jobber placing quantity orders on new Fall styles, all materials; also buying jobs at top prices for cash. See Schwartz, Bijou, 8 East 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy for spot cash, imported gingham dresses at price; small or large quantities; bring samples. Grace, 40 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted—We are placing orders on new Fall silk and cloth dresses; come with newest samples. L. & C., 2d floor, 10 East 33d St.

DRESSES Wanted—New jobber will place large orders on new silk dresses of all materials; call with samples all day. 12 East 32d, 7th floor.

EMBROIDERIES Wanted—Hand silk and beads. Call with samples, Alphra Waist Co., 31 West 27th.

FURS Wanted—Coat trimming, American opossum, stagey raccoon, marmot, cooney, muffion, cross caracul; also jobs. Abraham Katz, 22 West 21st.

FURS Wanted—American opossum, raccoons, Australian opossum, brown coonsey, also jobs. Philip Shlansky & Co., 138 West 25th.

FUR Coats Wanted—Jobber open for muskrats and raccoon coats, any quantity. 35 West 35th, 4th floor.

FUR Trimmings Wanted—Will pay cash for raccoon, marmite and opossum. 115 West 27th, 8th floor.

FUR Coats and Fur Trimmings Wanted—All kinds. 129 West 29th, 3d floor. Mr. Berkman.

FUR Wanted—Collars, raccoons, beaverettes, opossum and vicunas. Markham Bros., 123 West 27th.

FURS Wanted—Quantity of nutria and caracul collars. Heimowitz, 118 Madison Av.

FURS Wanted—Manchurian and Korean wolfs. Bernstein & Co., 121 West 27th.

FUR COATS Wanted—Any quantity, for cash. Joe Keiler, 106 West 29th St.

FUR Wanted—Selected Mongolian cross caracul plates. Watkins 3885.

FUR collars Wanted—Korean wolf. Kaplan & Weinstein, 133 W. 21st.

GABARDINES Wanted — White, quantity. Call with samples. Krasnow & Weisner, 38 West 3d.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Will buy quantity on consignment, canton crepes from $4.75 to $15; pay same day as sold; highest references. What have you to offer? E. R., Box 276 Times.

GEORGETTES and Charmeuse Wanted—Any colors; also sport satins; spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 437 Fourth Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Navy, brown, tuli three in quantity; cash; also secos, Garfiel Dress Co., 212 East 23d.

GEORGETTES Wanted—4 threads in greigh. Madison Square 3793.

GERONAS, Tarquianas and Fashonas Wanted—All shades, pay cash. Lexington 3172.

GERONAS and Marvellas Wanted—In all colors; for cash. Watkins 8064.

GERONAS and Marvellas Wanted for cash; all colors. Fitzroy 6150.

GINGHAM Wanted—Open for large quantity one tone checks in Amoskeag and World Zephyrs. Borgenicht & Sons Co., 1,116 Broadway.

GIRDLES and Slides Wanted—All metal; quantity for cash. B. Friedman, 120 West 18th.

HOSIERY Wanted—Men's ladies' cotton, mercerized, fibre; also children's cottons. Dominion Textile, 34 Walker St.

HOSIERY Wanted—Close out lots, all descriptions. Room 1214, 220 5th Av.

JERSEY Wanted—8 oz., at a price; also red serge. Friedman & Ehrlich, 3 West 18th.

JUILLIARD Serges Wanted—Open for 54236, 54296, navy and black; state quantity and lowest cash price. V 2277 Times Annex.

LININGS Wanted—Brocaded satin. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Watkins 9644.

LINGETTE Wanted—All colors at a price. Phone Spring 9419.

LININGS Wanted—Venetians, quantity, black, brown; cash. 50 West 17th, 11th floor.

MARLEEN Wanted—All colors. Forstman & Hoffman. Call Gramercy 0290.

MARVELLAS Wanted—Geronas, Tarquins, Marcovas, panvelains, all colors; spot cash. Pennsylvania 3615.

NECKWEAR Wanted—Silks, cotton wraps, Hagedorn or similar. Call with samples, 39 Union Square, 4th floor.

ORGANDIES Wanted — English, white. Freydberg, 55 5th Av.

PEGGY Cloth Wanted—All colors, for cash. Chelsea 5197.

PIECE Goods Wanted—All kinds, for cash. Box 451 Wilson Building.

PLAIDS Wanted—Stevens 2843 or similar, all shades. Rothstein-Schwartz. Chelsea 7367.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peerless, Nishni, also Dobson's caracul. Chelsea 4312.

PLUSH and Wishni Wanted—Watkins 9297.

POIRETS Wanted—Pay cash, at price, 09165, 09163, others; also velours, bolivias. Madison Square 1520-5191.

POIRET Twills Wanted—Open for quantity 09163, 09164 for cash. Watkins 5711, Brownstein.

POIRET Twills Wanted—Open to buy quantity; all grades. 32 West 32d, 4th floor.

POIRET twills Wanted—10 pieces, 09165; spot cash. Prince Brothers, 46 West 23d.

POIRETS, Serges Wanted—09165, 54305, 7301, 7750, 11453; cash. Madison Square 8745.

POIRET Twills Wanted—Open for quantity for cash. S. Knoll Co., 218 West 36th.

POIRET twills wanted, fine qualities, right price. Perles-Gilbert, 15 East 32d.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Will pay cash for 09132, 09165. Madison Square 5154.

PONGEES Wanted—11 or 16 mms., rejects. Rashkind & Soloff, 22 West 32d.

PRUNELLA Wanted—Cotton strike peritelias; quantity; cash. Correct Skirt, 15 West 24th.

RATINE Wanted—Domestic, all colors. 44 East 23d, 7th floor, Room 711. Ashland 1880, Ext. 7.

SATIN de Chine, Printed Wanted—At a price. Poller-Baumann, 134 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—SEGL 7301, 87, 1210 and 8007, in black and navy, for cash. Call South 1432.

SERGES Wanted—Black, 1464 or similar. S. & S. Garment, 353 7th Av.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Crepe de chine shirtings in all patterns; quantity no object. Moe Letzter, 128 Madison Av.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Silk, anything in satin striped shirtings at a price. Rainbow Shirt Corp., 583 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted—Tricolettes, cantons, crepe de chines, charmeuses, quantities, small or large; also seconds; cash. Orchard 2746.

SILK radium Wanted; large quantities for cash; good quality only. Schuck Bros., 11 East 22d.

SILKS Wanted—Close out lot and odds and ends of all descriptions; spot cash. Chelsea 2650.

SILKS Wanted—Jobber buying canton and satin-faced canton. Harry Wadler, 11 East 26th.

SILK net Wanted—12-inch white; quantity for cash. Utility Distributing Co., 93 5th Av.

SILKS, Japanese Wanted—All weights; immediate delivery. Madison Square 9094.

SILKS Wanted—Fire stocks, water damaged of all descriptions. Chelsea 8850.

SILKS Wanted—Of all description; cash no object. Call Store, 35 East 29th.

SILKS Wanted—10,000 yards for skirtings; will pay cash. Call Fitzroy 6407.

SILKS Wanted—Japs, natural and colors; cash. Watkins 6168.

SILKS Wanted—Printed Japs and tubs. Flaster & Bleier, 180 West 22d.

SILKS Wanted—Radium, large quantity at a price. Watkins 9644.

STRAW braids patent Milan wanted—100 bales, 6-8½ to 8-8½ at a price for cash. Katcher, 1,115 Broadway.

SUITS and Coats Wanted by large jobber; snappy style; placing stock orders; bring samples all day. 44 West 28th, 8th floor.

SUITS and Coats Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders; all styles; new samples; all day. First floor, 45 West 29th.

SUITS Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on next special priced silent silks. 38 West 31st, 2d floor.

BUYERS' WANTS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade, tailor made. 3 East 28th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Louisine 4631, 4639, navy only; quantities for cash. Duberstein, 33 West 17th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—American 0688; also Lorraines 4640; navy and black. Watkins 9429.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for black trico 54305 or similar. Gramercy 3906.

VELOURS Wanted—881 Dobson, or similar, in brown and black, or will exchange navy for same; also broadcloth; 119 in navy and black. Chelsea 0562.

VELOURS Wanted—Brown, navy, reindeer, heavyweight, all wool. Call with samples, Irving Perman Co., 218 4th Av. Stuyvesant 1954.

VELOURS Wanted—13518 and 13519 reindeer and sorrento, also H. P. McKenney double-faced, style 2570. Markum Bros. Watkins 8170.

VELOUR Wanted—13911 or similar; reindeer, Pekin, henna; must be reasonable; call with samples. Bernhard's, 177 West 28th.

VELOURS Wanted—13409, 131610, navy, brown; can use large quantity. Westchester Cloak House, 156 West 22d.

VELOURS Wanted—Spot cash, 131210, 131610 or similar, lightweight, brown, navy. Madison Square 1520-5191.

VELOURS WANTED—13318, 13418, 04631, 21371; spot cash; any quantity. Gramercy 1377.

VELOUR Wanted—13318, or similar; all shades. J. Grabsky & Son, 133 West 25th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13418. Halle, Baer & Brown, Inc., 1,838 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13318, all shades. Arnow Bros., Watkins 4089.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13318, reindeer and brown. Phone Chelsea 5432.

VELOURS Wanted—American 13911, navy, 13409, all colors. Watkins 1974.

VELOURS Wanted—13518, all colors. 114 West 30th, 3d floor.

VELVERETTE and ormadale wanted; all colors, for cash. B. G. Kahn, 1,140 Broadway. Madison Square 9316.

VELVETEEN Wanted—Lawrence 8064, navy and brown. Jacob Lashin & Bro., 151 West 30th St.

VERONAS, Marvellas Wanted — F. & H. black, navy, brown; cash. Watkins 0596.

VOILE, Butterfields, Normandy Wanted—Navy and white; quantity; cash. Layve Dress Co., 159 West 25th. Watkins 1274.

WOOLEN Crepe Wanted—For children's dresses. Spring 4341.

Contracts Wanted.

WANTED—Contract work on aprons, bloomers or pajamas, finishing operations. Communicate with Mrs. I. Kaufman, 668 High St., Newark, N. J. Phone Market 9534.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS—Jobs of bungalow aprons, $3.85, $5.15, $5.75 dozen; children's dresses, $2.35, $4.25, $6.75 dozen, and hundreds of good items suitable for special sales. Simon Kahn Co., 911 Broadway.

ARTIFICIAL SILK—Viscose products, case lots. H. S. Meritzer, 303 5th Av. Lexington 2598.

BATHING SUITS—Men's, ladies' and children's, to retail, 50c to $1. Washington Mills, 125 5th Av.

BATHING suits—Close out men's, women's and boys' bathing suits. Simon Kahn, Co., 911 Broadway.

BLOOMERS, Knickers, Pantelettes—All material, for special sales. Lady Lane, 547 Broadway.

BOLIVIA—0453, 0503, 10025, plaid 20605, 11126, 19831, 15117, 15118. Louis Leifer, Madison Square 9087.

BOLIVIAS, Velours—0453, 0503, 16044, 10025, 13318, 13418, 16051. Fair Woolen, Ashland 7860-7861.

BOLIVIA, Plushes, Tricotins, Nishni, Lapinex, Unimac—0503, 0453, 147, 21273. Ashland 7546.

BOLIVIAS—0453, 0417, 10025, 16044; lightweight velours, plaid backs; cheap. Watkins 9253.

BOLIVIA—0503, 0453, 10025, 11126, 15118, 20605. Esco, 18 West 21st. Chelsea 1262.

BOLIVIA—0453, 10025, 0481, 21283, velours 16031, 131111, polaires 18718. Chelsea 2024.

BOLIVIAS, chinchillas, polaires, reversibles; jobs, close out. 9th floor, 22 West 26th.

BOLIVIA—0453, 0503, all colors; immediate and future delivery. Mad. Sq. 2650.

BOLIVIA—Rich 383 and better makes, close out cheap. Madison Square 5154.

BOLIVIA 0453. Shagam & Bloch.

CANTONS, crepe de chines, 3-4-5 thread; georgettes, crepe satins, silk failles, charmeuse, meteors, radiums, wash satins; all colors; for below manufacturing cost; immediate delivery. M. Marks Company, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 7209.

CANTON—Satin faced, very good quality, cheap for cash. Chelsea 1439.

CLOTH—0503, 0453, 12718, 16051, 20605, 15117, 11126, 11111, 19831. Wyandotte Knopf, Chelsea 8695.

CLOTH—Frankenberg, plaid back and plain coating, at a price. Penn. 0694.

CLOTH—Buckley & Cohen; rattanna shade 19-5-20. Chelsea 4210.

COATINGS—American 0453, 12088, 13718, 11111, 15118, 11126, Stevens 6197, 1145, 1132, 3066, 1110. Longacre 1325.

COATINGS—American 15117, 11126, all colors; reasonable. Fitzroy 4376.

COATS—Children's, intermediates', infants', $2.50-$10; polaire coats, beaverette collars, $2.75; large assortment; we lead in popular-priced Kiddie coats. Perfect Kiddie Coat House, 158 West 27th.

COATS—Wraps; Fall line for jobbers only; American normandy, bolivia, all silk lined, fur trimmed, $12.75-$19.75. Libow-Bloom, 119 West 25th St.

COATS—Exceptional values, ladies', misses', juniors', stouts; all leading materials. Glantz & Schreiber, manufacturers, 127 West 26th.

COATS—Large assortment of the latest sport models, to close out. The Pyramid, 41 Division St.

COATS, capes, Spring, closing out; quick action necessary. Schwartz, 129 W. 29th.

COATS, Capes, Suits—Quick turnovers, popular prices. Maidoff, 16 East 17th.

COTTON Goods—Quantity 2.10 drill, 3.90 sheeting, turkish toweling, below market. Acme Mills, 307 Canal.

COTTON Goods for dry goods and manufacturers. Friedman & Krieger, 22 White St. Canal 2320.

CREPE DE CHINE—Heavy qualities, all colors, below market; $1.75 regular. Sunset Silk Mills, 40 East 21st.

CREPE DE CHINES—Heavy quality, white and other colors. Cadillac Textile, Madison Square 4845.

CREPE back satin, black, navy and brown, at a price. Gramercy 2965.

DOLLS, PERFUMES, NOVELTIES—Large jobbers and importers, attention! Just received from abroad large shipments of high-grade dolls, perfumes, novelties; low prices not cash. Phone Beekman 7314.

DRESSES—Final offerings must be disposed of this week regardless of cost, several hundred Shantungs, Ninghai, washable, silk-striped broadcloths, oakton crepes, linenas Landes, 31 East 31st.

DRESSES—Wonderful values and styles, canton crepes, $7.75 to $10.75; poiret twills, $7.75 to $9.75. Prince Bros., 46 West 28th.

DRESSES—156 street and afternoon and evening, higher grade, close out. Lindau, 25 West 26th.

DRESSES—Imported ginghams, voiles and batistes, $2 up. Gerson Kaufman, 368 6th Av., corner 23d.

DRESSES—Contractor sacrificing new cantons, crepe de chine, shantungs. 11 West 17th, 11th floor.

DRESSES—500 cottons to close out at ridiculously low figure. David Schwartz, 139 West 20th St.

DRESSES—Fall line of silk and cloth dresses ready. Ryt Smart Dress Co., 123 West 25th.

DRESSES—3,000 canton crepe, 34 styles, 16 to 46; close out. Capitol Dress, 153 West 21st.

DRESSES—Cottons, final closeout, $2, values up to $8.75; Fall line ready. Fillmore, 127 West 26th.

DRESSES—Closing out cantons, for cash; Fall samples ready. 6 West 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES—Close out better kind silk and sport. Star Dress Manufacturing, 129 West 26th.

DRESSES—100 ratines and voiles, close out cheap. 2-4, S., 129 West 24th St.

DRESSES—Imported gingham best models in stock, cheap. Progress, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES—Closing out voile, linen and gingham dresses. Simpson Bros., 39 West 32d.

DRESSES—Crepe de chine; good assortment at a price. Rolnick Bros., 23 West 30d.

DRESSES—500 silks to close out. Watkins 0265, 180 W. 26th, 4th floor.

DRESSES—Gingham, linene and voile dresses, $1. Olchin, 42 West 23d St.

DRESSES—400 cottons of better kind; close out at sacrifice. Brill Dress, 118 W. 27th.

DRESSES—Canton crepe, stout and regular sizes; low prices. Said Dress, 1 West 31st.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES—Never undersold; beautiful imported ginghams, snappy ratine and voile, imported organdy, imported dotted voile, values to $6.75; your choice today $3. Genuine Irish linen, direct from the Green Isle, newest style, plain, embroidered and drawn work, $10.75 values; our price today $5.75. A word to the wise; act quickly. Emanuel, 43 W. 27th.

DRESSES, Stout—Sizes 42½ to 54½, closing out several thousand high quality Sunnine dresses in all materials, designs and styles at ridiculously low prices; big profits and quick sales assured; see them today; also thousands of styled-to-the-minute silk dresses on the racks for immediate delivery. Linda & Rubin, 120 West 27th St.

DRESSES—Big clearance sale of cottons, values formerly up to $4.75, now $2; plain, dotted, checked organdies, chantilla batistes and voiles; large assortment tub silks, printed crepe de chines and pongees, at sacrifice prices. Meyer Boeniak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Manufacturer's final clearance beautiful Summery styles for July sales; butterfields, Normandy tissues, novelty printed voiles, swiss organdies, fine ginghams; all sizes; light and dark colors. M. Bernstein, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES—Jobs of canton crepes; close out; price no object; these dresses must be sold before we start on our Fall line, therefore don't miss a profitable buy where you can make money. Pauline Garment, 149 West 27th.

DRESSES—Crepe de chine, extra sizes, $5.75; foulard dresses, large sizes, regular price $12.50, our price $6.75; ratines and organdies, $1.25; printed crepes, $5. Marshall Sennneiman, Inc., 17 West 30th St.

DRESSES for July sales—We have for immediate deliveries genuine Ninghai and sport dresses that took buyers by storm; price to defy all competition. Schlesinger & Wolfe, 141 Madison Av.

DRESSES—3,000 imported and domestic swisses, ginghams, printed voiles, batistes; colored linens, at closeout prices, 15 styles, all colors; act quickly. Miracle Dress, 20 West 32d.

DRESSES—We are closing out our printed voiles in large sizes at $24 dozen; printed organdies at $27 dozen; all Summer silks at sacrifice prices. Goldblatt & Schaeffler, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES—Children's, $6.50 to close out; sizes 8 to 14; imported dotted swiss; fine voiles; also printed voiles, heavy pongee, hand embroidered; $2 up. Mary Lyne, 1 East 26th St.

DRESSES—100 new Fall styles, bona fide $37.50 sales values to retail at $25; 5,000 cantons, large and small sizes, to close out very low prices. Jacobs Bros., 34 W. 32d.

DRESSES—To close out, 2,000 shantungs, printed crepes, georgettes, ratines, ginghams, voiles and organdies at sacrificing prices. Weingarten Bros., 145 West 30th.

DRESSES—Closing out 100 wash dresses, values $3.75 to $8.75, for $2.50; also 100 silk dresses, values $12 to $21, for $7.50. Dorothy Dress House, 45 West 24th.

DRESSES—Closing out very cheap, normandy voiles, gingham, ratines, linen, also guimpes, canton crepes and canton crepe capes. Tip Top, 35 West 32d.

DRESSES—Sacrifice final clearance 2,500 Summer dresses, voiles, linens, tissues, normandies and ginghams; Fall line cantons ready. Kahn Dress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES—5,000 printed voiles, finest material, for July sales at $2.25 net; also embroidered ratines at $2.75 net. Betsy Ross Dress Co., 119 West 26th.

DRESSES—Closing out 5,000 printed voiles, ginghams, organdies, ratine and tissues, in regular and extra sizes, $1.50 up. Criterion, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES—Contractor closing out large s

WATER POWER

It is well recognized today that the great future of the power business lies with the companies having favorably located and well managed water power developments, because of their small expense of maintenance, due to the limited employment of labor and absence of any cost for fuel.

Our circular describing the securities and properties of several of the largest and most important of the water power companies on this continent will be mailed upon request.

Write for Circular No. 1390.

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

Investment Strength

Investment strength and a wide opportunity for selection characterize our July Securities Circular.

The offerings listed will meet each individual investment requirement.

A copy of this July List will be sent upon request.

The National City Company
Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: 42nd St. & Madison Ave.

Los Angeles Gas and Electric Corp.
Gen. & Ref. 5½% Bonds
Due 1947

Company operates in Los Angeles and adjacent cities and suburban territory.

Price 96½ and Interest Yielding over 5.75%

A circular describing the above, together with our July Bond Circular, will be sent upon request for A-11.

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine St., Cor. William
NEW YORK

Equipment Bonds

Reading Co. 5s
Series "J"
Due 1924 to 1927

Erie R. R. Co. 5½s
Series "G. G."
Due 1925 to 1935

Prices to yield 5.10% to 5.55%

Information regarding the above issues and our complete list of offerings will be sent to investors on request.

Estabrook & Co.
24 Broad St. 15 State St.
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We extend our facilities to those desiring to purchase or sell bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Prompt Investment of July Funds

Investors having funds available at this time are afforded many opportunities to invest with safety and profit in Canadian Government, Provincial and Municipal Bonds. Such bonds are now obtainable at prices to yield from

5.10% to 6%

Principal and interest payable in U. S. funds

Write for our July list of offerings T-710

Wood, Gundy & Co.
Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
Toronto London, Eng. Montreal Winnipeg

FINANCIAL MARKETS

German Crisis Commands Attention—Investment Markets Show Strength.

Attention is once again directed to the economic and political crisis which is developing in Central Europe and which at the moment centres in Germany. It is a situation which could not be other than expected in view of the steady depreciation which has been going on in the currencies of those nations. When German marks touched a low point of 18¾-hundredths of a cent at the close of last week it was evident that something more than ordinary selling was at the root of the difficulty. Some of the pressure was traced to Berlin and this bespoke a fear on the part of Germans themselves that the mark was doomed to worthlessness and that it was good policy to transfer to such an extent as was possible into other exchanges. A day or two ago it was thought that Germany might ask for an extension of time in which to make payment of the next instalment on this account. Now it appears that Germany is prepared to plead bankruptcy, and this may be the forerunner of political changes within Germany which will be of vital importance.

The example of what might happen to a country that disregarded the rules of finance to the extent of printing money as fancy dictated was clearly displayed in the case of Russia, yet Germany has gone on in a way that courted disaster from the outset. German currency at the moment is not on a par with Russians to be sure, but it is fast approaching that state. Consider the total note circulation of June 30, which amounted to 169,211,792,000 marks, and compare it with the circulation of the same period in 1914, when the total stood at 1,890,693,000, and some realization can be had of the tremendous inflation which has swept over Germany. In the course of just one year note circulation has advanced from 75,321,095,000 marks to its present figure, an increase which is only a little short of 100,000,000,000 francs, or approximately $20,000,000,000 at the parity of exchange, in the course of twelve months.

The question is not one which is financial in its entirety. It has grown to a large extent to be political and the ultimate outcome may be so drastic as to bring about a change in Government. At all events, it seems that Germany is treading rapidly toward ultimate repudiation of currency. Certainly the irredeemable character of the note circulation in Germany has long since been clearly established.

So far as our own bankers are concerned there is a high degree of pessimism as to the outlook. One thing seems certain that there is little likelihood of the committee of bankers, which was considering a German loan not so many weeks ago, being called together to take up this question again. At best it would be a difficult matter to float an international loan for Germany and with that country loudly proclaiming its bankruptcy now, and indicating no desire to tax its people to the point of meeting reparations obligations, the question of a loan does not have a bright outlook. What Germany needs in this crisis is a man of Rathenau's type. His assassination was a most unfortunate circumstance for Germany. He had grasped the economic and political questions as no other German had been able to do and his death may prove to have been a vital blow against the German State itself.

The allied Governments are looking with concern toward Germany, particularly since the reparations payment falling due shortly may raise complications of a most serious nature.

The interesting development of last week was the reported scaling down of the Russian currency by the elimination of four ciphers from the total of the ruble notes. In other words, a 10,000-ruble note under the new arrangement would be the equivalent of one ruble. Briefly, this scaling down is nothing other than repudiation and it emphasizes the fact that the Soviet Government is in a precarious situation. It is estimated that the total of ruble notes is 75,000,000,000,000 and the paring down process would reduce this to 7,500,000,000.

In this country the course of events continues to be highly satisfactory. The business improvement is continuing. The rail strike so far as the public is concerned appears to have collapsed. The coal strike it seems is nearing a settlement and the same situation is true to a certain degree of the textile difficulty. Railroad earnings are improving and both the stock market and the bond market are showing renewed activity.

The action of the stock market last week emphasized that which has been realized in a casual way for some time, that investment stocks were being picked up and just as in the bond market, this has come as a result of the steady easing of money which has made the yields on the better grades of stocks decidedly attractive at current prices. This investment demand has depleted the normal floating supply of stock, and to this rather than to short covering was to be attributed the upturn in the rail issues last week. The advance was altogether too fast, but at least it gave an index as to the real situation and temporarily at least set the market at cross purposes with the usually prevailing dullness at this time.

An example of how misguided may be speculative enthusiasm was to be seen in the action of the cotton market following the condition report of the Government a week ago. The upturn ran close to $8 a bale last Monday, but subsequent trading saw a heavy reaction. It may be that ultimately the prices of a week ago will be justified, but the advance was altogether out of reason based on the condition figure itself.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JULY 8, 1922.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	2,943,203	140,877,161
Same period a year ago	2,923,413	95,850,432

	Last Week. High.	Low.	Year to Date. High.	Low.
Average price 50 stocks	82.17	79.30	82.17	66.21
Same period a year ago	65.60	61.88	72.13	58.35

1922 High.	Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
69	46	800	ADAMS EXPRESS	68½	62¼	62¼	— 2¼
50½	31½	600	Advance Rumely pf (3)	49¾	49½	49¾	+ 1½
87¼	45½	300	Atl Refining (4)	58¾	58	58	..
15¾	13¾	1,800	Ajax Rubber	16	15¼	15	+ ¾
⅞	¼	900	Alaska Gold Mines	¼	⅛	⅛	..
2	⅝	1,800	Alaska Juneau	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
72¾	55¼	4,700	Allied Chem & Dye (4)	60½	57¼	59	+ 1
110	100	500	Do pf (7)	109¾	108	109¾	+ 1
59	37¾	6,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg (4)	50¾	48¼	49¾	+ 1¾
100	96½	100	Do pf (7)	96	96	96	+ 1½
42⅞	28¾	1,700	Am Agricultural Chem	39⅞	38¾	39⅞	+ ⅛
70¼	55¾	700	Do pf	64½	63½	64½	— 1¼
49	31¾	1,900	Am Beet Sugar	47	44	45	— ⅞
49	31¼	1,900	Am Bosch Magneto	41½	39¾	41¼	+ ⅝
63¾	51	200	Am Brake S & Fdy (4)	61	60¼	61	+ 1
108	98½	200	Do pf (7)	108	107½	108	..
81⅝	32½	28,300	Am Can	51	48¼	49½	+ 3
106	99¾	600	Do pf (7)	106	105¾	106	+ 1⅛
160	141	1,500	Am Car & Fdy (12)	165½	161¾	161⅞	+ 1⅞
121½	115½	200	Do pf (7)	121	121	121	..
14	7	1,200	Am Chicle	11½	9¾	11	+ 1½
30½	19¾	800	Am Cotton Oil	27¼	26¼	26½	— ½
6¼	4⅛	600	Am Druggist Syndicate	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
142½	128	400	Am Express (8)	138	133	133	+ 1
17¾	12	300	Am Hide & Leather	14⅝	13¼	13½	— ½
73	58	1,400	Do pf	70	68	69	+ 2
114½	78	1,500	Am Ice (7)	105½	104¾	x104¾	+ 1⅝
92½	72	500	Do pf (6)	80	85¼	x85¼	— 1¼
50⅝	38¼	2,600	Am International	43½	41½	41½	— ⅛
13¼	9¼	1,500	Am La F Fire Eng (1)	13⅝	13	13⅝	+ ⅛
40¾	29¾	5,900	Am Linseed	35¼	33	34¾	+ 1⅝
60⅞	53	600	Do pf	55	54¼	55	+ 2
117¾	102	4,600	Am Locomotive (6)	114½	111¼	112¼	+ 1⅝
118	112	200	Do pf (7)	117¼	117	117¼	+ ¼
108¼	82	100	Am Radiator (4)	95½	95½	95½	+ ½
8⅝	3⅝	4,800	Am Safety Razor	6⅝	5⅝	6	+ ¼
25¼	5½	4,700	Am Ship & Commerce	21	19	19	— 1¼
67¼	43¾	11,400	Am Smelt & Ref	62¾	58	60½	+ 1¼
99	86¼	2,000	Do pf (7)	98¼	96⅞	97¼	+ ¼
93⅝	87	200	Am Smelt Sec pf A (6)	93	93	93	+ ½
138	109½	300	Am Snuff (12)	134	134	134	— ½
95½	90	75	Do pf, new (6)	95½	94½	95½	..
40¼	30¾	2,800	Am Steel Fdys (6)	36⅞	35½	36½	+ 1
100	97	200	Am Steel Fdys pf (7)	100	99¾	99¾	— ¼
81¼	54¼	8,300	Am Sugar Refining	80½	79	80⅝	+ 1⅝
107	84	500	Do pf (7)	105¾	105¾	105¾	..
47	28¾	900	Am Sumatra Tobacco	40	38⅞	40	+ ¾
70	54	20	Am Tel & Cable (5)	59	59	59	..
124¼	114½	8,500	Am Tel & Tel (9)	120¾	120¼	120¼	+ ¼
143⅝	129¼	1,800	Am Tobacco (12)	142⅞	140¼	143	+ 1⅝
142¼	126	1,200	Do Class B (12)	139⅝	138¼	138¼	— 1¼
102	96½	300	Do pf (6)	102¼	102	102½	+ ⅝
17¾	6	5,000	Am Water Wks & Elec	17¾	15½	15¾	— 1
88¼	67	800	Do 1st pf (7)	88	87	88	+ 2
42⅝	17¼	10,200	Do participating pf	42⅝	37½	41	+ 3
95⅝	78¼	5,700	Am Woolen (7)	91¼	88¾	89¾	+ 1
87¼	22¼	200	Am Writing Paper pf	29½	29½	29½	..
20⅝	12⅛	1,500	Am Zinc, L & S	18	17½	17¾	+ ⅛
57	47	19,300	Anaconda Copper	53¾	51	53¼	+ ¾
51½	29	1,100	Ann Arbor pf	32	28¾	32	..
57½	48	600	Associated D G (4)	55	53¾	54¾	+ 1¾
83½	75	100	Do 1st pf (6)	86½	80½	80½	+ 2½
138½	99	1,000	Associated Oil (6)	115¾	111	112	+ 1½
102	91¾	10,300	Atch, Top & S Fe (6)	102	99¼	101	+ 1
91½	85	3,900	Do pf (5)	92	89¾	89¾	— ⅜
3½	¾	1,300	Atlanta, Birm & Atl	2⅜	2¼	2¼	— ⅜
111¼	83	5,300	Atlantic C Line (7)	111¼	104	109¾	+ 6¼
5½	2½	1,800	Atlantic Fruit	2⅞	2½	2⅝	..
43¼	23½	3,000	Atlantic G & W Indies	39¼	37¼	37¼	— ⅜
31¼	16½	200	Do pf	26¼	26	26	— 1
140	120	100	Atlas Powder (12)	130	130	130	— 2
118¾	114	200	Atlantic Refin pf (7)	117¼	117¼	117¼	— 1⅝
22½	13½	100	Atlas Tack	17½	17½	17½	+ ¼
33⅞	9¼	5,500	Austin Nichols	29½	27	27½	..
90	88	200	Do pf (7)	85	85	85	— 3
120¼	92¾	20,200	BALDWIN LOCO (7)	115⅞	112⅞	113¾	+ ⅜
118½	110	100	Do pf (7)	113¾	113¾	113¾	— ¼
51⅞	33½	61,400	Baltimore & Ohio	51⅞	49⅝	50	+ ⅜
62½	52¾	1,300	Do pf (4)	62½	61¼	62¼	+ 1¼
86¼	19¾	1,800	Barnsdall, Class A	36⅞	34¼	34¼	..
1⅞	½	100	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	+ ¼
50	35	100	Bayuk Bros	46¼	46¼	46¼	+ 1¼
79	51	1,000	Bethlehem Steel (5)	73	73	73	..
39	19¾	400	Do Class B	30½	28⅞	29½	+ ½
82⅝	55½	6,000	Do Class B (5)	77	75	76	— ⅛
101	90⅞	100	Do pf (7)	97	97	97	— 1
116¾	104	500	Do pf (8)	114	113¾	114	— ½
8⅝	4¾	900	Booth Fisheries	8	7½	7½	+ ½
14	6¼	200	Brit Empire Steel	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ¼
77	56	100	Do 1st pf (7)	73¾	73¾	73¾	+ 3¾
36½	19¼	1,800	Do 2d pf	30⅞	30	30½	— ⅞
110	100	2,000	Bklyn Edison Elec (8)	108	107	107⅞	+ 1⅝
29	6¾	16,400	Brooklyn Rap Tran	28⅝	26¾	27	— 1
24⅞	8⅝	3,700	Do ctfs of dep	24⅝	23	23¼	— ⅝
110	70	500	Bklyn Union Gas (8)	110½	110	110	+ 2
52⅝	42	300	Brown Shoe	49½	49	49½	+ 2
92⅞	89	200	Do pf (7)	92	91½	91½	+ ½
5⅝	2¼	200	Bruns Ter & Ry Sec	3½	3¼	3¼	+ ¼
139½	115	3,700	Burns Bros (10)	133	129¾	131	+ 2½
50	25¾	14,900	Do Class B (2)	46½	42¼	44¾	+ 1⅝
8¼	6¼	7,000	Butte Cop & Zinc	7¼	6⅝	7¼	+ ⅝
35⅝	20⅝	5,600	Butte & Superior	29⅝	27½	28¼	+ ½
34	22	900	Butterick Co	24½	23¾	23¾	+ 1¼
15¼	10	1,000	CADDO CENT O & R.	12	10½	12	+ 1
80⅞	68	500	California Pack (6)	78⅞	77⅞	78⅞	+ 1⅞
71⅞	43¼	9,500	California Petroleum	65	61¼	62¾	+ 1½
11⅝	3¼	5,800	Callahan Zinc Lead	8⅝	7¾	8¼	..
143	119½	8,600	Canad Pacific (10)	143¼	138⅝	139½	+ 1¼
9½	3	200	Case (J I) Plow	6	6	6	..
88	68	100	Do Thresh M pf (7)	83½	83½	83½	— 4
41⅝	29¾	3,000	Central Leather Co	38⅝	37½	37⅝	— ⅝
74⅞	60⅝	800	Do pf	71	69½	70	..
40⅝	32⅞	3,200	Cerro de Pasco Copper	37⅞	35¾	36½	+ 1¼
78¼	47⅞	6,800	Chandler Motor (6)	71⅝	69⅝	70	..
69⅝	54	9,200	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	69	66½	68	+ 1½
12⅝	1⅝	6,500	Chicago & Alton	10⅞	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅛
20⅞	3½	1,300	Do pf	19¼	17¾	19	+ 2
30⅝	12¼	3,200	Chicago & E Illinois	37⅝	35	35½	+ 1½
56	31½	1,700	Do pf	56⅝	55½	55	..
10½	5¼	2,500	Chicago Gt Western	9	8	9	+ ⅜
24½	14¾	2,800	Do pf	22¼	21	21¼	+ ⅜
29⅝	16½	18,400	Chi, Mil & St Paul	28⅞	26	27⅞	+ 1½
47	29	18,200	Do pf	45	41½	43¼	+ 1⅝
78	50	6,300	Chi & Northwestern (5)	75	74¼	75⅝	+ 1
115¼	100	300	Do pf (7)	115	114¾	115	— ¼
71	50	100	Chi Pneu Tool (8)	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	— 2⅝
48¼	30⅝	20,200	Chicago, R I & Pac	45⅝	42½	43⅝	+ ⅝
98½	83¼	300	Do 7% pf (7)	95½	94	94¾	+ 1⅝
84⅝	70¼	1,300	Do 6% pf (6)	81⅝	79½	81½	+ 2½
68½	51	600	C, St P, Minn & Om (5)	67	65½	66⅝	+ 1⅝
98⅞	83	100	Do pf (7)	97	97	97	+ 1
29⅝	15½	20,600	Chile Copper	23¼	20⅞	22½	+ 1½
33⅝	25⅝	3,800	Chino Copper	30¼	28⅝	29½	+ ½
74½	54	700	C, C, C & St L (3)	74⅛	73	74	..
93	72⅝	800	Do pf (5)	93	91	92½	+ ½
60½	43	1,400	Cluett, Peabody	57	54½	57	+ 4
74½	41	47,400	Coca-Cola (4)	74½	69½	70	+ 1⅝
37	24	900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	31	29	31	+ 2
53½	38	600	Colorado Southern (3)	46⅝	45¼	46⅝	+ 3⅝
62⅝	53	100	Do 1st pf (4)	61	61	61	— 1½
60⅝	49	200	Do 2d pf (4)	55	54	55	+ 1
80⅝	64⅝	10,800	Columbia G & E (6)	80¼	66⅝	67½	+ 1½
5⅝	1¼	13,100	Columbia Graphophone	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	..
21	5	500	Do pf	18½	17½	17½	+ ⅜
79⅝	55¼	1,000	Comp Tab Recording (6)	65⅝	62⅝	64⅞	+ 3⅝
2¼	¼	300	Consolidated Distrib	⅜	⅛	⅜	+ ¼
38½	18⅝	200	Consolidated Cigar	37⅝	35	35	— 2
72½	47	200	Do pf (7)	71	71	71	+ 1
123½	85	30,200	Consolidated Gas (7)	121¼	116¼	118¼	— 3¼
19⅝	10¼	11,200	Consolidated Textile	12	11	11	— ⅞
71	45⅝	1,900	Continental Can	68½	66⅝	68	+ 2
85	66	200	Continental Ins (6)	81½	81	81	..
108¾	91¼	9,300	Corn Prod Ref (10)	104⅝	101⅞	x102⅝	+ ¼
118¾	111	100	Do pf (7)	115	115	115	— ¼
53¾	31⅝	74,200	Cosden Co (2½)	49⅝	44⅝	x47⅝	+ 3⅝
100⅝	91	400	Do pf (7)	96½	95	96½	+ 1¼
77¼	52⅝	22,200	Crucible Steel	75	72⅝	73⅝	— ¼
27¼	14½	13,000	Cuban Am Sugar	25	23	24	+ ⅝
94½	78¼	200	Do pf (7)	91	89⅞	91	+ 1
19⅝	8¼	4,900	Cuba Cane Sugar	16⅝	15½	16⅝	+ ½
40⅝	15¼	4,300	Do pf	36⅞	33⅝	35⅝	+ 1½
65⅝	43	2,900	DAVISON CHEMICAL	47	44	46¼	+ 2¼
34½	15¼	300	De Beers Mines	21⅞	21¼	21¼	— 1
126	106⅝	1,100	Del & Hudson (9)	125	123⅝	125	+ 3
129½	110¼	4,000	D, L & W (18½)	130⅝	128	128	— 3
30⅝	18¼	2,000	Dome Mines (2)	30	28½	30	+ 2
6	2⅝	100	Del, S S & Atlantic	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ¼
150	115	8,200	Dupont de Nem (8)	150	133	142½	+12¼
85	80	800	Dupont deb (6)	82½	81½	82½	+ 1½
77¼	70	1,900	EASTMAN KODAK (5)	73	70	72⅝	+ 2¼
48	40¼	5,300	Elec Storage Bat (3)	44⅝	43⅝	44	+ ⅜
25¼	14¼	300	Elk Horn Coal	21⅞	21½	21½	..
11¼	2⅝	200	Emerson Brantingham	8	8	8	— ½
44½	22	100	Do pf	36	36	36	— ½
87½	76¼	1,900	Endicott-Johnson (5)	81¼	78¼	80	+ 1⅝
113	104	200	Do pf (7)	111	111	111	..
18⅝	7	24,500	Erie	17⅝	15¼	16½	+ 1¼
27¼	11½	6,300	Do 1st pf	25⅝	22⅝	23½	+ ⅞
20⅝	7¼	2,000	Do 2d pf	18⅝	16⅝	18	+ 2¼
87⅞	75¼	7,200	FAM PL-LASKY (8)	86	80⅝	81⅝	+ 1⅝
99	91⅝	1,000	Do pf (8)	94⅞	94⅝	94⅝	+ 1¼
16⅝	9	100	Fed Mining & Smelting	11½	11½	11½	— ¼
55⅝	37	1,200	Do pf (9)	51	49	49½	+ 3
127½	75	300	Fisher Body (10)	117½	117	117½	+ 1½
111	100¼	100	Do pf (7)	111	111	111	+ 1
103¾	76½	800	Fisher Body Ohio pf (8)	87¼	87	87¼	+ ¼
19¼	11¼	6,200	Fisk Rubber	16	15	15⅞	+ ⅞
26⅞	12¼	45,000	Freeport-Texas	25½	23	24	+ ⅝
67⅞	45⅝	800	GEN AM TANK C (3)	61	59⅝	61	+ 1
68	38¼	21,600	General Asphalt	67½	64⅝	65½	+ ¼
103	90	900	Do pf (5)	108	101½	102	+ ½
78⅝	63	8,400	Gen Cigar (6)	76⅝	75	77¼	+ 2⅝
102	94	100	Gen Cigar deb pf (7)	x101½	101½	x101½	..
180	128	1,900	General Electric (12)	168	167	168	+ 1
15¼	6¼	120,900	General Motors	15⅝	14¼	14⅝	— ⅛
85¼	69	300	Do pf (6)	88	81	x88	+ 1
97	78½	600	Do 7% deb (7)	95¼	90¼	x95⅝	— ¼
84	67⅝	900	Do 6% deb (6)	82⅝	81½	x82	..
18¼	12½	3,800	Glidden Co	16⅝	14⅝	16⅝	+ 1⅝
44⅞	34½	2,500	Goodrich (B F) Co	39¼	38⅝	39¼	..
91	80¼	400	Goodrich pf (7)	89⅝	88	88	— ½
33	25	1,600	Granby Consol	30⅝	29¼	29½	+ ⅜
19⅝	12	500	Gray & Davis	17¼	16¼	17	— ⅝
82	70¼	22,300	Great Northern pf (7)	82	77	79⅝	+ 2⅝
45⅝	31⅝	2,800	Gt N Ore for O Prop (4)	40	38⅝	39	+ ½
34⅝	29¾	200	Greene Cananea Cop	31	31	31	+ 1¼
14⅝	8⅝	1,200	Guantanamo Sugar	13⅝	11¼	12½	+ ⅞
19	5	3,500	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	18¼	16⅝	17¼	+ 2¼
40⅝	16	2,700	Do pf	40¼	38¼	x40¼	+ 2¼
90⅝	44⅞	9,800	Gulf States Steel	81½	76¼	79⅝	+ 3
3⅝	¾	800	HABIRSHAW ELEC C.	1⅞	1¼	1¼	— ¼
103	82	200	Hartman Corp (7)	82	82	82	— 1
28⅝	15	400	Hendee Manufacturing	23	22	22⅝	+ 1⅝
75	55	200	Homestake (3)	71	71	71	+ 2
83	70	2,200	Houston Oil	77⅝	74¼	77¼	+ 1¼
24	20¼	41,300	Hudson Motor Car (3)	23½	21⅝	22⅝	+ 1½
31¼	10⅝	3,100	Hupp Motor Car (1)	20	19	19	— ¾
4¼	3¼	11,800	Hydraulic Steel	11¼	9⅞	10¼	+ ⅜
109⅞	97½	2,800	ILLINOIS CENT (7)	109	105	106	+ 3
109⅝	100⅝	3,600	Do pf (6)	100⅝	100½	100⅝	+ 1⅝
4⅝	2¼	2,100	Indiahoma Refining	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
11⅝	5⅝	100	Indian Refining	9	9	9	— 2
45	37½	2,600	Inspiration Copper	42	39¼	41	+ 1½
5	1	1,100	Interboro Consolidated	1½	1⅞	1½	..
12⅝	3¼	1,800	Do pf	3⅝	3⅝	3½	..
43½	38	200	Int Agricultural pf	38½	38	38	— 1¼
38⅝	24	1,800	Int Cement (2½)	34½	33	34	+ 2¼
106¼	79¾	600	Int Harvester, new (5)	100¼	100¼	100¼	— 1¼
117	105½	200	Do pf, new (7)	117	116¼	117	+ 2
27½	13¼	1,300	Int Mer Marine	19¼	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
87⅝	62¼	5,400	Do pf (6)	74¼	72⅝	73	+ 1
28⅝	20¼	8,300	Int Comb Eng (2)	24¼	22¼	23⅝	+ ⅝
26⅝	22¼	2,800	Int & Gt North w i	24⅝	23⅝	24	..
19⅝	11¼	3,400	Int Nickel	16⅞	16¼	16½	— ¼
54¼	43¼	5,000	Int Paper	50¼	49¼	50¼	+ 2¼
71½	59	500	Do pf, stamped (6)	65¼	63	63	+ ⅞
20¼	12⅞	7,400	Invincible Oil	15¼	14¼	14⅝	— ⅛
35⅝	24	15,400	Iron Products	35⅞	34	34	..
3	⅝	13,900	Island Oil & Trans	1	⅝	⅝	..
46	34¼	200	JONES BROS TEA	41¼	41¼	41¼	— ⅝
30⅝	22	4,100	KANSAS CITY SOUTH	26⅝	25	25	+ ⅝
7½	4	10,200	Kansas & Gulf	4⅞	4⅝	4½	— ¼
47½	34	7,900	Kayser (Julius) & Co	44	40¼	42⅝	+ 3⅝
106½	94	100	Do 1st pf (6)	103	103	103	— 1¼
53⅝	34¼	7,300	Kelly Springfield Tire	49¼	47¼	47½	— ¼
107⅝	90½	200	Do 8% pf (8)	101	100⅝	101	+ 1
111	61	400	Kelsey Wheel (6)	86½	86½	85½	+ ½
39⅝	25¼	22,600	Kennecott Copper	36⅝	33⅝	35½	+ 1⅝
24⅝	14	9,300	Keystone Tire & Rubber	16⅝	15¼	15⅝	+ ⅛
174	110	600	Kresge (S S) Co (7)	136⅝	134	136¼	+ 2½
81⅝	44	6,400	Lackawanna Steel	76¼	73⅝	75⅝	+ 2⅝
82	48	500	Laclede Gas	80¼	77½	80	+ 2⅝
39⅝	10	300	Lake Erie & Western	34¼	29¾	29⅝	— 4
63½	29¼	1,500	Do pf	63	62	62	..
35½	26⅝	500	Lee Rub & Tire (2)	29	27½	29	— ⅛
67⅝	56¼	8,800	Lehigh Valley (3½)	65½	64	64⅝	+ 1
173¼	153½	183	Liggett & Myers (12)	170	170	170	..
117¼	107¼	100	Do pf (7)	117¼	117¼	117¼	+ 1⅞
117⅝	91	1,900	Lima Locomotive (7)	107⅞	105¼	106⅝	+ ⅝
117	98	100	Do pf (7)	110	110	110	— 1
18⅝	11	4,000	Loews, Incorporated	15¼	14⅝	15⅝	+ ⅝
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Private Wires to Principal Cities

Lehigh Valley Railroad Co.

The current issue of our fortnightly securities and commodities review contains a discussion of the affairs of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company; also the sugar, coffee, cotton and grain markets.

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El Paso Electric Company
7% Secured Notes—Due July 1943
Price 101 and Int.
To Yield about 6¾%
Convertible into Common Stock at 105
Net earnings nearly three times all interest charges. Total debt only 1¾ times gross earnings.

Eastern Texas Electric Company
7% Convertible Notes—Due May 1942
Price 101 and Int.
To yield about 6¾%
Convertible into Common Stock at 105
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LONDON SEES GRAVE GERMAN SITUATION

No Improvement Expected Until Amount of Debt Is Reduced.

NO BUYERS FOR MARKS

Currency Goes Begging at Ten for a Cent—Decline in Sterling Predicted.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—Demoralization of German exchange is now dominating the financial situation in London. The attention of all is centred on the developments which may arise. So far as The Hague conference is concerned, it might just as well not exist, for it attracts no interest and exerts no influence on sentiment. A tremendous speculation is proceeding in marks, which, owing to the critical political and financial situation within Germany, have fallen easy prey to bear operators. Even at ten to the penny there appear to be few buyers of marks now, and it is believed that unless some action is taken to arrest the decline a new and graver crisis than any hitherto experienced in European finance is considered inevitable.

French, Belgian and Italian currencies are collapsing with the mark, and the downward movement in their case is being accentuated by preparations which are being made for securing exchange which is required to finance Autumn imports. Usually the exchange market is not affected so early as this by seasonal requirements. This influences Italian exchange more acutely than the French and Belgian rates, because of Italy's great dependence upon foreign countries for raw materials.

The demand for sterling and dollars on Italian account has been most persistent and the rate on London has risen to more than 100 lire to the pound sterling, the highest ever touched by this exchange since January of last year, when the rate rose to 108¾. Higher rates are predicted and a further fall in the value of the franc is considered almost inevitable.

Scale Down Reparations.

London's view of the German financial situation is that no improvement is possible and worse may be expected unless the amount to be paid by Germany to the Allies is reduced to certain and practicable figures. The bankers' committee which examined into the question, came to the conclusion that an international loan to Germany was impossible until this revision of reparations payments had been effected. Events, however, are slowly forcing upon all concerned, and especially upon France, the necessity for modifying claims against Germany. A way out could be found by setting off a portion of the claims on Germany against interallied debts. But it is obvious that no settlement on these lines could be reached without the co-operation of America. Meanwhile German note circulation is leaping up at an alarming rate.

In view of the collapse of European currencies the strength of sterling in America is somewhat puzzling. There is a probable explanation in the loss of a million sterling in gold by the Bank of England this week, half of which was taken from currency note reserve and replaced by Bank of England notes. This is the first important fall in gold stocks of the bank since November, 1920, and it is generally understood that this gold has gone to America in part preparation for payment of interest on our debt. Other gold shipments of this nature are possible which refute certain statements that our obligations in this respect are already provided for.

Drop in Sterling Predicted.

To some extent autumnal requirements for dollars are being anticipated, but what looked like Government buying has ceased for the moment. Bankers point out that New York has probably been long of sterling and first-class European securities for some time, and profit-taking might easily cause a rapid fall in the rate. Also general conditions favor a lower rather than a higher rate in the immediate future.

Gilt-edged securities in particular have suffered from nervousness engendered by the collapse of the mark. The bank rate has been retained at 3½ per cent. owing to a weaker reserve position and the chaotic condition of the foreign exchanges. No big market in stocks is expected until the European situation clears.

Gold imports this week were £716,177, of which £712,207 came from South Africa. Exports were £411,092, India taking £210,794, the United States £196,600. Currency notes outstanding at the end of the week were £206,500,218. This compares with £208,773,870 at the end of last week, with £326,584,000 at the end of 1921 and with £358,221,000 the high record of December, 1920.

NEW LONDON OFFERINGS.

Certain Issues Quickly Subscribed; Others Heavy.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—New security offerings are meeting with a mixed reception. The Sena Sugar Estates offering of £600,000 7 per cent. debentures at 97½ was subscribed by the public to the extent of only about 7 per cent. Port of Bombay issues amounting to £21,000,000, 6 per cent. debentures, at 100, on the other hand, was immediately oversubscribed. The Tata Iron and Steel Company in offering £2,000,000 of 7 per cent. debentures at 96, and the result of this offering is not yet known. The City of Johannesburg is about to offer £1,000,000 6½ per cent. bonds at 100. This type of investment is in exceptionally keen demand.

PAYMENTS IN KIND APPEAL TO FRANCE

Acceptance From Germany Favored on the Widest Possible Scale.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 9.—The rise in foreign exchanges on Paris has probably been caused up to a certain point by trade requirements. It is certain, however, that the movement has been considerably amplified by speculators. Many purchasers of francs have been realizing on their holdings simply because the franc was falling and they wished to make sure of their profit or cut their losses. The fall of the mark has also reacted on the franc rate, many persons being convinced that the fall of the mark will add further difficulties to the payment of reparations.

It must, however, be borne in mind that the weakness in the mark will not prevent delivery of reparations payments in kind to which France has now decided to resort on the widest possible scale as the most direct means of obtaining a settlement of the German reparations debt. Furthermore, Germany's only means of paying in foreign currency is by selling her goods abroad, and it cannot be denied that the fall of the mark favors exports. Germany could pay more than she does irrespective of the drop in German exchange. It is the will to pay that is lacking or the absence of unanimous agreement between the Allies to bring the necessary pressure to bear on Germany.

Russia's New Currency.

The creation of a new paper money standard in Russia is simply an expedient resorted to by the Soviets for the purpose of creating fresh resources. Present bank notes have almost no longer any value, and it is hoped that the public will more readily accept the new notes. It is certain that countries whose currency has greatly depreciated, such as Germany and Austria, for instance, will also be obliged sooner or later to accept the bankruptcy of their currency and establish a new standard. But this measure could put the currency on a sound basis and re-establish normal monetary conditions on the sole condition that the new bank notes should be exchangeable for gold so that their value would be practically stabilized. Otherwise they will continue to depreciate as before. There is, however, not a single country in Continental Europe today which could return to gold payments.

Hague Conference Ignored.

No one here is paying any attention to the Hague conference. It becomes more and more evident as time goes on that it is impossible to have any serious dealings with the Soviets, and if France remains at the conference it is merely to avoid being accused of wishing to prevent an agreement with Russia. She considers, however, that an agreement is impossible.

The fall in francs, if it continues, would be an element in favor of French exports, but sudden fluctuations in the rates of exchange give rise to uncertainty, and this greatly hampers trade.

GERMAN PRICES UP AS MARKS DECLINE

Advances Run From 20 to 25 Per Cent.—Activity in Steel Industry.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—Commodity prices in Germany are advancing, copper, tin and zinc having risen sharply. Cereals and fats and coffee and rice have also soared. Native wheat and rye are now 20 to 25 per cent. above the prices prevailing during the third week in June. The fall of the mark has turned back gold prices of purely native commodities, which were approaching the world market level and has thereby increased Germany's ability to compete in foreign markets.

Iron and steel exporters welcome the change as their exports to Holland, which is the chief market at present, have declined heavily of late owing to competition with Luxemburg, Belgium and England, which are delivering bars and shipbuilding steel 25 to 30 per cent. below German prices.

The German steel market is booming. To those plants which already had orders months ahead, the last few days have brought in a flood of new business from buyers who foresee a further great price rise. Exporters of heavy rails complain of difficulty in competing abroad, asserting that they are hampered by the 5 per cent. export duty and the 2 per cent. sales tax. It is charged by one paper that Belgium and France are dumping heavy rails in Germany. The steel syndicate has again raised prices.

RUSSIA'S CURRENCY CHANGE NO PANACEA

Scaling Down Process Fails to Meet Expectations of Proponents.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—Experts on Russian affairs declare that the relatively favorable budget account, submitted to the Hague, is obtained by juggling with the new scaled-down ruble. This scaling down is a fiction. The Soviet Government, while leaving old notes in circulation, has issued new "notes of 1922 issue," each of which is declared equal to old ruble notes of 10,000 denomination.

The measure for the higher denominations failed entirely because the new issue was based on 10,000-fold price rise since 1914. This was correct last Fall, when the new issue was planned. But the latest Moscow index shows a price rise of 20,000-fold, as measured in the depreciated ruble. As a result of this depreciation in the ruble note the buying power of the new notes is only one-twentieth of what those who proposed the measure had expected it to be.

GERMAN IRON PRICE UP.

Increase About 15 Per Cent.—Higher Coal Expected.

Another advance in pig iron in Germany was announced for July 1 by the Eisenwirtschaftsbund. It amounts roughly to 15 per cent. Prices had been raised 5 to 6 per cent. on June 1. Meanwhile the value of the mark is sharply receding. The dollar equivalent for various grades of iron is approximately as follows: Hematite pig iron, $19.44; foundry No. 1, $18; spiegeleisen, $20.50. Higher coal prices are expected, and there will increase automatically the price of iron.

MONARCHIST THREAT SENDS MARKS DOWN

Non-Existent "Plot" Held Accountable for Panic of Small Holders.

BIG BUSINESS COOL

Reichsbank Endeavors to Stem Decline by Selling Foreign Bills.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 9.—The collapse of the mark last week, which promises a new catastrophe to State finances, was almost entirely caused by native and not foreign panic. It was brought about by the heedlessness of the Cabinet and the Left Party in advertising the threat of a monarchist counter-revolution which was non-existent. While big businesses keeps cool terrified petty savers are rushing to convert their marks into dollars or into other sound currencies, and as a result the dollar has risen to new high levels. The Reichsbank has made a vain attempt to stem the movement by selling foreign bills, but the supply is inadequate, and unless the Wirth Cabinet reassures the public a collapse is probable. The Frankfurter Zeitung declares "the mark is today unsalable outside of Germany."

Although this may represent an exaggeration, fears are felt that it will be impossible to continue purchasing wheat and cotton and other necessaries from America. During the last week practically no new orders were placed abroad. However, it was the experience of the 1921 collapse of exchange that such cessations of importing are temporary, manufacturers by rapidly advancing prices soon collect sufficient paper marks to resume buying dollars at their advancing price. This will probably prove to be the case in this instance.

Money Shortage Acute.

Meantime the money shortage is becoming more acute and bankers predict that the situation will be met by a fresh burst of inflation. This is foreshadowed in the Reichsbank statement of June 30, which shows increases in both treasury bill discounts and circulation. Of the former, discounts increased by 18,500,000,000 marks and note circulation increased by over 11,000,000,000 marks. The increase in note circulation for the first half of 1922 has been over 56,000,000,000 marks. The main reason for the unusual demand for cash originates from the half-yearly settlements, but the record high figures which have resulted are exceptional. The shortage of money is already checking the development of the new capital market as shown by the low figure of 2,781,000,000 marks that went into new capital issues in June as compared with 4,151,000,000 marks in May.

Despite the heavy decline in the mark it is believed that Germany will continue to pay reparations instalments, but the Finance Ministry admits that it has no plan except to continue to sell paper marks. It is not denied that this means a still further mark depreciation.

No Boom on Boerse.

The Berlin Boerse is entirely under the influence of the exchange situation. However, the shortness of money tends to check what might be a bull boom. Heavy foreign buying of industrial stocks by south and southeastern European holders of marks who desire to convert these into solid assets, and further heavy buying of Federal 5 per cents caused heavy advances in these particular issues. This buying of the Federal 5 per cents appeared to be due to the mistaken belief that State loans will be treated gently when the inevitable currency readjustment develops. All industrials, especially the mining and steel stocks, have been active at rising prices.

WAGE CUTS AFFECT BRITISH INDUSTRY

Talk of Strikes a Damper on Business—Steel Trade Picking Up.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—The industrial situation generally speaking is not good. It has been described as tragically unsatisfactory. Owing to wage cuts another stoppage in engineering trades is being urged, but that is unlikely to take place. There are also threats of a strike in the South Wales coal area, where the Federation has decided there must be an immediate advance of 40 per cent. in the minimum wage.

This kind of talk is being indulged in elsewhere, but in the present state of the coal industry it is believed in conservative quarters that a strike would be madness. Most branches of the engineering industry are still hesitant, but the steel trade is slowly picking up. Buyers, however, are holding back to some extent because of the certainty of a reduction in the engineers' bonus, which should lower prices. Autumn prospects are regarded hopefully.

FEARS COTTON SHORTAGE.

London Watching Closely Course of Crop Rise.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 9.—The progress of the American cotton crop is being followed with close attention here, as the opinion prevails that the main danger which threatens the textile industry is an acute shortage of raw material. The modest increase in the official American estimate of condition as of June 25, in comparison with the preceding month, is looked upon here as disappointing in view of good weather conditions which prevailed in the latter part of the period which the estimate covered.

Although acreage estimate about meets expectations, the months of July and August are considered as critical ones for cotton, and there will be apprehension here until these are passed. It is thought, however, that the American crop will prove large enough to remove fear of a famine. The long position in the cotton market is somewhat congested, and recent advances in prices are regarded as having been altogether too rapid, although advantage will doubtless be taken by trade interests to meet purchases on recessions.

NEW ISSUE

$4,500,000

Baragua Sugar Company
(Compania Azucarera Baragua)
SUBSIDIARY OF PUNTA ALEGRE SUGAR COMPANY

First Mortgage Fifteen-Year 7½% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

To be dated July 15, 1922 (Closed Mortgage) To mature July 15, 1937

Interest payable January 15 and July 15, without deduction for normal Federal Income Tax up to and including 2%. Pennsylvania and Connecticut Four Mills Taxes, and also the Massachusetts Income Tax not in excess of 6% annually will be refunded by the Company on appropriate request. Coupon bonds in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100, interchangeable, registerable as to principal only. Redeemable in whole or in part at 110 and accrued interest on any interest date up to and including July 15, 1928, the premium thereafter decreasing one point for each year or fraction thereof. The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, Trustee.

An Annual Sinking Fund of $225,000 in cash or bonds at face value is provided commencing July 15, 1923, total payments aggregating 70% of the par value of this issue. Bonds will be drawn by lot and called for the Sinking Fund at the current redemption price, if not purchaseable at or below this price.

CAPITALIZATION
First (closed) Mortgage 7½% bonds, this issue $4,500,000
Capital Stock, 110,250 shares ($50 par) . . . 5,512,500

MR. EDWIN F. ATKINS, *President of the Punta Alegre Sugar Company summarizes as follows his letter to us:*

Compania Azucarera Baragua (translated Baragua Sugar Company) is being incorporated under the laws of Cuba and will succeed to the ownership of the fixed assets of the present Baragua Sugar Company, a Delaware corporation. The entire capital stock of the new company will be acquired by the Punta Alegre Sugar Company.

The property is a self-contained, low cost sugar producer, including a modern mill with a daily capacity of 5,000 tons of cane; over 42,000 acres of land in Camaguey Province owned in fee, approximately 19,000 acres controlled through lease and about 19,000 additional acres from which the cane is under contract; 110 kilometers of standard gauge private railroad; adequate rolling stock, and a private seaport.

It is estimated that in normal years the port facilities alone will result in a saving in shipping costs in excess of the interest on this bond issue as compared with costs if dependent upon public carriers.

Net profits of the property, before depreciation and income taxes but after inventory adjustments, for the last five years have averaged $2,030,775 per year, or more than six times annual interest charges on these bonds. Even in the calendar year 1921, such net profits were over $1,003,000.

Net tangible assets of the Company as shown on its projected balance sheet will be over $2,270 per $1,000 bond, and have recently been appraised as having a value in excess of this figure.

The present advantageous arrangement for marketing the sugar of the Punta Alegre Sugar Company through E. Atkins & Co., is available to the new company.

Application will be made to list this issue on the New York and Boston Stock Exchanges

The legal proceedings in connection with this issue are being passed upon by Messrs. Chadbourne, Babbitt & Wallace, of New York City for the Bankers and Messrs. Root, Clark, Buckner & Howland of New York City for the Punta Alegre Sugar Company in conjunction with Claudio G. Mendoza, Esq., of Havana, Cuba for the Bankers and the Punta Alegre Sugar Company jointly. Interim certificates of The Chase National Bank of the City of New York or temporary bonds will be issued pending delivery of bonds in definitive form.

We offer these bonds when, as and if issued and received and subject to the approval of Counsel

Price 100 and interest yielding 7½%

HAYDEN, STONE & CO.
BROWN BROTHERS & CO. HARRIS FORBES & CO.

Statements contained herein are not guaranteed but are based upon information which we believe to be accurate and reliable and upon which we have acted in the purchase of these Bonds

$3,500,000

Province of Alberta, Canada

Five Year 5½% Gold Bonds

Dated July 1, 1922 Due July 1, 1927

Principal and interest payable in gold in New York; also payable in Canada. Interest payable January 1 and July 1. Coupon bonds of $1,000, with privilege of registration as to principal. Subject to approval of legal matters by E. G. Long, K. C.

These bonds are the direct obligation of the Province of Alberta and are payable, principal and interest, from its general revenue

The Province of Alberta, fourth in area among the Provinces of Canada, is five times as large as the State of New York and equals the combined area of Montana, North Dakota and Minnesota. Of the 100,000,000 acres, approximately, of arable land in the Province, nearly 12,500,000 was under cultivation in 1920. Alberta, therefore, offers a vast field for future settlement and the Government and railroads are offering every inducement to encourage development. Rich coal deposits have been found and are now being extensively developed. The Province is served by all the transcontinental railroads, which have a total mileage of 4,500 miles within its borders.

We offer these bonds for delivery when, as and if issued and received by us, subject to approval of legal matters by counsel.

Price 100 and Interest. To Yield 5.50%

Dillon, Read & Co.

Wood, Gundy & Co. Dominion Securities Corporation, Ltd.

The information contained in this advertisement has been obtained from sources which we consider reliable. While not guaranteed, it is accepted by us as accurate.

BLAIR & CO.
Incorporated
24 Broad St., New York
Chicago Boston Philadelphia
Cleveland Buffalo San Francisco St. Louis

NAPHEN & CO.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / Boston Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. New York | 100 Devonshire St. Boston, Mass.

W. A. Harriman & Co.
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25 Broad Street, New York
PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO
BUFFALO SYRACUSE

W. G. Sanders & Co.
Investment Securities
21 Nassau Street, New York
Chicago Detroit Milwaukee

We Recommend

Donner Steel Co., Inc.

First Refunding Mortgage 20-Year 7% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds Series "AA"

DUE JANUARY 1, 1942

Secured by a direct mortgage lien on fixed assets valued at $23,900,717, equivalent to 3.18 times the total mortgage indebtedness, including this issue. Earnings have averaged 2½ times the interest requirements over a period of five years.

Price 98 and Interest Yielding about 7.20%

Circular T-4 upon request

Kelley, Drayton & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
40 Exchange Place New York
Telephone Broad 6291

Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway Co.
(Monon Route)

First & General 6's Due 1966

Price to yield over 6%

Circular upon application

Potter & Company
Members New York Stock Exchange
New York Washington

We Own and Offer

Railroad Bonds To yield 6.05%—7.10%

Industrial Bonds To yield 6.10%—6.50%

Public Utility Bonds To yield 5.30%—6.30%

Municipal Bonds To yield 4.20%—4.75%

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 7470

Detroit City Gas Co.
First Mortgage 6s
Due July 1, 1947

Average annual earnings for the ten years ended December 31, 1921 were $2,019,686, as against $856,500, the annual interest requirement on the total bonded debt to be outstanding.

The American Light & Traction Company owns 99.97% of the Company's Common Stock.

Price at the market to yield about 6.15%

Circular T-8 on request

CARREAU & SNEDEKER
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
59 WALL STREET
NEW YORK
Tel. Bowling Green 1140

Watertown Light & Power Company
First Mortgage 5% Bonds
DUE JANUARY 1, 1952

Price On Application

F. L. Carlisle & Co.
Incorporated
40 Wall St., New York

OUTPUT OF PIG IRON BEST IN 18 MONTHS

Rate Increase of 6,000,000 Tons Since March Shows It Unaffected by Coal Strike.

STEEL BUSY IN MANY LINES

Demand of Auto Builders for Sheets Far in Excess of Original Estimates.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 9.—Production of pig iron in the first half of this year amounted to about 9,900,000 gross tons, against 7,157,145 tons in the second half of last year and 9,339,982 tons in the first half. There has been a continued increase in the rate of pig iron production since July of last year. The rate of output now is about 30,000,000 tons a year, the highest rate for eighteen months, and almost equal to the average production in 1912 and 1913, the two biggest tonnage years before the war.

The coal strike has now entered the fourth month. If one wishes to search for evidence of a shortage of coal he should not look for it in the iron and steel industry, for the present rate of pig iron production compares with a rate of 24,000,000 tons a year in March, the last month before the coal strike began. The increase of 25 per cent. in pig iron production involves not only 25 per cent. more consumption of coke, but also correspondingly heavier consumption of coal at steel mills.

The steel interests do not blow in additional blast furnaces, as they have been doing week by week, except for the purpose of converting the pig iron into steel and rolling the steel into finished products. Furthermore, a blast furnace is never blown in for a short period, as the operation involves considerable expense, and thus it may be taken for granted that the furnaces recently blown in have prospects for a continuous supply of coke. The resumptions were not predicated upon an early ending of the coal strike; no one knows when that will end.

Some Markets Still Active.

The usual midsummer dullness in the finished steel market is now fully arrived, the market having grown progressively less active during June. Mills are fully sold up for July and August, while some departments are sold practically through September, and the present lightness of buying does not menace the price position of mills.

In tubular goods, tin plate, sheets and wire products there is still a fairly active market. Tubular goods are usually not sold far ahead. In tin plate buyers covered quite fully for the first half of the year, and indeed, anticipate some of their second half requirements, but, with the canning crops turning out particularly well, additional tin plate requirements have arisen, and there is a fairly active market for August delivery. There is no demand for the later months of the year.

In wire products there is also a fair running demand. In the sheet department the greatest activity is in automobile sheets, the requirements far exceeding the original estimates of the automobile builders. Independent sheet mills are easily obtaining premiums of $5 to $7 a ton on automobile sheets over the regular price of $4.50 per 100 pounds charged by the United States Steel Corporation.

While it has been generally understood in the trade for several weeks that the Steel Corporation was disposed to call a halt in steel price advances there have been rumors since the market recovered from its extremely low prices of early in the year, that on July 1 the corporation would advance its minimum price on bars, shapes and plates from $1.60 to $1.70.

No announcement to this effect has been made, however, and $1.70 is still to be regarded as the premium price, involving prompt delivery or undesirable specifications, the real market basis for indefinite delivery being $1.60. While premiums on sheets are common, they are not nearly as general as a fortnight ago. Regular prices are $2.40 for blue annealed, $3.15 for black, $4.15 for galvanized and $4.50 for automobile sheets.

Sheet bars for third quarter are going at a general price of $35, while recently a few odd lot sales were reported at $37.50 or $38. Rods are now quoted at $46, the old price of $38 having been nominal in the last few weeks. Fabricated wire fence, which has been in poor demand for a long time, has been reduced 2½ points, the discount to consumers being changed from 68 per cent. to 70½ per cent. off list.

The local pig iron market remains very quiet, with prices quoted at old levels, now partly nominal. Bessemer and basic being $25 and foundry $24. The Valley-Pittsburgh freight rate came down from $1.96 to $1.76 on July 1. Twenty years ago the rate was 75 cents.

Effect of Freight Cut on Coke.

The small offerings of Connellsville coke from day to day have been bringing up to $9, and consumers are turning now to West Virginia and Alabama coke. The movement of these cokes to northern points is aided by the 10 per cent. reduction in freight rates July 1.

The scrap market has turned softer, heavy melting steel being quotable at $14.50 to $17, after having been at a range of $17 to $17.50 for fully two months. Almost throughout that period dealers were endeavoring to secure higher prices, but consumers in this district presented a steady front.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO.

	July		Sept.		Dec.	
WHEAT.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 3	1.18	1.16¾	1.18¼	1.16¼	1.20¼	1.18
July 4	Holiday.					
July 5	1.17¾	1.15¾	1.17¾	1.16¼	1.20¼	1.18
July 6	1.15¼	1.13¾	1.15¾	1.13¾	1.18¼	1.16¼
July 7	1.14¾	1.13¾	1.14¾	1.12¾	1.17	1.15¼
July 8	1.13¾	1.12	1.12¾	1.10¾	1.15¼	1.12¾
Wks r'g	1.18	1.12	1.18¼	1.10¾	1.20¼	1.12¾
	July		Sept.		Dec.	
CORN.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 3	.68¾	.67	.65	.63¾	.67	.66¼
July 4	Holiday.					
July 5	.64¾	.63¼	.62	.60¾	.67¼	.65¾
July 6	.63¾	.62¼	.61¾	.60¼	.66¼	.65¼
July 7	.63¾	.61¼	.61¼	.60¼	.65¾	.64¼
July 8	.63¼	.61¼	.62¾	.60¼	.65¾	.64¼
Wks r'g	.68¾	.61¼	.65	.60¼	.67	.64¼
	July		Sept.		Dec.	
OATS.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 3	.38¼	.38¼	.34¼	.33¾	.42	.41¾
July 4	Holiday.					
July 5	.37¼	.36¾	.35¼	.34¾	.42¼	.41¾
July 6	.36¾	.35¾	.35	.34¼	.41¾	.41¼
July 7	.36¾	.35¾	.35¼	.34¾	.41¼	.41¼
July 8	.35¼	.34¼	.34¼	.33¾	.41¼	.40
Week's range	.37¼	.34¼	.35¼	.33¾	.42¼	.40
	July		Sept.		Dec.	
RYE.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 3	.87	.86	.87	.86¼	.89¼	.89¼
July 4	Holiday.					
July 5	.87	.86¼	.86¾	.85¾	.89¼	.88¾
July 6	.86	.85¾	.86	.84¾	.88¼	.87¾
July 7	.85¾	.84¾	.85	.84¾	.87¾	.86¼
July 8	.84¾	.83¾	.84	.83	.86¾	.84¾
Week's range	.87	.83¾	.87	.83	.89¼	.84¾
	Provisions.					
	July		Sept.			
LARD.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.		
July 3	11.50	11.27	11.75	11.55		
July 4	Holiday.					
July 5	11.27	11.17	11.62	11.40		
July 6	11.17	11.07	11.42	11.25		
July 7	11.16	10.95	11.32	11.20		
July 8	10.95	10.77	11.22	11.10		
Wk's rg	11.50	10.77	11.75	11.10		
	Oct.					
LARD.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.		
July 3	11.55	11.37	.....	.....		
July 4	Holiday.					
July 5	11.55	11.32	.....	.....		
July 6	.....	.....	10.00	9.92		
July 7	11.45	11.32	10.00	9.85		
July 8	11.27	11.10	.....	.....		
Wk's rg	11.55	11.10	10.00	9.92		
	July		Sept.			
RIBS.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.		
July 3	11.55	11.10	11.55	11.45		
July 4	Holiday.					
July 5	.....	.....	.....	.....		
July 6	11.40	11.05	11.35	11.25		
July 7	11.22	10.90	11.00	10.85		
July 8	11.05	10.85	11.00	10.85		
Wk's rg	11.55	10.85	11.55	10.85		

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JULY 8, 1922.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.		Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Total sales	$71,777,600	$2,403,778,455	Average price 40 bonds	80.56	79.96	80.58	75.01
Same period a year ago	59,286,600	1,590,987,485	Same period a year ago	69.46	69.22	71.60	67.56

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS

Range, 1922 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
100.84	94.84	2010	Lib 3½s, 1932-47	100.04	100.00	100.34	+ .16
100.30	94.82	514	Lib 3½s, '32-47, reg	100.10	100.04	100.20	+ .20
100.50	95.70	15	Lib 1st cvts, '32-47	100.50	100.24	100.36	+ .32
100.10	95.60	5	Lib 2d 4s, 1927-42	100.10	99.96	100.10	+ .40
99.70	95.50	7	Lib 2d 4s, reg	99.70	99.70	99.70	..
100.04	99.00	1914	Lib 1st, 4¼s, 1932-47	100.04	100.24	100.00	+ .08
100.32	96.96	45	Lib 1st cv 4¼s, reg	100.32	100.04	100.30	+ .16
101.60	98.00	1	Lib 1st 4¼s, 1932-47	101.60	101.60	101.60	+ .60
100.84	94.12	8080	Lib 2d cv 4¼s, '27-42	100.24	100.04	100.10	+ .06
100.14	98.06	117	Lib 2d cv 4¼s, 1927	100.14	99.80	100.00	+ .08
100.30	98.74	908846	Lib 3d 4¼s, 1928	100.30	100.06	100.18	+ .10
100.16	94.72	55	Lib 3d 4¼s, '28, reg	100.16	99.98	100.04	+ .06
100.50	92.96	7720	Lib 4th 4¼s, '32-38	100.50	100.22	100.26	+ .06
100.36	95.70	84	Lib 4th 4¼s, '32-38, reg	100.36	100.10	100.14	— .04
100.38	100.02	8215	Vict 4¾s, 1922-23	100.34	100.46	100.52	+ .02
100.90	99.84	156	Vict 4¾s, reg	100.52	100.20	100.50	+ .04

Total sales $34,214,600

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, STATE AND MUNICIPAL

High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
102¼	99	159	Argentine 7s, temp ctfs, '27	100¼	99¾	100¼	+ ¼
87	77	5	Argentine 5s, 1945	84	84	84	— ¾
57	44¼	24	Chinese Govt 5s, 1951	55	54¾	54¾	+ 1¼
113	106¼	36	City of Bergen 8s, 1945	109¼	109	109¼	..
116	108¾	14	City of Berne 8s, 1945	110	109	109	+ 1
90	80¼	35	City of Bordeaux 8s, 1934	84	83¾	84	..
93¼	85¼	100	City of Copen 5½s, 1944	92¼	91¼	91¼	— ¼
112¾	106	2	City of Christiania 8s, '45	110	109	109¼	+ ¾
91¼	85¼	125	City of Gtr Prague 7½s, 1952, ctfs	90	88¼	90	+ 1¼
86	80¼	33	City of Lyons 6s, 1934	84	83¾	83¾	— ¾
90	80¼	21	City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	84	83	83	— 1
105	100¼	12	City of Porto Alegre 8s, 1961, 1st ctfs	105¼	100¼	101¾	+ ¾
100¼	90¼	60	City of Rio de Jan 8s, '46	101¾	100	100¼	— 1¼
100¼	100¼	71	City of R de J 8s, '47 (ctfs)	101¼	100¼	100¼	— 1¼
102¼	100¼	34	City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	102	101¼	101¼	— ¼
84¼	81¼	27	City of Soissons 6s, 1936, temp ctfs	82¾	81¾	81¾	— ¼
79¾	67	36	City of Tokio 5s, 1952	79¾	69¼	70¾	+ ¾
114¼	107	3	City of Zurich 8s, 1945	111¼	110¼	110¼	— ¼
100¾	95	15314	Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951, int ctfs	96¾	95	96	+ ¾
108¾	99¼	400	French Govt 8s, 1945	103¾	101	102¾	— ¼
104¾	94	701	French Govt 7½s, 1941	100¾	100	100	— ¾
93	88	62	Hol'd-A s f 6s, '47, int rects	89	88¼	89	+ ¼
92¼	86¾	12	Japanese 4½s, 1925	92¼	92	92¼	+ ¼
92¼	89¾	100	Jap 4½s, 2d series, 1925	92¼	91¼	92¼	+ ¼
79	72¾	15314	Jap 4s, sterling loan, 1931	77¾	76¾	77¾	+ ¾
90¾	90¼	6	Jurgens (A) Un Margarine Wks 6s, 1947, int ctfs	90¼	90¼	90¼	— 1
109¼	103¾	31	Kingdom of Belg 7½s, '45	107¼	106¼	106¼	— ¼
104¼	94¼	33	Kingdom of Belg 6s, 1925	101¼	100¼	101	— ¼
108¾	104¼	704	Kingdom of Belg 6s, 1941	105¾	105¼	105¾	— ¼
112¼	107	84	King of Den 8s, 1945	110¼	109¼	110¼	..
108¼	94	192	King of Den 6s, 1942	95	95	95¾	+ ¼
86¼	82¼	3	Kingdom of Italy 6½s, '23	86¼	86¼	86¼	..
95¼	89¾	1704	King of Neth 6s, '72, int rcts	97	96¼	96¾	..
112¾	100	85	King of Norway 8s, '40	110¾	110¼	110¾	— ¼
103	94	110	King of Sweden 8s, '39	102¾	101¼	102¼	+ ¾
87¼	81	2	Mex Irrigation 4½s, '43	40	40	40	— 2
85	78	31514	Paris-Lyons-Med 6s, 1958, int ctfs	80	78	78¾	— 2¾
102	100¼	567	Rep of Bolivia 8s, '47, w i	101¼	100¾	101	..
103¾	93¾	96	Rep of Chile 8s, 1926	102¾	101¼	101¾	— ¼
106	102	54¼	Rep of Chile 8s, 1941	104	103¾	103¾	..
106	100¼	27	Rep of Chile 8s, 1946	104	103	103	— ¾
82	78	2	Rep of Cuba 4½s, 1949	81¼	81	81¼	— ¾
109¾	103	23	Rep of Uruguay 8s, '46	105¼	104¾	104¾	— ¾
106¼	90	22	Rio Grande do Sul 8s, '46	101	100¼	100¼	..
106¼	100¼	78¼	State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36	102	101	101	— ¾
111¼	106	40	State of Queens 7s, '41	109	108¼	108¼	— ¼
103	97	84	S of Queens 6s, '47, int ctfs	101¾	101	101¾	+ ¾
120¼	111¼	73	Swiss Confed s f 8s, '42	119	118¾	118¾	— ¾
109¾	100	461	U K of G B & I 5½s, '22	100¾	100¼	100¾	+ ¼
110	99¾	144	U K of G B & I 5½s, '23	109	108	108	+ ¾
105¼	98	356	U K of G B & I 5½s, '37	105¼	103¾	103¾	— ¾
106	102¾	294	U S of Brazil 5s, '41	104	103	103	— ¾
96¾	90¼	243	U S of Braz City 6½s, '52, w i	96¾	96	96¾	— ¾
70¼	54	142	U S of Mexico 5s, '45	60¼	58	58	— 2¼
69¾	50	70	U S of Mexico 5s, large	55¼	54¼	54¼	— 1¼
63	39¾	280	U S of Mexico 4s, '54	48¼	45¾	46¼	— 6
95¼	93¼	7	Uy 8s of Copn 8s, '37, ctfs	95¼	95¼	95¼	..

Total sales $8,020,500

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99¼	93¼	14	4s, 1957	99¼	99	99¼	..
99½	99¼	1	4s, 1958	99½	99½	99½	..
99¾	99¼	1	4s, 1959	99¼	99¼	99¼	..
99¾	99	6	3½s, 1954, reg	99¾	99¾	99¾	+ ¾
101¾	95	41	4½s, 1960	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ¾
107¾	103¼	1	4½s, May, 1957	106¾	106¾	106¾	+ ¾
107½	105	1	4½s, 1963	106¾	106¾	106¾	+ ¾

Total sales $65,000

CORPORATION ISSUES

High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
89	75	2	ADAMS EXP 4s, 1948	79	79	79	— ¼
103¾	98¼	13	Ajax Rubber 8s, 1936	100¾	100¼	100¼	— ¼
12½	9	1	Alaska G M 8s, Ser A '25	9	9	9	..
10¾	6	2	Alaska G M 8s, Ser B '26	6	6	6	..
98¾	81½	2	Am Ag Chem cv 5s, 1928	95¼	95¼	95¼	— ¾
105	100	73	Am Ag Chem 7½s, '41	103¾	103¼	103¼	+ ¼
93	81	9	Am Cotton Oil 5s, '61	88¼	88¼	88¼	..
93¾	86¾	94	Am Sm & Ref 1st 5s, '47	92¾	91¾	92¾	+ ¾
101½	97	159	Am Sug Rfg, temp ctfs, '37	101¼	101	101¼	— ¼
116¾	108	50	Am Tel & Tel cv 6s, '25	114¼	114	114	..
87¾	80¼	35	Am Tel & Tel conv 4s, '36	87¼	87¼	87¼	+ 2¼
99¾	91½	94	Am Tel & Tel col 5s, '46	97¼	97¼	97¼	+ ¼
91¾	86¼	109	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, '53	91¼	91¼	91¼	+ ¼
82¾	79	17	A W W & El col tr 5s, '34	82¾	80¼	80¼	— 2¼
88	80	16	Am Writing Paper 7s, '39	87¼	86¼	87¼	+ 1
80	58¼	6	Ann Arbor 4s, '95	68¼	67¼	68¼	+ 1¼
92	86½	20	Armour & Co 4½s, '39	90¼	89¼	90¼	+ 1
92¼	86	314	Atch Top & S F gen 4s, '95	93¼	91¼	92¼	— 2
84	77¼	1	A T & S F adj 4s, 1995	83¾	83¾	83¾	— ¾
84	78¼	45	A T & S F adj 4s, inc, '95	84	83¾	84	+ ¾
102¾	91¼	43	A T & S F cv 4s, 1960	101¾	99¼	101¾	+ 1¼
83¼	78	24	A T & S F cv 4s, '30	82¾	81¼	82¼	+ 1¼
94¼	81¼	2	A T & S F E Okla 4s, '28	94¼	94¼	94¼	+ ¾
92¾	88	2	L T & SF C & Ar 4½s, '62	92	92	92	..
100	92¼	13	Atl & Char A L 1st 5s, '44	98	98¼	98¼	— ¾
93	85	103	Atl Coast L 1st 4s, 1952	93	89¾	93	+ 3
107½	104¼	12	Atl Coast L 7s, 1930	107¾	107½	107¾	..
88¾	83¼	2	Atl C L unified 4½s, 1964	88	88	88	+ 1
84	75¼	87	Atl G L L & N 4s, 1952	84	82	82	+ 1¼
50¾	23¼	74	Atlantic Fruit 7s, 1934	40	36¾	40	+ 3¾
105	103¼	44	Atlantic Refin 6½s, 1931	103¾	103¾	103¾	..
106¾	100	35	Atl Ref deb 5s, '37, w i	100¾	100	100¾	+ ¼
110	102¾	49	Atlas Powder cv 7½s, '36	105¾	105	105	— ¾
94½	88¾	107	B & O PR LIEN 3½s, '25	94	93¾	94	+ ¼
83	76¼	138	Balt & Ohio gold 4s, '48	82¾	81¼	82¾	+ 1¼
84	74	238	Balt & Ohio cv 4½s, 1933	82¾	82	82¾	+ ¾
88	77	33	Balt & O ref 5s, 1995	87	86½	86½	+ ¼
100¾	94¼	167	Balt & Ohio 6s, 1923	100¾	100¼	100¾	+ ¾
95¾	87	2	B & O P J & M 5½s, '25	91¾	91¾	91¾	+ ¾
82	72¾	48	B & O S W Ext 4s, '41	79¾	78	78¾	+ 1
92	88	104	B&O SW Div 3½s, 1925	92	91	91¾	+ ¾
70	62¼	17	B & O, Tol & C 4s, 1959	68¼	68	68	— 1¼
108	102¾	39	Barnsd p f 8s, Ser A '31	104	103¾	104	+ 1
104	102¼	18	Barnsd s f 8s, Ser B '31	104	103	104	+ ¾
109	107	32	Bell Tel (Pa) 7s, 1945	108	107¾	107¾	— 1
94¼	86	60	Beth St p m 5s, 1936	91	89¾	91	+ ¾
100¾	95	72	Beth St s f 6s, 1948	98¾	98¼	98¾	..
97¾	90	21	Beth St ref 5s, 1942	95¼	94	95¼	+ 1¼
77¾	65	9	Braden Copper 6s, 1931	90¾	90¼	90¼	+ ¾
95¼	87¾	8	Bklyn Edison gen 5s, 1949	95	94¾	95	+ ¼
109	100	13	Bklyn Edison gen 6s, 1930	109	108¼	109	— ¾
108	100	4	Bklyn Ed, gen 7s, S C, '30	107¼	106¾	106¾	..
108¾	104¾	3	Bklyn Ed gen 7s, D, 1930	107¾	106¾	107¾	— ¾
64	55¼	26	Bklyn R T cv 4s, '2002	58	57¾	57¾	+ ¾
58¼	56¼	1	Do ctfs of dep	58¼	58¼	58¼	..
88	86	1	Bklyn R T 7s, 1921	84¾	83	84¾	..
87	81¼	13	B R T 7s, '21, ctfs of dep	85	83	85	+ 1¼
83	84	101	B R T 7s, ctf s stpd	80¾	78¾	80¾	..
85¼	73	3	B U Elev 5s, 1950	83	83	83	..
86	75¼	3	B U Elev 5s, 1950, stpd	83	83	83	— ¾
85¾	77¾	75	Bush T B P con 4½s, '57	83¾	81¾	83¼	+ 1¼
90	90	5	Bush Cedar RAN col 5s, '54	90¾	90¾	90¾	— ¾
82¼	83¾	2	Bush Terminal 5s, 1955	90¼	90¼	90¼	— ¾
92¾	89¾	3	Bush Term Bldgs 5s, 1960	91¼	90¼	91	+ ¾
96¾	92	2	CAL GAS & ELEC 5s, '87	96¼	95¼	95¼	+ ¼
98¾	93	25	Calif South con 5s, 1943	99	98¾	99	..
103	101	20	Can Gen El deb 6s, '42	101¾	101¾	101¾	— ¼
118	108¼	28	Can North 7s, 1940	113	112	113	+ ¾
118	107¾	41	Can North 6½s, 1946	111¼	110	111¼	+ ¾
83	77	297	Canadian Pacific deb 4s	78¾	77¾	78¾	+ ¾
94	83	3	Caro Clinch & O 5s, '38	89¾	89¾	89¾	..
88	76	1	Central Foundry 6s, 1931	85	85	85	— 1¼
101¼	96¾	93	Cent of Ga 5s, 1959	100¼	99¾	99¾	— ¼
89	86¾	1	Cent of Ga con 5s, 1945	86¾	86¾	86¾	— 1
98¼	93¾	73	Central Leather 5s, 1925	98	97¼	97¾	+ ¾
65	51¼	3	Cent New Eng 4s, 1961	65¼	63¾	63¾	+ ¾
106¾	103¾	4	Cent of N J gen 5s, 1987	106	105¾	106	— ¼
111	101¼	100	Central Pac 4s, 1949	91¾	89¾	91	+ 1¼
87¾	78¼	5	Cent Pac T S L 4s, '54	84	83	83	+ 1
84¼	83¼	26	Cent R R A B of Ga 5s, '37	93	93	93	— ¼
124¾	110	52	Cerro de Pasco 8s, 1931	119	118	118¼	+ ¾
102	99¼	14	Ches & Ohio con 5s, 1939	102	101¾	101¾	— ¾
88¾	82¾	73	Ches & O gen 4½s, 1992	88	87¼	87¾	— ¾
94¾	84¼	162	Ches & Ohio cv 5s, 1946	94¼	92	94¾	+ 1¾
90	82¼	225	Ches & Ohio cv 4½s, 1930	86¼	81¼	86¼	+ 1¾
61¾	57¾	13	Chicago & Erie 5s, 1942	60	60	60	+ 1
86¾	84¼	1	Chi, N W 1st 3½s, 1949	85¼	85¼	85¼	..
87¾	77¼	25	Chi & Alton 3½s, 1950	49	47¾	48¼	+ ¾
93	88¼	77	C, B & Q gen 4s, 1958	93	90¾	92	+ 1
101	99¾	103	C, B & Q Ill Dist 4s, '49	101	100	100¼	— ¼
89	77¾	7	C, B & Q, Ill div 3½s, '49	82¾	82¾	82¾	— ¾
99	87¾	5	C, B & Q, Ill Div 4s, '49	93	93	93	+ 1
84	66	150	C&E Ill gen 5s, temp ctfs, '51	81¼	79¾	80¾	+ 1¾
94¼	89	4	Chi & Erie 5s, '82	94¾	94	94¼	+ 2¼
64	59	40	Chi Great West 4s, 1959	60¾	60	60¾	+ ¾
84¼	79	20	Chi, Ind & L gen 5s, 1966	81¾	80¾	81¼	+ ¾
88¾	79	20	C, M & St P gen 4½s, '89	84¾	84¼	84¾	— ¾
63	54¾	57	C, M & St P ref 4½s, 2014	63¾	62	63¼	+ 1¼
78¼	74¾	10	C, M & St P gen 4s, 1989	75¾	75	75¼	+ ¾
76¾	67	88	C, M & St P cv 5s, 2014	74¼	73¾	74¼	+ ¾
81¾	68¾	320	C, M & St P 4s, 1925	81	79	80¾	+ ¾
73	60	95	C, M & St P cv 4½s, 1932	66¾	65	66¼	+ 1¼
67	54	41	C, M & St P 4s, 1934	62¾	60¼	62	+ ¾
77¾	65¾	20	C, M & St P con 4s, 1930	75	73	74	— 1
98	92¼	1	C & N W ext 4s, 1926	98	98	98	+ 2¼
88	83¼	63	Chi & N W gen 4s, 1987	88	86¾	88	+ 1¼
86¾	81¼	4	Chi & N W gen 4s, stpd	86¾	86¾	86¾	+ 2¾
81	73	1	Chi & N W gen 3½s, 1987	73¾	73¾	73¾	+ ¾
106	98¾	12	Chi & N W ext 5s, 1926	105	104	105	+ ¾
110¾	106	5	Chi & N W 5½s, 1928	110¾	110¾	110¾	+ ¾
108¾	105	37	Chi & N W 7s, 1930	107¼	106	106	— 1¼
82	68¾	2	C & N W, St P, E, D 7½s	80¾	80¾	80¾	— 2¾
98	87	20	Chicago Railways 5s, '27	91¼	90¼	91	+ ¾
84	80¾	53	C, R I & P gen 4s, 1988	83¾	82¾	83¾	+ ¾
84	75¼	295	C, R I & P ref 4s, 1934	82	81	81¼	+ ¾
96¼	91¼	1	C, St P, M & O deb 5s, '30	94	94	94	..
107¼

Specialists in

INDUSTRIAL BONDS

Asbestos Corp. of Can. 1st 5s, '42
B. B. & R. Knight 1st 7s, 1930
Bell Telephone of Can. 5s, 1925
Canadian Car & Fdry. 1st 6s, '39
Empire Refining Co. 1st 6s, 1927
Rosita Coal & Coke 6s, 1924
Sloss-Sheff. Sd. & Iron 6s, 1929
Webster Coal & Coke 1st 5s, '42
West Indida Sug. Finance 7s, '29
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TARIFF BILL LAUDED BY CHAIRMAN ADAMS

Fulfills Republican Pledge of 1920, He Says, and So Must Be Enacted.

SAYS DEMOCRATS DELAY IT

And So Check Prosperity's Progress —Democrats Cite G. O. P. Critics of the Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—John T. Adams, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, issued a statement today denying an allegation in newspapers that the committee had engaged in a publicity effort "directed against some particular method of tariff making proposed by the Republicans."

The statement defends the Republican tariff policy and contends that Congress, in its effort to enact the pending measure, is living up to the pledge of protection contained in the national platform of 1920. Incidentally, he charges that "the complete resumption of prosperity is halted while a tariff measure fulfilling Republican pledges is delayed by Democratic filibuster in the Senate."

Mr. Adams's statement was issued coincidentally with a news letter from the Publicity Bureau of the Democratic National Committee, which is mainly made up of quotations from Republican sources criticising the Tariff bill and Congress.

Representative William R. Wood, the new Chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, is credited in this with having originated the phrase that the present Congress is "a do-nothing Congress." He is further quoted as saying that "everybody is giving this Congress hell." Senator McCumber, who has charge of the Tariff bill, is quoted as having asserted that "of all times in our history this is the very worst time to formulate and put into effect a new tariff measure."

Other Republicans quoted as criticising the Tariff bill or declaring it was not advisable to enact it now are Senators Frelinghuysen, Cummins, Townsend, Norris and Lenroot. There is mention also that Senator Capper has demanded the resignation of Secretary Weeks, that "the Republican press is demanding the resignation of Attorney General Daugherty" and that "there are sporadic demands for the resignation of Secretary Fall."

Must Fulfill Pledge, Says Adams.

Mr. Adams's statement reads as follows:

"Statements have recently appeared in the public press that the Republican national organization has issued publicity directed against some particular method of tariff making proposed by Republicans. This statement is based upon a misconception of the purport of the article published, which referred to organizations under Democratic and non-protective auspices which have sought to confuse the situation and delay or prevent the enactment of a tariff law by the present Congress.

"The first concern of the Republican national organization in the legislation of a Republican Congress is that the pledges of the party be fulfilled.

"The last Republican national platform declared in part: 'The Republican Party reaffirms its belief in the protective principles and pledges itself to a revision of the tariff as soon as conditions shall make it necessary for the preservation of the home market for American labor, agriculture and industry.'

"The last Democratic national platform declared:

"'We affirm the traditional policy of the Democratic Party in favor of a tariff for revenue only and we confirm the policy of basing tariff revisions upon the intelligent research of a non-partisan commission rather than upon the demands of selfish interests, temporarily held in abeyance.'

"The people of this country gave their endorsement to the straight declaration of the Republican Party and not to the declaration of the Democratic Party in favor of a so-called 'non-partisan' tariff, a meaningless phrase which in practice has always proved to be only another name for opposition to the Republican protective policy.

Calls Non-Partisan Tariff Impossible.

"The people of this country did not vote in November, 1920, in favor of a non-partisan tariff. There are two schools of partisanship in this country on the tariff question, one that of the Republican Party in favor of protection and the other that of the Democratic Party in favor of tariff for revenue or inadequate protection.

"Protection means a tariff on all articles that can be profitably and efficiently made or raised in this country, with rates equal to difference in cost of production at home and abroad, taking into account differences in labor costs, currency standards and all other elements of production.

"There is no non-partisan ground between these two positions and a tariff must necessarily be based upon one or the other, or one or the other must in part be applied or in part be sacrificed in the formulation of a tariff measure.

"Protection has always been a fundamental Republican doctrine. More than a year ago the House of Representatives passed a protective tariff measure. For a full year the people of this country have patiently waited for the replacement of the existing Democratic tariff law by a measure formed in accordance with the Republican principles and pledges. The complete resumption of prosperity is halted while a tariff measure, fulfilling Republican pledges, is delayed by Democratic filibuster in the Senate, which violates the principle of majority rule in this Government of public opinion.

"The Republican organization would be recreant to its duty if it not insist, on behalf of the millions of Republicans who placed the representatives of our party in control of national affairs, upon the prompt and consistent fulfillment of the just expectations of the American people relative to the enactment of a Republican protective tariff law."

GERMAN COSTS INCREASE.

Prices of Production Near Level of World Markets, Says Bank.

A report recently issued by a Berlin bank speaks somewhat gloomily as regards the future of Germany's foreign trade. It states that "German industry to a critical extent is approaching at present costs of production to world market prices, and this will wipe out the superior position hitherto held by Germany in the matter of exports." It is pointed out that in the case of many articles prices have already reached the level of those ruling in the world markets, while in other instances world prices have actually been exceeded and that, as a consequence, "foreign goods replace German goods, not only in the international market, but even in the German market. This is particularly the case with coal and with certain iron and chemical goods."

NEGOTIATE ON STEEL.

French and Italians Would Avoid Tariff Strife.

Negotiations are now going on between the Italian and French iron and steel trades with a view of entering into an agreement for safeguarding the existence of Italian ironworks and avoiding a tariff strife between the nations. French representatives insist that they be granted the possibility of exporting to Italy some raw products and semi-finished material of such specifications, however, as Italy does not produce herself.

CROP CONDITIONS IMPROVE.

New York State is Harvesting Wheat—Corn Makes Progress.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—General improvement in crop conditions along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts and in the Northwest east of the Rocky Mountains was noted by the Agriculture Department in its summary for the last half of June, made public today.

Throughout the corn belt observers found small grains were more or less injured by the unusually hot and dry weather, as were also some crops in parts of the mountain and Pacific Coast regions. Irrigated crops were not so much affected. In the Southern States much badly-needed field work was accomplished.

The corn crop generally made progress except in the Southwest, where it was neglected for cotton. Wheat is being harvested in New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, Northern Iowa, Eastern Colorado and California, while thrashing is going on in the Southwest and some of the Southeastern States. Oats are reported generally poor to fair, and cotton had fairly good growth. Weevils are numerous and have caused considerable damage, as yet unestimated. The Irish potato crop is reported to be "fair to good," and a large acreage of beans and cabbages has been planted. Other vegetables are said to be in good condition.

Tobacco harvesting has advanced in the "cigar wrapper" section of the Southeast and transplanting has progressed under fair but variable conditions elsewhere. The crop is reported well advanced in Virginia and Maryland, and a full acreage is predicted in Ohio, Indiana and Michigan. Louisiana's perique crop is reported to be in very good condition.

CUBANS TO SEEK LOAN.

Cabinet Decides it is the Only Way to Meet Urgent Needs.

HAVANA, July 9.—The flotation of a foreign loan was decided yesterday by President Alfredo Zayas and the Cabinet to be the only practicable solution of the Republic's pressing obligations. The Secretary of the Treasury was directed to submit at once plans for such a loan and for developing increased revenue to meet interest and amortization charges.

The Secretary, Manuel Despaigne will report at a special meeting next Wednesday the extent of the country's floating debt, and the President will then confer with Congressional leaders on immediate financial legislation.

Newspaper estimates have put the amount of Cuba's unpaid current obligations as high as $100,000,000. This figure, however, includes $30,000,000 which it is reported business interests in the United States will claim through diplomatic channels for losses said to have been sustained as a result of wharf congestion and bonded warehouse losses in 1920 and 1921.

TO SPEED UP WATER TO CITY

Extra Siphons Being Built Under Brooks for Catskill Aqueduct.

COLD SPRING, N. Y., July 9.—More than 200 mechanics and laborers have just been put to work in Cold Spring and vicinity building three extra siphons under three brooks for the Catskill aqueduct of New York City to "speed up" the flow of water through the tunnel to the metropolis.

Heretofore there has been but one siphon under these three streams. In event of an accident to the siphon the water supply would have to be shut off. When the siphons now under construction are completed there will no longer by any such danger. Also, the water will pass through the tunnel more rapidly.

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*State of Colorado
Direct Obligation 5% Coupon Bonds
Due June 1, 1952, Optional 1932
Price to yield 4.20%

*City of Elmira, N.Y.
4¼% Sewer Cons. & Paving Coupon Bonds
Due July 1, 1924-1945
Prices to yield 4.00%-4.10%

*County of Burlington, N.J.
5% Coupon or Reg. Highway Bonds
Due June 30, 1925-32
Price to yield 4.25%

*Town of Malone, N.Y.
Village School District
4½% School Bonds
Due July 1, 1924-1952
Prices to yield 4.20%-4.25%

City of New Orleans, La.
Public Improvement 4% Coupon Bonds
Due Jan. 1, 1942—July 1, 1950
Optional 1928 and 1942
Price to yield 4.30%

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Investment Suggestions

Municipal Bonds

Exempt from Federal Income Tax

	Rate	Maturity	Yield
*Erie County, N. Y.	4½%	1928	4.00%
*City of New York	4	1956	4.01
*City of New York	4¼	1966	4.07
*City of Baltimore, Md.	4	1957–61	4.10
*State of California	4	1985/50	4.10
*State of California	4	1965	4.10
*State of California	4	1984/39	4.10
*State of Oregon	4	1934–35	4.20
*State of Alabama	4	1956	4.25
*State of Oregon	4½	1940	4.25
*State of West Virginia	5	1931	4.30
City of Omaha, Neb.	5	1935–45	4.30
*State of New Mexico	5	1952/32	4.30
*State of North Carolina	4½	1961	4.35
City of Richmond, Va.	4¼	1956	4.35
City of Los Angeles, Cal.	5	1958–60	4.35
*City of El Paso, Texas	5	1959/39	4.50
First Joint Stock Land Bank of Chicago	5	1952/32	4.60
City of Montgomery, Ala.	4½	1937	4.62
Montana Joint Stock Land Bank	5½	1951/31	4.70
San Antonio Joint Stock Land Bank	5	1951/31	4.75

Corporation Bonds

	Rate	Maturity	Yield
*Southern Pacific R.R., First Ref.	4%	1955	4.55%
*Illinois Central R.R., Ref.	4	1955	4.63
Atlantic Refining Co., Non-Callable	5	1937	5.00
Oregon-Washington R.R. & Navigation, First & Ref.	4	1961	5.05
Cincinnati Gas & Electric, Prior Lien & Ref.	5½	1961	5.60
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry., Equip. Trust	6	1933	5.75
Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois, First & Ref.	5½	1962	6.00
St. Louis-San Francisco Ry., Prior Lien	5½	1942	6.00
United Steamship Co., Ltd., of Copenhagen, Sink. Fund	6	1937	6.30
West Penn Power, First "D"	7	1946	6.50
Virginian Power, First & Coll. Trust	5	1942	6.70
West Penn Co., Debenture	6	1925	6.75
Jno. Dunlop's Sons, Inc., First	7	1942	7.00
Manila Electric, First Ref.	7	1942	7.10
Racine Horseshoe Tire, First	7	1937	7.50
Vermont & Quebec Power, First	8	1942	8.00

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FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation, 1922 ..... $96,000,000
Net Bonded Debt 7,213,686
Population (1920 Census) 77,818
Population (Present Estimated) 90,000

MATURITIES

$14,000 1927 $14,000 1933
14,000 1930 14,000 1936
$14,000 1939

Prices to Yield 4.75%

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4½% BONDS

MATURITIES

$6,000 JULY 1, 1927 $6,000 JULY 1, 1931
6,000 " 1, 1928 6,000 " 1, 1932
6,000 " 1, 1929 6,000 " 1, 1933
6,000 " 1, 1930 6,000 " 1, 1934
6,000 " 1, 1931 6,000 " 1, 1935
6,000 " 1, 1932 6,000 " 1, 1936
6,000 " 1, 1933 6,000 " 1, 1937
6,000 " 1, 1934 6,000 " 1, 1938
$6,000 JULY 1, 1939

PRICE TO YIELD 4.20%

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TRADE IN THE WEST DISCOUNTS SUMMER

Even Rail and Mine Labor Handicaps Little Reflected in Business Conditions.

LOADINGS 10% OVER 1921

Good Crops, Ahead, Likely to Help the General Betterment Already Visible.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 9.—While a slight letup in general business activity is noted, due, to some extent, to the strike and the financial developments, the vacation season is on, and, under normal conditions, there is a distinct pause in many lines of trade at this period of the year—so that the let-up occasions no surprise. Taken as a whole the general business situation remains very optimistic.

Railroad loadings for the three months ended June 30 aggregated about 10 per cent. in excess of those of the same period last year, despite the much smaller coal loadings. A lightening in the car situation is noted in many sections, especially in box cars, and, with the shop men out, a further scarcity is expected shortly.

General Business Situation.

So far, the strike has caused but little trouble as far as loadings are concerned, although, as a precautionary measure, roads operating out of Chicago have omitted some of the slow suburban passenger runs and cut down the number of cars on other trains.

Lumber business continues good, with building operations active, and leather and hides are passing into trade channels in fairly good volume with no weakening in prices. The feature in the dry goods trade is the good demand for rugs, carpets and house furnishings, which offsets a let-up in other lines, and the general business is still somewhat in excess of last year.

Steel mills are sold ahead on finished products for the end of the third quarter and the pig iron has advanced fifty cents per ton and some finished material $1 per ton for the week. Car orders continue to be placed with considerable freedom. Mills are not hampered to any extent by the coal situation as yet, and are still behind in their deliveries.

The world's financial and political conditions have come strongly to the fore as the dominating influence in the grain markets, and very erratic price changes are expected to be witnessed. In some quarters it is believed that the effect of the German crisis has been nearly discounted and that any change for the better would result in a general short-covering movement and some reinstating of sold out lines, which would bring about a sharp recovery in all grains. But in corn there is still considerable long grain held by commission houses that might come out and make a bad break at any time.

No Comfort for Bulls in Crop Signs.

The general crop outlook is against bullish efforts at the present time. No damage of consequence is reported by either weather conditions of black rust in the Spring wheat territory and the trade is now looking for a fairly large crop in the far Northwestern States. Should these yield it there would be a general betterment in business in that section, which has been one of the sore spots of the country for some time past, due to small crops for several years.

While the rains last week were more or less spotted, the general run of crop reports shows improvement. At least a small crop of oats is expected.

For the week wheat showed a net loss of 1⅝@7⅝ cents, corn, 1⅛@2⅝ cents, and oats, 2@2⅛ cents. The greater part of the decline in coarse grains came Saturday, when liquidation set in as the result of the German developments.

A Government report on grains, now due, is expected to show around 576,000,000 bushels Winter and 250,000,000 Spring wheat, a total of 820,000,000 bushels, compared with 795,000,000 harvested last year. A corn crop of 2,915,000,000 bushels is looked for, against 2,601,000,000 bushels at this season last year and 3,060,000,000 bushels harvested last year, while the oats yield may be around 1,210,000,000 bushels, against 1,305,000,000 bushels a month ago and 1,061,000,000 bushels harvested last year.

Owing to the advance in the per yield of corn used in figuring the later reports, it is possible to secure a much larger yield than suggested in this month's returns, providing weather conditions are favorable.

Farm reserves of wheat are estimated at 27,000,000, against 56,000,000 bushels last year, while the supply in second hands is 43,000,000 bushels, or 11,000,000 bushels in excess of 1921.

SKELLY OIL BRANCHING OUT.

Company to Build Two More Plants to Increase Gasoline Output.

W. G. Skelly, President of the Skelly Oil Company, announced yesterday that the corporation would start construction work soon on two additional casing-head gasoline plants, which will operate on the absorption principle. One will be built in the South Bristol Field, Clark County, and the other in Hewitt Field, Carter County. The additional facilities will increase the daily plant capacity for raw casing-head gasoline output to 40,000 gallons daily. The company now has four plants in operation.

On July 1 the corporation and its subsidiaries had 1,036 undeveloped leases covering 118,462 acres in Arkansas, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma and Texas. The corporation has 609 wells on its developed leases.

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COMMODITY PRICES.

Majority of Staples Show Declines—Unfavorable Foreign News Affects Grains.

Cash staples in the majority of instances showed a declining tendency in last week's local markets, ten of the subjoined list of eighteen articles showing declines, five remained unchanged, while three advanced. Declines were prominent in the grains, which suffered through the unfavorable foreign news at the week's close, lard likewise ruling heavy on the same account. Of the gains reported the most notable was that in refined sugar, several local refiners marking up the price to 6.5 cents the pound, a new high for the year, while one other refiner put his price at 6.6 cents. The articles that ruled unchanged included family beef, iron, steel, lead and printcloths.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Saturday, a week before and a year ago:

	July 8, 1922.	July 1, 1922.	July 8, 1921.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.28½	$1.31⅝	$1.38½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.80	.80½	.78½
Oats, No. 2 white	.47	.47½	.47½
Flour, Minn., patent	8.25	7.75	9.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.10½	.10⅝	.06½
Sugar granulated	.065	.062	.05½
Butter, cream, 92 score	.37	.38	.38½
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.26½	.25½	.35
Lard, Mid. W.	11.45	12.00	11.60
Pork, mess	30.00	29.50	24.50
Beef, family	17.00	17.00	17.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Phila	28.25	28.25	26.50
Steel billets, Pitts	35.00	35.00	33.00
Lead	5.75	5.75	4.50
Copper	13.75	13.62½	12.50
Tin	31.37½	30.62½	28.50
TEXTILES—			
Cotton mid. upland	22.75	23.05	12.20
Printcloths	.06½	.06½	.04½

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest		Lowest	
Wheat	$1.61½	Apr. 22	$1.19	Jan. 3
Corn	.81⅝	May 16	.61⅝	Jan. 3
Oats	.50½	May 16	.45	June 15
Flour	9.50	Feb. 27	7.25	Jan. 3
Coffee	.11¼	Apr. 21	.08½	Jan. 24
Sugar	.065	July 7	.049	Jan. 3
Butter	.40	Jan. 3	.34½	Jan. 19
Eggs	.54	Jan. 25	.23½	Mar. 7
Lard	12.85	Feb. 28	9.40	Jan. 3
Pork	30.00	July 5	22.50	Jan. 24
Beef	17.00	Mar. 27	14.00	Feb. 9
Iron	28.50	June 29	21.25	Mar. 17
Steel	35.00	May 18	28.00	Jan. 10
Lead	5.85	June 27	4.87½	Feb. 3
Tin	33.25	Jan. 12	23.50	Mar. 14
Copper	13.87½	June 5	12.50	Feb. 21
Cotton	23.75	July 3	16.45	Jan. 30
Printcloths	.06¾	June 8	.05⅝	Feb. 3

Highest and lowest prices for the year 1921 are as follows:

	Highest		Lowest	
Wheat (new)	$1.40½	July 14	$1.08½	Nov. 21
Wheat (old)	2.12	Jan. 12	1.42	July 5
Corn	.86⅝	Jan. 3	.61⅛	Oct. 14
Oats	.50⅝	Jan. 3	.44	Oct. 17
Flour	10.30	Jan. 19	7.10	Dec. 12
Coffee	.09½	Dec. 6	.05⅝	Mar. 12
Sugar	.08¼	Mar. 18	.049	Dec. 29
Lard	13.85	Jan. 7	9.40	Dec. 5
Butter	.57	Jan. 3	.29	May 31
Eggs	.79	Jan. 7	.23½	May 23
Pork	32.50	Feb. 2	24.00	July 19
Beef	29.00	Jan. 28	14.00	July 9
Iron	33.25	Jan. 25	19.75	Aug. 11
Steel	43.50	Jan. 3	29.00	Sept. 6
Lead	5.35	Jan. 10	4.00	Feb. 28
Tin	39.50	Jan. 10	26.26	Aug. 2
Copper	13.75	Dec. 6	11.75	Mar. 11
Cotton	21.55	Sep. 27	10.65	June 20
Printcloths	.06¾	Oct. 3	.04½	June 24

RUMANIA ACTS ON WHEAT.

Government in Decree Makes It a Temporary Monopoly.

BUCHAREST, July 9.—The Rumanian Government by decree has made wheat a temporary monopoly. The Government holds the only right for export of the grain, and previous contracts are cancelled. The Government offers a bonus which is equivalent to fifty cents per acre for new wheat sowings.

An export tax equivalent to from $1 to $3 is to be applied to beans, peas, lentils and other products.

WEEK'S MONEY MARKET.

Call Money.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.
Last week	5	July 6	4	July 5
Same week 1921	6	July 5	5	July 5
Year to date	6	Jan. 16	2¾	June 12
Last year to date	9	Feb. 2	5	June 20

Time Money.

Last week	4¼	July 3	4	July 3
Same week 1921	6	July 5	6	July 5
Year to date	5	June 24	3½	June 22
Last year to date	8	Jan. 3	6½	June 9

Commercial Paper.

Last week	4½	July 3	4	July 3
Same week 1921	6½	July 5	6½	July 5
Year to date	5	June 16	4	June 22
Last year to date	8	Jan. 3	6½	June 9

RESERVE BANK'S DISCOUNT RATES.

Discounted bills maturing within 90 days (including member banks' 15-day collateral notes) secured by:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness.	Liberty Bonds.	Otherwise Secured and Unsecured.
Boston	4	4	4
New York	4	4	4
Philadelphia	4½	4½	4½
Cleveland	4½	4½	4½
Richmond	4½	4½	4½
Atlanta	4½	4½	4½
Chicago	4½	4½	4½
St. Louis	4½	4½	4½
Minneapolis	5	5	5
Kansas City	5	5	5
Dallas	5	5	5
San Francisco	4	4	4

	Bankers' Acceptances	Acceptances Maturing Within 90 Days.	Paper Maturing Within 180 Days.	Agricultural and Live Stock Paper.
Boston	4	4	4	4
New York	4	4	4	4
Philadelphia	4½	4½	4½	4½
Cleveland	4½	4½	4½	4½
Richmond	4½	4½	4½	4½
Atlanta	4½	4½	4½	4½
Chicago	4½	4½	4½	4½
St. Louis	4½	4½	4½	4½
Minneapolis	5	5	5	5
Kansas City	5	5	5	5
Dallas	5	5	5	5
San Francisco	4	4	4	4

Rate on paper secured by War Finance Corporation bonds 1 per cent. higher than the rate on commercial paper.

LONDON MONEY AND SECURITIES.

	Discount Rate.	Gold.	Silver.	Cons. 4¼s.	Brit. 5s.	Brit. 4½s.
July 3	2½	93s 5d	36¼d	57⅝	95¾	
July 4	2½@2¾	93s 7d	36⅝d	57⅝	95¾	
July 5	2½	92s 7d	36⅝d	57⅝	95	
July 6	2½	92s 5d	35⅞d	57⅝	95	
July 7	2½	93s	36d	57⅝	94⅞	
July 8	2½	93s	35¾d	57⅝	94⅞	

PARIS MONEY AND SECURITIES.

	French Rentes (in francs).	Fr. on London.	Ex. on N. Y.
July 3	57f 85c	53f 85c	11f 98c
July 4	57f 50c	53f 90c	12f 05c
July 5	57f 70c	54f 15c	12f 19½c
July 6	57f 90c	54f 85c	12f 26c
July 7	57f 90c	55f 85c	12f 69½c
July 8	57f 90c	55c 85c	12f 69½c

WEEK'S COTTON MARKET.

	July. High.	July. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.
July 3	22.35	21.56	23.26	21.45
July 4	Holiday.			
July 5	23.00	22.08	23.05	22.60
July 6	22.70	22.34	22.75	22.33
July 7	22.74	22.37	22.79	22.41
July 8	22.69	22.35	22.82	22.28
Week's range	23.25	21.55	23.26	21.45

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.
July 3	22.04	21.75	22.75	21.03
July 4	Holiday.			
July 5	22.55	22.40	22.50	22.10
July 6	22.50	22.10	22.18	21.81
July 7	22.55	22.16	22.20	21.87
July 8	22.57	22.10	22.28	21.70
Week's range	23.04	21.75	22.75	21.03

	Mch. High.	Mch. Low.	May High.	May Low.
July 3	22.70	20.98	22.42	20.78
July 4	Holiday.			
July 5	22.40	21.97	22.10	21.83
July 6	22.05	21.70	21.75	21.45
July 7	22.07	21.73	21.93	21.71
July 8	22.19	21.58	21.90	21.40
Week's range	22.70	20.98	22.42	20.78

SPOT COTTON.

	New Liverpool.	New Orleans.	New York.
July 3	13.01d	22.50c	23.75c
July 4	13.01d	H'day	H'day
July 5	13.75d	22.50c	23.20c
July 6	13.82d	22.50c	22.70c
July 7	13.60d	22.50c	22.90c
July 8	H'day	22.50c	22.75c
Week's range—			
High	13.75d	22.50c	23.75c
Low	13.01d	22.50c	22.70c
Year to date—			
High	13.75d	July 6	23.75 June 19	28.75 July 3
Low	9.16d	Feb. 8	15.90 Jan. 30	16.45 Jan. 30

SEES FAMINE ROUTED.

Soviet Organ Says Rye Crops Indicate "Startling" Yield.

MOSCOW, July 9 (Associated Press).—Combining comment on the Russian harvest outlook with editorial opinion on The Hague conference, the Pravda declares that "a sound harvest provides the basis for the Russian delegation at The Hague speaking clearly, decisively and with a firm tongue."

"We cannot say our economic condition is light, our way is strewn with roses," adds the paper, "but we can say we can continue to wait. The worst now is behind us. Our economic State is not falling, but, though slowly, is improving.

"The famine is ending, and reports from the Southern Provinces show that the rye harvest already has begun to indicate startling yields in the areas sown. Though too early to say there will be a big harvest, one thing is certain—that this year will be a grain year and that the famine is ending and will not be repeated.

"Throughout the famine areas nature appears to be trying to make up for what it did to Russia last year. First reports from the Saratov district show yields of ninety poods of rye per dessatine, in some localities 150 poods. In Rostov the yield is also ninety poods. In normal years sixty-five poods per dessatine was considered a medium average."

(A pood is about thirty-six pounds. A dessatine measures about 2.70 acres.)

Big Sum for American War Stock.

PARIS, July 9 (Associated Press).—American army war stock left in France by the American Expeditionary Forces, the sale of which by the Government to private individuals and companies has just been completed, brought 3,222,000,000 francs.

Dies Having Shoes Polished.

Napoleon Liggins, 14 years old, of 1,837 Third Avenue, died suddenly last night while having his shoes polished in a bootblack stand in front of 200 East Ninety-eighth Street. Dr. Stellar of Flower Hospital said death was due to heart disease.

SUGAR BONDS OFFERED.

New Issue of Baragua Company Marketed at Par.

A new issue of $4,500,000 Baragua Sugar Company (Compania Azucarera Baragua), a subsidiary of Punta Alegre Sugar Company, first mortgage 15-year 7½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds is offered at par by a syndicate composed of Hayden, Stone & Co., Brown Bros. & Co. and Harris, Forbes & Co. The bonds are dated July 15, 1922, and mature July 15, 1937.

An annual sinking fund of $225,000 is provided commencing July 15, 1923, total payments aggregating 70 per cent. of the par value of this issue. The bonds will be drawn by lot and called for the sinking fund at the current redemption price, if not purchaseable at or below this price.

The Baragua Sugar Company is being incorporated under the laws of Cuba and will succeed to the ownership of the fixed assets of the present Baragua Sugar Company, a Delaware corporation. The entire capital stock of the new company will be acquired by the Punta Alegre Sugar Company.

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

WEEK ENDED JULY 8, 1922

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds	Foreign Bonds
Monday	33,290	106,965	112,600	$399,000	142,000
Tuesday	Holiday				
Wednesday	54,620	387,545	115,710	1,684,000	193,000
Thursday	39,310	39,965	285,500	1,232,000	90,000
Friday	50,110	413,565	262,200	1,608,000	129,000
Saturday	43,825	165,065	112,100	382,000	73,000
Total	229,955	1,203,103	888,110	$5,280,000	627,000

INDUSTRIALS.

Range, 1922 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
1⅝	.90	8,800	Acme Coal	1⅛	.90	.90	—1⅛
1¼	.20	5,000	Acme Packing	.45	.43	.43	—2
15	10¼	200	Allied Pack. new	11	11	11	..
2⅝	1⅝	900	Am Drug Stores, Cl A	2	2	2	..
50⅛	44⅝	2,400	Am Metals Co, Ltd., w i	46⅛	44⅝	45	—1
107	104	700	Am Metals Co 7% pf, w i	107	106⅝	107	..
14⅝	7¼	1,300	Amalgamated Leather	10⅛	9⅛	9⅛	—⅛
34⅛	19⅛	100	Am Hawaiian S S	23	23	23	—2⅛
7⅛	5⅛	100	Am Road Mach	6⅛	6	6	—⅛
4⅛	3⅝	400	Am Thread pf	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	..
3	2	4,000	Atlantic Fruit, w i	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
41⅛	27⅛	500	Beechnut Pack, w i	31⅛	30⅛	30⅛	—1⅛
1⅝	.25	300	Bradley Fireproof Prod	.35	.22	.35	..
17⅛	12⅝	100	Brit-Am Tob, reg	17	17	17	..
18	12⅝	8,600	Brit-Am Tob, coupon	17	17	17	..
9⅛	4⅝	700	Brook City R R	8⅝	8⅛	8⅝	+⅛
2⅛	.45	4,200	Buddy Buds, Inc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
1⅛	.55	800	Car Light & Power	.72	.70	.72	..
10	8	300	Hall Switch & Sig pf	8	8	8	..
31⅛	23	4,100	Hayes Wheel Co, w i	31⅛	30	30⅛	+⅛
1⅛	.50	900	Hayden Chemical	1	1	1	..
3⅝	2⅛	100	Hocking Val Prod	3	3	3	..
15⅛	3⅝	1,000	Hudson & Man R R	12⅝	11⅛	12⅛	+1⅛
21⅛	5⅝	300	Hudson pf	15⅛	14	16⅛	+⅛
14	10⅛	400	Imp Tob Gt Brit & Ir	14	14	14	..
45⅛	40	300	Int Cigar M	41	40	40	..
11⅛	6	400	Intercont Rubber	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+⅛
13⅝	10⅛	9,500	Inter Carbon, w i	13⅛	12⅝	13⅝	+1⅛
82	66	10	Lehigh Val Coal Sales	78	78	78	+⅛
7⅛	2⅛	500	Libby, McNeil & Libby	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
3⅝	1	400	LimaLocoW, new, w i	2½	2	2	—1
8⅝	.75	1,100	Lincoln Motors	3⅝	2⅝	2⅞	—⅛
6½	1⅞	600	Mercer Motors	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	..
5	2	1,000	Mercer Mot v tr ctfs	3⅛	2⅝	3½	+1⅛
12⅛	10	3,900	Moon Motor Car	11⅛	11	11	—⅛
2⅝	2	500	Nat Motors	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝	..
11⅛	8	300	National Leather	8⅛	8	8	..
3⅝	1⅝	100	Nor Am Pulp & Paper	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
16⅛	5⅛	1,000	Packard Motor	15	13⅛	15	+⅝
90⅛	63⅛	22	Packard Motor pf	87	85⅛	87	..
		100	Perfect Tire & R, new	3	3	3	..
107⅛	98⅛	400	Pub Serv of N J 8s pf	104	103⅛	103⅛	—⅛
51	23⅛	100	Peerless T & M	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	..
22⅛	5⅛	400	Philip Morris	20⅛	19⅛	20⅛	—⅛
14⅝	9⅛	600	Pyrene Mfg	10	9⅛	9⅛	—⅛
6⅛	2⅛	22,300	Radio Co	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+⅛
3⅝	2	2,400	Radio Co pf	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	..
29	18⅝	6,800	Reo Motors	20	17⅛	19⅛	—1⅛
40	33	100	Schulte Stores	34⅛	34⅛	34½	—½
2	.45	36,200	Southern Coal & Iron	.57	.45	.45	—.13
23⅛	18⅛	900	Swift International	20	19⅛	20	—⅛
8	3⅛	500	Standard Motors	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+⅛
14⅛	9⅛	700	Tenn El Power w i	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+⅛
3⅝	1	500	Tenn Ry & Light	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
40⅛	26	700	Tenn El Pr 24 pf w i	39⅛	39	39	—1⅛
80⅛	67	26	Todd Shipyard	70	70	70	—1⅛
10⅛	3	2,400	Tobacco Products Exp	7⅛	6⅛	7⅛	+⅛
65	54⅛	4,400	Tobacco Prod w i	58⅛	55⅛	56⅛	+⅛
		1,000	Triangle Film Co	.29	.29	.29	..
84	77⅛	5,000	Tobacco Prod, A, w i	78⅛	77⅛	78⅛	+⅛
29⅛	25	100	Torbensen Axle Co w i	27	27	27	+⅛
2⅛	.98	400	U S Lt & Heat pf	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
2⅛	.75	9,700	U S Lt & Heat	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
9⅛	5⅛	900	Un Petrol Shar, new, w i	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	..
8⅛	4⅛	2,700	United Retail Candy	7	6⅛	6⅛	—⅛
.14	.04	1,000	U S Ship Corp	.06	.04	.05	..
.15	.04	1,000	U S Steamship Co	.07	.07	.07	—.01
61	40	100	Van Raalte	45	45	45	..
.68	.55	2,700	West End Chemical	.60	.55	.56	—.02
2⅛	.86	6,500	Wayne Coal	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
28⅛	12⅛	500	Wills 1st pf, c of dep	28⅛	28	28⅛	+5⅛
34	25	100	William Davies, A	33	33	33	+⅛
30⅛	7	2,200	Do 1st pf	30⅛	22	30⅛	+9

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
25	16⅝	2,900	Anglo-Amer Oil	20⅝	20	20⅛	—⅛
12⅛	8	2,900	Atlantic Lobos	10	9⅛	9⅝	—⅛
100	84½	15	Buckeye Pipe Line	94	94	94	—1
57	28	15	Crescent Pipe Line	34⅛	34½	34⅛	..
160	115	15	Cumberland Pipe Line	145	145	145	+5
62	49	445	Galena Signal Oil	57⅛	55½	57⅛	+1⅛
198	161	10	Illinois Pipe Line	172	172	172	..
127⅛	97½	1,700	Imp Oil (Can), coupon	115⅛	111	113	—1½
27⅛	14	34,000	International Pet	23⅛	21⅞	22⅛	+⅛
106	84	400	Indiana Pipe Line	91	91	91	..
332	257	..	Ohio Oil	306	287	306	+17
649	520	90	Prairie Oil & Gas	615	600	612	+5⅛
44⅛	17	700	Penn-Mex Fuel	44⅛	40	44⅛	+4⅛
270	224	60	Prairie Pipe Line	249	244	244	+2
249	165	..	South Penn Oil	231	220	230	+10
124⅛	83⅝	137,800	Stand Oil of Ind	115⅛	105⅛	111⅛	—4⅛
108	76⅛	5,430	Stand Oil Kty, new	97⅛	93⅛	96⅛	+2⅛
446	341	515	Stand Oil of N Y	441	427	440	+12
118	115	100	Stand Oil Ohio pf	117	117	117	..
450	290	10	Vacuum Oil	430	430	430	..

MISCELLANEOUS OILS

High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
1⅝	1	600	Aetna C Oil	1⅝	1½	1⅝	..
10⅝	2	20,300	Alcon Oil Corp	10⅝	7⅛	10	+2⅛
.04	.02	8,000	Allied Oil	.04	.04	.04	..
3	1	200	Am Fuel Oil pf	1	1	1	—⅛
13	8	2,100	Ark Natural Gas	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	—⅛
.25	.08	22,000	Boone Oil	.17	.14	.15	—.01
35	20	600	Brit Cont Oil Fields	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	..
.90	.57	130,000	Boston & Wyoming Oil	.91	.83	.86	—.01
9⅝	3⅛	22,200	Carib Syndicate	8⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+⅛
242	158	825	Cities Service	222⅛	220	222	..
72	51	2,100	Cities Service pf	68	67	68	+⅛
24⅝	17	2,700	Cities Service bkrs shs	22⅛	21⅝	22⅛	+⅛
6⅛	4⅝	200	Cities Service pf, B	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	..
2	1	3,000	Columbia Pet	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
5	4⅛	100	Condon pf, old	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+⅛
5	1⅝	900	Creole Syndicate	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
.12	.03	1,000	Cushing Pete	.05	.05	.05	..
4⅛	2⅛	200	Duquesne Oil	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	..
14⅛	12⅛	400	Equity Pete Corp pf	14	13⅝	13⅝	—⅛
.07	.02	1,000	Erie Oil	.05	.05	.05	+.01
.74	.32	27,000	Engineers Petroleum	.33	.32	.33	+.01
2⅛	1	11,600	Federal Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
19⅛	8⅛	3,100	Fensland Oil	18⅝	17⅛	17⅛	—⅛
9⅛	3⅛	500	Gilliland Oils	4⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
1⅛	.73	13,300	Glen Rock Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
.50	.04	51,000	Hudson Oil	.27	.22	.22	..
1⅛	.45	10,000	Keystone Ranger	.90	.75	.75	—.15
20⅛	5⅛	2,400	Kirby Petroleum	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+⅛
1⅛	1⅛	15,500	Livingston Petroleum	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
.10	.30	1,000	Lance Creek Royal	.03	.03	.03	..
1⅛	.76	7,800	Lyons Petroleum	2.89	.77	.82	..
1⅛	.50	100	Magma C & R	.85	.85	.85	+.05
27⅛	18⅛	800	Maracaibo Oil	19⅛	19	19	—⅛
2⅛	1⅛	100	Margay Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
10	1	6,800	Marland Oil of Maine	8⅝	7⅛	8	—⅛
4⅛	1⅛	800	Marland Ref	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	..
2	1	1,100	Marine Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
.20	.02	23,000	Meridian Petroleum	.04	.02	.02	—.01
14⅛	8⅛	7,500	Merritt Oil Corp	10⅛	9	9⅛	—⅛
19⅛	14⅛	700	Mex Eagle Oil	15	14⅛	14⅛	—⅛
2⅛	.60	200	Mex Panuco	.60	.60	.60	..
4⅛	1⅛	36,900	Mexican Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
47⅛	27	145,300	Mex Seab v tr ctfs	45⅝	27	30	—15
50⅛	28⅛	225,000	Mexican Seaboard	48	30	32	—15⅛
7⅛	.70	100	Mount Gulf & Oil	.97	.97	.97	+.02
12	5⅛	61,900	Mutual Oil	10⅛	9⅛	10	—⅛
18⅛	9⅛	10,100	Mountain Producers	15⅝	14⅛	15⅛	+⅛
37	11⅛	500	New York Oil	31	28	29⅝	—⅛
.35

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PROSPERITY SEEN IN GERMAN JOURNEY

People Outside of Trouble Centres Appeared to Be Tranquil and Busy.

HOPE IN REPARATIONS CUT

American Financiers Think When That Is Adjusted Big Upturn Will Come.

By T. WALTER WILLIAMS.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AACHEN, June 26.—American financiers and business men whom I have met in my journey across Germany from Stentsch, on the Polish frontier, have expressed the opinion that the vital thing in Europe today is not Russia. That question could be set aside, they said, and Russia be permitted to work out its own problem with the people.

The question that was keeping Europe back and delaying the work of reconstruction, in their view, was the reparations. When that had been decided and the terms made at Versailles reduced to a figure that Germany could and would pay without being financially crushed, then the trade revival would commence in earnest, and the blighting effect of the great war would become gradually minimized.

A well-known German banker informed me that the Government in Berlin was perfectly aware of the amount of the indemnity that Germany could afford to pay and would continue to haggle with the Allies until they agreed to what Germany considers a reasonable amount. When the question of the reparations had been settled, then every German, man, woman and child earning a living would work cheerfully to free the Fatherland of the debt incurred by the war.

If France still refused to listen to reason, the banker continued, the mark would go lower and lower until it became worthless. Finally the currency now in use would be "washed out" and the Government would be bankrupt as a nation, but not industrially or commercially.

Tranquil Outside Trouble Centres.

Outside of Berlin and Munich, which are the two chief centres of political agitation, the German people appear to be tranquil and pursue the even tenor of their way day by day, although the mark is steadily dropping all the time. The shops in cities like Frankfort-on-Oder, Berlin, Hanover, Dortmund, Düsseldorf, Duren and Cologne are full of all kinds of pretty, luxurious things, including watches and jewelry, and those who have the money buy them because they realize that the paper marks mean nothing in the future while gold and diamonds will always be worth money.

The customs officials at the German frontiers make a great fuss over the examination of the baggage of travelers entering and leaving the country, and charge duty on the slightest pretext. If a passenger looks as if he might be unwise enough to carry away a few thousand marks in his pockets, he is taken into a small room and searched thoroughly. All passengers have to state how much money or checks in any currency they have in their possession when entering Germany and get a receipt which must be stamped and produced on leaving the country. The same amount or less can be taken out, but anything above that sum is confiscated by the officials.

The crops look flourishing on every side of the railroad tracks crossing Germany from East to West and the extensive pine forests appear to have been untouched in the war. The villages and the farms surrounded by fruit orchards and green fields on which cattle and sheep can be seen grazing contentedly, look as if they had been undisturbed for ages.

Many New Buildings Erected.

I noticed that new buildings were being erected in the agricultural districts and on the outskirts of the big manufacturing centres, such as Essen, Creffeld, Stendal, Bielefeld, and other cities. In the daytime the streets were thronged with working people and the electric cars were packed all the time. At night the tall factory chimneys were pouring fourth volumes of smoke and the power plants were ablaze with lights.

In certain seaports, like Hamburg and Bremen, the workmen have become dissatisfied at intervals and declared strikes, but in the interior it is difficult for foreigners to know that there has been a great war. Most of the huge buildings erected for the accommodation of the troops have been demolished.

Another feature is that one seldom sees any maimed men walked about in the German cities or in the country. There is possibly some section where these cripples are, but I have not seen them, nor the blind soldiers led about as they are in London and Paris by their relatives or friends.

The working people in the small country towns look clean and neatly dressed. Farm houses have had the roofs repainted and village churches look spic and span in the sunlight amid their pastoral setting.

The German children have lost the undernourished look they had in 1919 when I visited the country and seem happy and healthy as they march along the country roads to school.

Averse to Talking of War.

I talked with people on the trains and in the cities on various topics, but none of them wanted to discuss the war. They said that it had been over for more than three years, they had lost, according to the Allies, and now there was nothing to be done but forget it and pay off the debt.

Some surprise was expressed in Hanover that 50,000 royalists in Munich should have made a demonstration in favor of the Hohenzollerns because the country has lost faith in the former royal family. The Hanoverians believe there are many people in favor of a monarchy in Munich and they look forward, as the majority of the Germans seem to do, to having a constitutional monarchy when the time comes. They do not believe in the present form of democratic government because it is considered weak and means nothing to a people who have been brought up for centuries under a system that had laws dealing with every feature of their daily life. Every thing was ordered for them, even to the curfew bell in many of the smaller cities and towns, and with the efficiency organized by the great captains of industry, they thrived upon it.

The people take far more interest in what Hugo Stinnes says or does than anything done by the Government in Berlin. To the majority of the German people it was always a Prussian city and they cordially hated Prussians, more especially the Berliners.

Trains Laden With Machinery.

Traveling on the railroad here the passenger trains run on schedule time and the cars are clean and comfortable, with good meals at moderate prices in the restaurant wagons, as they are called. I noticed that every siding was occupied with freight trains loaded with all kinds of machinery, from plows to locomotives, on the way to Russia, Denmark, Rumania and other countries. Goods for Turkey and Asia Minor, where they are forbidden to be imported are shipped via Rotterdam, with Dutch trade marks on them, and the same thing applies to Greece.

All through the Near East German goods can be seen for sale. British firms in Egypt are ordering cotton machinery from Germany because it costs less than 50 per cent. of the price of the British made article and is delivered from at Alexandria instead of free on board at the nearest British port to the factory. Two-thirds of the goods now imported into Palestine are being carried in German ships.

Goods from Jugoslavia and Roumania are shipped by train to Hamburg and then by the all sea route to Constanza on the Black Sea because the freight is lower than it would be on the Danube, as the heavy imposts placed by the Rumanian Government on the river borne traffic have almost killed it.

The Government at Berlin has expressed fears from time to time that the people may follow the example of Russia and "go Bolshevist," but the bulk of the Germans appear to have too much common sense for this, as they have seen clearly that the Communist form of government would be more despotic than that of the Hohenzollern ever was. Officially the officers' societies do not exist, but there are 200,000 members scattred all over Germany and fully another 50,000 have gone to South America, Africa, Afghanistan, Asiatic Russia or Asia Minor to offer to sell their swords, as soldiering was the only trade they were brought up to know anything about.

Just what will happen in Germany it is difficult to say. It all depends on the settlement of the reparations. Austria may may collapse any day and go with Germany.

SAY BRITISH IDLE SHUN JOBS

Better Off With Government Doles, Declare Returned Visitors.

Passengers arriving yesterday from England on the Holland-American liner Noordam said that there was less unemployment there, but that the doles which had been paid out by the British Government since the armistice had made the majority of men and women so lazy that they did not want to work. With the allowances for unemployment from the Government and the payments to the families from the municipal authorities, they said, the working men were better off than with their ordinary jobs.

The Board of Guardians at Poplar, near the east end docks in London, were requested by the unemployed in the district to supply them with shoes to play bowls out of the fund for providing the women and children with boots and shoes. The request was refused, as the guardians considered they had done enough in providing the bowling equipment.

NO FEAR IN SWEDEN.

Exchange Dumping Bill Meets With Defeat in Riksdag.

That Sweden does not fear competition from countries with depreciated currencies is evidenced by the fact that a bill providing for measures against "exchange dumping" has recently been defeated in the Riksdag. The proposals contained in this bill were submitted to the Riksdag on April 29, in connection with a report by the Swedish Tariff Commission on means to assist Swedish industry and were favorably received at the time. The eventual defeat of the measure is considered significant in that it indicates that competition from countries with depreciated currency is declining to the point where protective tariffs are thought unnecessary.

SCHOOLS FOR HOTEL MEN.

Course at Cornell and Other Centres Proposed to American Association.

BOSTON, July 9.—Plans for financing an educational movement in the interests of the hotel business will be considered at the annual convention of the American Hotel Association of the United States and Canada, which will open here Tuesday next.

The Educational Committee of the association, in a preliminary statement to members, say that a definite agreement has been reached with Cornell University for the establishment of a course for the training of hotel managers and the higher class of hotel employes. Establishment of schools for vocational education in the hotel business also is contemplated.

NEW YORK INCOMES EIGHTH OF NATION'S

Earnings in This State Nine Billions in Year, Far Ahead of All the Others.

SOUTH FARES THE WORST

Great Disparity Shown in Amounts Made in Different Sections of the Country.

With an income of $9,074,859,000, or about one-eighth the total income of the whole country, New York State leads the United States in money earned, according to figures compiled from a report of the National Bureau of Economic Research made public yesterday. Nevada stands last on the list with a total of $65,791,000.

The Bureau's report on "Distribution of Income by States," which was prepared by Oswald W. Knauth, shows that there is an extraordinary diversity in per capita income of people in different parts of the United States. While per capita income in the United States as a whole in 1919 was $627, the per capita income in the region embracing the Pacific States was $796, and in the Middle Atlantic States it was $783. Contrasted with these figures, the per capita income in the Southern Central States was $463, and in the Eastern Central States it was $504.

"New York again heads the list of per capita incomes with $874," continues the statement.

Nevada, California, Wyoming, Massachusetts and Washington are next with per capita incomes around $800.

"The average income of the gainfully employed shows variations from the per capita income due to the wide difference in the character of the employment of the population of the various States. South Dakota and New York head the list with just over $2,000, while at the other hand Alabama and Mississippi are both just under $900.

"The total income in the various States shows even greater extremes, owing to the disparity of population. The people of the Middle Atlantic States alone received more than one-fourth of the entire income of the country in 1919, and with the East North Central States received nearly one-half of it. On the other hand, the people of the twelve Southern States, comprising more than 21 per cent. of the population, received less than 15 per cent. of the total national income.

"The wide variations in the incomes of farmers are well known, but how wide these differences are may be a surprise. Farmers in the Pacific States in 1919 had an average income of $2,800; in the West North Central States their average was $2,300. These figures may be contrasted with the average of $1,160 for farmers in New England, $1,340 in the South Atlantic States and less than $1,000 in the East South Central States.

"The total income of the South is largely derived from farming. The South Atlantic States draw about one-fourth of their income from this source; and the South Central States about one-third. The only other group of States that is equally dependent on farming is the West North Central States, which draw about one-third of their income from this source. In contrast with these States New England and the Middle States draw less than 4 per cent. of their income from agriculture.

"Income as defined in this report is the money value of all the goods and services produced during the year. The sources on which the estimate is based are income tax reports, census reports, wages data, reports of the Department of Agriculture, and statements of corporations."

Beginning with a tiny retail grocery store, Abraham Bininger (one of the founders of the Bank of the Manhattan Company) built up the first large wholesale and retail grocery establishment in New York.

The Commercial Services of the Bank of the Manhattan Company for 123 Years

DUE to this country's rapid growth in population and the development of great industrial centers, marketing foodstuffs has become a process of vast complexity.

Transportation facilities, warehousing and storage—an entirely new system of distribution have been evolved. In every step of this vast modern distributive process, commercial banking services are a vital factor.

Today, with its sound resources and its close touch with crop and market conditions, the Bank of the Manhattan Company offers its customers comprehensive service and co-operation backed by 123 years' successful banking experience.

BANK *of the* MANHATTAN COMPANY
CHARTERED 1799
40 WALL STREET, *New York*

OFFICERS
STEPHEN BAKER, *President* — RAYMOND E. JONES, *First Vice-President*

Directors: J. E. ALDRED, STEPHEN BAKER, E. H. BORDEN, MICHAEL FRIEDSAM, WALTER JENNINGS, RAYMOND E. JONES, G. HOWLAND LEAVITT, HENRY K. MCHARG, GEORGE MCNEIR, ARTHUR G. METZ, JOHN C. MOORE, CHARLES E. POTTS, SAMUEL SLOAN, WILLIAM SLOANE, JAMES SPEYER, CARL F. STURHAHN, GEORGE ZABRISKIE

UPTOWN OFFICE—*31 Union Square, New York*
BROOKLYN OFFICES—*St. John's Place, Cypress Hills, Liberty Avenue*
QUEENS BOROUGH OFFICES—*Jamaica, Flushing, Long Island City, Far Rockaway, Rockaway Park, Rockaway Beach, Seaside, Richmond Hill, Elmhurst, Maspeth, Corona, College Point, Woodhaven, Brooklyn Manor, Ridgewood, Fresh Pond*

Capital $5,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits, $17,277,459.35

SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and Eighth Ave.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND
Credited July 1st, 1922, at the rate of
4%
per annum on sums from $5 to $5,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10th WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1st.
Interest Credited Quarterly
BANKING BY MAIL
WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
WALTER B. BRINCKERHOFF, Secretary, CLARENCE L. BLAKELOCK, Treasurer
Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M., Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. other days from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., holidays excepted.
Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK
31 West 34th Street, New York
has declared a dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum payable on and after July 17, 1922
Deposits made on or before July 13, will draw interest from July 1, 1922.
On and after October 1, 1922, dividends will be credited and paid quarterly.
Bank Open Week Days: Mondays, 10 A. M. to 7 P. M. Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 12 Noon. Other days, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Charles Rohe, President. George T. Connett, Sec'y and Treas.

DRY DOCK SAVINGS INSTITUTION
341 and 343 Bowery
Corner 3rd Street, New York
THE Trustees have declared a dividend for the three months ending June 30, 1922, on all deposits entitled thereto under the By-Laws, at the rate of FOUR per cent. per annum, payable on and after July 17, 1922.
Deposits made on or before July 10 will be entitled to interest from July 1, 1922.
Interest Credited and Paid Quarterly
Jan'y, April, July, Oct.
ANDREW MILLS, President.
ANDREW MILLS, Jr., 1st Vice Pres.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD, Treas.
SAMUEL WEBSTER, Secretary.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION
644-646 Broadway, Cor. Bleecker St.
142nd Semi-Annual Dividend.
Interest at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum will be credited to depositors for the period ending June 30, 1922, payable on and after July 17th, on all sums not exceeding $5,000 entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st. Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 8:30 P. M.
AFTER JULY 1, 1922, INTEREST CREDITED QUARTERLY
January 1st, April 1st, July 1st, October 1st
WALTER G. STOKES, President.
Arthur Stiles, V.-Pres. David Sands, Sec.

Citizens Savings Bank
Corner Bowery and Canal Street
A semi-annual dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum will be credited to depositors for the period ending June 30, 1922, on all sums of $5 up to $5,000, payable on and after July 17, 1922, in advance interest, as the By-Laws of the Rules of the Bank.
Money deposited on or before July 13th, will draw interest from July 1st. Hereafter dividends will be declared and credited QUARTERLY, on Jan'y 1, April 1, July 1.
HENRY SAYLER, President.
EDWIN A. LAHM, Secretary.
CARL A. RICHTER, Asst. Secy.

East River Savings Institution
291-3-5 Broadway
(One block North of City Hall)
4½%
Dec. 31st, 1921, the trustees declared the usual semi-annual dividend at the rate of 4½% per annum.
A dividend at the same rate has been declared for the half year ended June 30th. As a mutual bank our dividends are always as high as our earnings will permit, consistent with safety. Deposits made on or before July 10th draw interest from July 1st.

148TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
Union Square Savings Bank
No. 20 UNION SQUARE
A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending June 30th, 1922, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on sums from $5 to $5,000, payable on and after July 17th. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, and if not withdrawn will receive three months' interest thereon. Open Mondays, From July 1, 1922, dividends will be paid quarterly.
FREDERIC C. MILLS, President.
H. R. BRINCKERHOFF, Secretary.
Open 10 to 3, Mon. 10 to 7, Sat. 10 to 12.
ACCOUNTS OF SOCIETIES ACCEPTED

DIVIDENDS.

Consolidated Utilities Co.
The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) upon the preferred stock of the Consolidated Utilities Company has been declared, payable August 1, 1922, at the office of the Company, 61 Broadway, New York, N. Y., to the stockholders of record. The books will be closed as of July 20, 1922.
CONSOLIDATED UTILITIES CO.
C. E. Zeigler, Treas.

Federal Acceptance Corp.
Executive Offices, New York
Board of Directors of the Federal Acceptance Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2% on the preferred stock of the Corp. to stockholders of record July 1, 1922, payable July 15, 1922. Dividend checks will be mailed.
C. G. COOKE, Treasurer.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
For Home-Building and Savings
FIFTEEN PARK ROW (GROUND FLOOR), NEW YORK
Announces its 67th cash dividend at its usual annual rate of 4½% on Saving Share (Save-as-you-please) accounts to $5,000, and 5% with an extra dividend of ½ of 1% on instalment and income share accounts.
This Society, Founded 1853, state supervised, prudently managed, is helping thousands to independence and to homes. Savings by mail.
Money earns from July 1, if saved on or before July 13. Open Evenings (except Sat.) to 7 till July 22
PAYS 4½ AND 5% ON SAVINGS—AND SOMETIMES MORE

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.
Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.		Quotation July 8, 1922. Bid.	Asked.
Ala. Power 1st, '46	5	May & Sep.		90	91
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.		81	84
Anac. & Pot. R., '49	5	Apr. & Oct.		88	90
Ashev. P. & L. 1st '42	5	Apr. & Oct.		90½	92½
Aug.-Aiken R. & E., '55	5	June & Dec.		25	28
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.		89	89
Buff. Gen. El., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.		98¾	99½
Do., deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.		106	..
Buffalo Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.		90¼	91¾
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July		74	80
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July		65	70
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July		81	..
Burlington G. L. 1st '55	5	Jan. & July		80	83
Burling'n R.& L.1st,'32	5	May & Sep.		55	62
Butte El. & Pr. 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.		97	98½
Cape Breton El. 1st,'32	5	Jan. & July		82	85
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan. & July		98	98½
Caro. P. & L. 1st, '56	5	Feb. & Aug.		91	93
Cedar Rap. Mt. 1st, '53	5	Feb. & Aug.		93½	94¼
Charleston Con. R., G. & E. cons., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.		82	85
Cit. S. deb. C. 1st, '66	..	Jan. & July		96	..
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.		97½	98½
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July		81	83
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.		87	89
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd. 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July		75	83
Cons. Gas (Balt.), '54	4½	Jan. & July		85	87½
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July		99	99½
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July		89	90
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July		90	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.		65	..
Cons. T. of N. J. 1st '32	5	June & Dec.		80	82
Con. Water, Utica, 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July		90	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.		90¼	91½
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '48	5	May & Nov.		88	91
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.		91	93
Elec. Dev. 1st, '33	5	May & Sep.		92½	94
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr. & Oct.		55	..
Ellicott Sq. 1st, '37	5	Mar. & Sep.		89	..
El Paso Elec. coll., '43	5	Jan. & July		90	92
El Paso Elec., '25	5	Jan. & July		99½	101
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.		85	86
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.		83	..
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.		87	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '35	5	May & Nov.		94	96
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & July		90	..
Idaho Power, '47	5	Jan. & July		91	92½
Indianap. Gas 1st, '52	5	Apr. & Oct.		85	87
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.		57	59
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Apr. & Oct.		88	92
Laurentide Pr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July		92½	94
Memphis St. Ry., '45	5	Jan. & July		77½	80
Middle West Util., '35	8	Jan. & July		101	104
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July		92	93
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.		89	91
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July		85	..
New Jer. St. Ry. 1st '49	4	May & Nov.		59	61
N. Or. R. & L. gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July		70	73
Nig. Lock & O., '54	5	May & Nov.		95½	98
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July		99	100
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.		103	105
Do 1st & cv., '50	6	May & Nov.		103	104
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.		80	82
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.		85	90
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '51	6	Jan. & July		83	85
No. St. Pr. 1st & ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.		91¾	92¾
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July		84	87
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.		96	97
Pensacola Elec., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.		77	81
Portland (Ore.) Ry. Co. 1st, '30	5	..		84	86½
Put. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.		96¼	97
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July		94¾	97
Riverside Trac., '60	5	..		55	..
Rockt'd El.1st & ref., '30	5	Mar. & Sep.		94	97
Saluda Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb. & Aug.		93½	95
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.		92½	94
Do 1st, '30	5	Feb. & Aug.		96	98
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '58	5	Mar. & Sep.		87	..
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.		82	..
Syracuse Gas, '51	5	June & Dec.		90	..
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.		92	..
Tex. Pr. & L. 1st, '37	5	June & Dec.		89½	91
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr. & Oct.		76	79
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.		80	81½
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.		74	75
Do income, '49	4½	June & Dec.		55	56
Wash. R. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.		81	82
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.		93¾	94½
Wash. R. & E. con. '51	4	Jan. & July		75	..

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 8, 1922. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Gas & E. (50)	2½	Q	Jul 1, 22	144	148
Do pf. (50)	1¾	Q	May 1,22	42½	43½
Am. Light & Trac.	a1¾	Q	May 1,22	136	139
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 1,22	97	99
Am. Power & Light	1½	Q	Jun 1, 22	113	116
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 22	88	89
Sat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Dec 1, 21	83	84
Buffalo Gen. Electric	2	Q	Jun 30,22	107½	108½

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 8, 1922. Bid.	Asked.
Capital Traction	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 22	98	98½
Cities Service	b7½	M	Jun 1, 22	222	224
Do pf.	1½	M	Jun 1, 22	67¾	68½
Do Bankers Shares	†0.05	I	Jun 1, 22	22	22½
Do pf., B	1½	M	Jun 1, 22	6¼	6¾
Colorado Power	..	..	.....	16	17
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 15,22	87	90
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jan 3, 22	85	88
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	7	..	Nov 1, 17	28	30
Do pf.	†1½	Q	.....	61	64
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 22	86	89
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jan 16,21	54	57
East. Texas Elec. pf.	3	S	Jul 1, 22	50	52
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	May 1,22	94½	96
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Jun 15,22	121	123
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	J. & D.	108	112
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	.....	26	27½
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 22	70	75
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Mar 15,22	74	77
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 1, 21	68	..
Miss. River Power pf.	..	..	.....	79	81
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	75	..
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 15,22	104½	107
Nor. States Power	2	Q	May 1,22	89	92
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 20,22	90¼	93
Nor. Texas Elec. pf.	3	S	Mar 1, 22	83	85
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	1½	Q	May 15,22	87	88½
Republic Ry. & Light	1	..	Jul 15, 18	14	16
Do pf.	1½	..	Apr 15,21	47½	49½
Southern Cal. Edison	2	Q	May 15,22	103	105
Do 1st pf.	4	S	J. & D.	115	119
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	J. & D.	106	108
Standard G. & E. ($50)	..	..	.....	19	20
Do pf. ($50)	2	Q	Jun 15,22	48½	49½
Tenn. Ry., L. & P. Co.	1	Q	Jun 1, 22	85	50
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 22	50	60
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	May 15,22	134	136½
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	.....	2¾	3
Do pf.	..	..	.....	21	26
United Light & Rys.	..	..	.....	52	55
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 22	73	76
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Nov 1, 21	57½	58½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¾	..	Sep 1, 21	49½	49¾
Do pf.	2½	..	Mar 1, 21	80	81
Western Power	..	..	.....	25	30
Do pf.	1½	Q	Apr 15,22	78	80

*Also 1% payable in stock. †Payable in scrip. ‡12½c payable in com. stock scrip. a—Payable in com. stk. b—1¼ payable in com. stock scrip.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 8, 1922. Bid.	Asked.
America	$5,500,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 22	210	214
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	3½	Q	May 1,22	270	280
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	*2½	Q	Apr 1, 22	220	..
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	3	S	Jul 1, 22	130	140
Bowery	250,000	b3	Q	May 1,22	425	..
B'way Cent'l	200,000	..	..	.....	140	150
Bronx Nat.	200,000	5	S	Jul 1, 22	150	160
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	.....	125	..
Bryant Park	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 22	140	150
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.)($100)	500,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 22	130	140
Chase Nat'l	20,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 22	317	322
Ch.-Fh. Nat.	10,500,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 22	265	270
Chelsea Ex.	1,000,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	65	80
Chemic. Nat.	4,500,000	4	B	Jul 1, 22	505	515
City Nat'l	40,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 22	328	334
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 22	195	205
Colonial	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 22	300	..
Columbia	2,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,22	175	..
Commonw'th	400,000	5	S	Feb 1, 22	215	..
Commerce	25,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30,22	263	266
Continental	1,000,000	3½	S	Feb 1, 22	130	140
Corn Exch.	8,250,000	5	Q	May 1,22

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Active Buying of Small Houses in the Suburbs for Immediate Occupancy.

SUMMER RENTALS SLUMP

Five Dwellings in the Bay Ridge Section of Brooklyn Sold by the Realty Associates.

Few transactions of importance were reported in the Manhattan market Saturday, what activity there was continuing in Brooklyn and suburban sales.

Buying in the suburbs continues active, the greatest demand being for small private dwellings for immediate occupancy, averaging about $7,000.

The slump in the Summer renting season which is prevalent throughout the metropolitan district has had the effect of throwing many small houses of this type on the market.

Sales in Brooklyn.

The six-family brick and frame house at 473 Thirty-ninth Street was sold by Frank A. Seaver & Co. for J. P. Thorsen to an investor.

The three-story brick and store dwelling at 267 Garfield Place was sold by M. T. Newman, as broker, for Lucy A. Markey to a client for occupancy.

The Bulkley & Horton Company sold 64 Waverly Avenue, between Park and Myrtle Avenues, a two-story frame dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, for Elizabeth G. Drew to a client for investment.

Realty Associates sold five new semi-detached stucco one-family dwellings now in the course of construction on the south side of Bay Ridge Avenue, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, in the Bay Ridge section, to the following purchasers: 539 Bay Ridge Avenue, to T. M. McDonald; 543 Bay Ridge Avenue, to Christina Anderson; 546 Bay Ridge Avenue, to Bert Hanson; 550 Bay Ridge Avenue, to William Shirden, and 572 Bay Ridge Avenue, to Marie Hansen.

The premises at 232 Thirteenth Street, a two-family house, was sold by the J. C. Sauter Agency for Joseph Jesperson to Catherine Holland for occupancy; 141 Seventh Avenue, a four-story brick house, with two stores and six families, to Samuel Olonoff to Samuel Pensig for investment, and 551 Sixteenth Street, a one-family house for Michael Rudden to Isidor Taub for investment.

The Corbin Land Company sold to Harris Wilmer thirty-eight lots, forming a plot 382 by 100 feet, on the north side of Fifty-fourth Street, and a plot 387 by 100 feet, on the south side of Fifty-fourth Street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth Avenues, to be improved with eighteen two-family detached stucco houses by Harris Wilmer.

Suburban Sales.

In New Jersey, the Stillman residence, in Normandy Park, has been sold to a client of Eugene V. Welsh. The property is three and one-quarter acres in area and is improved with a large residence and stables. It is in the immediate neighborhood of the country homes of Thomas H. Beck, F. H. E. Frelinghuysen, Mrs. Howard Cogill and others. The same broker also sold in Morristown, N. J., the McCarroll property on South Street, opposite the Field Club. C. W. Ennis, who recently purchased the McCurdy property, bought the rear part of the McCarroll property and will utilize it in connection with his new development. John W. Simms purchased the front portion of the McCarroll property, including the residence.

F. M. Crawley & Bros. sold for David B. Mills a plot of land on the southerly side of Oxford Street, near Walnut Crescent, Montclair, N. J., to M. H. Lockie of New York City. The property is part of the estate formerly owned by the late William T. Evans. Mr. Lockie contemplates the erection of a residence on the property. The same firm has also sold for the estate of Isaac K. Funk to R. D. Van Name, the plot on the southerly side of Claremont Avenue, near Upper Mountain Avenue. It adjoins the former residence of the late Isaac K. Funk, for many years President of Funk & Wagnalls. Also, for William B. Dickson a plot of land on the northerly side of Bloomfield Avenue, west of Valley Road, to the Harrison Development Company. They contemplate the erection of a business building covering the entire plot.

Frank L. Bedell sold at Ridgewood, N. J., the house of Grace L. Hendy, 145 Highwood Avenue, to W. C. Nielson of Brooklyn; also the property of H. L. Taylor at 16 Colonial Road to W. E. Kennedy, also of Brooklyn.

Trading in Westchester.

Mrs. M. Jeltrup sold, through Fish & Marvin, her property on Ellison Avenue at Bronxville to B. M. Munna. The place was held at $13,000.

The same broker sold for the H. S. H. Realty Company, Inc., a new Colonial house on Ancon Avenue, at Pelham Heights, to John C. Peck of Passaic, N. J. The property was held at $22,500.

Frank A. White bought a plot on Brite Avenue, Scarsdale, from the Howe Winmill Holding Corporation, and the adjoining plot on Donellen Road from A. Victor Donellen. W. P. Johnson was the broker.

George Howe sold for Marion K. Boyd a plot of land on Rochelle Terrace, Pelham Manor, to Jennie P. Ryan, who will improve the premises with two residences, one Colonial, the other of an English type. There are eight lots, with a frontage of 200 feet.

E. Melville Tillmann, represented by Burger & Burger, attorneys, purchased a house on Cronston Avenue, near Beach 145th Street, Neponsit, being 40 by 120 feet. The house was recently constructed by Ferdinand A. Keimer of Brooklyn. Mr. Tillmann is making additions to the property and will occupy the same as his residence.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Specie		$72,460.00
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		4,090,472.19
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$80,028,426.65	
Other cash items	7,371,515.91	83,407,942.76
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		20,591,749.87
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		6,301,463.16
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$27,286,311.49	
Private securities	6,140,974.09	33,427,285.58
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		469,168.43
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		36,250,968.78
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		47,684,819.82
Own acceptances purchased		5,060,045.09
Overdrafts		12,700.77
Bonds and mortgages owned		1,775,447.44
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings	$3,742,168.82	
Other real estate	88,310.46	3,830,479.28
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)	$8,723,493.28	
Less anticipations	546,881.97	8,176,611.31
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		471,990.18
Total		$230,530,008.23

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$12,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	4,777,469.35	17,277,469.35
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Banks	$7,294,217.92	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations, Credit Unions and Land Bank	6,288.11	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	6,771.15	
Deposits by the State of New York	1,705,819.73	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	116,898.93	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	200,233.57	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	108,403,715.68	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	2,559,939.42	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,175,814.16	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	12,421,691.64	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	2,388,784.41	
Certified checks	42,861,868.60	
Unpaid dividends	317,906.27	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	19,007,541.44	
Total deposits		198,444,771.10
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		8,723,493.28
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$641,554.25	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	28,548.35	
Estimated unearned discounts	414,381.92	1,084,484.52
Total		$230,530,008.23

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922:

RESOURCES.

Specie		$938,041.32
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		954,836.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$3,146,851.76	
Other cash items	142,151.16	3,289,002.92
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		2,665,680.57
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less offsets		3,044,280.83
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		188,423.29
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities (market value)	$8,330,400.01	
Private securities (market value)	6,970,103.64	15,300,503.65
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		758,822.79
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		15,635,879.03
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		6,431,386.71
Overdrafts		2,502.91
Bonds and mortgages owned		14,513,016.55
Real estate, viz:		
Bank buildings	$2,509,200.13	
Other real estate	441,321.96	2,950,522.10
Other assets, viz.:		
Premiums, examinations & search fees due	$814,325.11	
Other outstandings	45,363.06	
Accrued int. entered on books at close of business on above date	373,539.74	
Suspense	1,000.00	1,023,228.80
Total		$65,016,227.76

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$7,500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$11,000,000.00	
Undivided profits (market value)	2,784,351.00	13,784,351.00
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Banks	$1,768,020.95	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations, Credit Unions and Land Bank	16,882.67	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	1,311,376.02	
Deposits by the State of New York	250,000.00	
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any	42,698.80	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits not subject to check	8,510,033.85	
Deposits subject to check	31,585,611.42	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	1,003,534.00	
Demand certificates of deposit	172,410.68	
Other certificates of deposit	48,530.21	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	1,457,896.30	
Certified checks	1,026,744.44	
Unpaid div'ds	141.00	
Div'ds declared payable July 1, 1922	600,000.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	126,354.39	
Total deposits		48,788,608.31
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$546,708.94	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	85,018.01	
Estimated unearned discounts	41,556.80	673,283.55
Total		$65,016,227.76

The CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL BANKS

CHICAGO

Statements of Condition June 30, 1922

CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK

Resources

Time Loans	$152,073,683.78	
Demand Loans	90,890,580.33	
Acceptances	210,636.53	
Bonds, Securities, Etc.	15,672,795.61	$258,847,696.25
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness		25,769,221.54
Bank Premises (equity)		7,250,000.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,200,000.00
Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit		4,582,133.54
Customers' Liability on Acceptances (as per Contra)		4,928,098.41
Overdrafts		84,601.86
Cash and Due from Banks		108,985,548.90
		$411,647,300.50

Liabilities

Capital		$25,000,000.00
Surplus		15,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		4,368,791.83
Reserved for Taxes		1,765,382.70
Circulation		50,000.00
Liability on Letters of Credit		5,092,190.80
Liability on Acceptances		5,000,425.47
Deposits — Individual	$216,361,403.72	
Deposits — Banks	139,009,105.98	355,370,509.70
		$411,647,300.50

CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK

Resources

Time Loans		$21,163,873.05
Demand Loans	$14,153,827.33	
Bonds and Securities	42,426,799.47	
Cash and Due from Banks	26,701,062.23	83,281,689.03
		$104,445,562.08

*Liabilities

Capital	$5,000,000.00	
Surplus	5,000,000.00	
Undivided Profits	2,677,260.77	
Unearned Interest	80,517.48	
Reserved for Taxes, Int. and Div.	1,342,765.48	$14,100,543.73
Demand Deposits	$23,209,109.81	
Time Deposits	49,488,040.62	
Special Deposits	17,647,867.92	90,345,018.35
		$104,445,562.08

The Capital Stock of this Bank is owned by the Stockholders of the Continental and Commercial National Bank of Chicago.

Combined Deposits, $445,715,527

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

New York

Statement of Condition June 30, 1922

ASSETS

CASH on hand, in Federal Reserve and other banks	$10,861,769.09
Clearing House Exchanges	5,157,594.37
U. S. Government Securities	21,373,902.04
Other Stocks and Bonds	3,210,270.77
Demand Loans	2,321,502.72
Time Loans	19,160,247.41
Bills and Notes Purchased	7,873,025.82
Foreign Exchange	43,072.74
Mortgages	3,933,949.67
Real Estate (Branch Banking House)	560,407.31
Accrued Interest Receivable	436,166.60
Total	$74,933,908.54

LIABILITIES

Capital	$3,000,000.00
Surplus	3,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	1,110,887.40
Reserve for Taxes, etc.	1,010,091.33
Dividend Payable July 1st, 1922	120,000
Deposits	63,730,036.48
Treasurer's Checks	848,835.76
Mortgage Trust Bonds	2,000,700.00
Accrued Interest Payable	116,357.59
Total	$74,933,908.54

Main Office: 55 Cedar Street

Branch Broadway at 73d St. *Branch* Madison Ave. at 75th St. *Branch* 125th St. at Eighth Ave.

"Strength and Service"

(Established 1846)

Tradesmens National Bank

431 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia

Report of Condition

At the Close of Business June 30, 1922

RESOURCES

Loans and Investments	$14,356,973.49
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	3,847,187.41
Due from Banks	2,280,405.25
Exchanges for Clearing House	429,127.35
Accrued Interest	39,600.56
Cash and Reserve	1,213,235.42
	$22,166,529.48

LIABILITIES

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	2,307,644.43
Unearned Discount	98,448.95
Reserve for Interest, Taxes, etc.	152,190.25
Circulation	500,000.00
Letters of Credit and Acceptances	4,064,245.32
Rediscounts and Bills Payable to Federal Reserve Bank	1,525,000.00
Deposits	12,584,000.53
	$22,166,529.48

Howard A. Loeb, President.

H. D. McCarthy, Vice Pres. Edmund Williams, Vice Pres. and Cashier — S. E. Guggenheim, Vice Pres. Howard B. Duffy, Asst. Cashier W. G. Jolley, Asst. Cashier

J. M. Frissell, Asst. Cashier

Representative in New York City—Wm. J. Kennelly, 1133 Broadway.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COMMONWEALTH BANK, NEW YORK,

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922:

RESOURCES.

Specie		$45,983.86
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		297,519.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$434,183.01	
Other cash items	332,444.20	776,628.11
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		1,777,806.20
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		129,475.15
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$1,446,444.27	
Private securities	2,374,797.22	3,821,241.49
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		910,727.27
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		3,007,300.68
Overdrafts		1,170.01
Bonds and mortgages owned		70,000.00
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		350,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$15,527.30	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	42,497.45	58,024.75
Total		$11,[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$400,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$600,000.00	
Undivided profits	294,124.60	894,124.60
Deposits, preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$1,122,705.36	
Deposits subject to check	7,773,461.89	
Demand certificates of deposit	90,600.00	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	11,013.03	
Certified checks	111,635.03	
Unpaid dividends	20,000.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	95,153.46	9,171,458.47
Bills payable, viz.:		
Secured by obligations of United States, including certificates of indebtedness sold with agreement to repurchase		800,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Estimated unearned discounts		20,761.00
Total		$11,[illegible]

DIVIDENDS.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

No. 25 Broad Street, New York, June 30, 1922

A quarterly dividend of ONE (1) PER CENT. has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from net income of the current fiscal year, payable July 15, 1922, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., June 30, 1922.

Checks in payment thereof will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished the Transfer Agent.

G. C. HAND, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of Certificates of Interest Issued by National Thrift Bond Corporation.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the request of the holders of at least sixty per cent. (60%) of the Certificates of Interest outstanding, The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Agreement dated April 24, 1917, and in accordance with the provisions thereof, has sold the Governmental Obligations held by it thereunder and holds for distribution to the holders of all outstanding Certificates of Interest, upon surrender thereof for cancellation, the sum of Eight dollars and ninety cents ($8.90) for each Ten dollars ($10) face amount of Certificates of Interest.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

I. SILLITTI & SON,

private bankers, at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$28,068.62
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		29,508.99
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,000.00
Accounts receivable		100.85
Due from foreign banks and bankers	$83,260.84	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding items	77,068.11	$160,328.95
Specie		385.33
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		5,036.80
Foreign currency		25,774.10
Foreign postage		281.35
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	9,545.80	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	701.30	10,246.80
Total		$229,633.57

LIABILITIES.

Permanent capital		$25,000.00
Surplus		17,567.22
Deposits:		
Deposits subject to check	$16,172.19	
Other certificates of deposit	1,653.00	
Demand deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	208,381.34	
Funds held awaiting transmission abroad	1,221.95	
Funds awaiting refund	4.60	
Due for money orders sold	24.00	
Due foreign banks and bankers	1,377.11	226,554.19
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		252.57
Total		$269,633.57

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

SHEPARD J. GOLDBERG,

private banker, at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1922.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities (Liberty bonds)	$32,916.18	
Private securities	4,300.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	7,762.55	
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral	56,180.07	
Accounts receivable	2,570.62	
Due from customers for exchange, money orders and steamship tickets sold	200.00	
Due from approved reserve depositaries	$15,575.47	
Due from foreign banks and bankers	639.18	14,414.65
Specie		100.00
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,852.72
Foreign currency		1,618.93
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's collections	$345.00	
Other cash items	480.00	1,005.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$6,530.36	
Unexpired insurance	1,094.15	
Security	125.00	7,759.51
Total		$110,327.70

LIABILITIES.

Permanent capital		$40,000.00
Surplus		9,446.29
Deposits:		
Deposits subject to check	$47,946.80	
Deposits subject to notice, withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	11,955.34	
Funds awaiting transfer	691.67	
Certified checks	500.00	
Total deposits		60,780.80
Total		$110,327.70

THE GIRARD NATIONAL BANK

PHILADELPHIA

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

at the close of business June 30, 1922

RESOURCES

Loans and Investments	$49,474,850.72
Accrued Interest	151,851.99
Acceptances	1,871,462.91
Exchange for Clearing House	3,319,032.70
Due from Banks	13,905,504.70
Cash and Reserve	4,488,716.27
	$73,211,419.29

LIABILITIES

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits	7,467,375.58
Reserve for Unearned Discount	301,656.71
Reserve for Taxes and Interest	195,833.16
Circulation	1,084,997.50
Acceptances	1,871,462.91
Deposits	60,290,093.43
	$73,211,419.29

OFFICERS

President JOSEPH WAYNE, JR.

Vice-Presidents EVAN RANDOLPH, A. W. PICKFORD

Cashier CHARLES M. ASHTON

Assistant Cashiers ALFRED BARRATT, DAVID J. MYERS, WALTER G. PATTERSON

DIRECTORS

FRANCIS B. REEVES, Chairman of the Board

Rodman E. Griscom, W. Frederick Snyder, Wm. Newbold Ely, John Gribbel, Francis B. Reeves, Jr., Wm. W. Frazier, Jr., George D. Rosengarten, Joseph Wayne, Jr., Evan Randolph, Morris R. Bockius, Arthur V. Morton, William Jay Turner, A. J. County, Wm. P. Barba, Walter S. Thomson, A. A. Corey, Jr., R. R. M. Carpenter, Stacy B. Lloyd

DIRECTORS

WALTER H. BENNETT, Vice-President American Exch. Nat'l Bank
EDWARD M. BURGHARD, Attorney
ORION H. CHENEY, President Pacific Bank
BAYARD DOMINICK, Dominick & Dominick
STEPHEN B. FLEMING, President International Agric. Corp'n
FREDERICK B. FRANCIS, New York Agent Canadian Bank of Commerce
STANLEY F. JADWIN, O. H. Jadwin & Sons
HARRY A. KAHLER, President
FREDERICK D. MacKAY, Vice-President E. W. Bliss Co.
GEORGE T. MORTIMER, President Equitable Office Bldg. Corp'n
CHARLES J. OBERMAYER, President Greater N. Y. Savings Bank
MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, O'Brien, Boardman, Parker & Fox
JAMES A. O'GORMAN, O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver
WILLIAM R. ROSE, Rose & Paskus
LOUIS F. ROTHSCHILD, L. F. Rothschild & Co.
ELBRIDGE GERRY SNOW, President The Home Insurance Co.
DANIEL G. TENNEY, C. H. Tenney & Co.
GEORGE ZABRISKIE, Zabriskie, Sage, Gray & Todd

AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY

Broadway at Cedar Street, New York

203 Montague Street Brooklyn — 375 Fulton Street Jamaica — Bridge Plaza North Long Island City

Transacts a General Trust and Banking Business

Interest allowed on Daily Balances

Statement of Condition July 1st, 1922

RESOURCES

Cash on hand in Federal Reserve Bank and other banks	$4,463,018.29
Demand Loans (Secured by Collateral)	6,106,439.33
U. S. Government, State & Municipal Bonds	3,906,213.27
Other Stocks and Bonds	3,063,831.02
Time Loans (Secured by Collateral)	2,623,396.89
Bonds and Mortgages	1,446,774.02
Bills Purchased	2,594,373.14
Accrued Interest Receivable	196,091.39
	$24,871,818.95

LIABILITIES

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	1,013,175.41
Reserve for Taxes	29,497.90
Other Reserves	34,674.84
Accrued Interest Payable	20,018.38
Unearned Discount	36,254.04
Deposits	21,749,198.38
	$24,871,818.95

DIVIDENDS.

Associated Dry Goods Corporation Hudson Trust Co. Building Hoboken, N. J.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the Common Stock of the Associated Dry Goods Corporation has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable on August 1st, 1922, to the holders of record of said Common Stock at 12:00 o'clock noon on the 15th day of July, 1922. Checks will be mailed.

A dividend of one and one-half per cent (1½%) on the first preferred stock and a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent (1¾%) on the second preferred stock of the Associated Dry Goods Corporation has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable on September 1st, 1922, to the holders of record of said stocks at 12:00 o'clock noon on the 15th day of August, 1922. Checks will be mailed.

Attention is called to the fact that no dividend is payable in respect of scrip certificates representing fractional interests in said preferred stocks, and holders of said scrip certificates are urged to consolidate them into full shares of stock on or before said last mentioned date.

RALPH M. STAUFFEN, Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER COMPANY

New York, June 24th, 1922.

The Board of Directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%), on the preferred capital stock of this company, payable July 15th, 1922, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business July 7th, 1922.

OWEN SHEPHERD, Treasurer.

PHILLIPS-JONES CORPORATION.

A quarterly dividend of 1¾% (One and Three-Quarter Dollar per share) on the Preferred Stock of this corporation has been declared payable on August 1, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20, 1922.

A. S. PHILLIPS, Treas.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders of THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the B. F. Goodrich Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 1,780 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on Monday, July 24, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon (New York City daylight saving time) for the purpose of authorizing and consenting to a first mortgage and deed of trust upon the property and franchises of the company, to be dated July 1, 1922, to Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, to secure an issue of $25,000,000 first mortgage twenty-five year 6½% Gold Bonds of the company to be dated July 1, 1922, of authorizing such bonds and the issuance thereof, and of transacting any other business that may come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

B. G. WORK, President.
F. C. VAN CLEEF, Secretary.

Dated, July 5, 1922.

SNOW'S FOUNTAINS HOLDING CORPORATION

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of SNOW'S FOUNTAIN HOLDING CORPORATION will be held at Room 1950, 130 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, the 19th day of July, 1922, at 11 A. M., for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of five directors to hold office for one year.

EDWARD METZGER, Secretary.

Dated New York City, July 1.

DIVIDENDS.

HAMILTON WOOLEN COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 148

A semi-annual dividend of three per cent has been declared, payable July 15, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1922. Checks will be mailed by the New England Trust Company, Boston, Transfer Agent.

ARTHUR E. MASON, Treasurer.

Boston, June 30, 1922.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

June 26th, 1922.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF INTERNATIONAL PLANTERS CORPORATION.

Dear Sir or Madam:

Please take notice that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of INTERNATIONAL PLANTERS CORPORATION, a New York Corporation, has been duly called by the Board of Directors to be held at the office of said Corporation, No. 52 Broadway, New York City, N. Y., U. S. A., at the o'clock in the forenoon of Friday, the 28th day of July, 1922, for the purpose of considering and taking such action as the Meeting may desire upon and with reference to the following proposals and recommendations adopted by the said Board of Directors at a Special Meeting of said Board held on Monday, the 26th day of June, 1922, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, namely:

(1) The dissolution of the Corporation forthwith, and the liquidation of its affairs in accordance with the Laws of the State of New York; and

(2) The adoption and carrying out of a proposed plan (copy of which is herewith handed you) whereby a corporation will be formed under the Laws of the State of Delaware empowered to engage in a business of the same general character as the business which this Company has been conducting, to which the Company will sell and distribute all the assets of this Company (except the Company's cash for fully paid and non-assessable shares of stock of said Delaware corporation, which shares of stock are received and will then be distributed, pro rata, to the General Creditors of this Company in full satisfaction of the claims of said creditors).

(3) Any and all other business that may properly come before the Meeting.

Respectfully,

PRESTON HERRICK, Chairman of the Board of Directors.
G. G. TUCK, President.
GEORGE C. SCHUYLER, Secretary.

USED BRICK BRINGS $60 A LOAD IN BRONX

Long, Wet Season Checks Production and Laborers Take Prolonged Holiday.

INVESTORS COMING BACK

Last Throes in Final Stage of Post-War Readjustment Era Now Being Enacted.

Common brick holds the centre of Summer interest in the Eastern building construction industry, according to the current Dow Service Daily Building Reports.

The long season of wet weather in June and the heavy downpours in the Hudson River, New Jersey and Connecticut brick manufacturing districts hampered production up to July 4, whereupon clearing skies lured open yard workers in many manufacturing sections to prolong their holiday. In consequence brick shipments into this market were light last week and many dealers were without any supply of this building commodity whatever as the week closed.

The direct result of this turn of events was to place an unusual value upon second-hand brick, which touched the top as far as available records show, at the price of $60 a load of 3,000, delivered to job site above 110th Street or to near-by points in Long Island. This kind of building material is being sold at points below 110th Street in Manhattan at $48 a load.

New common brick at wholesale is quoted at the week-end at $20 to $21 a thousand, wholesale (add cost of handling, haulage and 10 per cent. for deliverd prices). It is being taken as fast as it can be obtained from the yards, barges and is being ridden direct to jobs, no dealer carrying any in stock excepting dock-loads, which may be piled in order to promptly release barges for the return trip.

Some dealers are receiving brick from distant points by rail every day and a small quantity is coming in from Connecticut. In both New Jersey and Connecticut local demands are quite sufficient to take care of practically all the plant output, so that the Hudson River district is practically the only important source of supply for this market.

Under such circumstances it is to be expected that prices would have a tendency to advance, but so far at least there seems to have been a tendency to sense the waiting tactics on further housing enterprises for the present brick pressure to subside sufficiently to bring about a market of less pressure and hence lower prices. More than $7,000,000 in building projects are evidently being postponed, awaiting a more settled situation between supply and demand for basic building materials like brick. This attitude is being supported openly by building loan interests.

A queer fact has been given to the brick situation in consequence. So-called higher grades of brick are bringing $20 a thousand and the brick rated by the trade as of lesser quality are being held at $21 upon instructions to agents by manufacturers to sell them only at that price. Dealers, many of whom are making deliveries of brick to builders under contracts signed months ago at $17, have refused to pay more than $20. Producers of higher rated brick have met this level, while producers of brick graded lower still rigidly hold to $21 and are selling all they can ship, according to their agents.

Commercial construction does not call for as much brick as the type of housing construction that has been largely responsible for the excess of brick demand this year so far. A fairly representative Bronx tenement will require 500,000 lower-grade brick which will be set up quickly, whereas a high-class commercial structure will use more decorative materials except for interior work, hence the brick quantity will be lower. Just at present the big rush is for brick to finish partly completed tenements in anticipation of October renting, but new work of this character requiring this type of brick is being held in abeyance for lower prices.

Bond Sales Manager Wanted

For N. Y. Branch Office

We are seeking a manager for a New York branch office which will be opened shortly by a first mortgage real estate bond house. Confidential inquiries may be addressed to us by letter only.

The man being sought is 35 to 40 years of age, has had actual experience in the bond business with reputable houses only, possesses the ability to get and train good salesmen as well as sell bonds himself, and capable of directing office activities.

Interviews arranged only for applicants who state salary, and give full details of record in letter. If you know of a man for this position, we would appreciate your calling his attention to this advertisement. Address communications: Attention Mr. Gore.

ALBERT FRANK & CO.
14 Stone Street, New York City

Bond house wants cashier thoroughly familiar with running books, handling loans, deliveries, etc. Must be experienced.

Address H. C. A.
Box 64, Trinity Station.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
5% Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of
THE SYRACUSE LIGHT & POWER CO.
DUE JULY 1, 1954

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as successor to the TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA, Trustee, under the Deed of Trust of the Syracuse Light & Power Company, dated April 16, 1907, invites proposals for the sale to it of sufficient Bonds secured thereby as will exhaust the sum of Ninety-Nine Thousand Five Hundred and Seventy-two Dollars and Fifty Cents ($99,572.50), in accordance with the Sinking Fund provisions of the said Deed of Trust.

Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon on July 17, 1922, and should be addressed "Proposals to the Sinking Fund of the Syracuse Light & Power Co." Proposals should be addressed to the Trust Department.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

Proposals of bidders unknown to the undersigned must be accompanied by satisfactory

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By [illegible], Vice President.
Dated, New York, N. Y., July 5, 1922.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

(Continued From Page 18.)

1922 High	Low	Sales	Stock and Dividend Rate	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
44¾	22	200	Tol, St L & W pf B	40	40¼	40¼	...
25¾	12¼	49,500	Transcontinental Oil	16¾	14¼	15¾	+ ¾
55¼	32¾	500	Trav & Hous El C (2)	40	39	39	— 1
58	34	100	Tyson City Rap Tran (2)	53	53	53	— 1
73¾	55	500	UN BAG & PAPER (5)	63	61	61	...
43	17¼	19,900	Union Oil	26¾	20¾	22¼	+ 1½
144¾	95	28,600	Union Pacific (10)	142¾	139	140¾	+ ¼
78¾	71¼	200	Union Pacific pf (4)	75¾	75¼	75¼	— ¾
107¾	102	200	Union Tank Car pf (7)	107	106¼	107	+ ¾
45¾	25	200	United Alloy Steel (2)	37¾	37	37	— ¼
114	104¼	200	United Cigar S pf (7)	112¼	111	111	— 1¼
81½	50¾	100	United Drug	76	74	74	...
47¼	41¼	100	Do 1st pf (8½)	47	47	47	...
148	110¼	1,000	United Fruit (8)	143¾	141	141¾	+ 1¼
19¾	11¾	300	United Rys Invest	13¼	13	13¼	+ ¼
36¼	20¼	500	Do pf	28¼	27¼	27¼	+ 1¼
71¼	43½	17,100	United Retail Stores	67¾	66	67	+ 1¼
38¾	18¼	2,800	U S & C I P & Fdy	32¾	31	31¼	+ ¾
72	65	100	U S Express	68	68	68	+ 1¼
7¾	4¼	300	U S Hoffman	7	6¾	7	+ ¾
25¾	21¾	600	U S Hoffman Mach	23	22¼	23	+ 4¼
10¼	2¾	2,800	U S Food Products	8¾	8	8	— ¾
20	37	5,900	U S Ind Alcohol	57¾	55¼	56¾	+ 1¼
92	80¼	900	Do pf (7)	92	90	91	— 2¼
72¼	55¾	2,200	U S Realty & Imp Co	69	65	67¼	+ 2¼
57¼	51¾	9,400	U S Rubber	65¼	61¼	61¼	— 1¼
106¼	99	400	Do 1st pf (6)	106¼	105¼	106¼	+ ¼
45¾	32¾	300	U S Smelt, Ref & Min	41½	40¼	41¼	+ 1½
50	43¾	100	Do pf (5¼)	50	50	x50	+ 2¾
108¾	82	40,500	U S Steel (5)	100¾	98¾	98¾	— ¾
132	111¼	2,300	Do pf (7)	122	120¾	122	+ 1¼
69¾	60¾	17,500	Utah Copper (2)	65	63	64	+ ¾
18¾	9¾	1,600	Utah Securities	17¼	15¾	16¾	— ¼
53	30¾	8,000	VANADIUM CORP	46¾	44¼	45	+ ½
36¾	27½	1,800	Va-Caro Chemical	32¼	31	32	+ 1¼
82	65½	300	Do pf	68	67	68	+ 2
54½	45	800	Va Iron, Coal & Coke	49	48	49	...
72¾	66	800	Do pf (5)	72	71¾	72	...
14	8¼	1,500	V Vivaudou	12¾	12	12	— ¼
14¾	8	2,900	WABASH	13	12¾	12¾	+ ¼
34¾	19¾	13,500	Do pf A	32¾	30¾	31¾	+ ¾
24	12¼	500	Do pf B	23	22	22	+ 1¾
17	10¾	200	Weber & Heilbroner (4)	13¾	13¼	13¾	+ ¼
85	66¾	100	Wells Fargo (3)	76	76	76	...
18¾	9¾	1,900	Western Maryland	12¾	11¼	12	+ ¾
24	18	900	Do 2d pf	21	20¼	20¾	+ 1
24½	12¾	1,200	Western Pacific	20¼	18¾	20¼	+ 1
84½	51¾	1,500	Do pf (5)	61	58½	60¼	+ 1¾
99½	90	300	Western Union Tel (7)	98	96¾	98	+ ½
100	90	200	Westinghouse Air B (4)	91¾	91	91¾	+ 2¼
64	49¾	4,200	Westingh'se E & M (4)	60	56½	59¾	+ 1¼
118	108¾	400	Western Electric pf (7)	109	108¾	109	...
16¾	8	4,900	Wheeling & Lake Erie	14¾	13¼	13½	...
29¾	12¼	900	Do pf	26¾	26	26¾	+ 2¾
32¼	22	3,200	White Eagle Oil (2)	27½	27	27¼	...
51¾	35¼	1,100	White Motors (4)	48¼	47¾	48	— ¼
11¾	7¾	2,200	White Oil	8¾	8	8¼	+ ¼
21¾	15	8,700	Wickwire Steel	16¾	15¾	15¾	— ¾
49¾	27¼	700	Wilson & Co	43	42	43	+ ¼
87¼	66	100	Do pf (7)	81	81	81	— 4¼
10	4½	5,300	Willys-Overland	8¾	8¼	8¼	— ¾
48¾	24	200	Do pf	48¾	48½	48½	...
85¼	25	500	Wisconsin Central	81	81	81	+ 3
55¾	43¾	800	Worthington Pump (4)	45¾	45¼	45¾	— ¾
94	83	100	Do pf A (7)	94¾	93½	x93½	+ 7½
79	64¾	100	Do pf B (6)	74	74	74	— 2¼
9¼	6	1,100	Wright Aeronautical (1)	8½	8¼	8¼	+ ¾
RIGHTS.							
2¾	1¾	2,600	Brooklyn Union Gas	2	1¾	1¾	— ¼
10½	3¼	800	North American	8½	8¼	8¼	— ¼
⅛	1/16	4,800	Va Caro Chemical	1/16	1/16	1/16	— 1/16
WARRANTS.							
28¼	26	800	Mo, Kan & Tex 2d pd	27	26	27	...

Dividend rates as given in the above table are the annual cash payments based on the latest quarterly or half yearly declarations. Unless otherwise noted, extra or special dividends are not included.

*Last quarterly payment in stock. †Partly extra. ‡Including 4 per cent. extra in stock. ‖Including 2 per cent. extra in stock. §Last quarterly payment in scrip. ¶Payable in preferred stock. x Ex dividend.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

(Continued From Page 18.)

Range, 1922 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
111	108¼	163	Norfolk & W cv 4s, 1929	111	109¾	110½	+ 1½
106	99¾	1	Norf & W cv 4½s, 1932	100¼	100¼	100¼	— 5¼
90	82¼	21	Norf & W div 4s, 1944	90	89	90	+ 2½
89	80	29	North Am Edison s f 6s, A interim receipts, '52	92	91¾	91¾	+ ¼
97¾	93¾	35	N Ohio T & L ref 6s, '47	95	94¾	95¼	— ¼
64	60	40	Northern Pacific 3s, 2047	63¾	61¾	63¾	+ 1¾
89¼	81	235	Northern Pacific 4s, 1947	89¾	87¾	88¾	+ ¾
90¾	85	5	Nor P ref & imp 4½s, 2047	87¾	86¾	86¾	— ¾
109	104¾	163	N Pac ref & imp 6s, 2047	107	106¼	106¾	+ ¾
110¾	105¾	1,570	N Pac, Gt N jt 6½s, '52	106¾	106¾	106¾	+ ¾
106¼	105¼	24	N Pac, Gt N jt 6½s, ref	106¼	105¼	105¾	...
106¼	105¼	1	Nor Pac ref 6s, reg	105¼	105¼	105¼	...
101¾	98	8	N States Pow ref 6s, '41	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
95	88	19	Nor S P 1st & ref 5s, '41	91¾	90¾	91¼	...
109¾	106	99	Northw Bell T 7s, '41	107	106¾	106¾	+ ¾
98	90	10	OHIO RIVER gen 5s, '37	98	98	98	+ 1¾
98	90	19	Ontario Pwr 1st 5s, '43	97¼	95¾	95¾	— ¾
101	95¼	38	Ore & Cal 1st 5s, 1927	101	99¾	101	+ ¾
104¾	97¼	91	Or S L con 5s, '46, t cfs	104¼	103¾	104¼	— 1¼
92¾	86¾	26	Ore S L ref 4s, 1929	92¾	92	92	...
104	99¾	2	Ore S L 1st con 5s, '46	104	103¾	104	...
92	77	418	Ore-Wash 1st ref 4s, '61	82	81¼	81¼	— ¼
103	99¼	14	Otis Steel s f 8s, '41	101	100	100	— ¾
92¼	87	27	PAC GAS & EL 5s, '42	91¼	90¾	91¼	+ 1
94	87¾	11	Pac Pow & Lt pt & rt 5s	90¾	90¼	90¾	...
94¾	91¾	72	Pac T & T 6s, '32, int cfs	92¼	92¼	92¼	...
98	91¾	10	Pac T & T 5s, 1937	97	96¾	96¾	...
108¼	94¾	33	Packard M Car 8s, '31	107¼	107¼	107¼	— ¾
105	94¾	4	Pan-A P & T eq 7s, '30	105¼	105¼	105¼	— 1¼
91¼	87¼	5	Penn 4s, 1943	89¾	88¾	89¾	— 3¼
91¾	85¼	2	Penn 4s, 1948	91¾	91¼	91¾	+ ¾
103	98¼	182	Penn gen 5s, 1968	102	100¼	101¾	+ 1¼
93	85¾	22	Penn 4½s, 1965	91¼	91¼	91	+ 1¼
110	103¾	66	Penn 6½s, 1936	109	108¼	108¾	— ¼
110	105¾	50	Penn gold 7s, 1930	110	108¾	109¾	+ 1¾
98¾	92¼	2	Penn con 4½s, 1960	96¼	96¼	96¼	...
81	70¾	12	Peo & East 1st 4s, 1940	81	80¾	81	...
39	22¾	58	Peo & East inc 4s, 1990	36¾	34	35¼	+ ¾
83	73	10	Pere Marq 1st 4s, 1956	81¼	80¼	81¼	+ ¾
98	88¼	22	Pere Marq 1st 5s, 1956	96	95¼	96	+ ¾
50	41¾	9	Philippine Ry 4s, 1937	51	51	52¾	+ 1¾
99¾	99¾	52	Phila Co ref 6s, A, 1944	97¾	97¼	97¾	...
102¾	95¼	7	Pierce Oil deb 8s, w i, '31	99¾	99	99	— 1
84¾	82¼	7	P, C, C & St L 4½s, A, '40	83¾	83¾	83¾	— 2
96	90	264	P, C, C & St L gen 6s, A, '70	95¼	94¾	94¾	+ ¼
90¼	78¼	1	Port Ry & L 1st cv 5s, '42	80¾	80¾	80¾	— ¾
103	99	6	Prod & Ref 8s, 1931	102¾	102¼	102¾	...
113	102	12	Prod & Ref 8s, with war	114¼	113¼	114¼	— 1¼
85	75¼	15	Public Service 5s, 1959	84¼	84¼	84¾	— ¼
83	81¼	15	RDG JER CENT coll 4s, '51	83¼	83¼	83¼	+ 1
86¼	80	46	Reading gen 4s, 1997	85¼	85¼	84¾	— ¼
97	86¾	2	Rep Iron & Steel 5s, '40	94¾	94¾	94¾	— ¼
81	73¾	11	Rio Gr West 1st 4s, '39	78	75¾	78	— ¼
70	62¼	2	Rio G West col tr 4s, '49	66¼	66	66	— ¾
89	80¼	1	Rio Grande June 5s, 1939	88¼	88¼	88¼	...
100¼	89¾	11	Roch & Pitts con 5s, 1922	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
80¾	76¾	44	Rock I, Ark & La 4½s, '34	82	80	81¾	+ 1¼
100	97	19	ROG BR gen & ref 7s, '42	97¾	97	97	— ¼
75¾	65¼	5	St L, I M & S gen 5s, '31	97¼	97¼	97¼	+ ¾
89	79¼	39	St L, I M&S unif ref 4s, '29	87¾	87	87¾	+ ¾
84¾	75¾	72	St L, I M&S RAG 4s, '33	82¼	81	82¼	+ 1¼
99¾	93	16	St L, A & S F Ry gen6s, '31	98¾	98	98¾	— ¼
74¾	68	223	St L & S F pr ln 4s, '50	72¾	71¼	72	+ ¼
88¼	81¼	34	St L & S F pr lien 5s, '50	86	85¼	85¾	— ¼
71¾	64	182	St L & S F inc 6s, '55	70	68	69¾	— ¼
95¼	92¾	10	St L & S F 6½s, SerD, '42	94	93	94	+ ¼
82¾	71	120	St L & S F adj 6s, '55	80	78¾	80	+ 1¾
100	94¼	37	St L & S F pr lien 6s, '28	99¼	98¾	99¼	+ ¾
80	74¾	4	St L & S F 1st 4s, '89	79	78	79	+ ¼
70	64¾	11	St L S W 2d inc 4s, '89	70	70	70	— ¼
77¼	68¾	71	St L S W con 4s, '32	76	74¾	75¼	+ 1¼
84	71	39	St L S W 1st Term 5s, '52	82¼	81¼	82¼	+ 1¼
83½	76	73	St P & K C Sh L 4½s, '41	83¼	80¼	83¼	+ 2½
111	105¼	1	St P, M & M con 6s, '33	109	109	109	...
99¼	92¼	2	St P, M & M 4½s, '33	99¼	99¼	99¼	+ 2¾
112	103¼	23	St P, M & M 6s, '37	111	111	111	...
92¼	88	4	StP,M&M,MonExt4s,'37	92¼	91¼	92	+ ¾
79¾	70	10	San Ant & A P 4s, '43	76	75¼	76	...
30	12¾	23	Seab A L adj 5s, '49	26¼	25	25	— 1
82	31¼	125	Seab A L ref 4s, '59	45¼	41¾	41¾	— ¼
85¼	41	53	Seab A L con 6s, '45	60	58¼	60	+ 1
100	93	9	Sharon Steel Hoop 8s, '41	97¾	97¼	97¾	+ ¼
99¾	98	283	Sinc Crude O pr 5½s, '25	99	98¼	99	— ¼
100½	99	357	Sinclair Oil 7s, w i, 1927	99¾	98¾	99¼	— ¼
105	93	67	Sinclair Oil 7½s, '25	104¼	103¼	104	+ ¾
96	91	9	South Bell Tel 5s, '41	94¼	94¼	94¼	— ¼
96	91	4	South Bell Tel 5s, '41	96	94¾	96	+ 1½
100¾	94	35	S Porto Rico Sug 7s, '41	98¼	97¼	97¾	...
94½	78	71	Southern Pac col 4s, '49	90	88	89¾	+ 1½
89¾	95¾	5	Southern Pac cv 5s, '34	102	102	102	...
93	86	221	Southern Pac cv 4s, '29	92	91¼	91¾	...
90	83¾	402	Southern Pac ref 4s, '55	89¼	88¼	89¼	+ 1
101¼	100¼	2	So Pac Coll 4s, Ser A, '37	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
84¾	79¼	32	So Pac S F Ter 4s, '50	84	82¼	83¾	— ¾
99¾	87¼	10	So Ry 1st 5s, '94	96	95	95¾	— ¾
69	61	137	So Ry gen 4s, '56	68	66¾	67¼	— ¾
100¼	94¼	380	So Ry dev 6½s, '56	100¼	99¾	100¼	+ ¾
79	73¾	4	So Ry, M & O col tr 4s, '45	74¾	74¼	74¼	+ ¾
95	89	1	So Ry, Mem Div 5s, 1996	95	95	95	...
97	90	7	Std Milling 1st 5s, '30	97	96¼	96¾	— ¼
107¼	105¼	50	Std Oil of Cal 7s, '31	106	105¼	106	+ ¾
103	95¾	15	Std Oil & Tube 7s, '31	101¼	100¼	100¼	...
86¼	85¼	2	Syracuse L & P col 5s, '54	85¼	85¼	85¼	...
99	96¼	4	TENN & I gen 5s, 1951	99	98½	99¼	— ¼
101	92¼	1	Tenn Cop cv 6s, '25	99¾	99¾	99¾	— ¼
99¾	94¼	7	Term Ref & M 5s, '52	99¾	99¼	99¾	— ¼
96	92	3	Term As St L 4½s, '39	93¾	93¾	93¾	— 1
83¾	76¼	6	Term As St L ref 4s, '53	81	80¼	81	+ ¾
100	87¼	14	Texas Pac 1st 5s, 2000	94	92¾	93¾	— ¾
62¾	44½	147	Third Avenue adj 5s, '60	59	57	60¼	+ 1
69	56¾	13	Third Avenue ref 4s, '60	64¼	64	64¼	+ ¼
103¾	100	31	Tide Water O 6½s, '31	103¾	102	103¾	...
104	97¾	32	Tob Prod gen s f 7s, '31	103¾	102	103¼	+ ¼
108¾	104¾	88	Toledo Ed 1st 7s, '41	105¼	105	105¼	— ¼
77	71	15	Tol, St L & W pr ln 4s, '50	73	71	71¼	+ 1¼
92¼	84	2	Tol, St L&W pr ln 5½s, '25	91¼	91¼	91¼	+ ¾
100¾	96	17	Tri-City 5s, '23	100	100	100	...
92	80	3	ULSTER & DEL 5s, 1928	92	92	92	+ ¾
104¾	88¼	1	Un Bag & Paper 5s, '30	103¾	103¼	103¼	— ¾
99	90¾	35	Un B & P ds,A, int cts,'42	97½	96¾	97¼	+ 1¼
93	86¾	8	Un El L & P 5s, '33	91	91¼	91¼	— ¾
94	81¼	215	Un Oil 5s, 1947	86	85¼	85¼	+ 1¼
88¼	81¼	68	Un Pac 1st ref 4s, 2008	88½	87	87¾	+ 1
95¾	89	148	Un Pac conv 4s, '27	95¾	95	95¼	+ ¼
104½	102	24	Un Pac 6s, 1928	103¼	103¼	103¼	— ¼
104	97¾	12	Un Tank Car 6s, '30	103¾	103¼	103¾	+ ¾
112	104	24	United Drug cv 8s, '41	111	110	110	— 2
99¾	93¼	7	United Fuel Gas 6s, '36	97	96¼	97	+ ¾
86¼	75	3	United Rys Sa (Pitts), '24	84¼	83¼	83¾	— ¾
101¼	98	13	U S Distilling 5s, '42	101¼	100¼	101	+ ¼
97	93	8	U S Realty temp 5s, 1924	95¼	95¼	95¼	— ¼
105	100	8	U S Rubber 7s, 1923	102¾	102¾	102¾	+ ¾
90	86	114	U S Rub 1st & ref 5s	90	89	90	+ 2
109¾	103¼	23	U S Rubber 7½s, 1930	109¾	107¼	109¾	+ ¾
103¾	96	1	U S Sm, R & M cv 6s, '26	102	102	102	— ¾
104	99¼	176	U S Steel 5s, 1963	103¾	102¼	102¾	+ ¾
98¾	82	20	Utah Pow & Lt 5s, 1944	91	90¼	91	— ¾
47¼	26	1	VERA CRUZ & P 4½s, '34	35½	35½	35½	— 2¾
101¾	93	25	Va-Car Chem 1st 5s, '23	99¾	99¾	99¾	— ¼
99¼	96	98	Va-Car Chem s f 7s, Ser A, int ctfs, 1947	98¾	98¾	98¾	— ¼
105½	91	44	Va-Car Chem 7s, 1923	105½	105½	105½	...
99¾	92	11	Va-Car Ch cv deb 6s, '24	99¾	99¾	99¾	...
93¾	87	2	Va Iron, C & C 5s, '49	92¾	92¾	92¾	+ ¾
80¾	72	2	Virginian Ry & F 5s, 1934	79¾	79¾	79¾	— ¾
97	88	53	Virginian Ry 1st 5s, 1962	96	95	95¾	— ¼
83	74	3	Va & So-Wn con 5s	81	81	81	...
98¼	93¾	21	WABASH 1st 5s, 1939	98¼	96	98	— ¾
90	81¼	21	Wabash 2d 5s, 1939	90	89¾	89	+ 2¾
101½	99¼	17	Warner Sug 1st 7s, '41	101¼	100¼	101¼	+ ¼
81	79¾	1	Wash Term 3½s, 1945	80¼	80¼	80¼	— ¼
100¼	99	10	Western Electric 5s, 1922	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
67½	58¼	53	Western Md 4s, 1952	64	64	64	+ ¾
88¼	84¼	27	Western Pac 5s, 1946	87¼	86	86	...
100	97	5	West Pac temp 6s, 1946	98¼	98¼	98¼	...
80¼	72½	1	W N Y & Pa gen 4s, 1943	78	78	78	— ¼
98¾	93	8	W N Y & Pa 1st 5s, 1937	98	98	98	— ¼
93	83	9	West Penn Pow 5s, 1946	93	92¾	92¾	— ¼
104¼	103¼	11	West Penn Pow 7s, 1946	104¼	103¾	104¼	+ ¼
100	90¾	1	West Un Tel col 5s, 1938	99	99	99	— ¼
94¾	85½	16	West Un Tel 4½s, 1950	92¼	91¾	92¼	+ ¼
110¼	106¼	29	West Un Tel 6½s, 1936	110	108¾	110	— ¾
55	34¾	20	West Shore 4s, 2361	38¼	37¾	38¼	+ ¾
82½	70¾	13	West Shore 4s, reg, 2361	82½	80¼	82¼	+ 1¼
108	105	32	Whouse E & M 7s, 1931	107	106¾	107	— ¼
76	62	26	Wheel & L E con 4s, 1949	75¼	72¾	75¼	+ 2¾
65¾	53	2	Wheel & L E ref 4½s, 1966	58	58	58	— ¾
101¼	96	56	Wickwire Steel 7s, 1935	100	98	100	+ 1¾
100	93	57	Wilson & Co 1st 6s, 1941	99¼	97¼	99	+ 1
107	94¼	84	Wilson & Co cv 7½s, 1931	103	102¼	103	+ ¼
86	84¼	50	Wilson & Co cv 6s, 1928	85¼	84¾	85¼	— 1¼
83	74¾	23	Wis Cent gen 4s, 1949	82	80¾	81	— ¾
81	75¼	8	Wis Cen, S & D Div 4s, '36	79	78¼	79	...
82	77	5	Winston-Sal So B 4s, 1960	82	81¼	81¼	— ¼

Total sales $28,577,000

Grand total $71,777,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
July 3	4.43	4.41¼	4.43	4.43¼	4.41¼	4.43¼
July 4	Holiday					
July 5	4.45¾	4.43½	4.45¾	4.45¾	4.44¼	4.45¾
July 6	4.46¾	4.43¾	4.45	4.46¾	4.44	4.45¼
July 7	4.45	4.44	4.44¼	4.45¼	4.44¼	4.44¼
July 8	4.45¼	4.44¼	4.45¼	4.45¼	4.44¼	4.44¼
Week's range—						
High	4.46¾ Thursday			4.46¾ Thursday		
Low	4.41¼ Monday			4.41¼ Monday		
Year to date—						
High	4.81¼ June 8			4.81¼ June 8		
Low	4.17 Jan. 5			4.17¼ Jan. 5		

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
July 3	8.36¼	8.32¼	8.36	8.37	8.34	8.36¼
July 4	Holiday					
July 5	8.25	8.19	8.21¼	8.25¼	8.19¼	8.22
July 6	8.14¼	7.99¼	8.04¼	8.15

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

The thunderstorm stopped the Forest Hills West Auction Sale on Saturday

After 500 Lots were sacrificed---Just when buyers with $30 deposit each were securing choice lots---Just when hundreds of them were laying the foundation of their fortunes by buying these lots at the prevailing bargain prices--the tent blew down!

The Storm on Saturday makes the bargain opportunity TO-DAY for the buyers of FOREST HILLS WEST lots at the Pennsylvania Hotel (7th Ave. and 33rd St.)

300 Pioneers started on their way to make their fortunes Saturday afternoon by purchasing FOREST HILLS WEST lots! Do you want to be one of the 300 TO-DAY or TO-NIGHT?

Come to the Pennsylvania Hotel TO-DAY and BUY a few FOREST HILLS WEST lots at 2 o'clock afternoons or 8 o'clock evenings.

Remember, FOREST HILLS WEST LOTS are four miles nearer 42nd St. and Broadway than Jamaica. On the outskirts of Jamaica lots are selling for $800 to $2,500 each. FOREST HILLS WEST lots will go for whatever you wish to pay for them TO-DAY and TO-NIGHT.

Some of the best FOREST HILLS WEST Lots and 10 Houses remain to be sold TO-DAY (Monday) and TO-NIGHT.

The Boom has already started at FOREST HILLS WEST

Get aboard TO-DAY or TO-NIGHT at your own price

FOREST HILLS WEST lots will be sold for whatever you wish to pay

Continuation Auction Sale

IN THE BALLROOM OF THE

Pennsylvania Hotel

Seventh Ave., 32nd to 33rd Streets

TO-DAY

At 2 P.M. and at 8 P.M.

And every day thereafter until every lot is sold

Forest Hills West

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD STATION "MATAWOK"
BOROUGH OF QUEENS, NEW YORK CITY

All the Remaining Unsold
1500 Forest Hills West—New York City LOTS

With a large frontage on QUEENS BOULEVARD, both sides of WOODHAVEN BOULEVARD, Yellowstone Ave. and adjacent Streets

Savings Bank Books, on proper assignment, or Liberty Bonds at market value accepted as deposit

Titles insured free to purchasers by The Title Guarantee & Trust Company

70% may remain on mortgage or monthly installments of 2%

Send for bookmap

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Phone Cortlandt 6144

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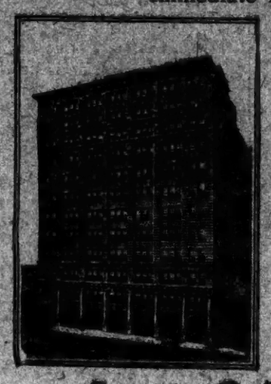

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STORE— 116 x 98.9
1st LOFT— 126 x 86
2nd LOFT— Approximately 5,000 Sq. Ft.

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Moderate Rentals

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Commercial Dept.
Times Building Tel. Bryant 4000

Accessibility 100%

COLUMBIA TRUST BUILDING
358-5th Ave. (N. W. Corner of 34th St.)

THE possession of an office or showroom in this distinctive, well located building means

A Perfect Business Home

Large and small offices and showrooms.
Apply on premises or Phone Fitzroy 3989

SAUL WILCHINS, AGENT 1 W. 34TH ST.

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Modern Office Building
For Rent
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Jamaica, L. I., N. Y. City
5-story and basement. 17,000 square feet. Heating plant and elevator.
Immediate Possession
Apply
C. A. LEASENFELD
141 Broadway
Phone—Rector 1066

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE DAINTIEST LITTLE HOUSE

in all the Jersey Hills; water rights on chain of pretty lakes; built for year round occupancy; fine trees. High ground; 7 rooms, tiled bath; beautiful and refined neighborhood; sale only; plot 100x150 ft., fine street, plenty of flowers and trees; easy commutation New York city; every convenience for comfortable living; invest a little cash and what you now pay rent for and own your own home. DON'T DELAY. Can be bought for $11,750. Balance of $8,250 on easy term mortgages; ready to move into. M. A., Post Office Box 378, City Hall Station, New York City.

MOUNTAIN LAKES NEW JERSEY
SHORT TRIP
MODERN HOMES
(at year round prices) ready for occupancy now. Only an hour from N. Y. Houses with tiled bath (7 rooms, $15,750) and 11-room house with 2 baths, garage and 3 acres. Many prices, many fine designs; 50 miles out on N. Y. and N. J. R.R. Little cash and your first home free. Call for details at Mountain Lakes, Inc., 170 Broadway, N. Y. C. (Tel. 1121 Cort.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—For Sale or To Let.

ADAM A. WESCHLER, AUCTIONEER.

Trustees' Sale of Valuable Improved Real Estate, being the property known as the Hadleigh Apartment Hotel, Sixteenth, V and W Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.; containing about 300 apartments, also stores, shops and concessions, and certain unimproved land in rear of said building.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust, being instrument No. 64, recorded April 24, 1922, among the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees, will offer for sale at public auction, in front of the premises, on SATURDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JULY, A.D., 1922, AT 4 O'CLOCK P. M., the following described land and premises, situate in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, to-wit:

All of lot numbered twenty-six (26), in Frank C. Lewis's subdivision of lots forty (40), to sixty-four (64), and part of lot sixty-five (65), and part of alley closed, in square numbered one hundred eighty-eight (188), as per plat of said subdivision in Liber 22, folio 165, of the records of the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia; this being the property known as the Hadleigh Apartments, subject to a prior deed of trust the unpaid balance upon which aggregates approximately the sum of $2,250,666.67 and accrued interest, the exact amount of which will be announced at the time of sale, and subject also to such estate, if any, as may remain after sale, in the present lessee and tenant, who now occupies the premises under a certain lease for 21 years, bearing date the 21 day of September, 1920, and duly recorded in the land records of the District of Columbia.

Terms of sale: One-half of the purchase money, free and clear of trust, to be paid in cash, the balance in twelve equal monthly installments, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, secured by deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser, a deposit of $20,000 required of the purchaser at time of sale. All conveyancing, recording, revenue stamps and material fees at the cost of the purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within thirty days from day of sale, otherwise the trustees reserve the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in the city of Washington, D. C. Title good of record or no sale.

HAYDEN JOHNSON
WM. H. HOLLOWAY,
Woodward Building,
Trustees.

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last page.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A COUNTRY HOME NEAR-BY

One of the finest places at Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon on almost an acre of land, attractively laid out in lawns and gardens, with many fine fruit trees, grape arbors and flowering plants. Handsome residence of 12 rooms and 2 baths; large garage; ideal home for a large family; convenient to station and schools.

An excellent buy at $37,500.

ANDERSON-REALTY CO.
Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

WE OFFER AS A SPLENDID INVESTMENT

AN OFFICE BUILDING

IN THE

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE

AT A VERY LOW PRICE

TO AN IMMEDIATE PURCHASER

PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Avenue, N.Y. Tel Murray Hill 6200

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29 West 34th St.
LARGE AND SMALL OFFICE
Excellent Light Modern Building
Reasonable Rent
Apply on Premises.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Reliable painter, decorator, long established, wants desk room, real estate office, where work can be obtained. Rent not to exceed $50. Highest references.

Miller, C 192 Times.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—Mass Sale.

120 East 31st St.
3 Rooms & Bath—Murray Hill
Fireproof Elevator Apartment.
Unequalled Service—Moderate Rent.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FIRST MORTGAGE MONEY AT 5½%
IN LARGE AMOUNTS.
Permanent and Building Mortgages, second mortgage purchase money; no red tape; also large sums for out-of-town industrial property.
J. I. RYAN CORP.,
29 Broadway, Whitehall 6656.

MONEY to loan on first mortgages; large amounts on Manhattan business property. Write or phone Walter Mullett, 2 Rector St. Rector 4868.

First and second mortgages on real property. Apply H. D. L. Sher, Room 802, 160 Broadway, N. Y. City.

PRIVATE party purchases 2d mortgages Brooklyn property; quick action given. B 118 Times.

Construction Loans and Second Mortgages. AMDUR-ELLIS CO., INC., 342 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 1034.

LOANS on second mortgages promptly made. Greater New York property. Cosmopolitan Credit Corporation, 162 West 34th St.

$3,000,000 TO LOAN.
Charges only 4 per cent. and disbursements. Bulkley Co., 310 Broadway. Barclay 8194.

LOANS, second mortgages, Bronx, 4½ st. Morningside 3000.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New
Elevator Garden Apartment Homes
3 to 10 Rooms
1 to 4 Baths

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Social and Business Relationships Assured

Take Subway to Grand Central, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Queens Line) to 25th St. (Jackson Heights Station—(Office Opposite Station)

By Motor—Midtown Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

15 Minutes from Fifth Ave. & 57th St.

Show apartments, Site and Information Office open for inspection until 8 P.M. every day.

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
50 East 42nd Street

Unfurnished—West Side.

THE ALBERTA
ELEVATOR APARTMENT
3 ROOMS. EVERY IMPROVEMENT.
Cor. Edgecombe Ave. & 159th St.
Near "L" and express subway station. Phone Wadsworth 8700.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

GOOD location, small apartments, moderate rents, premises; the establishment does not fear of depreciation of values; there can be no safer investment if made under the above conditions; we offer a 6-story, new-law, fireproof tenement at 45th St., near Madison, each floor divided into 3-3 and 1-4 on each floor; marble halls, enameled slabs, hot water, no steam; annual rent $10,800; price, $100,000; mortgage for $60,000 can be had; $100,000 cash. Peccia & Co., Times Building. Tel. 4000 Bryant.

$1,500 CASH WILL BUY
148 West 76th St., 3-story dwelling 17x100; rented to monthly tenant at $200 a month; electric lights throughout; price, $16,000; first mortgage $15,000, 6 per cent. for 3 years; balance second mortgage. Owner, James H. Cruikshank, 81-83 Maiden Lane. Telephone Beek. 8301.

SCHOOL.

Large private residence, corner; unusual light; fine location and surroundings; equipped with elevator; Act; can be sold; chassis on easy terms or may be leased for long term.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 103 WEST 72D ST.

DEATH of owner furnishes opportunity to buy building vicinity of 50th St. and Madison Av., considerably below its real value; present lease will carry investment to time of certain enhancement; unusual opportunity for an investment of the best kind. Peter Grimm, Vanderbilt 7897.

5th AV. and 50th St.—Finest piece of specialties and investment property in York; rule; first time offered in 30 years; requires $10,000 cash; good opportunity for store keepers or large dry goods concern; entrance from 50th. J. S. and G. A. Eisaline, 500 5th Av.

WEST 48TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—35 feet, 3-story American basement; electric elevator; Columbia leasehold; bargain for quick sale; all cash; settle at estate. Good, wm. A. Goodwin, 148 West 57th St. Circle 8205.

61ST, 69 WEST (south Bryant 3000).—Private home converted apartment; one thousand invested brings ownership; five suits and 20 per cent. income for life; immediate possession; can you beat it? Investigate.

MR. INVESTOR, let me submit particulars of 41 apartments; price, $1,000. H. Strockhausen, 330 East 86th St.

BARGAIN—630 West End Av., near 90th St., 20-ft. dwelling; electric light, parquet floors, 4th bath; price right; easy terms. Gardner, on premises.

EXTRA fine 15-family flat, rent $11,000; asking $80,000; a positive bargain. Kinkins, 200 5th Av.

DIVISION ST. 232—Executors' sale; 7-story and rear house; deep lot; $18,000; cash $5,000. Listeck, 15 Murray St.

67TH, 137 WEST—Handsome dwelling, parquet floor, electric light, 3 baths; excellent condition; price right. Caretaker on premises.

115TH, 310 WEST—Immediate possession; dwelling, 3½ story, low price; reasonable cash required. SHARIF, 170 Broadway.

87TH, WEST—For sale, house, 12 rooms, 3 baths, $28,000; cash required, $5,000; bargain. Eberson, 32 West 42d St.

18TH, WEST—14 rooms, 3 baths; $275 month. Ellerson, 26 West 42d.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

$2,000 CASH, balance $1,000 on easy terms; one block west of Van Cortlandt Park and Broadway; just completed, corner Newton and Parkway Avs.; beautiful California residence; 7 rooms, bath and breakfast nook; all improvements; wonderful outlook over Park; open for inspection. H. V. Green Construction Co., 45 West 34th St., N. Y. Telephone Fitzroy 5800.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

BAY RIDGE (53d and 3). Desirable property at best location of Bay Ridge at one-year price; lot 50x115; 9-rooms, sun porch 20 floor; 2-car garage, steam heat, electric light, hardwood floors, large living room, with open fireplace. Apply to owner on premises.

TWO-FAMILY BRICK, $18,000.
11 rooms and all improvements; located at 1170 East 18th St., near Avenue J, Brighton Beach, Flatbush; a choice residential section; cash required, $3,000. F. Bu, owner, first floor.

EIGHT-ROOM brick, all improvements; 2 baths; sun parlor, enclosed porch. Fitzroy 9781.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

BELLE HARBOR—Twelve-room house for sale; 2 baths, hot water heat, electric light; garage; plot 50x100; ocean block; all year house. Thomas E. Rogers, 820 Grand St., Brooklyn.

ON JACKSON AV., Woodside, corner plot, 100x150, including 10-room hotel; terms to suit. Tyrwhitt, Builder, 48 4th St., Woodside. Tel. 0546 Newtown.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

DO YOU WANT A BEAUTIFUL LITTLE HOME FOR $1,000 CASH AND $6,500 ON VERY EASY TERMS?

The house has just been completed, contains six rooms and bath, with a breakfast nook; every modern improvement, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, and sewers (no cesspool). Open for inspection. Battle and Waldo Avs., Fort Slocum, N. Y., or GREEN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, 45 West 34th St., N. Y. City. Fitzroy 5800.

NEW ROCHELLE BARGAIN
FOR QUICK SALE:
Modern house, two bedrooms, tiled bathroom, best materials and workmanship, 3 rooms, garage; half-acre corner plot, with beautiful trees, gardens and lawns; high, convenient location; properly restricted; time clause for balance; house would cost $20,000 to duplicate; and land worth $10,000; price $26,000, half cash. B. 1083 Times Annex.

MAMARONECK—Two-family house, all improvements; beautiful grounds; garage; $13,500 cash $3,000. Swegel, 40 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.; near station. Phone Mamaroneck 923.

PLEASANTVILLE properties for sale and rent. GEORGE F. ARCHER, 10 EAST 40th ST. VANDERBILT 8084.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

SHIPPAN POINT—STAMFORD, CONN. For sale, attractive cottage of 7 rooms, 3 baths; bathing with glass and screened porch with gas and electricity, hot water heat; garage; beach right; splendid view of Long Island Sound; occupancy Oct. 1, $1,500 cash required. REID & FIERSON, 36 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn. Telephone 1218 Stamford.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.

Building lots in Fairfield, six or more acres, or less if desired, in the most beautiful part of Eastern Connecticut overlooking the Pequonnock River. An ideal spot for permanent or summer home; price reasonable and material for foundation or cellarage furnished free of charge. Address R. C. Murray, Bethel, Conn. R. F. D. 1.

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HEMPSTEAD BARGAINS.

(1) Very attractive bungalow, 6 rooms, on large graded plot, $4,500; terms $1,000 cash, balance to suit; must be seen to be appreciated. (2) Choice four-lot paved, unrestricted, in best property section; unusual opportunity for home builder; ideal price $600, terms $50 cash, balance $5 per month. (3) Two choice building lots, 80x100, in a desirable magnificent section; total price $1,000; one-half cash, balance easy payments. (4) One acre parcel, high, dry and level; ideal for summer estate; price $375; terms $100 cash, balance $10 per month. (5) Two very desirable home sites, each 80x150, situated between two main macadamized roads; one plot is cleared, the other has beautiful trees; price for each plot $600; terms $75 cash, balance $10 per month. (6) Two macadamized road frontage; one is considerable traffic; price $425, terms $50 cash, $5 per month. (7) Charming old Colonial homestead, also modern bungalow on 2 acres; price, special price, $11,000; will allow for modern improvements. (8) Three choice bungalow lots, each 25x100, $150 per lot; terms $50 cash, balance $5 per month. (9) Ideal summer home site; large, beautiful oak trees; plot 100x150; price $650; terms $50 cash, $5 per month. We endorse the above properties and guarantee them to be as we state, and invite inspection. Write for full particulars, indicating by number which property you are interested in.

O. L. SCHWENCKE LAND CO.
(Established 25 Years.)
896 Fulton Av., Hempstead, Long Island.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE
30 Minutes From Broadway
Get a real home with every modern convenience; a big plot with trees, lawn, garden; the price is a bargain; a community of home owners of modest means.

Dainty new six-room houses, glass sun parlor, gas, electric, garage; plot 50x150; price, at $6,500 for quick action. Others 5, 7, 8 rooms, $6,500 to $15,000. Terms to suit.

In the pre-war houses we have some splendid opportunities; any size or type you desire. Also a large selection of houses for remodeling, on plots of half acre to 10 acres.

Choice building and bungalow plots near water; land transfer at reasonable terms. Home builders assisted.
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253 West 42d St. Bryant 8070.
In Front of Rockville Centre Phone 1794.
Opposite Station, Long Branch cars connect (Co. Ry. Island R.R. Station 9:40 P. M. Sun.)

$1,000 CASH—Owner sacrifices brand new 6-room stucco house and garage at Hempstead, Long Island, every conceivable improvement; first mortgage $4,750 held by Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. at 5½; second mortgage $4,000 on easy terms; exceptional bargain. Phone owner, Chelsea 1119.

GREAT NECK BUNGALOW BARGAIN; SHORT of business compels sale; actually more than six months' modern improvements built by day labor; artistic design, large plot, waterfront privileges, on beach; wire phone, running and full equipment will be given. Address Bargain, Box 1, Times Annex.

HUNTINGTON, L. I.—New 2-room bungalow, near station and one block from river; lot 75x110; water and electricity; large lot; ideal week end place; price $1,000, $100 cash, balance easy terms. Guide, Huntington, Huntington, L. I. Phone 4?.

NEW Dutch Colonial home, 8 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, open fireplace, hardwood floors, all improvements; plot 40x100; two minutes' walk from station; one of the finest Nassau communities on Long Island; 40 minutes out; price $6,900; on any terms to suit your convenience. B 8?4 Times.

$500 CASH and $40 per month secures possession of attractive new cottage, 4 rooms, bath and all improvements; plot 50x100; located in charming residential community 45 minutes out; full price $4,500. B. R. 8?4 Times.

15 MINUTES PENN. STATION.
House 8 rooms, steam heat, gas, water, electricity, garage, stable, nearly one acre; all rare frontage; splendid fruit trees, grape arbor; bargain for cash. Stephenson, 208 West 34th St.

BEECHHURST, plot 80x100, two minutes from railroad station, on Sound, desirable location; price and terms reasonable. Harris, care Bayside Co., 30 East 23d Street, Madison Square 1081.

FIRST ST., between 8th and 9th Avs., Amityville, basement, 2-story, 21x100, 10 rooms, 2 baths, water, gas, electric lights, hot water heat; $25,000. Henry Parsons, 154 Flatbush Av., Sterling 4500.

HUNTINGTON—One-half acre nicely located, 8-room house and chicken house; well water; price $4,000; cash only. Thos. D. Morris, Huntington, L. I. Tel. Huntington 83.

FAR ROCKAWAY — 6-room, new brick house, all improvements; near school; steam heat. Far Rockaway 3084-3361, or Bryant 9000.

CEDARHURST—For rent from Oct. 1 to June 1, furnished house, 8-9 rooms. For particulars inquire of Mr. Lamar Hunt.

New York State—For sale or To Let.

HILLSDALE, Columbia Co., N. Y., colonial 7-room cottage, water, furnace, pantry, two-room bungalow, two acres; $2,000. Mrs. C. S. Terrill.

FOR SALE in the Berkshire Hills, $800 bungalow. T 2?1 Times Annex.

SUMMER HOMES

Staten Island.

NEW DORP, S. I.—For sale, 8-room cottage with modern improvements; two lots; two porches; 45 minutes from Manhattan; will sacrifice. For information, 132 University Place, 7th floor, or call 3753 Stuyvesant.

Westchester County.

RYE—To sublet, 7-room, furnished house; all improvements; August to Oct. 1; $100. 37 Corbett Place.

Connecticut.

WESTHAVEN—Seven-room cottage; all improvements; 2 block from beach and trolley; fully furnished. Apply M16, Bracketts, Auburn Av.

SUMMER HOMES (Connecticut)—Cottages completely furnished; 8 rooms and screened; beautiful surroundings. Fed. Sterling 7848.

Long Island.

FAR ROCKAWAY—3-room furnished apartment, bath, heat and hot water; $400 for Summer. Apply Mr. Stanley, 1?? Beach 9?? St., Far Rockaway. 1?8?. Address 1088 Holly-wood Av.

FAR ROCKAWAY—New houses, furnished, fenced Gardens; near Ditmas Hotel; from $750; between Ocean Shells, Far Rockaway 3?2?.

BAYVILLE—Bungalows on L. I. Sound (fine fishing); for rent by week; all conveniences; price $100 per week; also Bungalow, Office, Tel. Bayville 8?.

OCEAN FRONT HOUSE, furnished, 8 rooms, 2 baths; hot water, gas, electricity; lawn, 80 Beach 84 St., Far Rockaway.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Bungalows and houses, $350 and upward. Phone 1?? W. Far Rockaway. 50 B. Mackie.

LONG BEACH—Furnished apartment, facing Ocean for rent. Byrne, 3 Front St. Telephone Long Beach 843.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A QUAINT Stile home on 2 acres, about 2 miles, just 1 hour from Times Sq., in perfectly quiet, secluded, yet accessible location; one hour from Times Sq.; 2 miles from splendid commercial and golf club; 40-thirty trains daily; 2 miles from Lake Hopatcong; 2 miles from Lake Musconetcong; 2 miles from Budd Lake; 2 miles from Stanhope; 2 miles from Netcong; 2 miles from Mt. Tabor; 2 miles from Dover; 2 miles from Rockaway; 2 miles from Boonton; 2 miles from Montville; 2 miles from Pine Brook; 2 miles from Kenvil; 2 miles from Chester; 2 miles from Mt. Freedom; 2 miles from Morristown; 2 miles from Madison; 2 miles from Chatham; 2 miles from Summit; 2 miles from Millburn; 2 miles from Short Hills; 2 miles from Maplewood; 2 miles from South Orange; 2 miles from Orange; 2 miles from Montclair; 2 miles from Upper Montclair; 2 miles from Glen Ridge; 2 miles from Bloomfield; 2 miles from Belleville; 2 miles from Nutley; 2 miles from Kearny; 2 miles from Harrison; 2 miles from Newark; 2 miles from Jersey City; 2 miles from Hoboken; 2 miles from Weehawken; 2 miles from Union Hill; 2 miles from West New York; 2 miles from Guttenberg; 2 miles from North Bergen; 2 miles from Fairview; 2 miles from Cliffside; 2 miles from Fairlawn; 2 miles from Paterson; 2 miles from Passaic; 2 miles from Clifton; 2 miles from Montclair

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

249 WEST 34TH ST.,
opposite Penn. and L. I. Depot.
IMPOSING BANKING HOUSE BUILDING.
LIGHT AND AIRY OFFICES
from $20.00 up.
Furnished if desired.
IMMEDIATE TELEPHONE SERVICE.
Phone Longacre 2730—Brokers protected.

SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED OFFICES.
GUARANTY TRUST BLDG.
5th Av. at 44th St.
2,000 ft., most desirable space in building, magnificently furnished in mahogany; entire space fully carpeted; three entrances; telephones, 8 trunks, several extensions; will sell furniture at 25 per cent. of cost or rent furnished.
BAUER, MILBANK & MOLLOY, Inc.,
31 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936

ATTRACTIVE private office in high class building to sublet; artistically decorated and partially furnished; overlooking Bryant Park; excellent location; about 200 square feet; with or without private porter and telephone service; distinctive atmosphere; Delpark, Inc., 58 West 40th St.

ABOUT 4,000 square feet in Marbridge Bldg., opposite Hotel McAlpin, 34th St. and Broadway; mezzanine floor, 3 show windows with 600 square feet for display; will sublet long or short term; brokers protected. Apply Room 716, Phone Fitzroy 5395.

41ST ST., 601 WEST (northwest cor. B'way, next to corner store)—Store and basement, with fine show window; profitable location for any business; long lease; reasonable rental. C. Winternitz, 135 Broadway. Tel. 8336 Rector.

OFFICE—SHOWROOM.
600-5th Ave. Sprinkler-Shipping facilities.
Floor 8, x 100, Possession.
Rooms, 700 Square Feet.
F. J. GUILEYOLE & CO.,
Cortland 7475. 165 Broadway.

SHOWROOM, attractive, best location, 700 feet; facilities for stock and shipping if desired; jewelry, toys, leather, fancy goods preferred. 1107 Broadway, at 24th St., room 1210. Watkins 3171.

SUITE, handsome walnut furnished offices; light 3 sides, 10 windows; cork carpet, telephone booths, 2 trunk lines; excellent service. Grand Central zone. Vanderbilt 0853.

BARGAIN—GROUND FLOOR, 50x100.
415 East 100th St., city; driveway, steam heat; used for laundry or other purposes. Phone M. Schwartz, Bensonhurst 7306, until 1 P. M.

CANADIAN PACIFIC BUILDING.
342 Madison Av.; light, attractive private office in accountant's suite; reasonable rental. Inquire Room 1915. Telephone Vanderbilt 10361.

TO LET—Private office, Wall Street; beautiful light, furnished; telephone and stenographic service if desired; Cuban or South American exporter preferred. V 688 Times Downtown.

LADIES' WEAR SHOP, workroom, fully equipped; dressmaker, milliner; old establishment; 5th Av. section. Durens, 33 East 62d St.

SMALL LOFTS, $50.
NO MANUFACTURING BUSINESS.
HENRY BRADY, 130 WEST 33D ST.

LOFTS TO LET.
462 WEST 27TH STREET.
WATKINS 9316.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

MUST Sublet—Furnished, two offices; all, part or each room, with service; exceptionally attractive. Inquire Room 1306 Flatiron Building, 175 5th Av.

OFFICE to sublet, furnished, beautiful, 350 sq. ft. Loew Building, 46th and Broadway. Apply to J. Friedman, 147 West 46th St., or Phone Bryant 8190.

GREENWICH ST., 100—Store, wonderful location for live business; Rector St. subway and elevated in front of store. Bowling Green 3476.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY for dressmaker or milliner; one share a loft on 5th Av. with firm having first-class following. Address S 144 Times.

BROADWAY OFFICE, handsome equipment and lease to be had reasonably. Room 604, Broka's Building, 1,457 Broadway. Bryant 0422.

DESIRABLE small light lofts to let; suitable for light manufacturing; also complete dress shop for sale. 145 West 18th St.

PRIVATE OFFICE, $30-$75.
Includes service. No lease required.
Mail and telephone privileges, $5.
Duane Co., 206 Broadway. Worth 250.

BROADWAY (near 14th St.)—Will rent 1 or 2 small private offices furnished; telephone service, $30-$40. For further particulars address Stuyvesant 8600.

STORE—Broadway, near 42d St.; building to be remodeled. Apply now to secure best arrangement. Wm. S. Constant Co., 115 Broadway. Rector 4900.

OFFICE, private, large, light, excellently furnished, with service; wonderful location; Marbridge Bldg., Broadway and 34th St., Room 1,153.

SUBLET, furnished, desirable suite of offices or any part; switchboard, 5 extensions; immediate possession. Room 505, 120 Liberty St. Rector 9058.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE BUILDING.
8 East 54th Street.
Suites of three and six rooms. Telephone 5600 Plaza.

UNUSUAL!—Only $18 monthly; desk space; bright office, overlooking Public Library; 500 5th Av., Suite 320. Telephone lessee Beekman 6185.

BROADWAY, 1,974 (67th St.)—Small office, furnished; private entrance; phone service. Hobson.

TWO beautiful front offices for rent; cheap. Apply 321 Broadway, Room 41.

Desk Room.

AT 500 5TH AV. (COR. 42D ST.).
Desks with excellent service, $10 up.
Mail-phone service, $4. Suite 405-8.

DESK, $15; office, $30; full service; mailing privileges, $3. Kerfut, 321 Broadway.

DESK room in light, airy office, reasonable. Room 1204, 261 4th Av.

DESK room in furnished office; all conveniences; best location. Penn 6694.

DESK room or part of office; telephone; stenographer. Room 906, 1,123 B'way.

Bronx.

2,304 GRAND CONCOURSE.
AUTOMOBILE DISTRICT. RESIDENTIAL
2 LIGHT FLOORS.
ALSO DESK ROOM, OFFICE SPACE.
INQUIRE TEL. MELROSE 5005.

STORE FOR RENT, near theatre, suitable confectionery, cigars. MINTZ, 882 Prospect Av.

TREMONT AV., 50 EAST (Near Concourse)—Single, double stores; reasonable rents.

Brooklyn.

APARTMENT corner, suitable for dentist or photographer, Eastern Parkway and Utica Av., subway station. Details inquire 259 Utica Av., or phone Decatur 4128.

NEAR Williamsburg Bridge, corner loft, 3,000 feet. P. 26 Marcy Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester County.

SOUTH BROADWAY, 439 (Yonkers)—Desirable single and double stores; reasonable rents.

New Jersey.

STORE for rent; best location New Brunswick, N. J.; good for drug, novelties or any men's wear line; good proposition. Chelsea 4367.

FACTORIES.

FACTORY—54,000 sq. ft.; or will divide; heat and 10 horsepower supplied. Apply to John W. Bull, on premises, 103 E. 125th, City.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 25,
WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
Luxuriously furnished 3-room apartment on the 12th floor of beautiful new apt. house, corner 9th Av. and 9th St.; lovely parlor with grand piano, fireplace and handsome furniture; corner bedroom with twin beds; real kitchen. Mrs. Prescott's own apt. See Doorman. Can make long lease.

18TH, 102 EAST (Hotel Laclede)—2 rooms, bath, hotel service; $18 up.

22D, 9 EAST—Handsomely furnished 2 rooms, bath; sacrifice. Ring top bell.

35D, 24 EAST (Hotel Regent)—Attractively decorated front apartment, 2-3 rooms, $30-$35 weekly; one rear, $25; convenient everything. Madison Square 1554.

37TH ST., 59 EAST—Beautifully furnished apartment, bath and kitchenette.

38TH ST. AND 5TH AV.—BEAUTIFUL APARTMENT, PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, TO SUBLET BY THE MONTH OR CONVENIENT TO WRATE. INQUIRE CLERK, NETHERLAND HOTEL.

50TH ST. EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; maid service; July 1 to Oct. 1. Miss Cahill, Suite 1.

68D ST. (Madison Av., Hotel Ashton)—Newly decorated, furnished 1, 2, 3, outside rooms; private bath, surface cars subway; $12-$16-$20 weekly; hotel service; restaurant.

ALL GOOD as the best hotel in service, cuisine and furnishings with the privacy of a 5th Av. home, suites and rooms at exceptional terms. 2 East 86th St. Rhinelander 0290.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

FLOOR in private house, 3 rooms and bath, 328 Lexington Av. Inquire in parlor floor.

MADISON AV. (22D ST.)—3 and 2 room apartments, bath; hotel service. Hotel Bibo, Phone Lenox 8200.

PARK AV., 1,126—Light, cool four rooms; Summer, $75. Call evenings. Bain.

PARK AV.—Attractive four-room apt.; Summer or longer. Lenox 6100.

STUDIO, elegantly furnished, sublet during stay to commercial artist; $80 month. Phone Plaza 3297, after 5:30 P. M.

Furnished—West Side.

117TH ST., 64 WEST—Furnished bachelor apartment, 2 rooms and bath; maid service; immediate occupancy; also large floor, unfurnished, suitable for doctor, from Oct. 1. Enrice & Paglieri.

81D ST., 8 WEST—Unusually large, well-furnished two-room suite, kitchenette.

81ST ST. AND BROADWAY—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET, $120 PER MONTH. MR. SPEED, GRAND HOTEL.

44TH ST., 210 WEST (Westover Court)—Bachelor apartments; several desirable bachelor apartments to sublet from May 1 to Oct. 1; hotel service, meals. See Resident Manager, Bryant 5860.

49TH ST., 251 WEST—New elevator apartments; cleanliness unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, baths, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable references; $75-$125 monthly. Longacre 2506.

46TH ST., 350 WEST—Large, airy apartment, kitchenette, 1, 2, 3 rooms.

49TH, 22 WEST—Delightfully cool southern apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; immaculately clean, beautifully furnished; immediate possession; reasonable.

49TH, 69 WEST—Beautiful furnished apartment; private entrance; bath, electricity, telephone.

49TH, 21 WEST—Sublet to Oct. 1, 2 rooms, bath, large kitchenette; immediate possession, inquire basement; references.

50E—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST, 23 WEST—Unusual two rooms, bath; telephone, elevator, restaurant; service.

51D ST., 223 WEST (CORNER B'WAY)—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; 1, 2 ROOMS, BATH; MODERATE RENTAL; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY—TO SUBLET, ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH. $75 PER WEEK. J. BRUNSON, HOTEL CUMBERLAND.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICES; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; ONE ROOM, BATH, $90; REFERENCES.

55TH, 350 WEST (Apt. 4K)—One room, bath, kitchenette; elevator; sublet to October; reasonable.

55TH, 147 WEST—2-room furnished apartment; sublet to Oct. 1 at sacrifice.

56TH, 203 WEST—8 rooms, 2 baths; modern appointments, beautifully furnished; grand piano, Victrola; sacrifice to responsible people monthly; private telephone. Circle 4700, Curtis.

56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE).
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE
WITH PRIVATE BATH.
SPECIAL SUMMER WEEKLY RATES.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 340 WEST—MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICES; 2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH; $30 WEEKLY; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—SEVERAL ATTRACTIVE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH SUITES TO LEASE FROM OCT. 1; VERY REASONABLE RATE. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET AT GREATLY REDUCED RATE BY WEEK, MONTH OR OCTOBER 1. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH, 301 WEST (at Broadway)—Two rooms and kitchenette, with window, high-class elevator apartment; southern exposure; beautifully furnished; reasonable rent.

57TH, 100 WEST—Month or longer, cool, attractive parlor, chamber, pantry, bath; bargain. 48, Chamberlin.

57TH, 200 WEST.
Luxuriously equipped four rooms in Rodin studios; very cool. 8G, Circle 3066.

58TH ST., 211 WEST—2 rooms and bath, furnished; reasonable rent. Apply on premises, or phone Circle 5579.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (CORNER B'WAY), HOTEL PASADENA.
SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; ATTRACTIVE SUITES OF TWO ROOMS AND BATH $25-$60 UP WEEKLY; SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES. COLUMBUS 7127.

60TH, 66 WEST—ENTIRE FLOOR LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED; PRIVATE TILED BATH, COMPLETE SEPARATE KITCHEN; WEEKLY SPECIAL RATES.

60TH, 14 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM, KITCHENETTE SUITE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; $22.

60TH ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two and three apartments; bath, kitchenette; $80 up; references required.

60TH, WEST—Business woman will share apartment, lady; reasonable. S 143 Times.

12D ST., 164-166 WEST,
NEAR BROADWAY. HIGH-CLASS MODERN HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS, ARTISTICALLY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, CONSISTING OF 3 AND 4 ROOMS, INCLUDING KITCHEN; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES; $125 MONTHLY UP.

12D, 118 WEST (Barlton Apartments)—Under new management; very desirable two rooms, bath, furnished in excellent taste; Summer rates; hotel service; restaurant.

12D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apt. Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2 room suites, bath; hotel service, restaurant; reduced rates.

12D—Attractive 2 room, bath, kitchenette apartment; sacrifice Summer, $80. Bryant 7468.

12D, 53 WEST—Apartment, two sleeping rooms, living room, foyer, kitchenette, bath.

13D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, luxuriously furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $16-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

14TH, 3 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 2 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE; $23 WEEKLY.

14TH, 45 WEST—TWO-ROOM SUITE; $20 WEEKLY.

16TH, 116 WEST—Parlor floor, attractively furnished, bath, kitchenette, electricity, phone; Summer rate.

16TH (344 West End)—Luxuriously furnished, 3-4 room apartments; high-class housekeeping.

16TH, 7 WEST—Attractively furnished apartments; kitchenettes; electricity.

19TH ST., 315 WEST (one door from Drive)—Six rooms, attractively furnished; cool, bright; July to October, $160. Apt. 4C. Schuyler 7467.

20TH, 102 WEST (Hotel Anderson)—One and two room suites; lowest Summer rates.

20TH—Apartment, 6 rooms, bath; piano; bargain; $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

21ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$23 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

21ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

21ST, 114 WEST—Suites 2-3 rooms, baths, showers, kitchenette; everything new.

25TH ST. (Riverside Drive); also Broadway-91st St.—Two, three, four, five, six, eight rooms; everything new; immediate possession. Call 2,466 Broadway (91st).

26TH (Riverside)—Seven rooms, 2 baths; $125; piano. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

27TH, 36 WEST—Attractively furnished large, cool room, kitchenette; private house.

28TH, 314 WEST—Delightful Summer location; 1-2 room apts., twin beds, baths, kitchenettes, $75-$85; weekly rates.

30B (near River)—Beautiful 4-room elevator apartment; piano; $100. Bryant 7498.

31ST, 27 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $80 UP; MAID AND VALET SERVICE.

32D, 214 WEST—Attractively furnished 3 room; modern; rent unfurnished; moderate. Parker.

32D, 60 WEST—New house, just completed; two rooms; $80 up.

33D (West End Av.)—One room, cool, front studio apartment, with bath, from July 17 to Oct. 1, or longer if desired. Riverside 0092.

36TH, 300-311 WEST,
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
At Riverside Drive.
COOL—SECLUDED—QUIET.
Two and four rooms, bath, with kitchenette and regular kitchen; attractively furnished and completely equipped for housekeeping; exceptionally low rates by the week or month.

36TH, 20 WEST—Attractively furnished four-room apartment, $65 monthly. Randle.

40TH, 311 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 2-ROOM SUITE; COMPLETE; SEPARATE KITCHEN; LARGE BATH, SHOWER; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

40TH, 20 WEST—4-6 light rooms, furnished, all improvements.

42D ST., 316 WEST—Charming large studio, room, all improvements; private house.

43RD, 9 WEST—Attractive, light, elevator apartment, near park; 4 rooms, $100.

46TH ST., 107 WEST.
PRE-WAR PRICES.
2 and 3 rooms, high-class, $18 up weekly. Academy 1611. Open 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway. One, 2, 3 room furnished apartments with kitchenette in high-class elevator apartment house; one of the best localities in New York; special rates for June, July and August; for small families with children; also nurses and newlyweds; all apartments just redecorated and painted; rates monthly, 1 room, $50 up; 2 rooms, $75 up; 3 rooms, $90 up; weekly terms arranged; subway 2 blocks, 8th and 9th Av., 1 block, bus in front of house; park for children opposite house; choice front apartment now available.
PHONE ACADEMY 0048.

113TH, 508 WEST—Columbia section; 5-room elevator apartment, completely furnished; references.

116TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, WITH OR WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATE; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 420 WEST—Sell or rent furnished adorable two-room, kitchenette apartment; unusual proposition; delightful home. Apartment 55.

119TH, 419 WEST (Columbia)—Two rooms, kitchenette; five front south windows. Hildreth.

119TH, 419 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, 5 front South windows (Columbia). Hildreth.

120TH, 434 WEST (Apt. 10B)—4-room apartment, beautiful new furniture; finest location New York; overlooking Columbia campus; owner sacrifice lease (2 months) and furniture; this is a genuine bargain. Apply 6-9 P. M. Phone Morningside 8440, Kanter.

122D, 321 WEST—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath. Apt. 23.

123D, 530 WEST—3 rooms, light and airy; telephone; $25 per week; suitable for several Summer school students or family. Apply Whitehouse.

123D, 547 WEST (Broadway)—Five rooms, elevator, $65; near Columbia. Apt. 31.

127TH, WEST (61 Florence Place)—3-room furnished apartment for Summer; school or longer; reasonable. Finch, Apt. 35.

127TH, 609 West—3 room kitchenette; airy, cool rooms; $90. Chapman.

134TH, 105 WEST—Nicely furnished apartment, eight rooms, sublet several months; leaving town; immediate possession; $200. Academy 0242.

170TH, 629 WEST—Comfortable furnished, three-room and bath apartment. Wadsworth 4600.

181ST ST., 880 WEST (corner Riverside)—4 rooms, beautifully furnished, perfectly ideal; overlooking river; reasonable; responsible person.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY SECTION.
Why go to the country when you can secure beautifully furnished apartments, near two lovely parks, at present prices?
2 rooms, kitchen and bath, $60 up.
3 rooms, kitchen or kitchenette, $65 up.
4 rooms, with light, airy kitchen, $70 up.
9 rooms, with wonderful view, $75 up.
6 rooms, all facing front, $90 up.
References essential. Weekly rates to responsible people. MAIN OFFICE, 215 Manhattan Av., corner 106th St. Open evenings and all day Sunday. Phone Academy 1647.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Luxurious two-room apartment; $125. Riverside 4164, Apt. 71.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Luxurious two-room apartment; $125. Riverside 4164, Apt. 71.

HOTEL EARLE,
WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH,
ON JULY 1 WILL HAVE SEVERAL DESIRABLE SUITES AT SENSATIONALLY LOW RATES. INSPECTION INVITED. SPRING 9456.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Furnished apartment, 8th floor, seven rooms, two baths, all outside; Chickering piano, good library, Oriental rugs; overlooking Columbia College; very beautiful view of Hudson River; Aug. 1 to Sept. 1 or 8th; $150 month, less than rent unfurnished; references. Telephone Morningside 6526.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910—4 rooms and bath; nicely furnished; immediate possession; $115 per month. Apt. 3, Operator, Audubon 1916.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 37—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; furniture to lease. Inquire Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 804 (161st)—Five nicely furnished rooms, reliable party until Oct. 1. Apt. 4A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548—Six, seven attractive, cool, airy rooms; beautiful view. SA VIEW Washington Square; studio apartment, very reasonable to October 1. Spring 8382.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished bachelor apartment, 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette, private phone; 7 minutes from Wall St., overlooking river and park; sacrifice $85. Call Monday or Tuesday between 4 and 7. Younsen, 8 Pierrepont St., phone Main 1663, or Wadsworth 4020. Apt. 42.

209 BAY 23D ST., Bath Beach, Brooklyn—Beautiful six rooms and bath; private house; four rooms first floor, suitable doctor, dentist; all improvements.

HEIGHTS — Two rooms; furnished; bath; newly decorated; maid service; heat and water; all subways. 150 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SUBLET, two rooms, private; also one room, private bath. Standish Arms Hotel, 169 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn. Main 4290.

Furnished—Long Island.

FAR ROCKAWAY apartments; one to four rooms, with or without kitchen accommodations. Madison Arms, near beach. Far Rockaway 2250.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH, 129 EAST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; reasonable. Call Chelsea 8044.

30TH, 139 EAST—Elegant 3 rooms, kitchenette; elevator apartment; immediate possession.

37TH, 147 EAST—Entire floor, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; open hearths; unusual.

56TH ST., 163 EAST—Exclusive Murray Hill; bungalow in garden; huge studio, two bedrooms, two baths, roof garden, kitchen; doctor's apartment, three rooms, bath; two rooms, bath; $1,200 to $5,000.

78TH, 49 EAST—Single apartment, 8 rooms and bath; newly renovated; new parquet flooring; rent $190.

80S, EAST—Eight rooms and bath; $125; subway express, electricity. Lenox 3835.

83D, 116 EAST (near Park Av.)—New building, attractive, ready for occupancy now; two rooms, bath and kitchenette; every modern improvement. Apply premises.

AT NO. 10 EAST 86TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—Six rooms and bath; $160; elevator.

LEXINGTON AV., 710 (57th and 58th Sts.)—A real studio for real artist (or two) with highest credentials; northern light; roof garden, two fireplaces; steam heat; 3 rooms and bath; Summer rate. Kyle, 58th St. and Lexington Av.

LEXINGTON AV., 710 (bet. 57th and 58th)—A real studio for real artist (or two) with highest credentials; northern light; roof garden; two fireplaces; steam heat; 3 rooms and bath; Summer rate. Kyle, 58th St. and Lexington Av.

MADISON AV. (In 70s)—Seven-room corner apartment; sunshine every room; fourth floor; elevator; immediate possession. Apply 100 East 60th, or Rhinelander 2540.

MADISON AV., 1,070 (Corner 81st)—High-class elevator apartment, seven and eight rooms, two baths. Vanderbilt 8151.

MADISON AV., 1,012 (78th)—Large, beautiful room, kitchen, bath, $90; smaller room, $60.

Unfurnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 72 (14th St.)—Parlor floor, electric lights, conveniences, for family.

11TH, 210 WEST—High-class 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; all improvements; immediate possession. Inquire on premises.

11TH—Ideal Summer studio; Bleifoway; double bedroom, kitchen, 7th floor. Pitkroy 4083.

11TH ST., 31 WEST—6 rooms in high-class elevator apartment, furnished or unfurnished. Supt. will show.

12TH, 132 WEST—Cool, attractive duplex studio apartment; garden; $150; would divide.

28TH, 344 WEST—Desirable apartment, two rooms, bath; block strictly residential; conveniently located; concession until October. Chelsea 1939.

46TH, 37 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, non-housekeeping apartment. See agent, or phone Bowling Green 9298.

48TH, 42 WEST—Two rooms, bath, southern exposure; quiet, refined; immediate possession.

50TH ST., 29 WEST—2 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Apply Shoe Store.

56TH ST., 318 WEST—Two rooms and bath with every improvement; reasonable rent. Inquire premises or J. K. Moore, 315 West 57th. Circle 9800.

57TH ST., 359 WEST—Modern apartment of two rooms and bath; steam, hot water, electricity, &c.; reasonable rent. Inquire on J. K. Moore, 315 West 57th. Circle 9800.

57TH ST., 327 WEST—One room, bath, all improvements; ideal for bachelor or couple. Premises or J. K. Moore, 315 West 57th. Circle 9800.

57TH, 501 WEST—2 and 3 rooms, kitchenette; corner elevator building; southern exposure; $96 per month; also 2-room studio.

58TH, 358-360 WEST—7-8 rooms, elevator; all improvements; newly renovated; $125 and up. Supt. or J. K. Moore, 315 West 57th St. Circle 9800.

70TH, 257 WEST—Several attractive rooms, one with kitchen, bath, $25-$40.

71ST, 161 WEST—Just completed, beautiful two rooms and bath; high class; $40 per month up.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

74TH ST., 209 WEST—Why travel in crowded subways? Live in the heart of the city; unusual opportunity to secure a 6 or 7 room apartment, corner Broadway, from $100 up.

75TH ST., on Broadway—7 rooms, 2 baths, second floor; modern, elevator apartment; $167, with concessions for Summer. F 179 Times.

75TH—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; bargain; $80. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

77TH, 325 WEST—New 9-story building, 3 and 4 room apartments; exceptional; $1,500 to $2,200; an apartment suitable physician.

78TH ST., 204 WEST.
Seven rooms and bath. Apply premises.

79TH, 135 WEST—Unusually desirable apartments, 3, 4, 5 rooms, bath; real kitchen; immediate or October possession.

79TH, 157 WEST—7 and 6 rooms, 2 and 3 baths; every modern convenience. Apply on premises.

84TH, 114½ WEST—7 very large rooms; electric, steam; suitable subletting; $100.

85TH, 328 WEST—Beautiful 8-room elevator apartment; immediate possession. See Superintendent.

86TH—Apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; $2,100 year. Ellsworth, 25 West 42d.

86TH, 306 WEST—3-room apt. and kitchenette to sublet; reasonable. Supt.

89TH ST., 78 WEST.
Seven-room and tiled bath apartment; new hardwood floors; completely redecorated; finest in New York; overlooking Columbia campus; owner sacrifice lease (2 months) and furniture; this is a genuine bargain. Apply 6-9 P. M. Phone Morningside 8440, Kanter.

93D, 4 WEST (at Central Park)—Eight rooms, large, light; elevator building; $190; all modern improvements.

94TH ST., 306-308 WEST—6 rooms, 1 bath; 8 rooms, 2 baths; large apartment.

94TH, 310 WEST—Five rooms, furnished or unfurnished; elevator apartment.

97TH, 236 WEST—5 light rooms, modern elevator apartment house; also ground floor suitable for doctor. Superintendent.

97TH ST., 20 WEST—SIX LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, ALL IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING ELECTRIC LIGHT. TELEPHONE IRVEMERCY 5303, OR JANITOR ON PREMISES.

97TH, 316 WEST (near Riverside Drive)—7 elegant rooms, high-class elevator apartment; reasonable rental.

97TH, 308 WEST—Five, six unusually large, light rooms, redecorated throughout; elevator; unusual transit facilities; $140-$150.

99TH, 244 WEST—6 rooms, elevator apartment; immediate possession; $1,500 year.

101ST, 657 WEST—Choice front apartment, 6 large rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession; rent $135. Miller, 5H.

101ST, 20 WEST—5-6 light rooms, unfurnished; all improvements.

104TH ST., 207 WEST, (2,751)—Subway station door; 4 and 5 room apartments; elevator building; $90 up.

104TH, 216 WEST—7 rooms and bath; parquet floor, electricity; block from subway and elevated station; $115. Janitor.

110TH, 527 WEST—4-5-7-8 large rooms, second floor; elegantly renovated; newly finished; exceptional values. Cathedral 6863.

113TH, 611 WEST—SIX LARGE ROOMS, ELEVATOR; MODERATE RENT; LIBERAL CONCESSIONS.

116TH, 120 WEST—Convenient subway and "L" station; elevator apartments; 4-5-6 rooms, bath. Supt., premises.

122D, 502 WEST — Five-six rooms; also rooms suitable doctor, dentist. Supt.

143D, 500 WEST—5-7 rooms, decorated throughout; light, elevator; very reasonable.

161ST ST., (between Ft. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive)—Elevator apartments, 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Telephone Wadsworth 6335.

162D ST., 615 WEST.
Corner Fort Washington Av.; splendid 4 and 5 rooms and bath; elevator apartments; special concession for immediate occupancy; completely redecorated; telephone, mail chute, &c.; apply premises.

164TH, 661 WEST—Four and five room elevator apartments; improvements. Apply superintendent.

169TH, 600 WEST—Sublet beautiful 7-room elevator apartment; improvements. Apply premises.

173TH, 561 WEST—Five rooms, bath, every improvement; select neighborhood.

182D ST., 605 WEST—Four-room apartment to lease; all improvements; high class walk-up. Inquire Superintendent.

191ST ST., 601 WEST—4 large, light rooms, bath, elevator; $75.

204TH, 617 WEST (Redcort)—One three rooms and bath, $60; one two rooms and bath, $70; all modern improvements; immediate possession. Apply Supt. on premises.

207TH ST, 616 WEST—Suitable for doctor or dentist; one six-room and bath, immediate possession; one 7 rooms and 2 baths, possession Oct. 1; all modern improvements. Apply Supt. on premises.

207TH ST., 616 WEST—One four rooms and bath, $60; one five rooms and bath, $80; all modern improvements; immediate possession. Apply Supt. on premises.

5, 6, 7 ROOMS, elevator apartment; all improvements; opposite Central Park; moderate rent. Call 217 West 110th.

AMSTERDAM AV., 351 (76th)—4 newly decorated rooms, bath, improvements, $60; possession.

APARTMENTS of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, high-class elevator and walk-up; choice locations, reasonable rentals. Phone Morninside 0027-0028-0029. Mr. Zimmerman.

APARTMENTS for discriminating people. Let us show you good apartments, homes. Queensboro Corporation, 50 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7057.

BRIGHT six-room front apartment, near Columbia University; rent $100; artistic furnishings; piano (optional); $650. Phone Morningside 5639.

BROADWAY, 3,005 (122d)—6 rooms, front, decorated throughout, light, elevator, very reasonable.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 375 (corner 98th)—High-class modern elevator apartment; six large, light rooms, bath; facing park; now vacant. Inquire Supt., or Tel. Riverside 2230.

CLAREMONT AV., 130 (facing Riverside Drive)—5-6-7 rooms; every modern improvement; elevator; rent $110 to $150.

CLAREMONT AV., 184—Six rooms, all improvements; convenient transit; rent $85.

FIVE rooms and bath in a three-family brick house in Astoria, four blocks from Grand Av. subway station; steam heat, hot water supply; $70; immediate occupancy. H. Trowbridge Harris, 152 Fulton Av., Long Island City. Phone Astoria 0466.

LARGE REDUCTION IN RENTS
FOR SUMMER MONTHS.
225th St., West (corner Marble Hill Av., at Broadway Subway and N. Y. Central Stations)—One of the most exclusive, most picturesque and contrified sections in city; 4 and 5 rooms, now available; elevator apartment house. Supt. on premises or phone Gramercy 5303.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 6 (114th St.)—Facing park; 6 rooms, all modern improvements; $85. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575 (corner 135th)—Elevator apartments, 2 to 7 rooms, every improvement, including mail chutes, extra toilets, $900 to $2,000 a year; some for immediate possession; others, where tenants are leaving city, can be had before October; less than half other Riverside prices; have river and Drive view; some all rooms face Drive; home better; Penn Station and 5th Av. buses stop at corner. Call any time.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452—High class elevator apartments, 2, 3 and 4 rooms. See Superintendent, on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 385 (north of 158th)—5-6 rooms. Apply office, premises.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,633 (175d)—5 beautifully redecorated front rooms, elevator, $80.

WADSWORTH AV., 252—Attractive 4-rooms, one flight; reasonable rent. Wadsworth 8400.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,036—Beautiful apartments, 3, 4, 5 rooms; suitable for physician or dentist; reasonable rent.

MORRIS AV., 2,442—Modern apartment; 4 extra large, light rooms; select neighborhood.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (at 171st St.)—2, 4, 5 room apartments in Grand Dwellings. See Agent.

DOCTOR'S office, seven rooms; steam, electricity; $65; wonderful opportunity. Telephone Riverside 8712.

BRYANT AV., 1,500—High class, improvements, six rooms, bath; newly decorated.

CRESTON AV., 2,534—Beautiful, 5 large rooms, foyer; opposite St. James Park.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

ATTRACTIVE apartment, extra large living room, bedroom, kitchen and bath; newly decorated; convenient to subway and elevated; bachelor or business people preferred. 449 Washington Av. Phone Prospect 1065.

BAY RIDGE—5 rooms, corner building; all modern improvements. 4,401 4th Av., near 45th subway. Sunset 3333.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FIVE and six comfortable rooms and sun parlor, garage optional, new two-family house; parquet floor, electric lights; all latest improvements; rent with garage, $65-$75; three blocks from Woodhaven Junction; twenty minutes from 34th St., New York City, Pennsylvania Station. Owner, 9,536 104th St., Woodhaven, L. I.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

NICELY furnished apartment wanted for responsible client on east side, 5 or 6 rooms, elevator; October to May. Fred N. Hoyt, 20 West 34th St. Penn. 1074.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

WANTED, Oct. 1, west of Broadway, between 70th and 116th Sts., 8 or 9 room apartment, 4 master bedrooms, 2 master baths; maid's room and bath; reasonable rental. Telephone New Rochelle 4291 or write 614 Webster Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

WANTED—Apartment, near Park Av., in the 50s, containing large living room with fireplace, bedroom with at least two windows, good sized dining room, guest's room, two bathrooms, servant's room and bath. S 1003 Times Annex.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE.

AMERICAN Storage Co., 247 West 60th. Stores furniture; also moving at lowest rates in city. Telephone Columbus 2187.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

5TH AV.—Having beautiful Home will accept paying guest. 3

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

(Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate Line (Minimum space, two lines) Line.

Situations Wanted 40c
Situations Wanted, Female 40c
Employers and Board Wanted 40c
Real Estate 50c
Lost and Found 50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted 50c
Country Board 50c
Mortgage Loans 50c
For Sale 50c
Automobile Exchange 50c
Agents Wanted 50c
Employment Agencies 75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Count 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers 15c
Stock Exchange (Sunday) 15c

For Reception to the Sunday edition, advertisements of theatrical shows, hotels and resorts must be received on The Times Building by noon Thursday. Real Estate and Financial announcements to midnight Friday. Advertisements for insertion in the Editorial Section (Sunday) under Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 1 P. M. Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times if received after 4 P. M. on the day preceding insertion, are subject to omission. The final closing time is 8 P. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Continued from Preceding Page.

Employment Agencies.

EFFICIENT help; references investigated. Williams Colored Agency, 45 West 90th. Schuyler 9038.

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY—High-grade colored servants; city, country; references investigated. 2,362 7th Av. Audubon 2856.

HOUSEWORKERS, colored, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses; part, whole, anywhere; trim; references. Audubon 8813.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, BOOKKEEPER, experienced in varied commercial lines and newspaper, and banking, desires evening or night position, accounting or clerical work. M 84 Times Brooklyn Branch.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR—experienced in auditing branch stores and offices, also financial banking, auditing and investigating, seeks position with reliable house. 104 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, experienced, desires part time position with reliable accounting firm. B 808 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, 29, income tax expert, college graduate; salary $3,000. B. B. 800 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 21 years, college graduate; certified accounting firm preferred. K 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.
THOROUGH, ACCURATE, TYPIST, CORRESPONDENT, SALESMAN, N. Y. U. GRADUATE; PARTICULARLY EXPERIENCED IN DRESS AND FURNITURE BUSINESS. M 268 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER (32), 5 years' experience; full charge, trial balance, financial statements. Pace trained; present employed; desire change; highest references. J 808 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, 1 year experience; reference; high school graduate; trial balance, controlling accounts, statements; neat, willing worker; salary no object. A 790 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, 36, full charge; trial balance, controlling accounts, credits, collections; best references; $25. B 806 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 26, college education, 7 years' experience; full charge office or accounting department. C 289 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 28, college education; full charge; familiar with business details; selling ability; experienced; references. N 466 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, advanced accountancy student, can take charge complete set books; prefer connection with certified accountant. G 45 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, high school graduate, thorough bookkeeping knowledge. A 1108 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER (25), accounts, receivable, trial balance, statements, distribution; references. J 80 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, experienced credits, collections, correspondent, desires position; references. M 266 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced, complete charge, trial balance, statements. R 27 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, junior accountant, 23, experienced trial balance, financial statements. M 272 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, six years' experience; good education. 185 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER experienced double entry, trial balance; best references. A 871 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 8 years' experience; best reference. Hochberg, 136 Gerick St.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager; 12 years' experience; credits, statements. F 186 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25; public accounting experience; best references. A 791 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge credits, traffic, foreign correspondent; seven years' experience. K 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 23, building material supply experience, desires placement. J 107 Times.

BOY, 15 years, high school, wishes position during vacation. Sichel, 160 East 84th.

BUYER—PRINTING, ADVERTISING, STATIONERY.
Thoroughly experienced purchasing agent, presently in business, but desirous of making change for promising connections. J 224 Times.

CABLE CLERK, expert, all codes; moderate salary. J 981 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class mechanic, expert driver, 12 years' experience, married, age 34, seeks position with private family who would appreciate a good, reliable man; first-class references. Address K. Koski, 104 High Rw Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR—American, married, 17 years' experienced Packards, Locos; thorough mechanic, electrician; cautious, skilful driver; excellent references; last two employers three, nine years respectively. Farnham, 107 West 106th St.

CHAUFFEUR, expert mechanic, will drive party of tourists through to Pacific Coast; moderate salary and expenses; ready to start two weeks; after 7 Friday, Wm. W. Weyman, Box 471 Charleston, W. Va.

CHAUFFEUR—YOUNG, CLEAN CUT AMERICAN, EXPERIENCED, HONEST AND RESPONSIBLE, SEEKS ENGAGEMENT; COUNTRY PREFERRED. G 578 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR—We have several good men with from 3to 9 years' reference or last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway, Telephone Columbus 10278.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, 18 years' experience, driving high-powered car; best references, wishes private position, city or country. Cathedral 2055, Gardelle, 305 West 113th.

CHAUFFEUR—38; medium size, 14 years' experience city driving private families; 9 years one place; Pierce, Cadillac; excellent recommendations. Smith, 159 West 98th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 28, married, wishes year-round position; references; sober, punctual, courteous. Fash, 3 West 100th. 9535 Riverside.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 11 years' experience, desires private position; good references; drives any car. Pfister, 1,535 Ave. A.

CHAUFFEUR-VALET, Japanese, long experience; best references. Shoma, 724 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, fireless mechanic and driver; highest references from present employer. John Larkin, 527 West 151st St.

CHAUFFEUR, Cuban, private family; experience. J. Chiquill, 351 West 125th. Morningside 3346.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position; 10 years' driving and shop experience; Julien engine, phone Murray Hill 10012.

CHAUFFEUR—I desire to place my chauffeur, who is an excellent mechanic, for the Summer. Garr, 1470 Plaza.

CHAUFFEUR, 33; best references; six years with last employer; car car 185 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; good mechanic; references. G 527 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, college student; drive private car; reasonable. Keyserling, 656 W. 112th.

COLLEGE STUDENT desires position with established firm; clerical work; references. 18 Odell, 143 East 114th St.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical; experienced; work evenings or take out. J 804 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL manufacturer's representative traveling entire State of New Jersey, well connected with dealers and jobbers, desires kindred line. A 376 Times.

EXECUTIVE, married, age 46, experienced, cares for entire details any business; organizer; interview requested. F 142 Times.

EXECUTIVE SALESMAN, married, age 37; wide experience in both retail wholesale; systematic; willing to travel. B 216 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 24, selling ability, desires connection with reliable firm; nothing too large or small; references. H 50 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, 28, college education, 7 years' experience; Adaptable. C 97 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

EXPORT IMPORT—American, 35, 4 years traveling Central and South America, understands Spanish, can furnish best of references, seeks permanent connection. J 108 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER, CHRISTIAN, MARRIED, SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE; ORGANIZER, KNOWS MERCHANDISE, BEST SOURCE SUPPLY AND DISPOSAL; SEEKS CONNECTION WITH PROGRESSIVE CONCERN. H 74 TIMES.

FACTORY EXECUTIVE—Works of production manager; cost accountant; 18 years' experience metal and wood working plants, thorough and practical knowledge modern factory management; production and cost finding methods; 38; married; desires position where my experience would be worth $4,000 a year to start and the future promising for one who can get results. C 212 Times.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT wants position with C. P. A. 5 days week; salary secondary; rapid, accurate figures. G 520 Times.

MANAGER—American couple desire charge of restaurant, apartment hotel, private family or club. J 104 Times.

MAN, 28, experienced office worker and inside salesman; Fellegram, 346 West 73d St.

MAN, 22, desires position at anything; is selling. A 1110 Times Harlem.

MAN, 55, light position, small wages; best reference. A 901 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT, 8 years' purchasing and superintendence large contracting corporation; field or office. A 551 Times.

SALESMAN, age 42, just completed two-year contract with leather dealer in own territory New York, Mass., Conn. and Rhode Island, calling on garages, industrial power plants and engineering corporations with an engine specialty, is open for position; would consider other lines; can produce successful sales record and best references. K 24 Times.

SALESMAN, employed, (39 years) having had 2 years experience at office work and 15 years as machinist, wishes a position, preferably that of investigator; American born; can speak German fluently and some Spanish. A. G., 304 Times Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMAN, woolen piece-goods man; young man to manage woolen department; experienced; references. Write A., 525 Prospect Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN, 25, experienced, New Jersey, New York States, desires connection reliable house; consider other territory. O 428 Times.

SALESMAN, 37, experienced, desires connection with reliable firm; references. H 49 Times.

SALESMAN, with car, wishes represent large concern; have traveled most of time; salary or commission. J 77 Times.

SALESMAN (23), desires to make a change, is employed; salary or drawing account. Friedman, 216 Stanzy St., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE, creative thinker and doer, accustomed to executive responsibilities, desires change offering broader scope at opportunity; salary $90 weekly. Box 23, Station "O," New York.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 18, experienced, with both initiative and ability; knows Spanish; salary secondary. K 24 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Four years, commercial law; bookkeeping; good correspondent; worker. A 800 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, best references, 20 years' experience, 10-14 hours, office preferred; understands all repairs. S. B. 230 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, age 32, M. E. degree, eight years' experience in manufacture chemicals, open for position with well-established concern after July 10. A 774 Times.

TRAINED POSITION—Young man, holder of certificate of efficiency in traffic management. F 218 Times.

TWO couple, Swedish, cook, chambermaid, chauffeur and gardener, wish position together; excellent references. Box 46, Clifton, N. J.

TYPEWRITERS!! Expert Mechanic!! All makes!! Has Tools! neat! Conscientious! "Bryant," 300 West 42d St.

YOUNG MAN,
Knowing that you, Mr. Business Man, need university graduate, 26, speaking foreign languages, having business and manufacturing experience, as well as original and practical ideas and initiative, and who desires a business connection with a future, asks for an opportunity to qualify. S. L., 448 Miller Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 29, married, ten years' experience, merchandise, notions, assistant buyer, salesman; two years manager 5-10-15c store; prefer connection with wholesale house, where hard, intelligent work will be appreciated. L 659 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, married, in business now, previously manager manufacturing concern, desires executive position; in Cuba recently representing corporation; salesman, bookkeeper, typist, inside manager; salary secondary. M 258 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, married, one year's college education, having a fairly good theoretical knowledge of bookkeeping and accountancy, member A. F. & A. M., is in immediate need of a suitable position. A 1109 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21, university training, bookkeeper and correspondent, with general office experience; intelligent, initiative and capacity for work; excellent references. G 533 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires position computer or field assistant in surveying; year's experience. B 1218 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, married, high school graduate, desires clerical position responsible house; speaks French fluently. A 860 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man, 19 years, wished to connect with mercantile house; start for small salary; wants to learn business; best references. Call Rosenberg. Cathedral 3648.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college junior, position anything; excellent references. K 30 Times.

YOUNG MAN, accurate at figures, good penman; experience as payroll clerk and purchasing agent. H 814 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 16, strong, parochial school graduate, desires position. G. Koss, 312 East 63d St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, working at present, would like better position where advancement is assured. A 902 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21 years of age, desires position with future; willing to work. J 101 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, permanent position, advancement; bright, willing worker. K 31 Times.

YOUNG man, 25, desires position at anything; knowledge of bookkeeping; can take charge of office. F 319 Times.

YOUNG MAN (20) wants position; stock, office or shipping; three years' high school education. G 511 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, 4 years' office and typewriting experience, wishes steady employment. E. L. Kraus, 515 East 78th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, with knowledge of bookkeeping; 3 years' office experience; high school education. G 549 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, with knowledge of accounting, desires position. G 588 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position with advancement. S. Kashner, 8 Cooper Square.

FOUR MONTHS TO SIX MONTHS POSITION WANTED.

The advertiser, a successful sales producer and research engineer, has successfully completed a research which causes him to be free from obligations for six months. As sales producer for chemical and oil products his earnings were in excess of $10,000 yearly for a long period of years. A responsible organization having seasonable commodities to sell can profitably utilize his services; 38 years of age. K 45 Times.

Employment Agencies.

COUPLE.
For a good couple who will give service and satisfaction, call on us.
LAZARE AGENCY, 143 E. 72D ST.
Rhinelander 4044-4045-4046.

JAPANESE COOK, butler, chauffeur, houseworker; experienced; references. 106 West 40th. Bryant 7797.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT.
An exceptional opportunity for a young woman of exceptional ability and broad experience in accountancy, with a knowledge of stenography, initiative and mastery of English essential. Answer in own handwriting, giving details as to age, experience and telephone connection. S 1073 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—1 year's bookkeeping experience necessary; typewriting. Call Morris Rose, 1,476 Broadway, Room 318.

BILLING CLERK AND STENOGRAPHER; accuracy and speed required. Sanson Temple Corp., 18 Worth St.

BILLING CLERK, experienced operator, Elliot Fisher machine; must be good at figures. Quality Art Novelty, 19 West 18th St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Old established Christian publishing concern requires experienced bookkeeper and stenographer; must be accurate and of neat appearance; write for appointment, giving past experience and salary expected. T 118 Times.

BOOKKEEPER WHO CAN ACT AS SIZER 16 MODEL; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN OFFICE AND BE REFINED AND ATTRACTIVE; GOOD SALARY TO RIGHT PERSON. JAMES COSTUME, 31 EAST 32D ST.

BOOKKEEPER—Must be thoroughly familiar with double entry system; capable taking full responsibility; state age, experience. W 946 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced on double entry books; must be accurate. Call 9-10. Lucille Dress Co., 104 West 38th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry system, dress house. Bolkin, 128 W. 31st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, for garage and trucking office, one living in Brooklyn preferred. Write, stating experience and salary expected. W 262 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT,
thoroughly experienced on double entry; good at figures; no other apply. Freydberg, 38 4th Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, experienced; references required. Jackson and 5th Ave., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced double entry; one previously employed in cheese house preferred. Arnhow Bros., 49 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for hospital; state qualifications fully, with references. K 46 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; must be good at figures, knowledge of stenography, experience. Apply 355 23 Av.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced double entry bookkeeper and typist. W 927 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced cloak and suit house; call all day. Dave Bellesy & Co., 17 West 26th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, Hellenic-American, thoroughly experienced. Bolletino, 182 Worth St.

BOOKKEEPER — Experienced, competent; preferably one who knows dress trimmings line. Apply 9:30 A. M., Stone, 367 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, with knowledge stenography and typewriting. Templer Hat, 131 West 26th.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced in cloaks or dresses. Schulman Bros., 104 West 27th St.

CLERK-TYPIST, wanted by magazine publisher for advertising department work; an excellent opportunity for young woman; between ages of 22 and 27; to learn all details of advertising department routine; some knowledge of stenography desirable; unusually delightful office environment; salary dependent upon applicant's qualifications; applicant should have at least high school education, should be quick and accurate at figures and possessed of refined personality. Address in own handwriting. T 110 Times.

CLERK AND TYPIST.

Large textile plant in Greenpoint section; state age, previous experience and where employed; salary $20. Box 212, 906 Fitzgerald Building, New York.

COMPANION—Young girl to invalid young lady; many leisure hours for study. 12 East 97th.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR
for a large downtown corporation, between 18 and 23 years of age, and must have had previous experience; salary to start, $18 to $20 per week, with opportunity for advancement. Write, stating age, education and experience. V 917 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, chauffeur, houseman, wife cook, housework. Call, references. Stone, 46 West 88th.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—Wholesale fancy goods house has good opening for intelligent, ambitious young woman who is a rapid typist, thoroughly experienced operator; unusual opportunity for the right person. L. D. Block & Co., 39 East 18th.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES
FOR
TELEPHONE OPERATORS:
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
APPLY:
1,118 BROADWAY, COR. 27TH ST.
N. Y. CITY; 370 EAST 150TH ST., BRONX; 88 WEST HOUSTON ST., NEW YORK CITY; 81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL wanted, who has experience in office work; must be quick and accurate at figures and write plain hand; no typewriting; good salary, steady employment. Apply in own handwriting, giving experience and salary expected. V 639 Times Downtown.

GIRL (colored) to make herself generally useful in dress factory; bring references. 36 West 22d St., 8th floor.

HAIRDRESSER for high-class beauty shop; must be first-class in every branch of the business; marcel and water waving, hair dyeing, French dressing and bench work; good salary and steady position right party; male or female. Carlson & Carlson, 294 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER assistant, of training and experience, to substitute in hospital. Write, giving full particulars. Y 2303 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORKER—Competent cook; splendid position. Marks, Apt. 6D, 255 Riverside Drive.

HOUSEWORKER and light laundress; good home and salary to right girl. Phone Billings 1319.

HOUSEWORKER — Small family, reference. 518 West 111th St., Apt. 65.

LADY for three months, well educated, refined, educational work, placing school plan; teacher preferred; $225 and commission. Mr. Scott, 522 5th Av., Room 523.

MILLINERY DESIGNER,
FOR WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT,
JOSEPH, 632 5TH AV.

MILLINERS
ON FINN HATS. LORENCE, INC., 15 WEST 36TH.

MODEL, SIZE 16.

Young lady, by large dress manufacturer; one who has had previous experience in taking charge of showroom and incoming trade; neat appearance; excellent opportunity.

SHERR BROS.,
802 5TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 36.

SEVERAL TALL, ATTRACTIVE LOOKING, STEADY POSITION, SALARY $35.

NAT GOLDSTON & CO.,
159 MADISON AVENUE.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

STYLISH YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON SUITS AND COAT.

J. HEIT & SONS,
198 MADISON AV.

MODELS

FOR DRESSES, SIZE 18; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; GOOD SALARY; PERMANENT IF SATISFACTORY. APPLY ALL WEEK.

NATHAN H. JACOBSON & CO.,
33 EAST 31ST ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

TALL, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON DRESSES; LONG SEASON; GOOD PAY.

J. M. SILVERMAN,
498 7TH AV.

MODELS (10) PERFECT 16.

TALL, ATTRACTIVE, DRESS HOUSE; STEADY POSITION ALL YEAR. GLASSER & WEINSTEIN, 29 WEST 32D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
ATTRACTIVE, TALL YOUNG LADIES FOR MISSES' DRESS HOUSE; STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY; EXPERIENCE NOT ESSENTIAL. call all this week and next. GOETZ & OTTINGER, 1 E. 33D.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
EXPERIENCED, FOR DRESSES. CENTER DRESS HOUSE, 806 7TH AV.

MODELS, MILLINERY,
VOGUE HAT CO.,
5 EAST 37TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
tall, attractive, for high-class cloak and suit house; steady, good salary.
JOSEPH ENGEL CO.,
124 WEST 37TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
Tall young ladies, for mantle rooms of large dress house.
M. & H. RENTNER,
498 7TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
FOR JUNIORS, ATTRACTIVE, FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS.
KNOBEL & BLOOM,
230 WEST 30TH ST.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

ATTRACTIVE, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, HIGH-CLASS DRESS HOUSE; GOOD SALARY; PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS; LONG SEASON.

MAX GREENBERG & CO.,
113 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
Experienced wholesale coat, suit and dress house. Apply all week.
L. GOLDSTEIN & CO.,
229 West 30th St., 11th floor.

MODELS, MISSES', SIZE 16
experienced; dress, suit house, long season; good salary.
HERMAN ZIEGLER,
105 Madison Ave.

MODELS, SIZE 16-36,
To try on cloaks and suits; long season.
TRULINE CLOAK-SUIT CO.,
1338 Broadway.

MODEL, SIZE 16 OR 18; TALL, STYLISH APPEARANCE, IN DRESS HOUSE; SALARY, $35; STEADY, PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS. SCHOLER & AUGENBLICK, 213 WEST 38TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16
FOR DRESSES; MUST BE TALL; REFINED APPEARANCE; EXPERIENCED. SHERR BROS., 806 5TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
TALL, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES, FOR DRESS HOUSE. 14 LEVINE GEFFEN, 11 WEST 32D ST.

MODEL, SIZE 42½.
EXPERIENCED; DRESSES; GOOD SALARY.
GRACELINE, 498 7TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES, EXPERIENCED ON FINE DRESSES. BIRD DRESS, 229 WEST 36TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16, COATS AND SUITS; NO SKIRTS TO TRY ON; VERY LONG SEASON; BEST SALARY. M. B. KAUFMAN, 6 WEST 32D ST.

MODELS—STYLISH STOUT FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS; MUST BE PERFECT 42½; SHOWROOM EXPERIENCE. GARFINKEL & ROSENBLATT, 33 WEST 32D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 14-16,
ATTRACTIVE FOR DRESS HOUSE; STEADY POSITION. FRIEDMAN CO., 151 WEST 30TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 36.
DRESSES; TALL; SMART APPEARANCE. LOWENTHAL, 10 WEST 30TH ST.

MODELS, sizes 16 and 18, for large coat house; tall girls; attractive; steady position. Henry Rosenweig, 338 7th Av.

MODEL WANTED—Size 16; attractive young lady for dress house showroom; experienced. Alper Bros., 158 West 27th.

MODEL, SIZE 16.
Dress house; must be attractive; steady position. Fredericbert, 16 East 32d.

MODELS, size 16, for high-class dresses. Freedman Bros. Co. and O'Brien, 1,353 Broadway.

MODELS, size 16, attractive, for dress house; steady position for right party. Cecile Dress Co., 118 Madison Av.

MODELS, SIZE 16, ATTRACTIVE, TALL; ALSO ONE 36 HEAD SHOWROOM GIRL. HALPERN & KALB, 6 EAST 32D ST.

MODEL—Tall, attractive young lady, size 16, for high-class dress house. 2 East 28th St., 4th floor.

MODELS, 16—REFINED YOUNG LADIES TO MODEL DRESSES. SLATER & SLATER, 3 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS, size 16, to try on coats; stylish; experienced. Victor Everett, 114 West 28th.

MODEL, size 18, cloak experience preferred. Deutsch & Sherman, 17 West 31st.

MODELS wanted, tall, size 16 and 36. 35 West 35th St., 4th floor.

MODELS, size 16, coats and suits. George Miller, 22 West 27th.

NURSE—Opportunity for graduate registered nurse, 8 hours duty, hospital under reorganization; only those thoroughly interested need apply; give telephone number. W 964 Times Downtown.

NURSES, two undergraduates; one for day and one for night duty in hospital; must have training and experience. 430 East 59th St.

NURSE, graduate, $25-$28, for 5th Av. dental office; state qualifications. S 142 Times.

NURSES, graduate and undergraduate; high salary; new nurses' home. Ask for Medical Director, Beth Israel Hospital.

SALESLADIES—Opening for two ladies on our subscription force; guaranteed salary $18 weekly and bonus. Leeds, 305 Eagle Bldg., Brooklyn, after 10 A. M.

SALESLADIES, to call on drug stores, to sell olive oil; commission. D. Hiedner, 248 Front St.

SALES OFFICE MANAGER.
Exceptional opportunity for a bright and aggressive young woman, 25 to 30 years of age, capable of assuming charge of sales office of concern manufacturing infants' and children's wear for retail department store trade; must have ability to dictate correspondence, handle usual executive routine matters, and we prefer a young woman who has had selling experience. Write, stating age, experience and salary expected. T 114 Times.

SALESWOMEN—Earn big money explaining our adjustment service proposition to doctors, bankers, merchants and school principals; you can work in city or travel anywhere in America; commission. Room 2101, 110 West 40th St.

STENCIL CUTTERS, experienced, Elliott-Fischer. 309 6th Av., 7th floor.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by Christian firm with positively everything the stenographer implies; must be not over 32 years of age; notes must be taken with fair speed and transcribed accurately; any one who cannot comply with above kindly refrain from replying; machine Remington; excellent surroundings; salary $100 per month. Mohawk Rubber Co., 136 West 65th.

STENOGRAPHER, with executive ability, age 20 to 25, who has been taking full charge all office details in wearing apparel line; only those, who held such positions need apply; references required; salary, $30 per week. Time Patent Muffler Cap Co., 50 West 17th St.

STENOGRAPHER, neat, rapid typist, with at least two years' experience; must be able to take dictation quickly and transcribe notes accurately; $18 to start; advancement. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience. Y 2226 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; must have high school education and experience with the routine of a busy office and able to take rapid dictation. Parisian Mfg. Co., 31 East 31st St.

STENOGRAPHER—Good education and capable; accurate at figures; must have complete knowledge of office routine and be able to answer phones intelligently. Atlas Sweater, 70 East 130th.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, for shirt manufacturing house, open Sunday, closed Saturday. Apply, stating age, references, experience and salary desired. Y 691 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST for steady position; must have good references and experience. Charles H. Levist & Co., Inc., 23 West 26d.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by importer; must be bright and competent; good opportunity for advancement; write fully; give phone number. W 962 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, for general office work; good opportunity for competent person; state religion. Call 259 87th St., Bush Terminal Bldg. No. 1, Bklyn, 4th floor.

STENOGRAPHER for clothing manufacturing house; only those with long experience apply; good, permanent position. Brooks, 148 West 40th.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, over 21; permanent position. Crown Pad, 44 East 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER, some knowledge bookkeeping; 5-6; correspondence. 17 Lefferts Place (Grand Av.), Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER—Dictaphone operator, experienced; good salary. Apply Hitz, Jacobs & Kassler, 6 East 16th.

STENOGRAPHER, large manufacturing concern; state experience, references and salary. 196 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted. Inquire at Chiropractic School, 127 University Place.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; accurate and neat. Quality Art Novelty Co., 19 West 18th.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; must be experienced. Oldman Bros., 114 West 26th.

STENOGRAPHER and general office worker. Julius Grossman, Inc., 273 DeKalb Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; women's wear experience; also advertising; state salary, experience. J 26 Times.

TYPIST wanted for good permanent position; with short hours; downtown. V 695 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, Christian firm, beginner; state age, education and salary expected. Box 14, 117 St. James Bldg.

TYPIST, experienced, generally useful in office. Rex Novelty Works, 20 East 12th.

WOMAN (white) for housecleaning two houses each morning; one walking distance of 50th and 60th Sts. on west side; must have city references; 50c per hour. S 1056 Times Annex.

WOMEN, two, respectable, mother and daughter, over 18 or sisters; general housework; four in family. Write, stating references and wages, L. B. Burger, 426 Wolf's Lane, Pelham Manor, N. Y.

WOMAN, ability for general office work; refined; full particulars, salary. W 941 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, widowlike, attractive, for switchboard, elevator, clerical; apartment; permanent. Pennsylvania. 9120.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG LADY, by Christian firm, to take charge of stenographic department of five or six; must be A1 stenographer; good and permanent position to right party; from 9 to 5 with half day Saturday, year round; give experience, age, former employers, recommendations and salary expected in first letter. Y 2282 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADIES to sell high-grade silk hosiery; $30 or more commission weekly; can be earned part or full time. Write W 800 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—One who has had experience in converting department, cotton goods house. 34 West 23d, store.

YOUNG LADY, for making up samples for novelties. Dasiana, Inc., 149 West 46th.

YOUNG WOMEN
WISHING
PERMANENT POSITIONS
AS
TELEPHONE OPERATORS,
NIGHT WORK;
$18 PER WEEK.
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
REGULAR AND FREQUENT INCREASES
IN SALARY.
APPLY
1,118 BROADWAY, COR. 27TH ST., N. Y. CITY; 370 EAST 150TH ST., BRONX; 88 WEST HOUSTON ST., NEW YORK CITY; 81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

YOUNG WOMAN for work in electrical laboratory; at least 3 years high school education; salary to start $15; previous experience not necessary; permanent position.
ELECTRICAL TESTING LABORATORIES, 80th St. and East End Av., N. Y.

YOUNG WOMAN,
with some experience in dress house or kindred line manufacturing department; high school education; age 25-30 years. Apply 20th floor, Monarch Dress, 11 East 26th St.

YOUNG WOMAN of ability to assist selling and advertising proprietary medicine; write full particulars and salary. W 940 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, aged 25-30, answer telephone and be generally useful; permanent position. Monarch Dress, 11 East 26th St.

Employment Agencies.

BROWN EXCHANGE, 200 BROADWAY.
INDIVIDUAL INTELLIGENT PLACEMENTS.
Sec'ty to executive, good salary; stenos, numerous legal, insurance, banking, financial, commercial, $30-$35; stenos, uptown, interesting work, excellent salaries; dictaphone, $28; stenographer-bookkeeper, small office, $30, future; c'board operator, highest type girl, $25; typists, many, all lines, $22-$18; clerks, payroll, cashier, $18, figuring, $20; assistance (map, reinsurance), Remington-Wahl, comptometers, several Bordereau, addressograph, Moon-Hopkins, Burroughs, Elliott-Fisher bookkeeping, $18; H. S.-college girls, beginners.

EST. 1897.
GAHAGAN AGENCY, 256 BROADWAY.
F. M. I. KING, Mgr.
Stenographers, German, $30; Spanish, $30; French, $35; some high salary secretarial openings, $30-$35; stenographers, everything, $18, $20, $22, $25, $30; bookkeeper-stenographer, $30-$35; also typists, clerks, bookkeeper, comptometer operators; good salaries; needed immediately.

MERCANTILE AGENCY, 300 B'WAY.
IF YOU are a SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER or TYPIST and not satisfied with your present position, it WILL PAY YOU to call at IMMEDIATELY; as we have MANY exceptional openings with BEST firms paying highest salaries. No registration charge.

BUSINESS GIRLS
will find positions
immediately by applying to
THE BRENTON COMPANY,
Room 379. 50 Church St.
Special openings for legal stenographers, general stenographers, typists, dictaphone and comptometer operators. No registration charge.

ACE EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
108 FULTON STREET.
Stenos., knowledge bkpg., $25; Expr., thoroughly expr., knowledge stenography, $30; Stenos., Typists.

BROOKLYN PLACEMENT BUREAU,
4 COURT SQUARE, BROOKLYN.
Underwood billing machine operator, $22; Monroe calculating machine operator, $20; other positions.

THE BEST EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
2 RECTOR ST., ROOM 1121.
STENOS., TYPIST, BOOKKEEPERS.
WE HAVE MANY POSITIONS OPEN.

IMMEDIATE openings typists, stenographers, clerks; splendid salaries.
PERSONNEL PLACEMENT BUREAU,
370 7th Av., (at 30th St.)

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, numerous positions. Free registration. Van-Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

LEDGER CLERK, $20; stenos., $25; clerks. Murray Hill Agency, 21 East 40th.

Instruction.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN.
Nation-wide demand for trained women; all departments hotels, clubs, apartment houses, tea rooms, cafeterias; uncrowded field; fine living, quick advancement. Our methods endorsed by leading hotels everywhere. Write for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 123, Washington, D. C.

DESIGNING
Pattern cutting, dressmaking, millinery taught; SCHOOL OPEN ALL SUMMER; established 1876; chartered under Regents. McDowell School, 56 West 40th. Phone Longacre 7232.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
527 5th Av., at 44th St.
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful in preparing and obtaining excellent secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue M.

LEARN hair and beauty culture at Bates Academy, 20 East 40th St.; all the latest methods; including Nestle Lanoil permanent waves, morning and evening classes; easy payments. Ask for Booklet T.

EARN $50 weekly through Professor Behrer's famous Hairdresser, Manicure, Beauty School, 119 West 42d St., or Brooklyn, 15 Graham Av. Newark branch, 847 Broad St. Circular.

FILING COURSES, $15; ladies, learn filing, typewriting, comptometer, switchboard. "Old Reliable" Captain O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d. 138 Decatur, Brooklyn.

AN INDEPENDENT income is assured. Wired graduates of hair and beauty culture; day, evening classes. Call, write Wilfred Academy, 726 7th Av. for Booklet T.

BE A STENOGRAPHER in 30 days or secretary in 60 days; free trial lessons given at our school. Special Summer rates. Moser's Schools, 50 East 42d St., New York.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANTS' SOLICITORS, do you know business men who need accountants; liberal commission for accounts. V 642 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, program and ticket men, big proposition, quick commissions; big money; call in morning. 198 Sands St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER as assistant, Christian firm; state age, education, experience, references and salary expected. Box 13, 117 St. James Bld

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Rate 65 cents an agate line.

All advertisements have passed the censorship and appear to be worthy of consideration. Telephone Bryant 1000.

DUESENBERG 1918 Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC 1922 Special Speedster, 9 miles; like new; sacrifice.
CRANE-SIMPLEX 1918 Brewster Sub. Sedan.
BUICK 1921 Touring Sedan.
CHEVROLET 1921 Speedster, 4-pass.
CADILLAC 1918 Hothrock Town Car.
PACKARD 1921 Phaeton (Special).
PIERCE-ARROW 1921 Touring, 7-passenger, 4 Mos. Guarantee; Trades; Deferred Pay'ts.
DOUGLAS C. BURRELLE,
1,200 Broadway (61st-62d). Columbus 8280.

BUICK 1922 Roadster.
CADILLAC '07 Cabriolet.
LAFAYETTE Torpedo Demonstrator.
MERCER Series 5 Speedster.
MARMON Special Runabout.
WABASH 1921 Sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1917 Limousine.
DE DION 1917 Town Car.
DEMPLAR 4-Pass. Sport.
PORTER-LA FAYETTE CO.
1,766 Broadway. (Mt. Harris.) Circle 6760.

BUICK 1922 5-passenger touring; bargain; must be seen to appreciate. Phone office 609 Home Avenue, Morristown, N. J.

BUICK 1918 4-passenger coupe; equal to new; $500. Landau, Dickens 1169.

BUICK 1921 coupe, like new, $1,225. Kilpatrick, 369 Flatbush Av. Sterling 1824.

BUICK 1921 roadster, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 8222.

BUICK 1921 coupe, like new, $1,325. Kilpatrick, 369 Flatbush Av. Sterling 1021.

CADILLAC 1921 sport roadster, like new.
CADILLAC 1918 4-pass. coupe.
CUNNINGHAM 1921 close coupe, like new.
CUNNINGHAM 1921 sport sedan.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 Cabriolet town car.
DE DION 1921 Locke cabriolet.
PACKARD 1920 Flestwood cabriolet.
PACKARD 1919 Fleetwood touring.
LANCIA 1922 Holbrook town car.
ALL CARS GUARANTEED.
Trades Considered. Time Payments.
SIFFERTH MOTOR CAR CO., INC.
1,800 Broadway (56th). (Circle 2271.

CADILLAC '21' 4-passenger.
CADILLAC '21' Touring.
CADILLAC '20' Touring.
CADILLAC '20' Limousine.
CADILLAC '20' Healy Cabriolet.
CADILLAC '20' Sedan.
HUDSON 1922 4-pass., 2,200 miles.
L. F. JACOD & COMPANY,
1,680 Broadway. Columbus 7547.

CADILLAC USED CARS, ALL MODELS.
Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Corp.
7 West 61st St. (Used Car Dept.)
PHONE COLUMBUS 7700.

CADILLAC 1922 five-passenger sedan; model '21; mileage 1,100; reasonable. 236 West 69th St. Circle 6269.

CHEVROLET 20 K. B. SEDAN, BARGAIN. Fine condition throughout; fully equipped OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO., 225 West 58th St. Circle 4880.

CRANE SIMPLEX touring car; latest model. 200 West 59th St. Circle 4061.

DODGE late 1920 sedan; wooden wheels, good condition, appearance like new; sacrifice $850. Kilpatrick, 369 Flatbush Av. Sterling 1824.

DODGE coupe, 1920; all new cord tires. Phone office 806, or home 406M Morristown, N. J.

DU PONT 1921 four-passenger sport; perfect condition; bargain; $1,500. Giants, 1,966 Broadway. Columbus 2046.

ESSEX motor cars, all types, renewed and guaranteed by Hudson Motor Car Co.; fine pictures; most attractive prices. 1,843 Broadway.

ESSEX touring, 1921, A1 condition. Phone office 806, or home 406M Morristown, N. J.

FORD sedans, coupes, tourings, runabouts, commercials; bargains; space needed; Joe Weiner, Ford Agency, 12 West 62d St. at Broadway.

FORD touring, $200; Decker wheel, used week-ends only since purchased new March, 1921. Call Hammer, Huntingdon 3100.

FORD Sedan, 1921, good condition throughout. Commerce Gilmore Garage, 324 East 44th St.

FORDS, all models, immediate delivery; liberal payment plan. Authorized Agency, Wadsworth 8061.

GRANT SEDAN, BARGAIN.
Fine condition throughout; fully equipped OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.
226 West 58th St. Circle 4880.

HAYNES sedan, only 9,000 miles, $1,500. Rolls-Royce of America, Inc., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3925.

HUDSON touring limousine; excellent condition; demonstration by appointment. B 238 Times.

HUDSON, 1922 seven sedan, practically new. Jordan Company, 1,620 Broadway. Circle 2252.

HUDSON 1922 SPORT ROADSTER. Clayton special body, extra equipment; low mileage; owner's car. Call Tilden 2658.

LOCOMOBILE 4-passenger sport, like new. Rolls-Royce of America, Inc., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3925.

MERCER raceabout, present model; perfect; beautiful throughout; bargain; private owner. Riverside 7625.

PACKARD twin-six, in excellent condition; 4-passenger, Fleetwood body, needs paint; sacrifice. Phone 5264 Columbus, Apt. 43, before 12 or after 6.

PACKARD Twin-Six Bender-Robinson Runabout; Independent. Cook-Macconnell, 680 5th Ave.

PACKARD twin six roadster, original cost $5,200; guaranteed mechanically perfect. Rector 8427.

PACKARD touring twin six, 1920 model. Max Cohen, 200 West 43d St.

PAIGE 1923 Larchmont sport touring; good as new; bargain; can be seen afternoons. $3,0-8 P. M. no dealers. Circle 3027. Knott, 364 West 52d.

PEERLESS 1921 TOURING, $1,650. Practically new, excellent. 211 West 58th.

PEERLESS 1921 SPORT TOURING, 7-passenger, $1,075. 211 West 58th St.

PIERCE-ARROW 7-passenger; only 9,000 miles; like new; Rolls-Royce of America, Inc., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3925.

LOCOMOBILE, 7-passenger, $400; $1,100 and $1,700. Rolls-Royce of America, Inc., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3925.

PIERCE-ARROW USED CARS
VARIOUS MODELS.
HARROLDS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
PIERCE-ARROW DISTRIBUTORS,
245 WEST 56TH ST. CIRCLE 1600.

PIERCE-ARROW landaulet; very low mileage. Rolls-Royce of America, Inc., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3925.

PIERCE-ARROW sedan, Brewster body, 1920-491; very attractive. Rolls-Royce of America, Inc., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3925.

ROLLS-ROYCE, IMPORTED SEDAN. BENAULT TOUR, BRAND NEW. PACKARD 2-PASS. HOLBROOK CAMP. WHITE LANDAULET FOR TAXI. MINERVA AUTOMOBILES, INC., 165 WEST 72D ST. COL. 5333.

ROLLS-ROYCE, very fine condition. Rolls-Royce of America, Inc., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3925.

STANDARD 6 7-passenger touring, 1921; covered 6,000 miles; will sacrifice at $1,600. Stuyvesant 4113 or University 2440.

STUTZ TOURING, 6-PASS. Splendid condition; newly painted; fully equipped; bargain. OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO. 225 West 58th St. Circle 4880.

STUTZ, 1920, sport model, $1,500. Can be seen 215 9th St., Brooklyn.

TEMPLAR 1922, 7-passenger sport; mechanically perfect; many extras. Murphy, 140 West 66th St. Columbus 2492.

TEMPLAR 1922, sedan, run 2,900 miles; special upholstery; will sacrifice. Circle 5304.

WILLS-ST. CLAIR 1922, special roadster; new; sacrifice. Finance Co. Circle 10265.

MOTOR TRUCKS.

UNUSED
MACKS
DUMP CHASSIS, 5-TON
PIERCE-ARROWS,
WHITES,
3½ AND 5 TON CAPACITY.

PACKARDS, 2½-TON,
LESS THAN HALF PRICE,
PERFECT CONDITION.

TRUCKS GUARANTEED
FOR 10 DAYS.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.

SLOUGH TRADING CORPORATION,
3RD AND WEBSTER AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

TELEPHONE ASTORIA 8100.

USED TRUCKS.

HALF FACTORY PRICE,
MACK DUMP, 5½-TON.
MACK STANDARD, 2½ AND 5½.
PACKARD, 2½-TON.
PIERCE, 2 AND 5 TON.
WHITE, 2-TON.
Foreign & Domestic Commodities, Inc.,
629 West 52d St. Chelsea 8748-2059.

SHIP BY TRUCK—Extra large, all-closed moving van leaving county July 12, P. M., Richmond, Va., through Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, can carry full or part load back. Garrigan's Movers and Packers, 985 Lexington Av. Phone Rhinelander 9705.

ACASON truck chassis, 1½-ton, brand new, never used; bargain; equipped with cord tires. Commercial Stationery Co., 100 Greenwich St.

UNUSED CARS

BUICK town car, 6-cylinder, new, never used, excellent job for private calls as taxi work; can be purchased immediately at low price. Buick Company, Inc., 207 Bergen Av., near 149th. Melrose 8361.

NEW 1922 CARS, all makes; discount. Gordon S. Harris, 37 Nassau St.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

PACKARD limousine, Cadillac landaulet, chauffeur; reasonable; weekly, monthly; references; responsible owners drive. Schessler, 118 East 75th. Rhinelander 2750.

PACKARD and Cadillac for rent; very luxurious; hour, day, week or month. Circle 2417, 2348; 147 West 54th.

PACKARD twin-six by month; will furnish new car; no yearly contract; owner drives. Harlem 2808. Morningside 1641.

PACKARD and Pierce-Arrow cars for hire; hour, day, week, month; all occasions. J. Kramer, 310 West 59th. Circle 6291.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

PACKARD SINGLE SIX, PRESENT SERIES; TELEPHONE MR. FAY, BOWLING GREEN 8669.

SIX-PASSENGER touring or sedan; very reasonable; must be in excellent condition; full particulars. S 134 Times.

SECOND-HAND 4-passenger car, coupe preferred; must be in perfect condition; state price and full particulars. S 138 Times.

AUTOMOBILE STORAGE.

TAXICABS, dead storage; Summer rates $10. Urban Garage, 75th-Park Av.

WANTED—Packard, Standard, 7-passenger touring, limousine or duplex sedan body to fit a 3-ton twin six chassis. Write, giving full particulars as to color and condition of paint and upholstery, equipment, price and where located, to Box 101, 200 Pulitzer Building.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

COMPLETE AUTO TRAINING.
Short courses for owners, inexpensive owner and chauffeur; longer courses for average owners, repair man and auto electrical experts; provision for out-of-town students; special classes for ladies; largest enrollment of any school in the East; established 19 years; employment service free to students; ask for booklet and visitor's pass. WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL, 302 West 57th St. (at 8th Av.). N. Y. Phone Circle 2260.

REPAIRING, driving taught, short time; licenses guaranteed; ladies' classes; also Ford lessons. American Auto School, 736 Lexington Av.

LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES.

MONEY to loan on automobiles, confidential. Room 802, 1,819 Broadway. Columbus 3945.

LOANS on automobiles in storage or your possession. Miljel, 164 West 54th.

LIBERAL loans on automobiles. U. S. Auto Finance, 1,797 Broadway. Circle 3130.

FOR SALE

IMPORTED ITEMS.

Discontinuing following items from our line, will sell at low figure: 25 electric advertising machines; 1,200 small battery lamps with shades complete; 2 lines of surgical instruments; several thousand trumpet shaped and round shades. Marvel Importing Co., 47 West 34th St.

FOR SALE—Will sell at a sacrifice 5 sound-proof phonograph booths and 8 second hand phonograph booths; cost $; finish; high-grade cloth. Call at 2,187 Broadway.

BEAUTIFUL 8-foot upholstered leather settee, $75; cost $175. 55 Stone St.

Cats and Dogs.

FOR SALE, high-pedigreed police puppies, very reasonable; delivery. 325 Bryanon St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Prospect 10258.

Home Furnishings.

FEED AND WILLOW FURNITURE direct from factory; lowest prices, largest selection; single pieces, sets. Ask for catalogue. LONG BEACH WILLOW CO., 138 East 41st.

Jewelry.

RELIABLE party sacrifices $2,500, flawless platinum bracelet, 20 blue-white diamonds, 12¼ carat; cost $4,000. O 648 Times Downtown.

DIAMOND solitaire ring, 3¼ carat, blue-white gem, exquisite platinum setting; cost $6,000; sacrifice $1,300. O 649 Times Downtown.

Musical Instruments.

GNABE miniature, Sheraton case; cost $1,250. Phone Van. 7369 appointment; make offer.

MASON & HAMLIN fine upright; musician's opportunity. Erok, 374 Columbus Av. (96th).

EXCELLENT Steinway upright, cost $1,000; sacrifice; seen after 2. 56 Irving Place.

STEINWAY, miniature grand, rare old, will sell 2,000 Lexington Av., 126th St.

STEINWAY baby grand, slightly used; cash cheap. Kohn, 1,548 2d Ave. (80th).

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS—Underwoods, Remingtons, L. C. Smith; Blue ones $25 each. United Typewriter Co., 116 Nassau St. Beekman 7297.

TYPEWRITERS—Underwoods, Remingtons; $25 up; guaranteed. Typewriter Exchange, 132 West Broadway. Phone Worth 1068.

TYPEWRITERS—Reconditioned, $15 up!! Guaranteed! Lowest prices! Bryant's, 102 West 42d. Bryant 9860.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE MONEY.
All office furniture damaged or scratched in transit from our former quarters to our new showrooms will be sold at greatly reduced prices. U. S. Desk Co., 178 Madison Av. Phone Vanderbilt 7347.

COME DOWNTOWN FOR BARGAINS. Typewriter desks, mahogany, $25; oak, $20; typewriter chairs, $8; side chairs, $3; filing cabinets, $60. Globe Desk, 15 South William St. Telephone Broad 2640.

GEN. mah. 60" flat top desk & glass, $75; 5' mah. directors' table & 8 solid mah. arm chairs, leather seat and back, $250; elec. fans; 60" mah. flat desks, $25. M. Davidman & Bro., 30 Broad St. Broad 4608.

MUST VACATE WAREHOUSE BY JULY 15. Will sacrifice chairs, desks, tables, files, slightly used, in oak and mahogany; prices 25% lower than elsewhere. Dallek Bros., 469 Broadway. Canal 7851.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, safes, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 483 Broadway.

SALE—OFFICE FURNITURE—SALE. RETIRING FROM BUSINESS. Store 37 Barclay St. Barclay 8238.

SEVERAL roll-top desks, telephone booths, other office equipment; all in good condition. 116 Produce Exchange.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, PAWN TICKETS AND SCRAPS bought for cash; highest allowance. Established. Telephone Beekman 5751-5752. Room 636 WORLD BUILDING 62 PARK ROW.

FURNITURE WANTED.
Highest cash prices contents houses, apartments; pianos, rugs, works of art, silverware, etc. Henry, 132 University Place. Stuyvesant 8077.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bric-a-brac. Folsom, 127 East 67th. Staghound 10181.

SOUGHT for highest cash price, contents of residences, apartments, hotels, studios, works of art, books, bric-a-brac, carpets, rugs, &c. Jones, 149 E. 125th St. Harlem 9797.

WANTED—For full cash contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 130 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, PAWN TICKETS, SCRAPS. HIGHEST PRICES. L. HALBERT (141 W. 43d St.) P. SINNER.

ONE green, steel, 4-drawer filing cabinet wanted; letter or legal size, roller bearing. Phone Cortlandt 8130.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The disturbance that was central over Western Nebraska Saturday night has moved rapidly northeastward to northern lake region. Minnesota and Western Ontario, and another was central over Southern Colorado Sunday night.

These disturbances have been attended by showers and thunderstorms in the upper lake region, the upper Mississippi Valley, the Northern Plain States and the Rocky Mountain region. There were also scattered thunderstorms Sunday in the South Atlantic States.

Elsewhere fair weather prevailed. Pressure remained high Sunday over the South-eastern States and off the South Atlantic coast and it was high and rising over New England and the Canadian maritime provinces.

The temperature was somewhat lower Sunday in New England, the Northern Plain States and the Rocky Mountain region, while higher temperatures prevailed in the Lake region and the Ohio and Mississippi Valley. In the Middle and North Atlantic States the weather was generally fair with rising temperature Monday and unsettled, probably with showers and thunder storms Tuesday.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Rain.	Weather.
Abilene	96	67	82.00	.00	Cloudy
Albany	78	66	70.00	.00	Clear
Atlanta	90	66	78.00	.00	Pt. Cldy
Atlantic City	72	68	70.00	.00	Clear
Baltimore	86	70	78.00	.00	Clear
Bismarck	60	52	56.00	.30	Cloudy
Boston	74	64	69.00	.00	Clear
Buffalo	60	58	60.00	.00	Pt. Cldy
Cincinnati	76	66	70.00	.00	Pt. Cldy
Charleston	86	72	80.00	.00	Pt. Cldy
Chicago	70	60	65.00	.00	Cloudy
Cleveland	64	62	63.00	.00	Pt. Cldy
Denver	74	70	72.00	.00	Cloudy
Detroit	62	62	62.00	.00	Cloudy
Galveston	82	72	76.00	.00	Clear
Helena	70	52	61.00	.30	Cloudy
Jacksonville	84	78	[illegible]	.00	Cloudy
Kansas City	88	68	78.00	.00	Pt. Cldy
Los Angeles	76	62	69.00	.00	Clear
Milwaukee	68	62	64.00	.10	Cloudy
New Orleans	88	66	76.00	.00	Clear
New York	87	68	80.00	.00	Clear
Oklahoma	94	70	78.00	.00	Clear
Philadelphia	80	70	75.00	.00	Clear
Pittsburgh	68	60	64.00	.00	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	76	60	70.00	.00	Clear
Portland, Or.	78	54	66.00	.00	Clear
Salt Lake City	90	76	83.00	.00	Clear
San Antonio	90	68	79.00	.00	Clear
San Diego	76	68	72.00	.00	Clear
San Francisco	68	54	60.00	.00	Clear
Seattle	76	52	64.00	.00	Cloudy
St. Louis	82	68	75.00	.00	Clear
Washington	86	70	78.00	.00	Clear

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Northern New England—Fair Monday; warmer in interior Tuesday, showers.

Southern New England—Fair and warmer Monday; Tuesday increasing cloudiness, probably showers Tuesday afternoon or night.

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Fair and warmer Monday; Tuesday unsettled, probably showers and thunderstorms.

Western New York—Partly cloudy and warmer Monday, followed by showers and thunderstorms Monday night or Tuesday, somewhat cooler Tuesday.

New York City Weather Records.

Official Temperatures.

2 AM	69	12 M	73	8 PM (high)	81
3 AM	69	1 PM	74	9 PM	77
4 AM	69	2 PM	74	10 PM	70
5 AM	70	3 PM	77	11 PM	68
10 AM	70	4 PM	77	12 M (low)	68
11 AM	71	5 PM	81		

Average temperature yesterday, 74.
Average same date last year, 80.
Average same date for 35 years, 72.

Barometer, 30.07 at 8 A. M.; 30.11 at 8 P. M.

Humidity 82 at 8 A. M.; 80 at 8 P. M.

Winds at 8 A. M., northeast, velocity 12 miles; at 8 P. M., southeast, velocity 5 miles.

Weather cloudy at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

Fire Record.

A.M.		Loss.
12:50—2,749 B'way; Ruth Marson		Not given
12:50—1,590 Webster Av.; Morris Park Improv. Ass'n		Not given
1:15—418 E. 62 St.; R. Lansman		Slight
2:30—500 E. 108 St.; Public School 172		Slight
P. M.		
12:10—210 Delancey St.; Wolf Grossman		Slight
2:15—207 W. 90 St.; Sarah Hirsning		Slight
3:50—400 E. 62 St.; Park Laundry		Not given
4:05—2,011 3 Av.; M. Jankowits		Slight
4:10—118 E. 14 St.; John Yakouper		Not given
6:35—145 Canal St.; Harry Wilness		Not given
6:30—201 W. 106 St.; Joan Regan		Not given
6:30—100 La Salle St.; Edward Thornton		Not given
8:55—100 Columbia St.; Morris Olchak		Not given
9:00—408 W. 38 St.; R. Mastiello		Slight
10:40—302 E. 78 St.; Max Bogor		Not given
11:10—12 E. 106 St.; Simon Adler		Slight
11:50—80 E. 116 St.		Not given

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—RAY FOUNDRY and IRON WORKS, Complainant, against BUTTERWORTH-JUDSON CORPORATION, Defendant.—In Equity.—No. E-23-524.

ORDER SETTING SEPTEMBER 1, 1922, AS LAST DAY ON WHICH TO FILE CLAIMS.

Now, on this 18th day of June, 1922, come Thomas G. Haight, Henry G. Atha and James O'Grady, as Receivers of the defendant Butterworth-Judson Corporation, in the above-entitled suit and present their petition, verified the 12th day of June, 1922, praying that the Court make an order in the form of the minute filed herewith, proof of claim by those claiming to be creditors and/or otherwise against the defendant, Butterworth-Judson Corporation, wherupon, on reading and filing said petition, together with the consents of all the parties appearing in the above-entitled suit, the Court being fully advised in the premises, it is, on motion of Kenneth Sprague, State solicitors for the aforesaid Receivers,

ORDERED:

1. That all creditors of or claimants against Butterworth-Judson Corporation, who claim that Butterworth-Judson Corporation is indebted to them or that they possess a cause of action against it, and all other persons whosoever who claim any right against it, are hereby required to assert their said claims on or before the last day of September, 1922, and on or before said date present and file duly verified written statements or proofs of their claims against Butterworth-Judson Corporation and its estate, with Thomas G. Haight, Henry G. Atha and James O'Grady, as Receivers of Butterworth-Judson Corporation, at their office, No. 30 Church Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

2. That no creditor of and no claimant against Butterworth-Judson Corporation, who claims that Butterworth-Judson Corporation is indebted to him or he has a claim or a cause of action against it, and no person who asserts any claim against it, who fails to file such claim or proof of claim on or before said 1st day of September, 1922, as hereinbefore directed, shall thereafter be permitted to assert any claim whatsoever against the estate of Butterworth-Judson Corporation in the hands of said Receivers or to share in any distribution thereof whatsoever.

3. That the said Receivers be, and they hereby are, authorized and directed to give notice of this order by publication twice in each week for a period of four weeks, either successive or not as the Receivers may deem advisable, in the New York Times and New York Herald, a newspaper published in the City of New York; and it is further

ORDERED that said Receivers cause a copy of this order to be published in all commercial dispatch to each and every person appearing on the books of Butterworth-Judson Corporation as a creditor thereof or claimant against it, at the last known address of such creditor or claimant as shown upon the said books.

Dated, New York, June 19th, 1922.

AUGUSTUS N. HAND,
United States District Judge.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. EMILIE DES BAILLETS, Plaintiff, against ERNEST DES BAILLETS, Defendant.—ACTION FOR A SEPARATION.—Trial desired—New York County.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer, or if the complaint is not served with this summons, to serve a notice of appearance on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service. In case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, June 23rd, 1922.

WILLIAM DONAHUE, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 17 East 42d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To ERNEST DES BAILLETS:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Cohen, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 23rd day of June, 1922, and filed with the complaint in the office of the clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

The nature of the action sought to be procured is separation.

Dated, New York, June 27th, 1922.

WILLIAM DONAHUE, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 17 East 42d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the Times Subscribed Are Under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.
High water	1:21	9:43	10:03	10:18	11:11	11:17	4.30	8.32
Low water	2:26	1:32	4:08	4:19	3:11	6:17	1:30	8:16

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Noordam	Boulogne	June 29
Calamares	Havana	July 4
Philadelphia	San Juan	July 4

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Kroonland	Antwerp	June 30
Drottningholm	Gothenburg	June 30
Helig Olav	Copenhagen	June 23
Cedric	Liverpool	July 1
Ponce	San Juan	July 5
Morro Castle	Havana	July 5
Advance	Cristobal	July 4
Santa Teresa	Cristobal	July 3

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Olympic	Southampton	July 1
Savoie	Havre	July 1
Mount Carroll	Hamburg	July 1
Southern Cross	Rio Janeiro	June 30
Frisia	Londonderry	July 1
Gen. G. W. Goethals	Colon	July 5
Sidney	Havana	July 6

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
President Adams	London	July 2
Yasaka	Rio Janeiro	June 24
Jacona	Kingston	July 5

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Hanover	Bremen	July 1
Morgan	Santa Marta	July 4

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
La Lorraine	Colon	July 2
City of Sparta	Philadelphia	July 3
Amer Glare	Colon	July 5
Stonewall	Algiers	June 23
Caya Mamiti	San Juan	July 4
Fredenstjerna	Manzanas	July 4
Tremore	Sydney, N. S. W.	July 1
Tacoma	London	June 24
J. Macy	Tampico	July 1
Opland	Antilla	July 1
Agwilkin	Ft. Lobos	July 1
City of Savannah	Savannah	July 6
Mohawk	Jacksonville	July 6

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Caddo	Cristobal	July 1
Ipanema	Rotterdam	June 24
Hendar Castle	Algiers	June 24
Brunswick	Antwerp	June 22
Commodore Rolling	Port Antonio	July 5

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Cassiopeia	Cadiz	June 24
Schoharie	Hamburg	June 24
Dunsum	Friend	June 24
Pennsylvania	Bandia	June 24
Bogota	Kingston	July 6
Carnegie	Para	June 25
Capulin	Leith	June 26
Fort Cayuga	Havana	July 5
Independence Hall	Rotterdam	June 27
Selma City	Cristobal	July 5

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Honolulu	Sitka	June 29
Seattle Spirit	Leningradsky	June 29

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Upton City	London	June 29
Pionley	Antwerp	June 29
Augustus	Antwerp	June 29
Archimedes	Manchester	June 29

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Acropolis, Constanza	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Roma, Lisbon	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
F. de Satrustegui, Barcelona	12:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Reliance, Hamburg	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Berengaria, Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Dante Alighieri, Naples	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
King Alexander, Cobh	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam		12:00 M.
Santa Ana, Cristobal	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

President Monroe, Bremen	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
St. Paul, Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Esthonia, Libau	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Clan Macintosh, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Fort St. George, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Tivives, Santa Marta	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Huron, Barahona	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cassmahia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
United States, Copenhagen	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Filipa, Nassau	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Morro Castle, Vera Cruz	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Baltic, Queenstown		12:00 M.
Frederik VIII, Copenhagen		12:00 M.
Mexico, Havana	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ancona, Naples	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mongolia, Manila	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Finnbo, Bergen	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam		12:00 M.
Ancona, Naples	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mongolia, Manila	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Finnbo, Bergen	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam		12:00 M.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Bloemfontein, Sydney	July 10	12:00 M.
Cabo Ortegal, Cadiz	July 10	12:00 M.
Clan City, Hamburg	July 11	12:00 M.
Exeter City, Bristol	July 12	12:00 M.
Carenco, Naples	July 12	12:00 M.
Port Adelaide, Sydney	July 12	12:00 M.
Dilwinnah, Glasgow	July 12	12:00 M.
Berengaria, Barcelona	July 12	12:00 M.
East's Dawn, Rotterdam	July 17	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Consort	Avonmouth	July 8
Wheeling Mold	Hull	July 7
Nevisian	Manchester	July 7
Kristianafjord	Christiania	July 2
Tatsuta Maru	Yokohama	July 4
Wytheville	Shanghai	July 6
Braga	Fayal	July 7

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Leipzig	Southampton	July 7
Galileo	Hull	July 7
Eastern Trades	Hongkong	July 8
Bolton Castle	Port Said	July 7
Venture	London	July 13
Toyama Maru	Antwerp	July 14
President Lincoln	Antwerp	July 17
President Jefferson	Antwerp	July 17
Tilleboot	Antwerp	July 24

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at General Post Office and City Hall Station at 5 P. M. as follows:

Guam, Samoan Islands and Australia (specially addressed mail for New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Australia and Samoan Islands).

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only) via Seattle.

Hawaii and Philippine Islands (specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco).

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only) via Seattle.

Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China and Straits Settlements.

Netherlands East Indies and Hong Kong (specially addressed only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies.

Post Office Notice

Postmaster Morgan invites attention to the following announcement by the Post Office Department:

"For the information of those concerned there is reprinted from the Commerce Reports of the Department of Commerce a dispatch from the American Consul at Adelaide, reading as follows:

"Manufacturers who go to the trouble to issue expensive catalogues and price lists often suffer very serious disadvantages from their service addressed to Australian business men, who find that they are required to pay duty and short postage. In many cases, if he had previously been induced to purchase in the United States the line represented by the catalogue, its receipt in this manner offends him to such an extent that he refuses to give further consideration to any business with the manufacturer has to offer. It is, therefore, advisable to warn American business houses to be certain that the duty is fully prepaid and that packages bear the full amount of postage required. It should also be borne in mind that short postage, which has to be paid at the other end, is levied at double the regular rate.

"The customs tariff of Australia provides an alternate duty of 10s per pound or 45 per cent ad valorem (whichever returns the higher duty), on catalogues, price lists, circulars, prospectuses, show cards and photographs, lithographic and other printed advertising matter. (See Section 179, Page 139, annual Postal Guide for 1921, in which section the figure '45' should be changed to read '45%'). The customs regulations further provide that demurrage at the rate of 2d for each twenty-four hours or part thereof shall be charged on parcels not claimed within seventy-two hours after notice has been given of the arrival of the package. Prepayment of duty on all kinds of printed advertising matter may be made by means of stamps, which are obtainable from the official representative of the Commonwealth of Australia, Room 310, 11 Broadway, New York City."

SUMMER RESORTS

NEW YORK.

UNITED STATES HOTEL
SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.
LELAND STORLEY
Of the Breakers, Palm Beach.

Overlook Lodge, Howells, Orange Co., N. Y.
GUS VOGELER, Prop.
Open all season. Rates reasonable.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

HATHAWAY INN
SWEPT BY OCEAN BREEZES
Amityville, Long Island.
FOUR GOOD REASONS
Why you should spend your Summer with us. First—H

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

75 cents a word each insertion.

Name and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

CAPITAL WANTED.

AGENT DISTRIBUTOR.

French manufacturer now in New York, already doing some business in America, wants agent representative; man familiar with American merchandising methods preferred.

Manufacturer will protect territory with exclusive agency contract, carry stock at factory for prompt import orders and ship on terms that will finance sales accounts. Distributor must be sales executive of proven ability, prepared to carry sales and overhead expense and stock for immediate local shipments; capital needed about $25,-

Best business and bank references exchanged and exchanged. For interview, please address with phone number. B 101 Times.

A YOUNG MAN of executive ability and sales experience, having the initiative and foresight necessary to get into business for himself, is desired by a progressive radio company; to the man who qualifies and is in a position to invest $1,000 to $2,000 is offered an opportunity of securing an interest and becoming sales manager with a guarantee of a reasonable salary; men of vision and promptness are the only ones expected to answer this ad. Telephone Murray Hill 6349 for appointment.

ESTABLISHED WAIST MANUFACTURER, WITH BIG FOLLOWING, WANTS THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED DRESS MAN, WITH CAPITAL OF $5,000 OR MORE; ONLY RIGHT PARTIES NEED ANSWER. BOX 187 REALSERVICE, 15 EAST 40 ST.

EXPERIENCED department store manager wanted to organize a department store within one hour of New York; some capital desirable; write for appointment stating experience, available capital. Y 2268 Times Annex.

ESTABLISHED dress jobber seeks a partner who can invest $15,000 with his services to build up a growing business. T. E. 261 Times.

A large manufacturing concern will pay 10% for the use of $100,000 needed to fill orders and will give gilt edge security; bank reference. Y 2262 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

BRICK MANUFACTURING.

There is a most favorable opportunity for a man experienced in the business of brick making, commanding necessary working capital, to secure control on extraordinary terms of all the established brick making plants, together with ample supply of raw material (property fully worth $250,000), in a centrally located Southern city, having unsurpassed railroad facilities, and where the local business in normal times will absorb all the output. An unusual opportunity for a large and profitable business. Local capital can be interested. Address Southern Brick Plant, Box S 1070 Times Annex, New York City.

MAKE MONEY SELLING YOUR MERCHANDISE BY MAIL.

One client doubled his sales this Spring; another is selling hundreds of garments daily by advertising; for 20 years we have been identified with some of the biggest mail order successes in America, and can show you how to develop a big volume of sales and at a profit; consultation free.

BEARDSLEY & WADSWORTH,
1 Madison Av. Ashland 2810.

TO LEASE at once, Castle Inn, Ossining-on-Hudson; all furnished and doing business; located on Albany Post Road; 20 miles from N. Y. City. Apply A. O. Squire, Ossining, N. Y.

COUNTY and district agents wanted for automobile device endorsed by leading automobile manufacturers. Manager, 46 Herkimer Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BUILDER—New, alterations, small capital; would join established concern or any proposition. C 270 Times.

FOR SALE.

THE Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company of Sullivan County, Monticello, N. Y., has a limited amount of guaranteed mortgage certificates in denominations of $500 and upward, bearing interest at 6 per cent., payable semi-annually. Write for application blank. The Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company, Monticello, N. Y.

WELL advertised brand, high class reputation, silk underwear firm retiring from business; new line of samples ready and over 1,000 accounts and the good will of same is now offered for sale; same can be bought with or without stock and machinery. B 61 Times.

ATLANTIC CITY GARAGE, wonderful new proposition, 115 cars, one-story new brick building opposite Pennsylvania station; only one thoroughfare, sure moneymaker; price low; good terms. Frank Bloom, 160 St. James Place, Atlantic City.

FOR SALE, stock, fixtures and lease of women's ready-to-wear store; established over 25 years in Virginia city of 30,000 population; details furnished upon inquiry. George E. Edelin, Wilkins Bldg., Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE—Music store in Jersey City; excellent location; busy transient trade; good opportunity for right party. For details write Y 2208 Times Annex.

SILK MILL in Pennsylvania, complete, with soap-throwing plant; 40 box, 40 plain, individual motors; operating two shifts; cheap for cash. Y 2268 Times Annex.

FOR SALE—Garage and service station at Five Corners, Lynbrook; capacity, 35 cars; other interests. Stageman's Broadway Garage.

JOBBERS ATTENTION.

Received large shipments from abroad high-grade dolls, perfume and novelties, low prices, net cash. Phone Beekman 7814.

GARAGE, Brooklyn, 18,000 square feet, 4th Av., direct from landlord, $5,000, security. Francis J. Phillips Co., 47 West 42d.

COMBINATION laundry, 8-room house; Vim delivery truck. Wexler, 707 Grove St., Point Pleasant, N. J.

CORNER cigar store; wonderful location; low rent. Inquire Barber, 145 34 Av. (Mills).

FOR SALE—Corner drug store, $7,000, half cash. Phone Mr. Klauber, Gerrlandt 0567.

BUSINESS LOANS.

LIBERAL LOANS
IN ANY AMOUNT
ON JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.
BERNSTEIN,
875 WEST 125TH ST.
52 YEARS SAME ADDRESS.

EMERGENCY FINANCING—Our clientele includes many successful and respected merchants; jewelry collateral only; large or small amounts; strictly legal rates. J. M. Watkins & Co. (Est. 1875), 118 6th Av., at 13th St. Telephone Watkins 4128.

MONEY! MONEY MAKES MONEY! Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware. Safe deposit vault.

EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC., 8 EAST 14TH ST.

GENERAL advance on diamonds and other securities; quick action. Frost, Circle 1000.

MONEY for smaller business men; second mortgages, automobiles. Peerless Trading Co., 280 Broadway, city.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

STORE selling advertising campaigns planned and executed by an expert; every detail handled quickly, economically and effectively; established reputation; legitimate campaigns organized. William H. Thueston, 25 West 42d St. Phone Longacre 8078.

PRINTING of Quality at prices hard to beat. Mathewson, 1400 Broadway. Pitts. 0448.

Hotel Prices

Compare these rates with those of other good Philadelphia hotels

MAJESTIC
Broad Street at Girard
500 Rooms
$2 at $2.50 with running water. $3 at $3.50 with private bath. Suites at $4.00 and $5.00.

LORRAINE
Broad Street at Fairmount
300 Rooms
$2 at $2.00 with running water. $3 at $3.00 and $3.50 with private bath. Suites at $4.00 and $5.00.

Come to these friendly hotels. Free taxi from your station on arrival.

CHAS. DUFFY, Jr., General Manager

7, CHASED 25 MILES, HELD FOR ROBBERY

Elizabeth (N. J.) Motorcycle Police Halt Fugitives in Red Bank After Firing Shots.

SAY MEN ROBBED GARAGE

Owner Identifies Them as Ones Who Bought Gas Before He Missed $40 From Till.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 9.—Seven men, two of whom gave Brooklyn, N. Y., addresses, were arrested today after a chase by three motorcycle policemen into Red Bank, a distance of more than twenty-five miles. The prisoners were in a high-powered automobile and had fifteen minutes start, but the policemen evidently more familiar with the roads, were able to reduce the lead by using short cuts.

The arrests followed the alleged robbery of the cash register in a local garage shortly before daylight. An hour later the men were overtaken at Red Bank, after several shots had been fired at them. They were brought back here and the watchman of the plant robbed identified them. They probably will be arraigned in the police court this morning.

The prisoners gave their names as Nicholas Casstero, 22 years old, of 20 Warwick Street; Andrew Sager, 21, of 219 East Kinney Street; Christopher Gaianta, 33, of 270 Adams Street; Harry Benner, 31, 110 Elizabeth Avenue; Antonio de Angelo, 24, of 247 Oliver Street, all of Newark, and John de Salvo, 47, of 116 New York Avenue, and Dominick Selino, 35, of 7,003 Thirteenth Avenue, Brooklyn.

William Borneman, watchman for the garage at 22 Westfield Avenue, reported to the police this morning that seven men in a Packard automobile, stopped at the garage and bought gas. He says they tendered him a $20 bill and when he made change they decided they wanted oil. While he was getting the oil the cash in the register disappeared, but he did not notice this until the automobile had left. Then he called the police.

Policemen Mendelman and Flaherty, furnished with descriptions of the car and its occupants, went after them on motorcycles and were joined by another motorcycle policemen who had to give up after his machine skidded and he went into a ditch.

The motorcycle policemen overtook the Packard car after it had crossed the bridge in Red Bank. They fired several shots in the air to frighten the men and they stopped.

The men denied all knowledge of the hold-up but were brought back here, conveyed by the two motorcycle policemen. Benner, the chauffeur, the police say, had $30.29, including a $20 bill. The others had smaller sums.

They were locked up for the night at the police station after the watchman had identified them. He said about $40 was taken from the register.

TAKES POISON IN GARAGE.

Young Woman Swallows Iodine While Seated in an Automobile.

A young woman entered a garage at 522 West 125th Street, yesterday afternoon, and sat down in a sedan automobile. The employes thought the owner of the car was following her. She had been in the car several minutes when the manager of the garage, Martin J. Russell, saw her place a small bottle to her lips and drink its contents. A moment later she collapsed. The bottle was found to have contained iodine.

Patrolman Reilly of the West 153d Street Station administered first aid. The young woman was taken to the Knickerbocker Hospital, where she said she was Norma Wilson, 22 years old, of the Hotel Traymore, Eighth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street. She refused further information about herself. It was said her condition was not serious.

The office safe isn't—when thieves grow bolder daily.

TWO BURGLARIES REVEALED

Two week-end burglaries, one on the edge of Times Square, came to light yesterday. In the millinery establishment of Goodman and Michaelson, 16 West 37th Street, burglars blew open a safe and took $1,000.

—N. Y. Times

THE
Mercantile
Safe Deposit Co.
115 Broadway, New York

Just Released

The Parade *of the* Wooden Soldiers
(Fox Trot)
From Baliff's Chauve-Souris

50c

The sensation of Moscow, Paris, London and New York
On a double-faced record

OTHER HITS
on Davega double-faced records at 50 cents

Romany Love . . . *Fox Trot*
Sues . . . . . " "
Deedle Deedle Dum . . . " "
Oogie Oogie Wa Wa . . . " "
Coo Coo . . . . . " "
Nobody Lied . . . . . " "
Stumbling . . . . . " "
Mr. Gallagher & Mr. Shean "

DAVEGA
The Sportsman's Paradise

15 Cortlandt St., near Broadway
831 Broadway, near 13th Street
111 E. 42nd St., Commodore Hotel
125 W. 125th St., near Lenox Ave.
125th St. Store Open Evenings

Dine in Cool Comfort

The Ambassador
Park Avenue and Fifty-First Street
Announces the installation of a Refrigerated Air Equipment in
THE ITALIAN GARDEN
Making This SUMMER RESTAURANT Delightfully Cool and Comfortable for Luncheon, Tea, Dinner
THE AMBASSADOR HOTELS SYSTEM
The Ambassador, New York City — The Ambassador, Los Angeles
The Ambassador, Atlantic City — The Alexandria, Los Angeles

Prodigal Variety Marks Our
Sale of Suits
by Hart Schaffner & Marx
$43.50

In contrast to the pawed-over, emaciated stocks that characterize most mid-season sales, there are over three thousand suits at $43.50 alone to greet the man who wisely comes here for a really good suit. Blue, Black, Gray and Fancy Suits, many of them brand new arrivals styled after approved fall models in fabrics suitable for now. Golf Suits, too.

Other Sale Opportunities

$32.50 $37.50 $49.50 $57.50

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Columbia Trust Company
New York City

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
June 30th, 1922
(on call of State Banking Department)

Assets		*Liabilities*	
Cash on Hand in Federal Reserve Bank and due from Banks	$19,825,323.73	Capital Stock	$5,000,000.00
Foreign Exchange	966,713.18	Surplus and Undivided Profits	7,877,722.72
U. S. Govt. Bonds & Notes	5,777,540.00	Deposits	94,604,585.99
State & Municipal Bonds	1,456,826.94	Reserve for Taxes	434,604.53
Short Term Securities	6,874,686.77	Accepts. (Less in Portfolio)	4,170,169.01
Other Bonds & Stocks	6,826,193.13	Commercial Letters of Credit	2,403,111.67
Loans & Bills Purchased	58,796,036.37	Contingent Liability on Domestic & Foreign Bills Sold	1,082,301.40
New York City Mortgages	4,258,536.90	Unearned Discount	275,779.61
Real Estate	4,042,659.36	Accrued Interest Payable	69,945.77
Customers' Liability on Accepts. & L/C (Less Anticipations)	6,443,962.80		
Accrued Interest Receivable	649,741.52		
	$115,918,220.70		$115,918,220.70

(Securities at Market Value)

OFFICERS
Main Office—60 Broadway

Trust Department
George E. Warren, *Vice-President*
Orrin R. Judd, *Trust Officer*
A. N. Hazeltine, *Assistant Trust Officer*
Willard C. Mason, *Ass't Trust Officer*
Samuel M. Spedon, *Ass't Trust Officer*
W. Millerd Morgan, *Ass't Trust Officer*
Melville W. Terry, *Ass't Trust Officer*

Fifth Avenue Office:
Fifth Avenue and 34th Street
Harris A. Dunn, *Vice-President*
J. Sperry Kane, *Vice-President*
Henry M. Atkins, *Ass't Trust Officer*
Arthur Daly, *Assistant Secretary*
William E. Dobbin, *Assistant Treasurer*

Park Avenue Office:
Park Avenue and 48th Street
Oliver C. Wagstaff, *Assistant Secretary*
Virginia D. H. Furman, *Assistant Sec'y*

Willard V. King, *President*
Howard Bayne, *Vice-President*
Benj. L. Allen, *Vice-President*
Walter G. Kimball, *Vice-President*
Fred C. Marston, *Vice-President*
Robert I. Curran, *Vice-President*
Arthur W. Hutchins, *Sec'y and Treas.*
Charles E. Wolff, *Controller*
Howard E. Rider, *Assistant Treasurer*
George S. Mills, *Assistant Secretary*
F. Colsson Kelly, *Assistant Secretary*
J. Whitney Richmond, *Assistant Treas.*
W. J. Pinsenmayer, *Auditor*

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

Member of Federal Reserve System

Foreign Department
S. Stern, *Vice-President*
John Matthews, Jr., *Manager Foreign Commercial Department*
Fredrick C. Herbst, *Manager Foreign Exchange Department*
Edward Kroeder, *Assistant Secretary*

Harlem Office:
125th Street at Seventh Avenue
Vernon P. Baker, *Manager*
Herbert I. Elfe, *Assistant Manager*
William P. Carroll, *Assistant Manager*

Bronx Office:
149th Street and Third Avenue
Fred Berry, *Manager*
A. B. Atkinson, *Assistant Manager*
Harry Weiss, *Assistant Manager*

Copyright, 1922, Columbia Trust Co.

HANAN SHOES
for Men *for Women*

Semi-Annual
SALE
At All Our Shops

Conceded Reputation Can Dispense With Self-Commendation

The simple announcement that Hanan Shoes are purchasable at Reduced Prices needs no amplifying except to add that an immediate purchase will allow the most extensive choice.

ELEVEN SHOPS THROUGHOUT GREATER NEW YORK
HANAN & SON

Reductions of $5 to $20
Half-bolt sale

Mills are announcing increases in woolen prices. Clothing manufacturers have posted increases in finished garments. The tariff threatens to increase those increases.

But we are making our customary July reductions.

A good selection of fabrics that promise to cost more next year, is cut by $5 to $20. Just because we had, on July 1st, a half-bolt of each on hand,—*many*

$35 and $40 fabrics
now made to order for $30
$40 and $50 fabrics
now made to order for $35
$50 and $60 fabrics
now made to order for $40
$60 and $70 fabrics
now made to order for $50
$70 and $80 fabrics
now made to order for $60
Prices 10% less without vest

Samples on request

Store closed 1 P. M. Saturday during July and August.

These fabrics are part of the stock that amazed New York, at in-season prices. Now, at out-of-season prices, they are an even more amazing value,—because they are still *in-season materials.*

Arnheim
CUSTOM TAILOR SINCE 1877
Broadway at Ninth Street

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